

ISH IMPORTERS,
M. P. ORTADORA, Ltd.

st of 18 Great Importers,
PORTO—PORTUGAL.
ams.—Uniao Importadora.
nd Consignees. Liberal advances
ents.

de Portugal, Banco Nacional U.
rino, London & Brazilian Bank,
porto. jan19,eow

ECIALS

Check
Ladies' Black
Velvet and
Velveteen
Hats.

We have just received a few dozen of these from "this side of the water" and offer same for your inspection.

Also some Buckram Hat Shapes for ladies and children.

We expect our shipment of Hats from England early in November and can then give you Stylish Hats at Low Prices.

Ladies' Wool
and Fleeced
Underwear.

Ladies' Stanfield Wool Underwear.
Ladies' New Knif Wool Underwear.
Ladies' Fleeced Vests and Pants from 70c
Ladies' Heavy Grey Bloomers at 90c.

HENRY BLAIR

Showing
select
needs
ges.
rty at
er's.
ve beg to
u custom-
oods are
aily, and
e replaced
price.



Maunder,
and Clothier, St. John's.

Germany's New
Change of Front.

What Does It Mean?---Gen.
Allenby's Men Cap-
ture Aleppo.

LUDENDORFF RESIGNS.
COPENHAGEN, Oct. 27. General Ludendorff, first Quartermaster General of the German army, has resigned, says a telegram from Berlin, which adds that the Emperor has accepted the resignation and ordered that the Lower Rhenish Infantry Regiment 28, of which General Ludendorff long had been commander, shall bear his name.

DICTATOR OUT OF BUSINESS.
LONDON, October 27. The German Reichstag by a great majority has adopted a bill placing the military command under the control of the civil government, according to an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Copenhagen. In the resignation of General Ludendorff Germany lost that often has been described as her military brain. Unknown before the war General Ludendorff sprang into prominence in the fall of 1916 as chief of staff to Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, then a general in the operations against the Russians. When Von Hindenburg was given the chief command in August, 1916, Ludendorff was appointed as First Quartermaster General but his position in reality has been chief of staff and collaborator with Von Hindenburg. Soon after his appointment as first quartermaster general, Ludendorff began to be looked upon as the real "boss" of the Germans and was recognized as the representative of the Pan-Germans at great headquarters. It was Ludendorff who brought about the resignation of Chancellor Bethmann and he was reported to have been responsible for the appointment of the Chancellorship of Michaelis and a Hertling who were described as

has been marked by no sensational developments it is having a cumulative effect which apart from the ground gained, aids considerable to the wastage of men and material with which the Germans must reckon. In the last four days the enemy has lost well up towards 15,000 prisoners and two hundred guns. His total loss of effectives cannot be less than 50,000. Strictly speaking there are three large battles in progress, all of which are being conducted with equal success for the Allies. The first is being carried on by the British third and fourth armies, which, pushing on towards Mons, have reached the Valenciennes-Hirson double track railway. The second is the attack of General Mangin north and east of Laon which has resulted in a gain on a front of eight miles for a distance of two miles. He has carried his line out of the swamps around Sissons. The third battle is being fought by General Guillaumat on a front of seventeen miles from Sissons to Chateau Porcien, where the Hunting line joins the Krimhildt system of defences. The average gain has been a mile, although at some points the advance has been greater.

TOOK 1,000 PRISONERS.
LONDON, Oct. 27. (Official).—As a result of a successful operation commenced by us this morning south of Valenciennes, we captured the villages of Arrtes and Famars, thus securing crossings of the River Rhonelle at the former place and pushing forward along the east bank of the Scheldt towards the southern outskirts of Valenciennes. A counter attack delivered by the enemy in the neighborhood of Engelfontaine was repulsed. During the course of to-day's operations we took prisoners about 1,000 Germans.

ADVANCING TOWARDS THE SCHELDT.
LONDON, Oct. 26. The British have made further progress towards the Scheldt and have captured the village of Avelgem southeast of Courtrai. This announcement is made in a supplementary official statement issued by the war office shortly before midnight.

FRENCH PROGRESS ON WIDE FRONT.
PARIS, Oct. 27. On the forty mile front between the Oise and the Aisne, the French maintain their pressure and on the left have made important gains, accord-

ing to an official statement to-day from the War Office. They have captured four villages between the Oise and the Serre and along the Serre have penetrated the enemy's positions. Between Sissonne and Chateau Porcien during Oct. 25 and 26, the French took more than 2,450 prisoners.

ALBANIANS JOINING IN.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 26. Violent fighting continued to-day on the Italian front, where the Italians with British co-operating, launched a new offensive against the Austrians yesterday. A Rome despatch to the Italian Embassy says the Fourth Army has frustrated all attempts of the enemy to reconquer territory lost yesterday and has enlarged its gain. The message also says Italian troops continue to advance along the Lower Mat, in Albania, and that the Albanian tribesmen are taking up arms against the Austrians and fighting under Italian colors.

AUSTRIAN ATTACKS REPULSED.
LONDON, Oct. 27. British troops fighting along the Piave River since the night of October 23, have occupied half of the Island of Grave di Papadopoli and taken more than 700 prisoners, according to an official statement issued here to-day. Violent Austrian counter attacks were repulsed.

MARINE TRAGEDY.
VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 26. The worst marine tragedy in the history of the Pacific coast occurred last night when the Canadian Pacific steamer Princess Sophia which Thursday morning crashed on Vanderbilt reef, was hammered by a terrific gale and drawn across the jagged reef and lost with all hands. Two hundred and sixty-eight passengers aboard the steamer when she piled up were dashed almost instantaneously to death. The first news of the disaster was received here late this afternoon having been flashed out from the United States wireless station at Juneau, Alaska, and was picked up by the Canadian government wireless service here. There were no survivors. Vessels which were standing by were powerless to render aid. The ship apparently was hurled right across the reef. The text of the wireless message reads: "Princess Sophia driven across reef last night, no survivors."

THE ALSACE-LORRAINE QUESTION.
AMSTERDAM, Oct. 23. As for Alsace-Lorraine it is at once clear that as these territories were expressly mentioned among President Wilson's fourteen points we agree to a regulation of this question, said Dr. W. S. Solf, German Foreign Secretary in addressing the Reichstag on Thursday. In the address referred to President Wilson said that the wrong done to France by Prussia in 1871 in the matter of Alsace Lorraine which has unsettled the peace of the world for nearly fifty years should be righted. Moreover having accepted President Wilson's programme as the basis of the peace of the world, Solf continues, we will loyally and in the sense of complete justice and fairness fulfill the programme in all directions and at all points.

WILSON AND THE REPUBLICANS.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 23. President Wilson's appeal to voters to return a Democratic Congress in the November election if they have approved of his leadership in this critical time evoked a spirited reply in a formal statement from Republican leaders in the Senate and House and the Chairman of the Senate and House Republican Congressional campaign committees. The Republican statement declaring the minority party in Congress had supported the administration policies since the war with an unanimity and an absence of criticism unprecedented in party history, pointed to the record as proof. The war the Republican statement contends, is not the President's personal war, nor the war of Congress, nor of a party but of the American people,

seventy-five crew, 268 passengers. Everything possible was done. Terrible weather prevailed."

BRITISH ADVANCING.
LONDON, Oct. 23. The British continue to press forward between Valenciennes and Tournai. Marshal Haig announces they have captured the villages of Odomez and Maulde on the front north of Valenciennes. South of Valenciennes the British have gained new successes on the border of the Mormal forest, capturing Mount Carmel Hill and Engelfontaine. British patrols have progressed north of the railway between Valenciennes and Le Quesnoy.

INFLUENZA IN BRITAIN.
LONDON, Oct. 26. Influenza is increasing throughout Great Britain and Ireland. Two hundred and fifty-five persons have been buried in Dublin since last Monday. The authorities are sprinkling the streets with disinfectants. Two priests who attended the victims have been expelled and the Council has requested the people to stay away from places of amusement.

REVOLT SUPPRESSED.
LONDON, Oct. 25. The revolt of Croatian soldiers of the 79th Regiment at Flume has been suppressed by three Austro-Hungarian regiments arriving from Albania, following hard street fighting in which hundreds of persons were killed and wounded.

TURKEL SURRENDERS.
LONDON, Oct. 26. The Turkish Minister of Switzerland has handed the British and French Ministers to that country an offer of peace virtually amounting to surrender, according to a Bern despatch to the Daily Mail.

ANOTHER PEACE SEEKING COMMISSION.
ZURICH, Oct. 26. Prince Frederick Lobkowitz and Baron Madhény, who represented the strongest anti-German tendency at Vienna, have left that city for Switzerland charged with a mission about which no details are given, according to a Vienna newspaper.

PROGRESS IN BELGIUM.
LONDON, Oct. 26. Operations in Belgium continue to develop favourably, according to an official statement issued at the War Office to-night, which says the French have carried Zulte, in spite of desperate resistance, while the British have occupied the villages of Ingoyheim and Oonghem, and are advancing toward the Scheldt River.

THE ALSACE-LORRAINE QUESTION.
AMSTERDAM, Oct. 23. As for Alsace-Lorraine it is at once clear that as these territories were expressly mentioned among President Wilson's fourteen points we agree to a regulation of this question, said Dr. W. S. Solf, German Foreign Secretary in addressing the Reichstag on Thursday. In the address referred to President Wilson said that the wrong done to France by Prussia in 1871 in the matter of Alsace Lorraine which has unsettled the peace of the world for nearly fifty years should be righted. Moreover having accepted President Wilson's programme as the basis of the peace of the world, Solf continues, we will loyally and in the sense of complete justice and fairness fulfill the programme in all directions and at all points.

WILSON AND THE REPUBLICANS.
WASHINGTON, Oct. 23. President Wilson's appeal to voters to return a Democratic Congress in the November election if they have approved of his leadership in this critical time evoked a spirited reply in a formal statement from Republican leaders in the Senate and House and the Chairman of the Senate and House Republican Congressional campaign committees. The Republican statement declaring the minority party in Congress had supported the administration policies since the war with an unanimity and an absence of criticism unprecedented in party history, pointed to the record as proof. The war the Republican statement contends, is not the President's personal war, nor the war of Congress, nor of a party but of the American people,

many has laid down her arms to the United States and the Allies should then impose their terms. All the world knows that the Republican party is opposed to negotiations and discussion carried on in diplomatic notes addressed to the German Government. The Republican party stands for unconditional surrender.

For Coughs and Colds use STAFFORD'S Phoratorine. oct14,tf

MORE KULTUR.
PARIS, Oct. 26. Deliberate destruction of property and documents of an historic nature was carried out by the Germans at St. Quentin, according to a report made to Premier Clemenceau by the Municipal authorities of that city who have made an investigation.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURE FOR COLDS, ETC.

A New and Peerless Line

You are cordially invited to inspect our Display of Original and Exclusive **MILLINERY MODELS,** New Importations from America.

Our Motto:

Always
Your
Moneys
Worth.

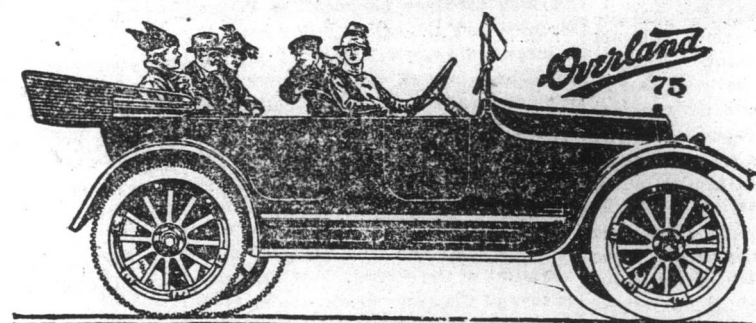
We offer you the largest possible assortment of SHAPES, COLORS & Originality of Trimming in a complete variety of the season's most popular weaves. Our Show-rooms are always an exhibition of the newest in HEADWEAR. Inspect our stocks.

Our Motto:

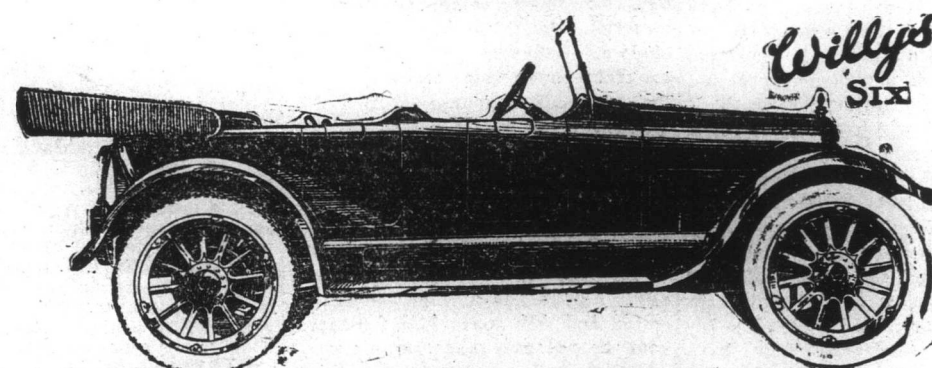
Always
Your
Moneys
Worth.

S. MILLEY.

For Immediate Sale!



ONE OVERLAND, Model 75.
Good Running Order.



ONE OVERLAND, Six
Cylinder, 45 h.p.
7 Passenger.

Both these Cars are fully equipped, Electric Lights, Starter, Horn, Demountable Rim, etc., and are snaps as they will be sold cheap to prompt buyers.

T. A. MACNAB & Co.,
Phone 444. City Club Bldg. P. O. Box 785.

What Other Food Helps
To Conserve as does
Grape-Nuts

Saves Wheat— made partly of barley.	Saves Fuel— fully baked.	Saves Waste— estable to the last bit.
Saves Sugar— contains its own sugar from its own grains	Saves Time— ready to serve direct from the package	Saves Milk— requires less than the ordinary cereal

You are conserving
when you eat
Grape-Nuts

Canada Food Board License No. 2-025