

Liberals appointed a Solicitor-General—not in the Legislature either—thereby acting the part of the spoiler—the more he is abused the greater is his love for those who abuse him.

We are not sorry that this would-be-no-party-man has found out a party at last, for he was, during the past year, only acting the spy on both parties; and as he has given up all hopes of Union by joining a professing anti-Union Government, we presume the love of office is more paramount both in him and the Col. Secretary than any fixed principles, for most assuredly the Unionist, if they had held to their bravado about Union, would have remained out in the cold for some time rather than compromise their principles by accepting office. But at present the sham of a Government is no better than a Committee of Management—one watching the other, and all afraid to act honestly and independently—the Col. Secretary abusing the Attorney General, and opposing a large majority of the Government on a most vital point effecting the future destinies of the people of this Island,—and the Attorney General, although not in the Government, yet opposed to both the Col. Secretary and Solicitor General—and, again, by the organ of the Government—the *Islander*—it appears a majority of the Council has no confidence in the Attorney General, as that is the apparent excuse of the Government organ for appointing the Solicitor-General; but the Attorney General is, nevertheless, "master of the situation," otherwise he would be served as the ex-Speaker was last session. They will know he has the right bill by the horns, and will not trust the doubtful amalgamation with his keeping; whilst he compels them to swallow the unconstitutional absurdity of having an Attorney General out of the Government, acting as an independent member of the Legislature.

#### OPENING OF THE LEGISLATURE.

YESTERDAY, at 9 o'clock, p. m., His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor opened the Legislature for the transaction of business. He was received at the Colonial Building by a Guard of Honor consisting of a band and several country companies of Volunteers. The Council Chamber was almost un- comfortably crowded whilst His Excellency read, to the assembled wisdom of the Colony, the following SPEECH:

Mr. President and Honourable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council;

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly

I rejoice that I am enabled, at the commencement of another Session of this Legislature, to congratulate you on the general prosperity of this Island.

You will, I am confident, join with me in an expression of gratitude to the Almighty for the abundant harvest, and the many blessings which have been bestowed on the people of this Province during the past year.

In compliance with the Resolution, which you passed last Session, I appointed Delegates to confer with Delegates appointed by the Governments of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, for the purpose of discussing the expediency of a Legislative Union of the Maritime Provinces.

Correspondence on this subject, together with the Report of the Conference of the Delegates, will be laid before you.

From these papers you will learn the origin of a second Conference to discuss the Question of a general Union of the British North American Provinces.

On the invitation of the Governor-General I nominated Delegates to proceed to Quebec to attend this second Conference.

In appointing Delegates, I deemed it expedient, on both occasions, to select them from each of the political parties in the Legislature.

Copies of the Resolutions adopted at the Quebec Conference will be submitted to you.

Despatches from Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonial Department, on this important subject will also be laid before you.

From this correspondence you will perceive that Her Majesty's Government have given to these Resolutions their most deliberate consideration, and have expressed their general approval of the proceedings of the Conference.

For this, the most momentous question ever submitted to you, I ask your earnest consideration.

I have received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies a communication respecting the Militia Law. The Colonial Minister has observed, with satisfaction, that a Volunteer Movement has arisen in this Colony, which reflects much credit on the loyalty and spirit of its inhabitants; on the other hand, he has remarked that a Law exists among the Statutes of the Island which declares that the Militia shall not be called out, except in case of war, civil commotion, or other sufficient emergency.

You will, I confidently hope, give your careful attention to a measure which will be proposed to you, and which is framed with the view of remedying a state of affairs characterized by Mr. Cardwell, as having no parallel in British North America.

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly: The public accounts of the past year will be laid before you. It affords me much satisfaction to observe that the Revenue exceeds that of any previous year, and is considerably in excess of the Expenditure.

The Estimates for the current year will also be laid before you. They have been framed with due regard to economy.

Mr. President and Honourable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly: The people whom you represent are so thoroughly capable of appreciating the importance of Agriculture, that I would suggest for your consideration the expediency of giving some further encouragement to the prosecution of the scientific culture of the soil and to the improvement of Stock.

In full reliance on your zeal for the welfare of the Colony, I now commit its interests to your care.

Mr. LaPock, the Island Laureate, has published another poem, entitled "Canadian Jugglery." It is one of the most spicy which he has written for some time. Procure a copy by all means.

We beg to direct attention to an advertisement in today's paper concerning two standard British Periodicals, the *Four Quarterly Reviews* and *Blackwood's Monthly Magazine*,—both published by Leonard Scott & Co., No. 38 Walker Street, New York. Any person who can afford to subscribe to these valuable publications should do so; and the American reprint by Messrs. Scott & Co. are so cheap, as to be almost within the reach of everybody. It is unnecessary that we should dwell on the high order of the essays upon the general literature and the important political movements of the day, which adorn their pages; and the other choice literature which they contain, and which have long made them famous with an intelligent public; but we shall merely say that every person of a cultivated taste who desires a rich intellectual treat, will strain a point to obtain the *Quarterlies* and *Blackwood*, which have long been considered, as once a luxury and necessary of life.

Would it not be just as condescending on the part of the Great Man who edits the *Examiner* to say whatever he has to say to us in his editorial columns without pouring vulgar abuse upon us from behind the anonymous mask of a scurrilous correspondent? Space forbids us this week to acknowledge his favors; but we shall return his compliments at an early day, and prove that he misrepresents the *Times* as egregiously as he did the Catholic Clergy and Hierarchy of these Provinces.

The Quebec Scheme of Confederation has been deserving of a special paragraph in Her Majesty's Speech at the opening of the Imperial Parliament. According to the *Nazonian's* intelligence, telegraphed from New York to Halifax, the Royal speech says in reference to the Great Bothersome Scheme:—"It is approved by the PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURES. A BILL WILL BE Laid before PARLIAMENT FOR CARRYING THE MEASURE INTO EFFECT." Does that sound like coercion, Messrs. "Examiner" and "Islander?" "Alas, poor York!"

A telegram has been received announcing that the Resolution adopting the Report of the Quebec Conference has finally passed the Legislative Council of Canada—45 to 15. No alteration in any of the details of the Report would be tolerated by the Canadian Government. We trust this fact will demonstrate to our local Unionists the folly of calling upon the opponents of the scheme to lay down a platform which would satisfy themselves—no other platform than that contained in the Report will be permitted. There is no alternative; we must either accept or reject the scheme as a whole.

CATHOLIC YOUNG MEN'S LITERARY INSTITUTE.—We are requested to state that the Session for 1865 of the above Institute, will be opened on Wednesday evening next, at St. Andrew's Hall, Pownal Street, when the Rev. Angus McDonald, Rector, will deliver a lecture on "The Force of Habit."

There will be no charge made for admission on this evening; and it is expected that the Amateur Band will be in attendance.—Ed.

The Rev. Dougal McDonald, P. P., East Point, will deliver a lecture on "Temperance," at the St. Andrew's Hall, on Monday, the 6th March.

CHARLOTTETOWN LITERARY AND DEBATING SOCIETY.—The question of "Taxation—should be direct or indirect?" was discussed very ably on last Friday evening, and on account of many persons not being able to express their views on the subject, it was postponed till Friday evening the 24 inst., as the subject is important. A full meeting is expected. F. S. LOSOWATSKY, Sec'y. February 27th, 1865.

THE NEW COUNCILLORS.—On Monday last the Hon. T. H. Hatfield, M. P. P., was sworn in as a member of the Executive Council of this Island, and as Solicitor General—and at the day following, the Hon. Kenneth Henderson, M. L. C., took his seat at the Executive Board. The vacancies created by the retirement of the Hon. Colonel Gray and the Hon. Edward Palmer, are by these appointments filled, and the Council consists of nine members—the number limited by the Royal Instructions.—Ed.

The telegraphic communication has been restored, and we are therefore enabled to supply our readers with the latest intelligence from the United States, and Canada. Since Saturday last the telegraphic communication between this place and Sackville has been most outrageously destroyed, the wire has been cut in five different places, and a portion of it stolen. The villains are being looked after, and if discovered, we hope they will be severely punished.—Ed.

THE VOLUNTEER BAND BAZAAR.—The Volunteer Band Bazaar came off on Wednesday last. His Excellency the Lieut. Governor was received by a guard of honor of the Prince of Wales Company, under the command of Lieut. Peake. Mrs. Dundas and the allies of our city honored the Bazaar with their presence. Considering the shortness of time for preparation, the ladies did wonders; and their work excited the admiration of the crowds that attended. The Hall was handsomely decorated; and the Band played delightful music; and the whole affair was a decided success. The amount realized was about one hundred pounds.—Ed.

News by Telegraph. (By Telegraph to "Herald.")

NEW YORK, Feb. 23rd.—Confederates evacuated Charleston on night of the 17th; previous to leaving they spiked the guns in the Fort—blew up two iron-clads and fired the City. Six thousand bales of cotton burned, and supposed two-thirds of the City destroyed. Federals captured large amount ammunition and a blockade runner. Southern papers report Sherman marching on Charleston, N. C. Fort Anderson, below Wilmington, was captured on Sunday by Gen. Schofield—most of garrison escaped. Schofield followed towards Wilmington. Richmond papers state that Grant's army is mud-bound and cannot move for some time. Canadian Upper House passed Confederation scheme, 17th to 52. Fifteen Gold fell to 196 on 21st. Today closed at 200.

NEW YORK, Feb. 24.—Bill passed Rebel Congress to arm 200,000 negroes. Federals entered Wilmington on Wednesday morning, captured a large number of prisoners. Reported Goldboro, N. C., has been captured by Federal forces. Gold 199.

NEW YORK, 25.—Gen. Schofield captured thirty cannons and seven hundred prisoners at Wilmington. Confederates burned one thousand bales cotton, and 15,000 barrels rosin before evacuating city. Gen. Terry is in pursuit of enemy's forces, who retreated northward. Bill for arming slaves defeated in Confederate Senate by one majority. Despatch from army of Potomac reports great activity in enemy's lines for past three days. Gold 197.

LATEST DESPATCH. NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—Information from near Richmond indicate that Beauregard is being heavily reinforced from Lee's army.

Richmond's *Enquirer* says Sherman is rushing through Carolina like an avalanche, overcoming all opposition. Estimated only thirty thousand men can be raised by Beauregard unless he is reinforced by Lee.

Reported Schofield with twenty thousand veterans has joined Sherman near Taylorsville, N. C. Southern papers predict a great battle will soon be fought in vicinity of Raleigh, N. C. Sixty thousand Federals are said to be advancing on Mobile—over 170 deserters reach Grant's lines within last 22 days. Gold 200.

Medical Notices. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Satisfactory Results.—Whenever the blood is foul, the stomach disordered, or the bowels irregular, these Pills prove infallible curatives. Many who had suffered for years, thought they had sought the best professional aid, frequently write to say they could not describe the effect the medicine had upon them. It carried off morbid bile, and made them feel lighter and more cheerful, than all the medicine they had taken previously. Holloway's Pills "cleanse the stomach, prevent biliousness, purify the blood, raise the spirits, and give energy to both body and mind. In diseases of the head, heart, and kidneys, these Pills are invaluable—not only in removing dangerous symptoms, but in warding off the dire effects often resulting from injudicious treatment.

For Throat Diseases and Affections of the Chest, "Brown's Bronchial Troches," or Cough Lozenges, are of great value. In Coughs, Irritation of the Throat caused by cold, or unusual exertion of the vocal organs, in speaking in public, or singing, they produce the most beneficial results. The Troches have proved their efficacy.

A Trial Proves it. Words cannot describe the gloss, the silkiness, the luxuriance, the flowing wavy beauty of the hair that is dyed with Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S World's Hair Restorer and Zylolabanum, or Hair Dressing. They keep alive the roots of the hair, fill them with nourishment, moisture, and produce a magnificent growth. Every Druggist sells them.

MARRIED. In St. Dunstan's Cathedral, Charlottetown, on the 20th ult., by the Very Rev. Dr. McDonald, D. D., Mr. Laurence Kitcham, of Souris, to STEVENSON, eldest daughter of Mr. Richard Leonard, of Dog River.

DIED. On the 8th inst., Mr. Angus McDonald, Lot 49, aged 66 years. At Little Harbour, on the 21st December, after an illness of a few days, Theresa, the beloved wife of Mr. James McInnis, aged 42 years, died. Deceased left a disconsolate father and mother with a large circle of friends to mourn her untimely death. May she rest in peace.

Benevolent Irish Society. THE Benevolent Irish Society's Annual Meeting will be held in ST. ANDREW'S HALL, on FRIDAY, the 10th MARCH, at 7 o'clock, where all Members are requested to be punctual in their attendance. By order, H. A. BENNETT, Sec'y. Charlottetown, Feb. 27th, 1865.

TANTON'S PATENT PHOTOGRAPHS. TAKEN AT ONE DOLLAR PER DOZEN. CARD PICTURES, Suitable for Albums or Letters, beautifully mounted on Embossed Cards, 1s. 6d. each. OLD STAND: G. P. TANTON. Great George-street, March 1, 1865.

A Challenge! WILLIAM PRAUGHT, of Lot 49, hereby announces to the public, that he will TAKE any firm's name, in a distance of from two to three miles, for the sum of £20 or £50. If this Challenge be accepted, the TANTON'S PATENT will come off on POWNAL BAY ICE, on the 15th MARCH instant. All Members are requested to be punctual in their attendance. By order, H. A. BENNETT, Sec'y. Charlottetown, Feb. 27th, 1865.

BRITISH PERIODICALS.—The London Quarterly Review, (Conservative.) The Westminster Review, (Whig.) The North British Review, (Free Church.) Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine, (Tory.)

THE American Publishers continue to reprint the above-named periodicals, but as the cost of printing has advanced, the price of paper nearly trebled, and taxes, duties, licenses, &c., largely increased, they are compelled to advance their terms as follows:—

TERMS FOR 1865: For any one of the Reviews, per annum, \$4.00. For any two of the Reviews, 6.00. For any three of the Reviews, 8.00. For all four of the Reviews, 12.00. For Blackwood and one Review, 4.00. For Blackwood and any two of the Reviews, 6.00. For Blackwood and three of the Reviews, 8.00. For Blackwood and the four Reviews, 12.00.

Subscribers in the British Provinces will remit, in addition to these prices, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS a year for Blackwood, and MUST ORDER a year for each Review, to cover the United States Postage.

The works will be printed on a greatly improved quality of paper, and while nearly all American Periodicals are either advanced in price, or reduced in size—and very generally both—we shall continue to give faithful copies of ALL the matter contained in the original editions. Hence, our present prices will be found as cheap, for the amount of matter furnished, as those of any of the competing periodicals in this country.

Compared with the cost of the original editions, which at the present premium on gold would be about \$180 a year, our prices (45c) are exceedingly low. Add to this the fact that we "GIVE" our subscribers, as the British Publishers do for early orders and copyright as Gold—\$1 counting us at this time (Jan. 1865) nearly \$1.50 in currency—and we trust that in the end we have adopted we shall be generally justified by our subscribers and the reading public.

The interest of these Periodicals to American readers is rather increased than diminished by the articles they contain on our Civil War, and, though sometimes and very generally, in the end we have adopted we shall be generally justified by our subscribers and the reading public.

THE FOUR REVIEWS FOR 1865. A few copies of the above remain on hand, and will be sold at \$5 for the whole year, or \$2 for any one.

THE FARMER'S GUIDE, By Henry Stevens, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. Norcross, of Yale College. 2 vols. Royal Octavo, 1600 pages, and numerous Engravings. Price \$7 for the two volumes—by mail, post-paid, \$8.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., PUBLISHERS, No. 38 Walker Street, New York.

Dawson's Building, (Corner of Great George and Kent Streets.) FRESH STOCK. CHOICE TEAS: Crushed, Red, Crushed, and Brown Sugars; Pure Ground COFFEE, Cocoa, Biscuits, rich Crystallized Jelly, Spices, Sausages, Lard, Pickles, Marmalades; Oils in Olive, Marrow, Castor, &c.; Almonds, Figs, Raisins, Currants, Oranges, Lemons, Citron, Candied Peel, Oshman's Mustard and Starch; Root and Ground Ginger, Biscuits, Crackers, Cheese; Worcester's world-renowned Dry Hop Yeast; Pickles, Washing Crystal and Washing Soda; Kuts, Catsup, Filbert and Walnut Soap; Toilet and China; Fancy Pipes, Cigars, Tobacco; Digby Herring, by Box and Retail.

A fine assortment of Paper Window BLINDS; Mens and Womens' India Rubber SHOES; Ready-Made CLOTHES, Clothes Wringers, and a variety of other articles.

The Subscriber would call the attention of his friends and the public to his REFINED SUGARS, imported from the St. JOHN REFINERY. ALEX. ROSS, Dec. 23, 1864.

DAWSON'S BUILDING, CORNER OF GREAT GEORGE AND KENT STREETS. WILLIAM H. WILSON HAS just opened a large STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE, consisting in part of—

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, in all the latest styles; Calicoes, Alpacaes, Lustras, delaines, wincies, French merinos and Belaines, and all the latest styles of Grey, white, striped and printed COTTONS, Shirtings, tickings, osanburgs, drills, jeans, sheetings in grey and white, &c. &c. &c. Broad cloths, dookings, Tweeds, &c., &c. Superior Meltons, very cheap; mantle cloths, mangles, and ready-made Clothing.

Foots, hats, shawls, bonnets, gloves, hosiery, &c., &c. Hardware—saws, hoes, plough-moulding, weavers' reeds, nails, &c., &c. Table Cutlery, slush knives, powder, shot, caps, blisters, steel, &c., &c. Boots and Shoes, ladies' Wellington Rubbers, Rubber Shoes, &c., &c. Groceries—Tea, superior quality; Sugar, Molasses, Raisins, Tobacco, &c., &c. Hoop skirts, in great variety.

W. H. W. begs to call special attention to his stock of FURS, imported direct from the Montreal Factory, consisting of—BOAS, in Mountain Martin, Stone Martin, Fitch, Mink, Fish, Lusted, Opussum and Minnesota. A few Princess Royal, very superior; also, Capa, in Hair Otter, Plucked Otter, Grey Flushed Alfred, and a lot of other styles.

Dawson's Building, Nov. 16, 1864. BRIGHTON TANNERY. THE Proprietors of the "BRIGHTON TANNERY" would beg to intimate to their friends and the public in general, that they have now their Establishment in full operation, and have spared no expense to make it a FIRST-CLASS TANNERY.

They are prepared to furnish Leather of all kinds as reasonable PRICES, and on as GOOD TERMS, as any ESTABLISHMENT of the kind in the place.

Customers can be supplied with Hides, Harness, Grain, Sole Leather and Calf Skins, at the above Tannery, or at DODD'S BRICK STORE, POWNAL STREET. MCKINNON & CO., Proprietors.

P. S. The highest price paid for Hides at the above named place. MCKINNON & CO. Pownal Street, January 18, 1865.

RENFREW HOUSE, THOMAS'S OLD STAND, Great George Street.

HAVING COMPLETED our Importations for the Season, we desire to call public attention to our STOCK, consisting of—

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, Hardware, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Rubbers, LADIES' FURS, SKELETONS, HATS, AND CAPS, BUFFALO ROBES, And a variety of other Goods, All of which we are offering at Prices, that we think, CANNOT FAIL to give satisfaction to purchasers. DELANY & BYRNE. Charlottetown, Dec. 21, 1864.

Consulate of the United States of America Prince Edward Island. JANUARY 5, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that by the following Order of the President, no person will be allowed to enter the United States from this Island, without a Passport issued by the undersigned, or authenticated by him. J. H. SHERMAN, Consul for P. E. Island.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington, Dec. 12, 1864. The President directs that, except immigrant passengers directly entering an American port by sea, hereafter no traveller shall be allowed to enter the United States, if on a foreign country, without a passport. If a citizen, the passport must be from this department, or from some United States Minister or Consul abroad, and if an alien, from the competent authority of his own country; the passport to be countersigned by a diplomatic Agent or Consul of the United States. This regulation is intended to apply especially to persons proposing to come to the United States from the neighboring British Provinces. Its observance will be strictly enforced by all officers, civil, military and naval, in the service of the United States, and the State and municipal authorities are requested to aid in its execution. It is expected, however, that no immigrant passenger, coming in manner aforesaid, will be obstructed, or any other persons who may set out on their way hither before intelligence of this regulation could reasonably be expected to reach the country from which they may have started.

WILLIAM H. EDWARD. New Music. Popular Music. INCLUDING the Latest Songs and Pieces, just received at Dec 14, 1864. LAIRD & HARVEY.

Photographers! Photographers! TAKEN DAILY BY R. R. MACLELLAN.

The Best and Cheapest in the Colony. Photographs, 20c. per doz. (whole length). Other Card Pictures, suitable for the Album, only 1s. 6d. each. N. B. The weather makes not the slightest difference by our formula. R. R. MACLELLAN, Great George Street, Feb. 8, 1865.

BARK! BARK! BARK! 1000 CORDS HEMLOCK BARK WANTED AT THE CITY TANNERY.

TENDERS will be received by the Subscriber, at the Office of the CITY TANNERY, until the First of APRIL, next, from persons wishing to contract for the supplying of the above quantity of BARK, or a part thereof, which will be let in lots from twenty cords and upwards. All particulars will be made known on application to the Subscriber, at his Office. W. B. DAWSON.

N. B.—No tenders will be received without good security being given for the fulfilment of the same. On January 18, 1865. 3a

Dr. W. G. Sutherland. RETURNS thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to him since commencing the practice of his profession, in its various branches, in this city, and trusts by attentive and assiduous study, that the same may still be continued towards him.

By the latest arrivals he has increased his present stock of Choice Perfumery, Toilet Articles, in variety; selected from the best London House, by those competent of doing justice to the business.

The Dispensary department will be under his own immediate superintendance. Dr. Sutherland begs also to observe, that he trusts the first of having practised in Scotland several years, and nearly twenty years of extensive Colonial practice in every branch of his profession, combined with unflinching assiduity and personal attendance, will not fail to obtain confidence and ensure satisfaction. Advice to the poor gratis. Queen-street, Ch. Town, P. E. I., Jan. 4, 1865.

DELANY & BYRNE ARE offering the following GOODS AT VERY LOW PRICES: Gents' Hair Otter, Plucked Otter, and other superior quality FUR CAPS, CANADIAN MOOSESKIN Seal Over Boots, LADIES' FURS, Woollen Hoods, Breakfast Shawls, Skeleton Skirts, A Lot of Ladies' Sontags, AT COST. RENFREW HOUSE, Charlottetown, Dec. 21, 1864.

DENTIST. DR. LOUIS DE CHEVRY, Surgeon Dentist, (from Paris). QUEEN STREET, — CHARLOTTETOWN.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted in every style, with such a close imitation of nature that the most skillful eye cannot discern the difference. The greatest care is bestowed upon the manufacture of the plates, and their make and finish bear evidence of fine workmanship. All dental operations are performed with professional delicacy. Teeth are set with or without extracting the roots—the best substances are employed. All work warranted as represented. Prices moderate. Advice given daily free of charge.

DENTIFRICE ELIXIR. For Purifying the Mouth and Preserving the Teeth, prepared by DR. LOUIS DE CHEVRY, Surgeon, Dentist, (from Paris.) This Elixir strengthens the gums, renders the breath agreeable, and keeps the mouth in a constant state of freshness and health, and is indispensable to those who wear artificial teeth. Directions—Put a few drops of the Elixir in a little water, dip the brush, and clean the teeth as usual.

SUPERIOR TOOTH POWDER. Infallible remedy for the Toothache. DR. DE CHEVRY can be found at his Office at 11, Queen Street, Charlottetown, P. E. I., on January 18, 1865.

They purify, strengthen and invigorate. They create a healthy appetite. They are an antidote to change of water and colds. They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours. They strengthen the system and enliven the mind. They prevent miasmatic and intermittent fevers. They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach. They cure Dyspepsia and Constipation. They cure Diarrhoea and Cholera Morbus. They cure Liver Complaint and Nervous Headache.

They make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and the exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya bark, wintergreen, cascara, roots and herbs, all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix rum. For particulars, see circulars and testimonials around each bottle.

Beware of impostors. Examine every bottle. See that it has an unimpaired metal cap over top of each bottle, and green label for exportation, around each neck. See descriptive Circular around each bottle. F. H. DRAKE & CO., Oct 21, 1864. New York.