

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, DEC. 20, 1899.

Vol. XXVIII, No. 46

Calendar for Dec., 1899.

MOON'S CHANGES.
New Moon, 2nd, 8h. 35m. p. m.
First Quarter, 9th, 5h. 50m. p. m.
Full Moon, 16th, 9h. 19m. p. m.
Last Quarter, 24th, 11h. 45m. p. m.

Day of Week	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High Water Ch'tn
1 Friday	7 31 4	9 5 47	10 04	
2 Saturday	32 9	6 53	10 33	
3 Sunday	34 8	7 35	11 42	
4 Monday	35 8	8 17	m 9 31	
5 Tuesday	35 8	9 00	1 19	
6 Wednesday	36 8	9 42	2 08	
7 Thursday	37 8	10 24	2 57	
8 Friday	38 8	11 06	3 46	
9 Saturday	39 8	11 48	4 35	
10 Sunday	40 8	12 30	5 24	
11 Monday	41 8	1 12	6 13	
12 Tuesday	42 8	1 54	7 01	
13 Wednesday	43 8	2 36	7 50	
14 Thursday	43 9	3 18	8 39	
15 Friday	44 9	4 00	9 27	
16 Saturday	45 9	4 42	10 16	
17 Sunday	46 10	5 24	11 05	
18 Monday	46 10	6 07	11 53	
19 Tuesday	47 11	7 11	12 41	
20 Wednesday	47 11	8 15	1 30	
21 Thursday	47 12	9 19	2 18	
22 Friday	48 13	10 14	3 07	
23 Saturday	48 14	11 14	3 56	
24 Sunday	48 15	12 12	4 45	
25 Monday	48 15	1 10	5 34	
26 Tuesday	49 16	2 09	6 22	
27 Wednesday	49 16	3 07	7 11	
28 Thursday	49 17	4 06	8 00	
29 Friday	49 18	5 04	8 49	
30 Saturday	49 18	6 02	9 38	
31 Sunday	49 19	7 01	10 25	

CARTER'S Bookstore

Is to the front with the largest stock of

School Books,
Exercise Books,
Scribbling Books,
Pens,
Inks
And Paper.

Assortment Complete.
Prices always the lowest.

Geo. Carter & Co.
IMPORTERS.

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Bargains In All Lines.

If it is a Parlour Suite, Bedroom Suite, or Dining or Kitchen Furniture you require you will find our regular prices very low, and remember we will give

Big Discounts for Cash.

John Newson
CARD.

ANTOINE VINCENT, Architect and Sculptor, Dorchester Street, West, is prepared to execute orders for Monuments and Church-work, in Altars, Statuary, Holy Water Fountains, etc. Work done promptly.
August 2, 1899—6m



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SOME GENTS' WATCHES

Are beautifully engraved, others plain, solid and substantial.

WATCHES from \$6.00 to \$100
Specially recommended for time-keeping.

FINE SHOW OF SILVERWARE, suitable for presents.

Solid Silver Souvenir Spoons with scene stamped in bowl, "Stanley crossing through ice," or "Parliament Building," Charlottetown.

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Cameron Block, City.

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The Royal Insurance Co. of Liverpool.

The Sun Fire office of London.

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Combined Assets of above Companies, \$300,000,000.00.

Lowest Rates. Prompt Settlements.

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Agent for Credit Foncier Franco-Canadian, Lancashire Fire Insurance Co., Great West Life Assurance Co.

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REMEMBER THE OLD RELIABLE SHOE STORE

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Office—London House Building.

Collecting, conveying, and all kinds of Legal business promptly attended to. Investments made on best security. Money to loan.

The First Cold Snap

Will put us in mind of what is coming.

If you want a good warm Suit or Overcoat for winter, now is the time to order, and the right place to go is

Gordon and McLellan's.

All wool goods have advanced in price from 15 to 30 per cent.

Our Fall Goods are here at the old price until sold out.

We will Continue our Reduction Sale on all Furnishing Goods.

All winter goods must go if lower prices will sell them.

GORDON & McLELLAN.

MEN'S STYLISH OUTFITTERS.

Upper Queen Street.

R U COMING

With your Christmas Grocery Order

To have it Filled to the Best Advantage

OLD TEA STORE,

Where a Teapot is given away with a 5 lb. lot of Tea during remainder of this month. Come, we are ready to attend attentively to your wants in our line.

JAS. KELLY & CO.

WE WANT

Housekeepers

To come in and look over our Groceries. Our stock is fine and fresh and guaranteed to be satisfactory. We keep everything in our line that is necessary

For Housekeeping.

The prices—well, that is what we want you to see when you are looking at our goods. Their lowness will surprise you.

Driscoll & Hornsby Queen Street.

Our Large Stock

Winter Overcoatings

SUITINGS

Is now Complete

Awaiting your Inspection.

John MacLeod & Co.,

Merchant Tailors, Charlottetown.

The Origin of the War.

Some of our Catholic contemporaries abroad seem to have jumped to the conclusion that, in its war with the Transvaal, England is playing the part simply of a freebooter. The case is thought to be so self-evident that reasons and arguments are held to be superfluous, and so we have the strange sight of Catholic journals claiming the sympathy of the world for a State which bases its constitution on the proposition that Catholics, by reason of their religion, are unfit to be citizens, and so makes Catholicism an absolute disqualification for the exercise of the franchise, or employment by the State. In the absence of anything like an argumentative presentation of the case against Great Britain, we may be permitted to recall the events which were the immediate occasion of the war. We pass for a moment the fact that for years past the majority of the white inhabitants of the Transvaal had been denied the elementary rights of free men. We pointed out only the other day that the English speaking majority of the people had to live under a disability of race, and in fact were as effectually shut out from any share in the government of the country as if they had been Catholics or Kafirs. The right to carry arms was reserved as the privilege of the Boers, as distinguished from Uitlanders and negroes. The English speaking majority were condemned to see their children shut out from the State schools, or else receiving instruction through the medium of a Dutch patois. In every quarrel between Boer and Briton, the Englishman was robbed of his right to be tried before his peers, and had to see the question settled by an exclusively Dutch jury. Even the right to grumble was denied, and the Public Meetings Act empowered a Boer policeman to disperse any gathering of more than seven persons if he considered that desirable. The unhappy Uitlander might not breathe except on sufferance for the Alien Expulsion Law placed him absolutely at the mercy of the Executive. And all this to abate these dumb Uitlander shrews was the special task of the Hillender officials. One after the other all the necessities of life had been seized and granted as monopolies to this or that prosperous Boer. In the bitter words of the Reform Committee, "No sooner does any commodity become a monopoly than the happy endeavor to get a concession for its supply." Dynamite, jam, soap, railways, matches, spirits, wool, bricks, oil, sugar, paper, candles, iron, cocoa, bottles—all these were made monopolies for the benefit of one or other of the ruling oligarchy. While the Uitlanders bore the burden of nine-tenths of the direct and indirect taxation of the country they had no voice in its spending and had to look on while this very year a sum of £1,216,894 was distributed among a handful of Boers in the form of official salaries. This power to keep the majority of the white inhabitants in a state of serfdom, and to milk the industry which made the prosperity of the State, was a privilege too pleasant to be lightly surrendered. But such a condition of things could not endure. The day came at last when the Uitlanders majority, thrust outside the pale of the Constitution, robbed of the rights of free speech and public meeting, denied the protection of trial by a jury of their fellows, and, injured by monopolies, made their final appeal to the paramount power.

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