

The Daily Gleaner



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BUY CANADIAN MADE GOODS

THINK IT OVER.

It will mean the employment of many additional thousands of men and women in the factories of Canada.
It will mean greater activity and more independence in the Industrial Life of the country.
It will mean New Factories for the Cities and Towns of Canada.
It will mean a more profitable Home Market than the present one for the Farmers of Canada.
It will result in further inspiring the confidence of British investors in the stability of the business of Canada.

THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1914.

THERE SHOULD BE RESTITUTION

One of the pertinent questions arising out of the Transcontinental Railway report is: what is going to be done to make those men who were permitted to take out of the national exchequer so many millions of dollars to which they were not entitled and had never earned, disgorge these stolen moneys? The commissioners who conducted the investigation have reported that at least \$40,000,000 was wasted in the construction of that portion of the road which lies between Lewis and Moncton, \$25,000,000 of which was wasted in the New Brunswick section alone. The work was let to eleven firms who sub-let it to other contractors, the former receiving \$8,500,000 simply as commission, without even lifting a hand to earn a single cent. The sub-contractors again passed on the actual work of construction to others, also in return for a commission on the actual cost. The men who really did the work received about one half of the amount actually paid by the Government, the other half going to the spoliators, with the full knowledge of Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his ministers. In the comparatively short section of the road in this province that was constructed by Mr. F. B. Carvell's clients, the Willard Kitchen Construction Co., it has been shown that that firm were permitted to "graft" \$125,000, and other contractors considerable amounts likewise. Every principle of honesty recognized by business men was ruthlessly cast aside both by the Government officials in charge of the road and the contractors, work that was performed unnecessarily or was never performed at all, was cheerfully certified for and equally cheerfully paid for.

The people of Canada cannot afford to sit idly by and calmly acquiesce in this wholesale robbery, which has resulted in placing on the country a burden of several millions more dollars than there was ever any occasion to have borrowed, had just the work which was actually necessary and nothing more only been paid for. The men who stole for that is practically what it amounts to—all this money should not be permitted to remain it, without some effort being made to make them refund such portions of it as they had not fairly earned. Restitution of the moneys over paid should be sought.

Mr. F. B. Carvell, who in his solicitation for the country's welfare, has recently been expressing so much anxiety as to certain payments on account of the Transcontinental Railway and demanding that a Government enquiry be at once set on foot to investigate the propriety, or lack of it, with regard to such payments, and if necessary, demanding restitution thereof, will at once see how desirable it is that the over payments in respect of the Transcontinental Railway be refunded also. Such a Government enquiry which he so desires and asks for in connection with the Southampton Railway, has already been held with regard to the Transcontinental by thoroughly competent officials and their findings published; and incidentally it appears that some of his clients have improperly profited at the public expense. Mr. Carvell will, of course, lose no time in urging upon the Willard Kitchen Co. the propriety—nay, the necessity on principles of common honesty—of at once refunding the \$125,000 over paid them, and will also join in the demand that restitution be made in the case of all

other contractors who received money for work that they never performed, or had any connection with.

Mr. Carvell as consistent men should will naturally expect the Government to adopt the same line of conduct in regard to the Transcontinental payments, as he asks for with regard to those in respect of the Southampton Branch, and in both instances will of course assist in recovering all money improperly paid in connection with either.

LATE SIR GEORGE ROSS.

The rule to say nothing save good of the dead has, like every other rule, its limitations. When Liberal editors describe Sir George Ross as a statesman and an orator of unsurpassed ability and splendid character, they must be aware that the cool historian of the future will entertain a somewhat different view.

Ross was not a thinker but a talker. He cultivated a style in fluent, forcible-feeling talk that pleased certain audiences, but never advanced an original idea worthy remembering on any subject whatsoever, although he discoursed on many. While he was Minister of Education for Ontario he happened that Matthew Arnold paid a visit to Goldwin Smith. Ross was booked to deliver a speech at Toronto University, and Goldwin Smith being unwell, Arnold went to hear it alone. On returning to the Grange Arnold was asked, "Well, what did he talk about?" "I really don't know," replied Arnold, "he did not say."

Ross could talk till the cows came home and no one was the wiser except that the close of his orations were always illuminated by a frenzied outburst of loyalty, that appealed to the crowd. No doubt he was a sincere Imperialist, as sincere as he could be, but that he was loyal to Canada is not so obvious, seeing that he was the head of the fondest and most corrupt administration that ever disgraced the country, Mercier's in Quebec not excepted. Mercier and his confederates stole right and left for their own pockets. Ross did not steal, the best evidence being that he died poor, but he and his colleagues, some of whom were not as scrupulous in that respect as himself, kept themselves in office by the aid of a gang of ballot-stuffers and cutthroats who polluted public life in Ontario till the people, who were not too fastidious, rose in disgust and ejected the entire box and dice, Ross included.

One of his ministers was accused of seeking to bribe a Conservative member of the Legislature with so much cash. There was an enquiry and a good deal of hard swearing, but the public at large believed that Gamey's story was true. Eventually's offence, that of soliciting pay from the liquor interests for serving their cause while he remained in a party, whose battle-cry is, "Abolish the Bar," was a venial one by comparison with the conspiracy to purchase a member of the House who had been elected to oppose the Ross Government. Yet even when the public, including many honest Liberals, preferred to believe Gamey rather than Mr. Stratton, Ross was not in the least abashed. He shut his eyes to the facts and continued to protest that his aim in life was to elevate the standard of public morality.

Shortly after his defeat he was appointed to the Senate by Sir Wilfrid and would have liked to enter the Cabinet, but Sir Wilfrid could not stand that, particularly as Mr. Stratton was seeking to enter it too. In his earlier days Ross had favored Senate Reform. He believed with the Liberal platform of 1893 that "the present constitution of the Senate is inconsistent with the Federal principle in our system of government, and is in other respects defective, as it makes the Senate independent of the people and uncontrolled by the public opinion of the country, and should be so amended as to bring it into harmony with the principle of popular government." Nevertheless about the last thing of moment he did was to ask the Liberal majority in the Senate to block important measures that had been passed by the popular Chamber.

He was once a stalwart enemy of the liquor interests, yet it now appears that while he was Premier of Ontario the liquor interests contributed regularly to his party campaign funds and had an understanding with his cabinet that no harm should befall them from a too rigorous enforcement of the law. His whole life, one regrets to have to say, was based on the principles of Mr. Facing-Both-Ways. When he had the power he never dismissed a crooked official nor got rid of party organizers whose conduct was beyond excuse. One of them, it will be remembered, spent a Sunday forenoon in instructing ballot stuffers how to manipulate the boxes and the voting papers and then visited a Sunday-school, where, after joining in prayer, he asked the children to sing what he called his favorite hymn, "There is sunshine in my soul today."

Let us give such credit to Sir George Ross as he deserved for having risen from the position of a school inspector to the post of Premier of Ontario; but those who most revere his memory owe a debt to truth and ought to pay it by adding that he did not set an example which young Canadians should be in any hurry to follow.

Don't flag the busy little bee when he is going straight ahead.

LIBERALS POSE AS FREE TRADERS

Now Out of Office They Would Put Farm Implements on Free List.

Ottawa, March 11.—The Iron and Steel industry yesterday, the farming industry today. Parliament is having its fill of tariff debate. The things the Liberals did not do when they had the power were to be only in Conservatives to do them would not reduce the tariff on agricultural implements when they could have done so, even under the reciprocity arrangement. The reduction was to be infinitesimal, but now they are great "free traders as England," and they want the duty on these articles removed altogether.

Mr. Borden waited them under their change of front. In power, he pointed out, they were protectionists, in opposition free traders. The Premier said he had made known his views on this question everywhere he went, and when he faced the stiffest free traders of the West and had asked them if they proposed a policy that would close up factories and put men out of work, he had never met an audience that wanted to do that.

A quarter of a century ago there were a score of companies in Canada manufacturing ploughs, and when the duty was reduced from 25 to 20 per cent nearly all of these industries were wiped out, and a further reduction might mean further elimination.

TRAINING SHIP SCENE OF DANGER

London, March 12.—The training ship Wellesley, one of the last of England's old timer wooden warships, was burned last night in Shields harbor. Only a few of the three hundred boys on board were injured. One of the laddies made a dash through the smoke and rescued the captain's baby. Perfect discipline alone prevented a terrible disaster.

Many a woman has the big head because she has credit at a hair emporium.

If the duty was wiped out altogether it was possible the people of Canada might find themselves in the clutches of the International Implement Trust and then they would be much worse off than before. He had never heard how, by treaty or otherwise, the actions of American trusts could be made more considerate for Canada than for the people of the United States. In Canada we had legislation to meet our own evils, but with international action it would be difficult. However the Premier said he would not go into the question at this time, but leave it to the budget speech of the Finance Minister.

Hon. Arthur Meighen pointed out that the Liberals knowing well that it is impossible for any government to state its tariff policy previous to the budget speech were only playing to the gallery in bringing on this question. Mr. Meighen noted that Sir Wilfrid Laurier avoided committing himself on the question.

The Lighter Side of Life

Rebuked.
"What dirty hands you have, Johnnie!" said the teacher. "What would you say if I came to school that way?"
"I wouldn't say nothing," replied Johnnie. "I'd be too polite."

Perfectly Safe.
"I should think you'd be afraid to let your boys run your automobile!"
"Oh, no; I have it insured."

Music Hath Power.
"Was your daughter a real education a profitable venture?"
"You bet! I bought the houses on either side of us at half their value."

Not Selfish.
Mary, said the sick man to his wife, after the doctor had pronounced it a case of smallpox, "if any of my creditors call, tell them that I am at last in a condition to give them something."

Untimely Tommy.
Mother—"Tommy always eats more pie when we have friends at dinner." Visitor—"Why is that, Tommy?" Tommy—"Ose we don't have no pie no other time."

Answered.
"You, there, in the overalls," shouted the Englishman to a Frenchman, "how much are you paid for telling untruths?"
"Less than you are," retorted the witness, "or you'd be in overalls, too."

No Show.
Jones—"Do you think the horse will survive the automobile?"
Brown—"Not if it gets in its way."

An Air Pump.
"I must burn the cobwebs from my brain."
"Then you ought to get a vacuum cleaner."

Instant Relief From Backache

Lady In England Sends All The Way To Canada For GIN PILLS.

Henly Villa, Forest Rise, Essex.
"Please forward me a box of your GIN PILLS. Enclosed find Postal Order for 3/6 in payment. I bought GIN PILLS when I was last in Canada and found that they did me a lot of good for Backache, Rheumatism, Pains in the Muscles and Joints."

Weak, Strained, Irritated Kidneys cause the backaches the swollen hands and joints, the Rheumatism and Lumbago, that so many people suffer with. GIN PILLS give such quick relief because they go straight to the cause

of the trouble—and correct it. They act directly on the Kidneys, neutralize Uric Acid—dissolve Calcium—soothe the irritated membranes and strengthen and heal the kidneys.

GIN PILLS are a boon to elderly people, who are subject to weak back, swollen hands and feet, and particularly liable to Rheumatism, Sciatica and Lumbago. GIN PILLS are one of the very few preparations that are sold on a money-back guarantee. Soc. a box, 6 for \$2.50. Sample sent free if you write National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada Limited, Toronto. 212

ONE BLONDE NOT SO BAD.

Vice Chancellor Says Husband's Single Lapse Doesn't Make a Bad Man of Him.

New York, March 12.—Vice Chancellor John Griffin, in Jersey City yesterday, gave it as his opinion that any man who gives his wife his pay envelope, asking only for car fare and lunch money and sends her to the country or sea shore in summer is not a bad man just because he falls from the path of rectitude once by taking the "blonde friend" down to the island.

George Wilson, an electrical engineer employed by the Public Service Corporation of New Jersey, and his wife, Mrs. Loretta Wilson, of Gardner avenue, Jersey City, are in a divorce tangle. He is being sued by his wife on a charge of taking a young woman down to Coney Island while Mrs. Wilson was in the country three years ago last summer. He denies the allegation, and in a cross-petition charges Mrs. Wilson with being in love with Thomas C. Wolverton, a garage owner, of Jersey City.

The case will be decided in a few days.

If a woman isn't suspicious of her husband it's because she has something else to worry her.

Some men would do anything for a woman—except go to work.



We recommend Waltham Watches because we believe them to be the best. Our stock offers a wide assortment of these watches.

Come in and see our Special 17 Jeweled Waltham Watch in Gold Filled Case for \$14.00.

SHUTE & CO.

566 Queen Street.

PRIVATE OFFICE

Some to Back in 10 minutes

Cramming down ill-chosen food, and rushing back to work, leads straight to dyspepsia, with all it means in misery.

Proper habits of eating, with a Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablet after each meal, restore good digestion, health and happiness.

A box of Na-Dru-Co Dyspepsia Tablets costs but 50c. at your Druggist's. National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited.

SPECIAL

This Week

Double-four-O!

Gran. Sugar, \$4.40 per 100 Lbs.

22 lbs. for \$1.00.

G. T. Whelpley

25 CENT BOOKS

We are showing a great variety of Cloth Bound Books by Standard Authors at 25 cents a copy.
Also a cloth edition of reprints of popular novels at 20 cents each.
But hot these lines are exceptional value.

Hall's

Agent for Ladies' Home Journal Patterns.

Stop That Cough!

Staples' Syrup of Tolu and Wild Cherry relieves Severe Colds in a very short time. 25 cents a Bottle.

STAPLES PHARMACY

ALONZO STAPLES, PROP., Cor. York & King Sts., FREDERICTON.

Hams

Bacon Corned Pork

SEARLE & LAMSON.

LTD.

MEATS AND FISH

'Phone 214.



TENDERS FOR DREDGING

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Dredging, Maquapit Lake," will be received until 4 P. M., Tuesday, March 17, 1914, for dredging required at Maquapit Lake, Queen's Co., N. B.
Tenders will not be considered unless made on the forms supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenders. Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Department of Public Works, Ottawa.
Tenders must include the tracing of the plan to and from the work.
The dredges and other plant which are intended to be employed on this work shall have been duly registered in Canada at the time of the filing of this tender with the Department, or shall have been built in Canada after the filing of the tender.

Contractors must be ready to begin work within thirty days after the date they have been notified of the acceptance of their tender.
Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a bank of deposit payable to the order of the undersigned for the sum of \$100.00, or a cash deposit of \$100.00, which will be forfeited if the person tendering declines to enter into a contract within three days after the date the tender is accepted, or if the person tendering fails to complete the work contracted for, or if the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

R. C. DESROCHERS, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, February 27, 1914.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.—5565.

Closing Out Sale

No Reserve. All goods sold at less than Cost.

Lace Curtains 68c. up
Lace Curtaining 8c. up
Curtain Rods and Poles 8c.
Child's Coats, Ladies' Raincoats, Furs, White-wear, Men's Bath Robes, Men's Dressing Gowns, Men's House Coats, Hammocks, Awning Stripe, Fancy Goods, Small Wares, Ribbons, Laces, Etc.

Everything must go, regardless of cost. A chance of a lifetime.

Tennant & Holder

HOW DO YOU GET RID OF COLDS?

If you continue to suffer and put up with a cold, you'll not get rid of it very soon—that's certain. If you are experimenting with some unknown remedies, there is still much less chance of relief. A reliable COLD remedy, one that will help you get rid of your cold quickly is to be found in

Hunt's Laxative Cold Tablets

Sufficiently laxative to give nature the greatest amount of assistance. 25c. a box.

HUNT & MACDONALD DRUGGISTS PHONE 65

Well Worth Seeing

The beautiful display of Millinery recently purchased in New York, and other American cities, by Miss McCarron. The fastidious lady hat dressers of this city will do well to look over this fine assortment before buying elsewhere.

Miss McCarron, "MY MILLINER" YORK STREET



DISONE CABINET PHONOGRAPHS

with Diamond-Point Reproducers are the LATEST and BEST. We are ready to give you a demonstration any time to suit your convenience.

Remember, its certainly a great ADVANTAGE to have a Diamond Point Machine. "There's a Difference."

BARRETT'S CYCLE SHOP,

Queen St. West. WM. MINTO, Prop. Fredericton, N. B.

Gaillard's Olive Oil

Sublime Extra. Double Clarification. Absolutely Pure and Tasteless. Gallon Tins, \$3.50; Bottles 35c., 50c., and 90c. Each.

GEO. Y. DIBBLEE, Druggist

THE REXALL STORE OPP. CITY HALL.

Having Purchased the Stock and Business of

S. KERNER

I purpose to conduct a

General Clothing

Boots Shoes

and Ladies' Furnishing Business

Watch this space for further particulars.

M. L. BLOCK

450 Queen Street.

NOTICE.

THE FREDERICTON AND GRAND LAKE COAL AND RAILWAY COMPANY will apply to the Parliament of Canada at the present session for an Act to amend the Railway Act, and to incorporate the Fredericton and Grand Lake Coal and Railway Company, and to empower the said Company to acquire and hold all necessary lands and rights of way, and to construct and operate all necessary lines of railway, and to supply electric or other light, heat and power in or to the municipality of the said Parish of Saint Mary's.

Dated February sixteenth, A. D., 1914.
L. S. MURPHY, President.
GREGORY & WINSTON, Solicitors for Fredericton Gaillagh Company.

Lean fishes are usually boiled or used for made dishes.
Mutton, when good, is bright pinkish red in color with firm white fat. The happy man is one who is less unhappy than his neighbor.

Wisdom follows experience, but the trouble is that it never catches up. Put off until tomorrow the worry, and you might do today.