The Government Responsible

To Parliament to be.

This took effect in forty-one (1841),

And ended Period Three.

FOURTH PERIOD:-1841 TO 1867.

Kingston was made the capital Of both the Canadas; Good laws were passed, but jealousies Revived in various ways. The eighteen forty (1840) Union Act Was hardly full in force Before the wedded provinces Were clamoring for divorce. Lord Sydenham, the Governor, Died from a fatal fall. The capital in forty-four (1844) Was moved to Montreal. The malcontents mobbed Elgin there— This caused him to resign-And burnt the House of Parliament In eighteen forty-nine (1849). The Queen endorsed Lord Elgin's acts, He then as Governor stayed; Toronto and Quebec by turns
The capital were made.
Sir Edmund Head was Governor In eighteen fifty four (1854); In fifty-eight (1858) the capital To Ottawa we bore, Lord Monck to take Sir Edmund's place Came out in sixty-one (1861); That year the Yankee war commenced And "Fenian scares" begun. This robber horde in sixty-six (1866) Assailed "Fair Canada;" We whipped them back with the Union Jack, Fort Erie and Ridgeway. This marks the close of period four. And with it passed away

Old systems—next July the first Was first Dominion Day.

FIFTH PERIOD:-1876 TO ---.

Monck was followed by Lord Lisgar— Sir John Young was then his name, For the title, "Baron Lisgar," With Confederation came. In July of sixty-seven (1867), Party strife was laid aside, Four old provinces united And a new Dominion tried. By the B. N. A. enactment Canada was "twain" once more: Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, With these two, made up the four. Eighteen seventy (1870), "Red River," To its interests alive, Under name of Manitoba, Made another-number five. Reil had raised an insurrection, Sixty nine (1869)—it was subdued, And the rebels fled the country For their own and country's good. Frederick Temple (Earl of Dufferin) Came to steer the ship of state, Eighteen-seventy (1870)—the Marquis, Lorne, succeeded seventy-eight (1878) B. Columbia and Vancouver Made the sixth in seventy-one (1871) Seventh, come Prince Edward Island, Seventy-three (1873)—the list is done. North and east Keewatin District Stretches to the frozen pole; North and West a territory-Canada includes the whole: All except a single province— Newfoundland—some future day, She will claim confederation With the rest of Canada.

G. W. J.

As far as we know, the following pretty little arithmetical trick has never been published: Tell a person to write down a number of dissimilar digets under 1.000. Tell him next to write down the same digits in the reverse order, and to subtract the lesser number from the greater. He is then to state the unit figure of the remainder, and you at once tell him the whole of the remainder. The result will be as under. The middle figure will always be a nine, and the other two figures

added together will always equal nine. Thus, suppose he writes, 472; reversed, 274; remainder 198. He states the unit figure of the remainder to be 8. You at once announce the remainder 198. The trick may be varied by letting the person tell you the hundred figure of the remainder (if there is no hundred figure the remainder will be ninety-nine), or by giving him the choice of either the hundred or the unit figure.—Can. Baptist.