

VENEZUELAN DISPUTE.

Oscar of Sweden the Fifth or Final Arbitrator in the Settlement.

Advantage of Having the United States Represented on the Commission.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—The King of Sweden and Norway, Oscar II, has been chosen by the treaty between the United States and Great Britain as the fifth and final arbitrator of the Venezuelan boundary question. The other arbitrators, four in number, are to be designated, two by the Lord Chief Justice of England and two by the Chief Justice of the United States. This is the final and most important feature of the treaty for complete adjustment of the long-pending Venezuelan controversy. The treaty was concluded in Washington last night at the British embassy, Sir Julian Pauncefote representing Her Britannic Majesty and Secretary Olney the United States.

The term of occupancy necessary to exempt British settlements in the disputed territory from the arbitration is fixed at sixty years, according to the additional correspondence on the subject which has just been discovered. In other words the British government has agreed to the unrestricted arbitration of all the territory in dispute with the period for the acquisition of title by prescription fixed by the agreement of the parties in advance at sixty years.

The Times in an editorial commenting on the fact that Venezuela is not to be represented in the arbitration tribunal says: "This is a most far-reaching concession and a signal diplomatic success for the United States, and is interesting to Americans much more than any mere rearrangement of Venezuelan territory. It secures to England the advantage of dealing with a responsible and friendly government, and admits the principle that the United States may not only intervene in disputes with South American republics, but may entirely supersede the original disputants and assume exclusive control of the negotiations."

"Great Britain cannot bind other nations by this concession, but she sets up a precedent which may in future be quoted with great effect against herself, and she has greatly strengthened the hands of the United States government, should the latter desire to intervene in any future dispute between a South American republic and any European power. If the U. S. espouse the quarrels of petty republics they are bound to compel the republics to fulfill their engagements. Such a general protectorate, if executed in the equitable manner which the Washington cabinet may be expected to adopt, may go far to enforce the principles of national honor and honesty in quarters where they are often very imperfectly observed."

The Times concludes its article by saying: "It would be an invidious and ungracious task to attempt to weigh the advantages gained by either side. Both England and America have done well for themselves and one another that out of such a threatening dispute have grown mutual good feeling and the seeds of a permanent arbitration court."

The Chronicle comments upon the agreement to arbitrate future disputes as the best thing for the peace of the world that has happened perhaps for a century. The paper says: "If popular rejoicing were always directed to proper ends, every town in Great Britain and America would be decorated to-day in honor of this victory of international wisdom. This is the embodiment of the message of Bethlehem."

The Standard, Conservative, says editorially: "The Venezuelan settlement is most gratifying. It would be unprofitable to raise ungracious issues." The Post, Conservative, says: "It is satisfactory to know that the Venezuelan settlement is not a diplomatic defeat for Lord Salisbury. It is a diplomatic arrangement for reaching and of the most significant description."

The Daily Telegraph says: "It is a great triumph for diplomacy and still greater for the sacred cause of peace. Lord Salisbury and President Cleveland are to be warmly congratulated."

U. S. Ambassador Bayard received a representative of the Associated Press to-day, and expressed warm appreciation of the cordiality of his reception yesterday evening at the Guildhall banquet, and expressed the opinion that the United States law of twenty years' possession will prevail in the case of the settlers in the Venezuelan disputed districts.

Rt. Hon. John Morley, chief secretary for Ireland in the late Liberal cabinet, speaking at Montreal last evening, said that he regarded the Venezuelan settlement as a most excellent arrangement and trusted that the negotiations for an arbitration treaty would have equally successful issue.

Merchants and Travelers. CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Large numbers of merchants throughout the Western and Southern States have, says the Times-Herald, signified their intention of attending the meetings of the National Association of Merchants and Travellers in Chicago this week and the event promises to be of national importance. The merchants are eager to hear the views of Lyman J. Gage, who has announced his intention to speak "on the banking situation." Scarcely less in importance to the subject to be handled by Mr. Gage is the address to be delivered by J. V. Farwell, Jr., "on the mercantile situation." As the 50,000 retail and wholesale merchants comprising the association are located in the states where the money question was the paramount one in the recent campaign, the merchants are desirous of hearing the financial views of one who is able to discuss the subject intelligently.

The merchants who will comprise the largest attendance at this, the second meeting of the association, are chiefly from the dry goods, clothing, boot and shoe, hardware and grocery branches. More than the usual amount of late season's buying will be done by this week's visitors, if their letters to Secretary Tomlinson are any indication. Nearly all of them add the facts that

they have been running on light stocks and must therefore do some buying to the other reasons for their coming to the city at this time. The present officers of the association are: General chairman, A. J. Bartlett; vice-general chairman, J. V. Farwell; general treasurer, Adolph Nathan; general secretary, C. S. Tomlinson.

"VERY UNSATISFACTORY."

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 10.—Major Sam Hughes, of Lindsay, Canada, editor and publisher of the Victoria Warder and a Conservative member of the Canadian parliament, is in the city. He is deeply interested in the school question in Manitoba, and has considerable to say concerning the settlement which, according to the press dispatches, was effected a few days ago. He said:

"The settlement of the school question in Manitoba is not as satisfactory as has been indicated in the press dispatches. The Conservatives, who were defeated in the last general election, I am confident would have settled the question much more justly and equitably had they possessed the opportunity. The Conservatives took the stand that the Roman Catholics should have the right to use their own taxes only, and should be given no government support."

"The Liberals grant the right of any denomination to a half-hour of school time for religious instruction at the close of the school day. They also granted a concession which permits the use of text-books printed in both English and French, and wherever there are 300 Roman Catholic children in a school district, no matter if there be twice as many Protestants, the Roman Catholics are to be entitled to have a Roman Catholic teacher."

"Another point in the settlement of the school question is this: The text-books are to be entirely revised, and everything that is objectionable to the Roman Catholics in history or literature is to be removed. These are the terms of the settlement which has been referred to as highly satisfactory. In my estimation it is highly unsatisfactory."

POLITICS IN CHILI.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—A special to the Herald from Valparaiso says that the cabinet resigned at a late hour Saturday night and of the new ministry conciliation will be the motive. It will represent the different factions of the Liberal party and will be pledged to abstain absolutely from all interference in the general elections in March. This coalition will, it is believed, end the crisis in the affairs of the republic. There is great rejoicing throughout the country: The Liberals of all shades of opinion now face the clericals as a common foe.

The resignation of the cabinet was the direct result of a conference between the president and several leading politicians representing all parties. All expressed the opinion that it was impossible for the then existing cabinet to govern the country owing to the opposition of the chamber of deputies, which, as an extreme measure, would refuse to sanction the budget. This, it was said at the conference, was the precipitating cause which led to the resignation of 1891.

WRECK STORY CONTRADICTED. TORONTO, Nov. 10.—The despatch from St. Thomas that the schooner Senora was wrecked on Thursday night and all but one of her crew was drowned, is without foundation. The boat, the despatch adds, arrived in port there on Thursday morning last, and after unloading left for Buffalo, where she now is.

The morning papers print interviews with R. H. Abu, of Rat Portage, in which that gentleman speaks most enthusiastically of the future of the mining districts of the Lake of the Woods. Ian Macdonald's second lecture last night was ably attended, owing to the disappointment felt by many over the first, and also on account of the high prices of admission.

Mary, eldest daughter of Hugh N. Baird, ex-president of the board of trade, was to-day married to Fred. Kendall Barnart, commission merchant of Oswego, N.Y.

DOMINION W. C. T. U. TORONTO, Nov. 10.—(Special.)—At the Dominion Women's Christian Temperance Union convention yesterday, the following officers were elected: President, Mrs. A. O. Rutherford, Toronto; vice-president, Mrs. Dr. Yeomans, Winnipeg; recording secretary, Mrs. McLaughlin, Toronto; treasurer, Mrs. Tilden, Mrs. Dr. Yeomans reported that the Manitoba branch of work showed a marked increase. Eighteen unions were engaged in public work in the province, and the British Columbia unions are vigorously engaged in the purity crusade.

Bishop Sullivan was formally inducted on Sunday into the rectory of St. James' Cathedral by the Bishop of Toronto. Bishop Sullivan is the fifth rector in 95 years.

QUEEN'S COUNSEL.

TORONTO, Nov. 10.—(Special.)—At Osgoode Hall this morning the Supreme court gave judgment in the case as to the right of the province to appoint Queen's counsel. The judgment was unanimous to the effect that the province has the power of appointing Queen's counsel. The matter was not discussed in the deliberations of the court except by Judge Burton, who added that the banking situation. Scarcely less in importance to the subject to be handled by Mr. Gage is the address to be delivered by J. V. Farwell, Jr., "on the mercantile situation." As the 50,000 retail and wholesale merchants comprising the association are located in the states where the money question was the paramount one in the recent campaign, the merchants are desirous of hearing the financial views of one who is able to discuss the subject intelligently.

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TO REFORM THE SENATE

The Hon. David Mills for the Upper House—Lafleur Says He Is Still Sanguine.

A Vandal in the Red Chamber—A Kootenay Mining Controversy—Filled Cheese.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Nov. 10.—The Premier tonight confirmed the report that Hon. D. Mills and Mr. Geo. Cox, president of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, had been appointed to the Senate for the province of Ontario, filling the vacancies created by the deaths of Dr. Ferguson of Welland and Sir David Macpherson. The appointment of Messrs. Mills and Cox was made at the last meeting of the cabinet and the orders-in-council are now on their way to Lord Aberdeen in British Columbia for his signature. As soon as His Excellency approves of them he will advise the government by telegram.

The Premier is sanguine as to the outcome of the negotiations regarding the school compromise. On being asked tonight in regard to the reports from Winnipeg of a hitch in the negotiations, Mr. Cox characterized them as "all bosh."

Recently petitions were sent to the Minister of Justice asking for the remission of the sentence of Patrick Lyon, of Toronto, who is doing a term in the Kingston penitentiary. These petitions have been considered and it is understood the sentence will not be interfered with.

An action for \$50,000 for breach of agreement was filed in the High Court here to-day by Messrs. MacCracken, Henderson & McKee, acting on behalf of Messrs. John S. Hendrie and S. S. Richmond, of Hamilton. The defendants are Messrs. Rufus H. Pope, Cook, and Jay P. Graves, of Spokane.

The plaintiffs state that the agreement referred to was entered into at Hamilton, Ont., on the 20th day of July last, and that the defendants agreed to sell and convey by good and sufficient warranty to the plaintiffs a three-fifths interest in the mineral claims Mascot and Mascot Fraction, situated in the Trail district of West Kootenay. The purchase price of the claims was \$24,000. Of this \$4,000 was paid down and the rest to be paid in thirty days. The plaintiffs claim that the defendants disposed of the mines to other parties before the thirty days had expired. As the property is now valued at the large sum of \$1,500,000 they claim \$50,000 damages for breach of agreement.

The inspectors of the department of agriculture have spotted another shipment of filled cheese at Montreal sent from Chicago to Glasgow. As the internal revenue tax had not been paid on the shipment it was refused to be released on its arrival at Glasgow.

T. P. Owens of the Hansard staff left for Victoria to-day. He has been appointed official stenographer to the Hon. Mr. Mulock in his capacity as Minister of the Inland Revenue department. He will take up the examination of samples of honey shortly.

Major Kitson, who is spoken of as the new commandant of the Military College, is on his way to the college. He has seen plenty of service, and was some years in India.

Some vandals have stolen a piece of one of the curtains about the throne in the Senate chamber. The curtains are of historical value, having been used in Quebec years ago.

OTTAWA, Nov. 11.—At the request of New York gentlemen the Dominion statistician has made up a table showing the number of the Chinese population in Canada. Mr. Johnson places it at 13,110, an increase of 4,000 since 1891. The commissioner of fisheries has received a natural curiosity from British Columbia. It was sent by Inspector McNab who thinks it is a cross between a white fish and a salmon. Prof. Prineas will examine it with a view to determining its nature.

Mr. Mulock is engaged at his office nearly every night until midnight examining the mail contracts, which number about 3,000 for the entire Dominion and aggregate over \$25,000. The Postmaster-General is expected that when he has got through the list he will have effected an annual saving of \$80,000.

Intelligence was received at the mounted police department to-day, that Charles "Red-Young-Man," the Blood Indian outlaw is now surrounded, and cannot escape the large parties of police who are after him. Controller White says Wilde was a first-class officer, and an ex-life guard.

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As yet there is no announcement of the terms of settlement between the Federal and Provincial governments respecting the Manitoba schools. It was thought to-day it would be given to the general public, but such, it appears, is not the case. It is officially stated that there are details which call for further arrangement and the announcement is probably off till next week.

TARTE'S LIBEL SUIT.

MONTREAL, Nov. 10.—(Special.)—The grand jury brought in a true bill against W. A. Grenier, charged by Hon. J. Israel Tarte with criminal libel. Grenier was then arraigned and pleaded not guilty. The trial takes place this time.

The statement of the Bank of Montreal for the year ending October 31, shows that the net earnings were \$603,350. Of this \$600,000 will be paid out in dividends, the remainder going to the profit and loss account, which now amounts to \$569,668.

November 23 has been fixed for the examination of A. D. Penny, the sitting member for the St. Lawrence division of this city in the House of Commons.

Official advice from Manila, the capital of the Philippine Islands, says that the Spanish troops have defeated a force of 4,000 rebels at Montalao. The insurgents lost sixty men and the Spanish had only one killed.

THE POWERS AND CHINA

Will Not Allow Her Division—Another Armenian Massacre—Minister Lowell.

"Truth" on the U.S. Elections—The Famine in India—A Missing Archduke.

(Special to the Colonist.)

OTTAWA, Nov. 10.—In the course of a speech at Enfield this evening, Sir Charles Dill, the well-known authority on international politics, said that England had recently rejected a proposal by the three great powers to partition China. He also says that the alleged recent inspection of the ports of the Dardanelles by a Russian general, was by orders of the Russian government and that it was therefore probable that Russia would regard a British attack on the Dardanelles as a casus belli.

Commenting on the recent election in the United States Mr. Henry Labouchere in truth says: "If Bryan had been wise he would have gone in for bimetalism if it pleased him, but he should have left the ratio indefinite. His ratio left it the right of all to repudiate half his obligations without bettering any one. In the future the victors, however, will do well to realize that apart from bimetalism, there is a strong, growing feeling in America against large accumulations of capital in the hands of individuals obtained by means of trusts, which are really monopolies, and gambling with clogged dice in railroads. The greedy plutocracy, unsupported by an armed force, cannot long hold its own against the rights and well-being of all."

The reports in circulation here on Thursday that a massacre had occurred at an Armenian village near Kaisarisch and sixty persons killed, were not exaggerated. On the contrary, the affair turned out to be more serious than was at first announced. The massacre occurred at the village of Ezerik, 100 persons being killed. Nearly all the Christian houses were pillaged.

The St. James Gazette this afternoon, referring to the approaching retirement of Hon. Thos. F. Bayard from the post of ambassador of the United States at London, says: "Without reflecting upon his predecessors it is safe to say no American minister since Lowell has been so thoroughly acceptable to the English people and London society, where all recognized he had no easy task."

He has worked strenuously, devotedly and passionately for the continuance of friendship with both Great Britain and the English speaking race. Anxiety is felt in Madras, India, at the absence of the northeast monsoon, but the conditions are much more favorable than they were in 1877, when the previous bad season had exhausted the resources of the villages and no proper relief organization existed. It is now believed that grain has been stored in considerable quantities and that the government is fully prepared for emergencies.

A Vienna despatch to the Times, alluding to Russia's efforts to secure trade with China, says that Russian silver coins are being minted in large quantities for circulation in China in view of the fact that Chinese confidence in the American silver dollar has been somewhat shaken.

The assembly in South Australia has passed the second reading of the government's bill restricting immigrants of colored race.

A Swiss cantonal court has ordered the Bank of St. Gall to hand over to the authorities of the wife of the missing Archduke John Nepomuk, Salvador of Austria, 1,000,000 francs deposited by the latter prior to his departure for South America. In 1889 the Archduke renounced his rank and all his Austrian rights owing to an irreconcilable quarrel with the late Field Marshal, the Archduke Albert. Having renounced his rank he went abroad under the name of Johann Orth and was last heard of in South America, since which time he has completely disappeared from public knowledge. During the progress of the China-Japanese war, the fame of Field Marshal Yamagata began to be known, and a rumor found currency in Austria that the famous leader was none other than the long missing Archduke John. The decision of the Cantonal court to-day looks like an abandonment of hope by his friends that the Archduke is still alive.

An election occurred of a member of parliament for the East division of Bradford, which resulted in the Conservative, Greville, receiving 4,526 votes, 3,921 cast for the Liberal candidate, Kier Hardie, the Labor leader, received also 3,921 votes. At a general election in 1895 the Conservatives received 5,843 votes and the Liberal candidate 5,139.

Professor John Augustus Hugo Glyden, the celebrated Swedish astronomer, died to-day. Mr. Glyden was born in Upsala, Sweden, in 1841. He was a member of the Academy of Science of Stockholm, a correspondent of the Institute of France, an officer of the Legion of Honor and author of a number of astronomical works of note.

Geraldine Umar, the actress and singer, has secured a deed of separation from her husband, Ivan Caryll.

As already announced, the Bishop of Peterboro has been appointed to succeed the present Archbishop of Canterbury, in the Bishopric of London, the Hon. and Rev. Edward Carr Glynn, vicar of Kensington, taking the see of Peterboro.

It has been decided by the Spanish government that the first subscription of the new Spanish loan of 400,000,000 pesetas, which will be issued next Saturday, shall be limited to 250,000,000 pesetas, the remainder of the loan, amounting to 150,000,000 pesetas, to be reserved, as the government has no need of the money.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 11.—The furnaces of the glass-works on Seventh and Townsend streets, which have been rusting in idleness for so long, are once more aglow and smoke pours from chimneys that for a long time have been unused to soot and flame. Blowers are cleaning up their rusty work, melting pots are bubbling, fires are roaring, and once more the works are filled with busy men and women. James H. Davis, manager of the works, was in excellent spirits and

very enthusiastic when questioned as to the prospects of the glass industry. "We have started in good earnest," he said, "and we have the best prospects for a bright and prosperous future. The election of McKinley has inspired confidence in those who manufacture and those who have money to invest, and that confidence seems to be widespread." FORT WAYNE, Ind., Nov. 11.—John H. Bass, proprietor of the largest car wheel company in the country, announces that he has received since the election over \$500,000 worth of orders.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

(Special to the Colonist.)

OTTAWA, Nov. 10.—On Saturday last a suspicious looking lot of 177 boxes of cheese was found in Montreal en route from Chicago to Glasgow. They were not branded in accordance with the regulations of United States law dealing with the manufacture and exportation of "filled" cheese. Particulars were sent by the Canadian dairy commissioner to the chief of the dairy division at Washington, in order that such action might be taken as will prevent the shipment of filled or inferior cheese through Canadian ports to the British Isles unless properly branded as such.

Windsor, Nov. 10.—A couple of months ago an aristocratic looking man about forty years of age came to this city and announced himself as James Edward Faulkner, of Bridgeport, Conn. He circulated the story that his wife had fallen heir to a fortune and that he wished to buy a handsome residence. He opened negotiations with Dr. Lambert for the purchase of his unoccupied house on Sandwich street for \$5,000, which was to be paid when his wife got her money. On the strength of this he managed to fill the house with goods of all descriptions, including furniture and carpets. He also bought a horse and buggy and a high grade bicycle, for some of which he gave his note. Some of the paper fell due to-day and when inquiry was made the stranger was missing and the house had been stripped of its contents.

CHATHAM, Nov. 10.—Owing to the extremely low water an order has been issued limiting vessels passing through the Welland canal to a draught of thirteen feet six inches instead of thirteen feet nine inches as heretofore.

WINNIPEG, Nov. 10.—The staff of the Winnipeg general offices on Saturday evening presented F. W. Peters with a costly gold watch. Mr. Peters leaving this week for Nelson, B.C., to become district freight agent of the C.P.R.

MONTREAL, Nov. 10.—A special correspondent of the Montreal Herald has been making an investigation into the condition of the schools through the province of Quebec and his reports show that a lamentable condition of affairs exists, the conditions being similar to those which existed among the French schools of Eastern Ontario a few years ago.

QUEBEC, Nov. 10.—The recent heavy rains have caused great floods in surrounding parishes between Jacques Cartier and Quebec. Bridges have been swept away and the roads are under water. The land in the neighborhood of Murphy's lake, Stoneham and River Juneau are covered by the flood.

OTTAWA, Nov. 11.—It is understood that Hon. Mr. Sifton will come to Ottawa before the school question settlement is made public and be sworn in as Minister of the Interior. The terms will not be known till some time next week, but as a settlement being reached there is believed to be very little doubt.

HAMILTON, Nov. 11.—The association of the Western Congregational church assembled here to-day. The most important business transacted was the election of Rev. J. C. Madill of the Sarnia Congregational church, on the recommendation of the committee appointed to investigate the charges preferred against him by a member of his congregation.

TORONTO, Nov. 11.—The two election petitions for West Toronto, against the return of E. F. Clarke and E. B. Osler, have been merged into one and will be heard Jan. 4.

HAMILTON, Nov. 11.—Mrs. Sturdy, matron of the House of Refuge, has been suspended in consequence of Judge Snider's report on contract irregularities. The investigations show that forty-two inmates consumed meat, and Judge Snider characterized as incredible that all the inmates could dispose of the large quantities of meat charged against the city.

MONTREAL, Nov. 11.—The chairman of the Seawanhaka Corinthian Yacht Club of New York has been in Montreal during the past two days in conference with Mr. Duggan, winner of last year's international half rats' race, and the officials of the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht Club, in relation to the conditions to govern next year's races for the cup. The conditions have been accepted by the club and the challenge accepted with the following restrictions: The sail area to be 500 feet, total draught 5 feet. Instead of measurements the spinnakers at 4-10 should take double the area of the head triangle, and further that the boats should measure with the crews on boards. The races will be held as near July 25 as possible.

MRS. CASTLE AT LIBERTY.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Mrs. Castle was today released by the authorities from the Wormwood Scrubs prison in which she was confined. The Commissioner of Prisons after receiving the report of the medical board on the state of Mrs. Castle's health, communicated with the Home Secretary, who promptly ordered her release from prison, and she will be placed in care of her husband, who has undertaken to take her back to the United States with the least possible delay.

The Chronicle in commenting upon Mrs. Castle's case, does not quarrel with her husband's wishes on the subject. The law were more even handed, and that the same consideration were extended to the poor as to kleptomaniacs. The Daily News says with reference to the same subject that it was foreseen, and besides, "anything to oblige Mr. Bayard." The Standard and the Graphic both fully approve of Mrs. Castle's release.

TURKISH REFORMS.

Official Announcement of What the Sultan Has Promised—Transvaal Matters.

Claim Against the South African Company—Russian Grain for Exportation.

(Special to the Colonist.)

LONDON, Nov. 11.—An official summary of the reforms to be put in execution by the Turkish Government, in accordance with their promise, has been published in Constantinople, and it is announced that the provincial authorities have received instructions to execute them immediately. The reforms promised by the Sultan, as heretofore indicated, are: The liberation from the prisons of the Ottoman Empire of all persons against whom no charges have been proffered and the issuance to the police of orders that there be an immediate convocation of the Armenian National Assembly for the purpose of electing a patriarch.

The trial by court martial of Mazhar Bey, accused of responsibility for the murder of Father Salvador, the dismissal of the Vali of Diarbekir (already complied with), and the sending of definite instructions to all Valis that they must repress all further acts of violence.

An estimate is to be made of the cost of rebuilding the cathedral convent, partially destroyed in Asia Minor; aid is to be given to the residents of those districts which have suffered during the recent troubles and a decree is to be issued enforcing the reforms granted in 1890 to the six vilayets of Armenia. The extension of these reforms is to be made to other provinces of the empire.

At the annual meeting to-day of the Consolidated Gold Fields company, John Hayes Hammond, the American engineer who was in charge of the works at the time of the disturbances at Johannesburg, presented an exhaustive report on deep level mining. It was received with great favor and Mr. Hammond being interviewed said: The prospects for South Africa were never brighter. The recent depression in prices caused a scarcity of money and everyone was obliged to sell gold securities, but the outlook is good. There has been a large gold output. The report that President Kruger will cancel the claims held by the company is untrue. It was only a "bear" movement.

A special despatch from Johannesburg says the government of the Transvaal has decided to put in a claim for £1,000,000 indemnity against the British Chartered South African Company, as one of the results of the raid Dr. Jameson made into the Transvaal.

The Globe this afternoon confirms on "undeniable authority" the statement made in a St. Petersburg dispatch to the Times, quoting the Novosti as saying that towards the close of the war between China and Japan the former offered to cede the island of Formosa to Great Britain unconditionally with a view to excluding the Japanese from territory; but that Lord Rosebery, who was then prime minister, promptly declined the offer.

The Times' St. Petersburg despatch says that Prince Obolensky, who is advocating the export of Russian cereals to India to relieve the famine, says that Russia is over supplied with cereals and that it is estimated she could sell wheat at Bombay for 6d. per pound under the price California wheat is realizing there.

The statement circulated in the United States that the Pope has decided to remove Archbishop Ireland from the diocese of St. Paul is according to a Rome dispatch untrue. But it is stated by those qualified to know that Archbishop Ireland has lost the greater part of the former consideration in which he was held at the Vatican, and the course he pursued in the late elections in the United States has increased this disfavor.

The Daily News Constantinople correspondent says: The Everek massacre lasted from noon on Friday, October 30, till Saturday night, when it was stopped by troops from Kaisarisch. The Armenians said 300 persons were killed.

News from Manila, Philippine Islands, is to the effect that the Spaniards have won a brilliant victory over the rebels and captured strongly fortified positions at Novella, after desperate fighting. The rebels had four hundred killed and the Spaniards lost 33 killed, according to the official report.

The grand Catholic congress, comprising an assemblage of 3,000 persons, was opened at Lima, Peru, on Monday in the presence of the papal delegate, Mgr. Macchi.

Advices from Sucre, Bolivia, state that the Bolivian congress has approved the protocol of the treaty with Chili with the proviso that the government before accepting the accord on the Pacific which Chili offers to cede to Bolivia, as a consideration in the treaty, shall furnish information to congress on the subject.

WHEAT SUPPLIES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—Special cable and telegraphic dispatches to Bradstreet's covering the principal points of accumulation, indicate the following changes in the available supply last Saturday as compared with the preceding week. Available supplies of wheat in the United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, increase 1,931,000 bushels; abroad for and in Europe increase 1,400,000 bushels; total increase of the world's available supply, 3,331,000 bushels. Corn, United States and Canada, east of the Rockies increase 74,000 bushels; oats, United States and Canada, east of the Rockies increase 1,946,000 bushels.

Wheat eclipsed yesterday's price this morning by going to 87½¢ soon after the start on December. The sharp advance induced profit taking, however, and under pressure December dropped to 87½¢ before noon. Unexpectedly higher cables, foreign buying, unfavorable European and Argentine crop reports and light spring wheat receipts occasioned early buying. The transactions in wheat to noon amounted to 5,070,000 bushels.