BREWERS ARE HARD HIT BY BUDGET

Assert Public Must Pay the Sum Needed to Meet Burdens of Lloyd George's Financial Measure

(By W. Hamilton Rhodes)

LONDON, May 30 — Though the price of beer is shortly to be raised to the working man, the exact amount of the increase will remain uncertain until the London brewers are able to evolve some sort of order out of the chaos in which Mr. Lloyd George had plunged the industry.

At the present time the great license trade, manufacturing and retail, with its capital of many millions, is in a state of indescribable muddle. Brewery shareholders, who include some of the poorest in the land, the aged and the infirm, for whom small amounts have been invested in trust—have lost great sums of money, while the trade as a whole has to find by July 1st the sum of $10,500,000.

"Thousands of licensees will be unable to find the money on that date," said Mr. Graham Aldous, of the Kilbourn Brewery. "Those who are tied up will go to the brewers, distillers, and wine merchants for assistance, but the latter have themselves yet to find a way of raising money.

"The free tenants will be driven into the hands of the second-class money lenders. If that had been Mr. Lloyd George's avowed object he could not have better brought it about."

A statement made by Mr. Andrew Motion, chairman of the Camon Brewery Company, illustrates the unprecedented financial difficulties of the trade.

"We do not pay any dividend on the ordinary shares or on the preferred ordinary shares," he said, "and the dividend on the preference shares, which are held by between three and four thousand persons in amounts of $250 and upwards, is in jeopardy.

"The license duties of this company before the last budget cost $43,000, which was paid in the ordinary way last October in advance, for the following twelve months. Now that the budget is law, we have to pay an additional $167,500 in less than two months. Another year's license duties become due three months after that, when we have to put down $210,000 more. That is to say, between now and October, we have to find $377,500—about $335,000 more than if Lloyd George had not singled our trade out for victimizing purposes in his budget.

"Where does Mr. Lloyd George think we are going to get this extra $335,000 from? Our money is sunk in the business. What business firm keeps a vast sum like that doing nothing? This state of affairs simply means ruin to a great number of concerns. The partners in our firm who have put $5,000,000 into it and hold the ordinary shares, do not get a penny. It is a whole life's work thrown away."

Dealing with the trade as a whole, Mr. Motion said that approximately it had to find an extra $10,500,000 on July 1st, and a further $21,000,000 in October. This is $21,000,000 increase—to be paid in five months—on the sum which would have been due in this period if there had been no additonal taxation. In Mr. Motion's opinion, the only chance of salvation is to charge $1.50 a barrel more for beer to the publican, who will be compelled to get it back from the retailer.

When parliament reassembles Secretary of State for War, Haldane, is expected to make an announcement as to the duties of Lord Kitchener in the Mediterranean. Lord Kitchener was appointed to the empty position of high commissioner and commander-in-chief of the Mediterranean as long ago as August 7, 1909. In October last it was stated that Lord Kitchener would probably never take up this sham command. Today the doubts expressed in October have become a fact. Lord Kitchener will not take up the post which was devised so hurriedly after the Duke of Connaught had given up the "command" in disgust.

It is not yet known what Lord Kitchener will do. There are several important appointments to which he may be assigned, and there are powerful interests at work for and against him. Through it all he maintains that reticience and aloofness which is the attribute of greatness. He will do the work to which he is called in good time, and with his usual thoroughness but that work will not be the inspection of a brigade of infantry at Malta, for which there are already two general officers in the Mediterranean. Lord Kitchener is not the man to waste himself in such a futile and ludicrous occupation.

If the Mediterranean command included any sort of control over the Egyptian situation, it would be worth assigning to so great a soldier as Lord Kitchener, but Egypt is under the control of the British agent general, who could not be expected to divide his authority with another. South Africa, too, is obviously impossible, for there, too, there is a competent commander-in-chief. It may be taken as settled, therefore, that no more will be heard about Lord Kitchener taking up the Mediterranean command.

Lord Minto's term as Viceroy of India will soon expire. It may be that arrangements will be made to succeed him with Lord Kitchener, and failing this, there may be a room at the war office where he may find occupation as first military member of the army council.

L. Reinecke is to be engaged all summer on the West Fork of the Kettle river doing geological work for the Dominion government.

LAND REGISTRY ACT

In the matter of an application for Duplicates of Certificates of Title to Lots 16 and 17 and 5, Block 5 (Map 283), Victoria City.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof to issue Duplicates of Certificates of Title to said lands issued to James Watson Meldrum, on the 15th day of October, 1890, and 8th day of May 1893, and numbered respectively 10648 (a) and 16431 (a).

J. P. McLEOD.
Deputy Registrar General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C., the 27th day of May, 1910.

BRITAIN'S DUTY TOWARDS EGYPT

Mr. Roosevelt Gives Utterance to Unexpected Criticism in Address Accepting Freedom of City of London

HAS NOT SHOWN ENOUGH STRENGTH

Severe Remarks on Conduct of Nationalist Faction in Egypt—People Not Capable of Self-Government

LONDON, May 31.—Quite unexpectedly, Theodore Roosevelt today delivered what is considered by Englishmen a severe arraignment of the nation in its attitude towards Egypt. Something picturesque was looked for from the former President, but in view of his utterances in Egypt, in which he gave praise in full measure to the British government for the development that followed British rule, it was not anticipated that he would revert again to that subject, especially for the purpose of taking England to task.

But with a frankness that caused a stir among those who had gathered in the ancient Guildhall to witness the ceremony of conferring upon him the freedom of the city of London, Mr. Roosevelt declared that while Britain had given Egypt the best government in two thousand years, yet recent events following the assassination of Premier Boutros Pasha had shown that in certain vital points the British government had erred, and England must repair this error if she wished to do her full duty. He called attention to the fact that England's primary object in taking hold in Egypt was the establishment of order.

"Either you have or you have not the right to remain in Egypt and establish and keep order," he said. "If you have not the right and have not the desire to keep order, then by all means get out. But if, as I hope, you feel that your duty to civilized mankind and your fealty to your own great traditions alike bid you to stay, then make the fact and the name agree, and show that you are ready to meet in very deed the responsibility which is yours.

"When a people treats assassination as the corner stone of self-government, it forfeits all right to be treated as worthy of self-government. Some nation must govern Egypt, and hope and believe that the English nation will decide that the duty is theirs."

Mr. Roosevelt dwelt upon what he called the baneful influence of the nationalist party in Egypt, which had shown, he said, in connection with the murder of the Premier, that it was neither desirous or capable of guaranteeing justice. Nor had England shown enough of its strength.

"You have tried to do too much," he said, "in the interests of the Egyptians themselves. Those who have to do with uncivilized peoples, especially fanatical people, must remember that in such a situation as that which faces you in Egypt, weakness, timidity and sentimentality may cause infinitely more harm than violence. Sentimentality is the most broken reed on which righteousness can lean."

He prefaced his remarks on Egypt with the statement that he spoke as an unprejudiced outsider, as an American and a real democrat, whose first duty was to war against violence, injustice, and wrongdoing wherever found. He proffered his advice only in accordance with the principles on which he had acted as president, in dealing with the Philippines, and he declared that the present conditions of affairs in Egypt was a grave menace to the British Empire and to civilization.

HELPED BY RAINS

Log Driving on New Brunswick Streams Gets Welcome Lift from Floods.

ST. JOHN, N.B., May 30—Reports from Fredericton and Chatham, covering the lumbering districts of the upper St. John and Miramichi rivers, are today more cheerful because of the better driving conditions following the rains of last week. Fredericton reports that there is now a chance that the drive abandoned some weeks ago at Black River Rapids will get out. The first section of the corporation drive, about twenty-five million feet, will likely reach the boom limits by noon on Wednesday next. From Chatham the report is that the water in the Miramichi and the streams about there have risen 18 inches to two feet, and it was said the bulk of the logs would get out, although likely a considerable number will be hung up in the brooks. It has been a long and expensive driving season.

FINAL BLOW TO NEW YORK RACING

ALBANY, N. Y., May 31.—The final blow against racing in this state was struck today when the legislature passed two more of the so-called anti-oral betting bills, which have been urged by Governor Hughes.

One bill makes directors of racing associations criminally liable for violating the anti-gambling laws on their race tracks. This bill, horsemen declare, will finally seal the doom of racing.

The second bill is the "oral betting" bill proper. It prohibits the laying of odds, either with or without writing.

The Perkins bill placing gambling on race tracks under the penalties which apply to other gambling institutions possibly will pass the assembly tomorrow.

An Easy Victory

GRAVESEND, N.Y., May 31.—Before a big crowd Fitzherbert today easily won the Brooklyn handicap, 1¼ miles, defeating a good field. Fitzherbert went to the front at the start, and setting a fast pace, leading by three lengths all the way, won by a length. Olambala closed fast around the upper turn and finished a good second, with Prince Imperial third.

Lake Workers' Strike

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 31—Demanding a twelve hour working day and holidays off, 100 members of the Great Lakes Towing Company quit work today. As a result, lake navigation in and out of Cleveland harbor is at a standstill, and passenger and freight steamers are tied up. The wage question does not enter into the controversy. Local tug men say the walk-out will become general along the great lakes.

Accused of Smuggling

NEW YORK, May 31—P. R. Lion, who is said to be the president or vice-president of several banks and corporations in Minneapolis, Minn., was held today after an examination before Acting Surveyor Smyth in the custom house, on the charge of smuggling two pearl necklaces, a brooch and gold watch, and was sent to Hoboken in custody of Inspector Timothy Donohue, to be arraigned before U. S. Commissioner Russ to have bail fixed.

Death of Noted Lumberman

CRANBROOK, B.C., May 31—The news of the sudden death of Archie Leitch, the dean of the lumbermen of the Interior, came as a shock on the people of Cranbrook yesterday. He had been around the city in his motor car in the morning and though he was not looking very well no one thought death was impending for him. He was buttoning his coat to go to lunch when he slipped to the floor of the morning room. When his son, Archie, lifted him up he was dead. His family, all of whom except Mrs. Edward Paterson (was present, could hardly realize what had happened. No arrangements of a positive character have been made with regard to the date of the funeral.

BRICK OF GOLD FROM OLD MINE

Queen Charlotte Property Once Worked by Hudson Bay Company Has Good Prospect of Satisfactory Profit

VANCOUVER, May 31.—The Queen Charlotte islands have sent their first gold brick to the Dominion assay office in this city, and indications are that many others will soon follow.

The brick represents one day's run of the five-stamp mill recently installed at the Early Bird free milling group, on the west coast of Moresby island. Its value is $400.

The property was acquired three years ago by John McLellan, a graduate of the London School of Mines, and F. J. Bourne, M. E., of Cobalt, Ont. Development consists of a 100 foot shaft and 250 feet of drifting. The shaft was sunk on a two inch stringer, which has now widened out in the lower workings to six inches. In places the vein gives phenomenal values, the gold literally encrusting the country rock. The vein has also been exposed on the surface for a distance of 250 feet.

The property was originally operated by the Hudson Bay Company in the late fifties, when it is claimed that $50,000 in gold was extracted from a rich pocket near the surface. The hole is still visible. There are also a number of undeveloped free milling claims in the same group.

TALKING OF SEALS

New York Paper Gives Its Opinion on Report that Treaty Is Nearly Agreed Upon.

NEW YORK, May 31.—The Evening Globe says: "Brief and lacking in detail as is the the report that a sealing treaty between the United States, Canada, Russia and Japan has been practically concluded, the mere statement that it is all but agreed to stop pelagic fishing in the North Pacific ocean for a long term of years is enough to cause profound satisfaction.

"If it is true that the unqualified consent of other nations, particularly Japan, has been obtained to the restriction or prohibition so long and earnestly desired in this country, it may be that extermination of the seal herds is not to become complete.

"If this agreement is not reached, the early extermination of the North Pacific seals seems an absolute certainty."

BOXING AGAIN ON THE SOUND

SEATTLE, May 31—Professional boxing will soon be opened here, according to the plans of a group of promoters who have announced the organization of the Elliott Bay Athletic Club. The first match is to be a 6-round affair between Eddie Marino and Pete McVeigh, both of Seattle, and will be pulled off in a local theatre.

The authorities so far have interposed no objections. The same club matched Marino and Kid Scaler a few weeks ago, but Scaler has since left town, and the match was called off. It is understood that no attempt will be made by the city or county officials to prevent the boxing matches so long as they are kept free from any suspicion of crooked work.

The news that Seattle would allow boxing travelled fast and it brought a couple of questionable promoters from San Francisco, but they soon learned that there was nothing doing for them and returned to California. Local sentiment among many business men is decidedly in favor of professional boxing, if cleanly conducted, and Seattle will begin bidding for big matches if the first prove successful.

Explosion on Tug

VANCOUVER, B.C., May 31—The tug Chinook was towed into port today by the Takara Maru after being disabled by the cylinder top bursting. The Chinook was inward bound with a boom of logs from a camp near the Great Northern Cannery and had only been steaming half an hour when the explosion occurred. Luckily no one was injured, and the tug and its tow drifted close to the cannery and tied up. A launch was despatched to Hind Brothers' wharf and the Takara Maru went out and brought the disabled vessel to port.

PROTEST FROM COLONIAL OFFICE

New Canadian Regulations in Regard to Immigration Are Looked Upon As Too Drastic by Home Authorities

MONEY QUALIFICATIONS PLACED TOO HIGH

Opinions for and Against Are Expressed at Conference Called by Royal Colonial Institute in London

OTTAWA, May 31—A formal protest from the colonial office, through Earl Crewe, against the operation of the new Canadian immigration regulations has been received by the Government, and is now under consideration by the premier, who, in the absence of Hon. Frank Oliver, is acting minister of the interior. The Home Government intimates that the regulations, insofar as British immigration is concerned, ought to be relaxed. What is particularly objected to is the requirement that all immigrants, save those destined to farm employment, shall, in addition to being ticketed, have $75 in cash and a proportionate amount for each member in their families.

The order-in-council was passed some weeks ago, and the explanation of the department is that it is intended to prevent people becoming a charge upon the public on arriving in this country.

On the other side of the water they regard it as entirely too drastic in its operation, and calculated to keep out a desirable class of British people, particularly artisans, who are anxious to come to Canada, in many cases to assured employment, but who find the money qualifications too high particularly where they have families. It is a rare occurrence for the British Government to take such action respecting the regulations of a colonial administration.

London Conference

LONDON, May 31—At today's session of the emigration conference convened under the auspices of the Royal Colonial Institute, Colonel Lamb, of the Salvation Army, said the requirements of the colonies were well known. They wanted people physically and morally without blemish—those who did not drink, did not tell lies nor intend to tell lies, did not covet their neighbors' land, and who had some agricultural knowledge and capital. He did not blame the colonies when he remembered that this country was fool enough to part with everything after they had fought for these territories at tremendous cost of blood and treasure without keeping a "tag" on them. He did not blame the colonies if they took advantage of fools, as all the world did, but he would like to see the unearned increment value of land set aside for emigration purposes.

J. A. M. Aikins, of Winnipeg, defended the Canadian regulations. Canadians thought that population which was not good enough for England was not good enough for them, but the Dominion could not have too many settlers of the right sort. They had an ambition that Canada might one day become the heart of the Empire, but that did not imply that they thought Great Britain was decadent. Canada must necessarily become a great power, and was prepared to accept settlers, but only of the right sort.

Dr. William Baker, of the Barnado Homes, while admitting the friendly courtesy of Canadian officials, complained that there was a want of definiteness in the rules respecting the immigration of children. A more definite method of examining children ought to be practiced by colonial representatives, he said. He enlarged on the necessity of supervision of children in the colonies, and recommended the Barnado method to other societies.

At the afternoon session of the conference, Mr. Hazel, of the Central unemployed body, complained that the work of that body was misunderstood in Canada, because of its name. The body, he said, was careful and painstaking in selecting emigrants, and he believed that without a further act of parliament it would be possible for labor exchanges to get into communication with the colonies and set up labor exchanges between this country and the Dominions beyond the sea. If this was done with great painstaking and care a great deal of good might result.

C. S. Goldman, M.P., urged more extensive co-operation between the Home Government and the different parts of the Empire. A central emigration bureau should be formed, he said, between this country and each of the receiving colonies.

The conference passed a resolution asking the British Government to hold a conference as soon as possible to consider the subject of emigration.

At yesterday's meeting of the conference Lord Brassey moved that the Council of the Royal Colonial Institute be asked to appoint a representative standing committee to whom the recommendations of conference should be referred for consideration and such further action as may be deemed advisable. The resolution was adopted.

Sir C. Kinloch-Cooke criticized frequently the new regulations issued by Canada, which he declared were preventing emigrants already in Canada being joined by members of their families.

Single Tax League

TORONTO, May 31.—A provincial Single Tax League, composed of all the minor organizations scattered about Ontario was formed at the Single Tax convention in the Guildhall this afternoon. The new organization will be known as the Tax Reform and Direct Legislation League of Ontario, and one of its chief objects will be to carry on active missionary work throughout the province. The president of the league is Wilson Southam, editor of the Ottawa Citizen.

Dr. Charcot's Vessel

GUERNSEY, May 31—The Charcot Antarctic exploring vessel Pourquoi Pas anchored in the harbor today and reported all well.

Warship Sinks Steamer

FALMOUTH, May 31—H.M.S. Wasp ran down and sunk the steamer Washington off here today. Four lives were lost.

Canadian Cattle Wanted

LONDON, May 31—An increase in the price of meat is again imminent in consequence of the short supply. The situation is growing serious, and one result will probably be a more determined demand for the removal of the embargo on Canadian cattle.

Objects to Hymns and Organs

LONDON, May 31—At the general assembly of the Church of Scotland a petition from Roderick Maclay, of Fort William, pleaded that unscriptural methods were carried on in that part of Canada, with the use of hymns and organs, and requested that the missionary there speak in English instead of Gaelic. A committee was instructed to investigate.

Railways Before Supreme Court

WASHINGTON, May 31 — An attempt to have the supreme court of the United States pass on the authority of common carriers engaged in interstate commerce to make "Jim Crow" regulations met with failure today when the court dismissed the so-called Chiles appeal from the docket. The court upheld the authority of the interstate commerce commission in issuing the order directing a reduction of the through freight rate from Chicago and from St. Louis to Denver, and sustained the validity of that order.

GOOD WORK OF JUVENILE COURT

Winnipeg Institution Commends Itself to F. C. Wade, K.C.—Plea for Youths Now Confined in Reformatories

WINNIPEG, May 31.—F. C. Wade, K. C., of Vancouver, left for the East last night en route to Europe. While in Winnipeg he paid a good deal of attention to the workings of the juvenile court, and also secured the assistance of the Canadian Club in forwarding the project of building a Canadian monument to mark the grave of General Wolfe at Greenwich. The executive of the Canadian Club has recommended a contribution of five hundred dollars for the purpose.

Mr. Wade was particularly pleased with the juvenile court and detention building. The latter is a plain homelike structure surrounded by other residences. It has been found quite unobjectionable in every respect, and no neighbor would think of protesting against it. On the contrary every one is so enthusiastic over the working of the juvenile court here that there is every disposition to help it rather than put obstacles in its way, nor has there been any difficulty such as there was in Vancouver in the formation of advisory committees. The Children's Aid Society put forth no claim for representation, but was quite content to see a small committee appointed consisting of the mayor and some others, and quite ignoring their own association. During the last year, out of 503 cases dealt with, 261, or more than half, were successfully disposed of out of court. So far only about 5 per cent. have gone back to their old habits.

Hon. T. Mayne Daly, juvenile court judge, declares in his annual report that ninety-five per cent. of juvenile delinquents is due to improper home surrounding. One of the most important functions of the court is the instruction and disciplining of parents and others who influence the lives of the children, and to this is due in the main the great reduction in delinquency wherever juvenile courts are instituted. The superintendent of neglected children reports that during the year 26 boys have been released from the reformatory on parole, and only one has had to be returned.

As the reformatories have been filled under an old system of punishment now almost obsolete, and admittedly ill-judged and almost criminal in its stupid ferocity towards children, the sooner all reformatories are emptied on the parole system the better.

The King has signalized his succession by leniency to many old and hardened criminals, why, asked Mr. Wade, should not Canada seize on the occasion to make amends for the enormous crimes committed against many children who are serving long terms for what are now regarded as trivial offences easily cured without imprisonment?

PHILADELPHIA, May 31 — Matt McGrath, of the Irish American A. A. C. of New York, made a new world's record of 16 feet 1 inch in throwing the 56 pound weight for height in today's A.O.H. games in this city. This breaks the former record by one-eighth of an inch. The record, however, will stand as an exhibition record only, as McGrath's best throw in the competition was only 16 feet.

OUTDOOR SPORT AND ZAM-BUK

Every athlete, every ball-player, every swimmer, every canoeist, every man or woman who loves out door life and exercise, should keep a box of Zam-Buk handy.

Zam-Buk is a purely herbal preparation, which, as soon as applied to cuts, bruises, burns, sprains, blisters, etc., sets up highly beneficial operations. First, its antiseptic properties render the wound free from all danger from blood poisoning. Next its soothing properties relieve and ease the pain. Then its rich, herbal balms penetrate the tissue, and set up the wonderful process of healing. Barbed wire scratches, insect stings, skin diseases, such as eczema, heat rashes, ringworm, babies' heat sores, chafed places, sore feet—all come within Zam-Buk's power. It also eases and cures piles. All druggists and stores. Avoid imitations.

SALE TODAY ON CAPES

Campbell's
THE FASHION CENTRE

SALE TODAY ON CAPES

Summery Apparel

For the Lady or Miss

WASH SKIRTS

Wash Skirts of White Duck, pleated $2.25
White Linen Skirts, pleated, trimmed with buttons $2.75
Extra Fine White Lawn Skirts, pleated and trimmed with embroidery insertion $3.75
Extra Quality Linen, Duck and Repp Skirts at $3.75, $3.90, $4.75

BLOUSES

Striped, navy, and white, black and white, and all white 90c
White Lawn Blouses, embroidered fronts, new sleeve, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75
Colored Blouses in striped Zephyrs and Chambrays, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75

DRESSES

White Muslin Princess Dresses, trimmed with fine lace and embroidery, $6.00 and ... $5.75
Extra Fine Organdy Princess Dresses, tucked and trimmed with fine Valenciennes insertion, $6.75 and $6.50
New Shipment of Wash Suits, ranging in price from $12.50 to $5.75
Wash Coats in linen, duck and repps, priced up from $6.25

Australian Defence

MELBOURNE, May 31—Col. Kirkpatrick, inspector general of the Australian forces, has been assigned his duties. G. F. Pearce, the minister of defence will consult him regarding modifications of Lord Kitchener's military defence scheme.

Corrig College
Beacon Hill Park, VICTORIA, B.C.

Select High-Class BOARDING College for BOYS of 8 to 16 years. Refinements of well-appointed Gentleman's home in lovely BEACON HILL PARK. Number limited. Outdoor sports. Prepared for Business Life or Professional or University Examinations. Fees inclusive and strictly moderate. L. D. Phone Victoria 748. Autumn term, Sept. 1st.
Principal, J. W. CKURCH, M. A.

"Etude"

We have back numbers of the "Etude" on sale for

5 Cents

Fletcher Bros.
1231 Government Street

SAYWARD LAND DISTRICT

District of Sayward

Take notice that James A. Campbell, of Vancouver, B. C., store-keeper, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted at high-water mark, at the head of Cahmish Bay, on Lower Valdez Island, in the Sayward District, thence south 20 chains, thence west 20 chains, thence north 20 chains, thence west 20 chains, thence north to shore, thence southerly and easterly along shore to place of commencement.

JAMES A. CAMPBELL.
April 19th, 1910.

LIQUOR LICENSE ACT, 1900

I, J. W. Williams, hereby give notice that, one month from date hereof, I will apply to the Superintendent of Provincial Police at Victoria, B. C., for a renewal, to commence on the 1st day of May, 1910, of my license to sell intoxicating liquors at the premises known as the San Juan Hotel, situated at Port Renfrew, in the district of Esquimalt.

J. W. WILLIAMS.
Dated this 18th day of May, 1910.

LICENSE TO AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY

"Companies Act, 1897"

Canada: Province of British Columbia, No. 574.

This is to certify that the "W. E. Sanford Manufacturing Company" (Limited) is authorized and licensed to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia, and to carry out or effect all or any of the objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situate at the City of Hamilton, in the Province of Ontario.

The amount of the capital of the Company is One million dollars, divided into Ten thousand shares of One hundred dollars each.

The head office of the Company in this Province is situate at Vancouver, and Hermon J. Liersch, Agent, whose address is Vancouver aforesaid, is the attorney for the company.

Given under my Hand and Seal of Office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this seventh day of April, one thousand nine hundred and ten.

(L.S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

The objects for which this Company has been established and licensed are: For the purpose of carrying on of a wholesale clothing business and the manufacturing and selling of clothing of all kinds and the carrying on of branch stores for selling clothing at any place in the Dominion of Canada and the carrying on of a general dry goods business in all its departments, and to acquire, lease and purchase such real estate as may be necessary for all or any of the above purposes, and to sell, lease, convey or otherwise dispose of any or all of said lands.

NOTICE

I, A. E. Belfry, hereby give notice that, one month from date hereof, I will apply to Superintendent of Provincial Police at Victoria, B. C., for a renewal of my license for selling intoxicating liquors at the premises known as the Stikine Hotel, situated at Telegraph Creek, B. C., in the district of Atlin, to commence first day of July, 1910.

(Signed) A. E. BELFRY.
May 20, 1910.

Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

NAVEL ORANGES, per doz 40c
BANANAS, per doz 35c
PINEAPPLES, each 35c
CHERRIES white and black, per lb 30c
STRING BEANS, per lb 15c
GREEN PEAS, 3 lbs. for 25c
NEW POTATOES, 6 lbs. for 25c
LOCAL ASPARAGUS, per lb 15c
LARGE CUCUMBERS, each 25c
HOTHOUSE TOMATOES, per lb 25c

FRESH STRAWBERRIES

The Family Cash Grocery
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts., Phone 312

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne
THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE
The Best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, & CHOLERA. Acts like a charm in
The most Valuable Remedy ever discovered. Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS, NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE. The only Palliative in
Convincing Medical Testimony accompanies each Bottle.
Sold in Bottles by all Chemists. Prices in England, 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6.
Sole Manufacturers, J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd., London, S.E.

Federal Wire-Tightener and Splicer

Will Accomplish in Thirty Seconds What Under the Present Methods Takes Five Men Thirty Minutes
For Use on Farms, Ranches, Railroads and Wherever Wire Fences Are In Service
Write for Illustrated Catalogue

The Hickman-Tye Hardware Co.
Phone 59 VICTORIA, B.C., Agents 544-546 Yates St.

NOTICE

I, John Day, hereby give notice that one month from date hereof will apply to the superintendent of provincial police at Victoria, B. C. for a renewal, to commence on the 1st day of July, 1910, of my license to sell intoxicating liquors, at the premises known as the Esquimalt Hotel, situated in the district of Esquimalt, B. C.

May 8th, 1910. JOHN DAY.

STUMP PULLING.

THE DUCREST PATENT STUMP PULler, made in four sizes. Our smallest machine will develop 216 tons pressure with one horse. For sale or hire. This is the only machine that does not capsize. Our machine is a B. C. industry made for B. C. stumps and trees. Our pleasure is to show you it at work. We also manufacture all kinds of up to date tools for land clearing, loggings, etc. Particulars and terms apply 466 Burnside road, Victoria, B. C.