

CHOLERA RAVAGES TURKISH SOLDIERS

390 Deaths in One Camp Wednesday--Reported to Have Broken Out Among Bulgars.

Bulgarian Invaders Reach Kilios, a Few Miles From Constantinople--Discussing Armistice.

London, Nov. 18.—Fighting has commenced at Monastir, according to an Upsup despatch to the "Daily Mail." The Serbian forces marching through Albania to the Adriatic are meeting with little opposition, many places being occupied without firing a shot.

A "Daily Mail" despatch from Constantinople declares that one of the Ministers is authority for saying that 390 deaths from cholera occurred in one Turkish camp at Hademkeul Wednesday.

An uncensored "Daily News" despatch from Constantinople, by way of Constanza, says:

"The Government is flying in the face of providence by bringing cholera-infected troops from the Adana district, in spite of the protests made by the railway company. They have been sent to Tchatalja, where, as elsewhere, the officers make not the smallest effort to secure sanitary precautions, even in the camp.

"Steamers have been chartered to take 25,000 useless and mutinous soldiers, who are famishing in Constantinople, back to Anatolia."

The total Turkish losses in Thrace, according to the Constantinople correspondent of the Times, numbered 35,000 killed and wounded and 20,000 missing.

The Tchatalja lines are held by 60,000 troops, most of whom are demoralized. At San Stefano and Hademkeul there are 20,000 first reserves, who present a smart appearance but who have not yet been engaged.

"The Austrian and German military preparations in Pera," continues the correspondent, "are exciting interest and awe. Not only are Kroczer's Hotel and the Austrian Embassy held by strong guards landed from the warships, but the flat roof of the German Embassy is admirably protected against an aeroplane attack, by Maxim guns and a sandbag cover, and another Maxim guards the porters' lodge.

"Many regard this military parade with discreet mirth, and think that the energy would better be bestowed in measures of sanitation against the cholera."

A Sofia despatch to the "Times" says that the Bulgarians are bringing 40 heavy guns to bear on the Turkish positions on the Tchatalja lines.

RAVAGES OF CHOLERA.

Constantinople, Nov. 18.—(By way of Kustendje)—The cholera epidemic among the Turkish troops holding the line of fortifications at Tchatalja in front of Constantinople is rapidly becoming worse. Over 500 cases are reported daily, and the total number already exceeds 6,000.

Whatever hopes the Turks may have held of maintaining the line of defenses at Tchatalja have been dissipated by this outbreak of cholera. An eye-witness declares that he saw 263 corpses buried in one big trench at Hademkeul, the headquarters of the Turkish commander-in-chief, on Tuesday. The bodies were dragged to the spot on hooks and dropped into the trench, which was not nearly deep enough for the purpose, the covering of earth being very shallow.

While cholera is undermining the Turkish defenses, it also at the same time constitutes a most formidable opponent to the Bulgarian advance, and it is generally believed here that the outbreak has disposed of the question of even a temporary occupation of Constantinople by the Bulgarian troops. It is thought unlikely that King Ferdinand of Bulgaria will risk the lives of his soldiers in this way if he can avoid it.

It is stated on good authority that cholera has already appeared among the Bulgarian troops. This would not be at all surprising, seeing that they occupy the positions where the disease claimed its first Turkish victims.

The Bulgarian army on Sunday last occupied the town of Derkos, at the Black Sea end of Tchatalja lines, and thus controls the water supply of Constantinople. This, however, has not yet been interfered with.

BULGARS NEAR CONSTANTINOPLE.

Constantinople, Nov. 18.—Bulgarian troops have reached the vicinity of Kilios, on the Black Sea coast, at the entrance to the Bosphorus, and within a few miles of the Capital. The men belonging to the Turkish lifeboat station have left.

London, Nov. 18.—The announcement that the Bulgarians had reached the vicinity of Kilios came in a single line telegram from Constantinople this afternoon. It lifts a corner of the veil which has been baffling observers for several days regarding the movements of victorious invaders in front of the Ottoman capital.

Their appearance at Kilios shows that they have managed to creep round behind what is known as the forest of Belgrade, and are now in close proximity to Therapia, the summer resort of the residents of Constantinople. From Therapia a good road leads to within a few miles of Kilios.

Nothing has yet come to hand to show whether the Bulgarians at Kilios are in strong force, or merely a detachment of cavalry scouts blazing a new route of approach to the Turkish capital. There is a strongly defended fort at Kilios, but this was constructed to defend the place from attack by sea, and

may be open to assault on the land side.

DISCUSSING ARMISTICE.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Nov. 18.—The Turkish request for an armistice addressed by Kiamil Pasha, the Grand Vizier, to King Ferdinand, was discussed to-day by the Bulgarian Council of Ministers.

It was decided to reply that the Bulgarian Government would inform the other nations of the Balkan alliance of the step taken by Turkey, and would give them its reply as soon as possible after coming to an agreement with them.

After the allies have consulted, it is believed, negotiations for an armistice will be carried on by the commanding generals of the opposing armies, purely from a military point of view.

The negotiations can begin only after the Turks have accepted the conditions laid down by the Bulgarians, that in the meantime no further reinforcements of Turkish troops may be brought into the field of operations.

The Bulgarians are successfully breaking down the Turkish defensive lines at Tchatalja. The situation of the defenders is critical according to a despatch to the Mir.

A LIBERAL LOVER

\$50 Present On \$7 Salary Objected To.

Windsor despatch: Judge Smith, in the Division Court here to-day devoted several hours listening to the love story of Laura White, 17, of Walkerville, and Aldrick Adam, 18, son of a Windsor grocer.

Young Adam presented a \$50 armchair to his sweetheart some time ago, and when the boy's father heard of it he declared the chair must be given up immediately. Miss White, however, decided that inasmuch as the furniture in question had been presented to her it was her rightful property, and she declined to entertain the proposition from Adam, sen., looking to its return.

It developed in court to-day that the youthful ewain is paid \$7 a week by his father, that he has not other means, and that under the circumstances the \$50 gift was highly out of keeping with the general state of his finances. Judge Smith will decide next week who owns the chair.

WANT NO POLITICS

President Gompers On Attitude of A. F. of L.

Rochester, Nov. 18.—At the close of a day of addresses by fraternal delegates from Great Britain and Canada and representatives of religious and philanthropic associations organized in the interests of labor, President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, defended the non-political policy of the federation and declared that the only thing that will end the struggle between capital and labor is recognition of the right of the toilers to the best of all that is produced.

Earlier in the day addresses had been made by J. A. Seddon, of England, and Robert Smillie, of Scotland, representing the British Trades and Labor Congress, and J. W. Bruce, representing the Canadian Trades and Labor Congress. Conditions of workers under the British flag were described as no worse than those in the United States. All three delegates declared that with slight differences conditions of laborers the world over were the same.

TIRED OF APPEALS

From Railway Commission Decisions, Says Premier.

Ottawa despatch: After hearing argument this afternoon on the appeal of the C.P.R. to the Privy Council against the refusal of the Railway Commission to approve the company's route map for its Hunter Valley line from Lambton, Premier Borden declared that, while the appeal would be given consideration by the Cabinet, he and his colleagues must protest against having to give judgment on a case involving so many details, and requiring careful consideration of complicated technical details.

The habit of appeal to the Privy Council from decisions of the Railway Commission has been growing of late under the new Government, and two other appeals from recent decisions of the board are now pending.

\$100,000 FOR 12 BLACK FOXES.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Nov. 18.—Excitement attending the black fox industry in this province was considerably heightened by the news of the sale of six pair of foxes from the Charles Dalton Ranching Company to a Russian nobleman for \$100,000, to be delivered in Russia next September by Dalton personally. This year the price opened at \$10,000 per pair, and has been steadily advancing.

The fact that Russia is to start fox breeding should give a great impetus to the industry here.

INDIANS EXEMPT?

Claim Ontario Game Law Misses Them.

Toronto, Nov. 18.—Whether an act of the Ontario Legislature, passed in the year 1908, takes precedence over the custom of two centuries and prevents Indians selling beaver skins to the Hudson Bay Company, is a question which the Court of Appeal is now called upon to decide.

A stated case has been submitted to the Court of Appeal, arising out of a charge laid against two post managers of the Hudson Bay Company for having in their possession in close season a number of beaver skins. This is contrary to the provisions of the Game and Fisheries Act of the Province.

The Court of Appeal is asked to decide whether the Ontario act is ultra vires of the Legislature so far as it affects the Indians. It is admitted that the animals from which the skins were taken were hunted by the Indians of the Ojibwa tribe.

It is claimed that the Indians are entitled to all the benefits of the treaties of 1850, and that the animals were hunted on territory covered by those treaties. It is set forth in the stated case that the Indians and their forefathers have been in the habit of hunting this kind of animals and disposing of the skins by barter to the company for two centuries.

The charter of the Hudson Bay Company and the treaties will be put in during the argument on the case.

CHILD WELFARE

Ontario Women's Institutes Meet in Toronto.

Leaders in Movement Discuss Better Conditions.

Toronto despatch: Many facts of vital importance to the country at large and to mothers in particular concerning the welfare of children were brought out by speakers at the opening sessions of the 11th annual convention of the Women's Institutes of Ontario yesterday at Guild Hall, McGill street.

Dr. A. Backus, of Ayrmer, Ont., speaking on "The Physical Development of the Child," at the afternoon session, declared that the problem of providing for feeble-minded children and making provision against the propagation of the mentally defective generally, was one of the most important questions before the civilized world to-day. She also voiced the importance of proper care and feeding of the children, the importance of sanitation and ventilation of the home. The child should commence physical training when five years old, and should be allowed plenty of running, climbing, horseback riding, and, later on, rifle shooting, as it tended to develop the muscles of the eye. In concluding her remarks, Dr. Backus emphasized the importance of proper care of the teeth, and referred to methods of development for growing girls. The address was illustrated with stereoscopic views showing actual conditions.

"The Mental Development of the Child" was dealt with by Chancellor McCrimmon, of McMaster University, who emphasized the necessity of seeing that the child was given a clear and perfect perception of the ordinary things of life.

James Duff, Provincial Minister of Agriculture, referred to the responsibilities of the mothers of Ontario, in a brief address, the pioneer mothers and fathers of the province were not properly appreciated, he said, and by the faithful discharge of their responsibilities the mothers of to-day would rear a monument worthy of their pioneer ancestors.

Dr. Helen McMurchy gave an interesting explanation of the "Child Welfare" exhibit which has been arranged for the convention, and Mr. C. W. C. of the Hydro-Electric, explained electrical household appliances. The delegates were welcomed by Mrs. Dr. Falconer, of Toronto.

"Neglected and Dependent Children" was the subject of an address by J. J. Kelso, of Toronto, at the evening session. Mr. Kelso emphasized the importance of caring for neglected children, and described the almost unbelievable conditions which existed in the slums. People were living in shelters that were scarcely worthy of the name in the country as well as in the city. Governing bodies ought to spend less money on prisons and more on providing proper homes. This, he said, would prevent many young men and women leading lives that constantly fill the reformatories. He told of the great work being done by the Children's Aid Society and similar organizations illustrating his remarks with photographs showing children as they were received and after living a short time under proper care.

Important addresses will be delivered at to-day's sessions by Dr. J. W. S. McCullough, Mrs. Parsons and others.

STORM HINDERS NAVIGATION.

Quebec despatch: Owing to the heavy snowstorm which has prevailed here since last night navigation has been greatly impeded. There has not been any arrival from sea to-day. The steamer Quebec left for Montreal this morning instead of last evening. She had only reached Three Rivers at 2 p. m. The steamer St. Irene from Montreal last night for Quebec was still at Sorel at 5 p. m. to-day.

A yacht coming from the south, bearing no name, with all sails up, and no person on board, was picked up at Escommins. It is supposed from papers found on board to belong to the keeper of Deschamps Light.

FRUIT GROWERS IN CONVENTION

Experts Give Advice at Toronto Gathering.

BEST FERTILIZERS

Pennsylvania Official Talks On Best Methods.

Toronto despatch: The Ontario Fruit Growers' Association resumed its sessions yesterday morning with a series of practical talks in the Horticultural Building at Exhibition Park, where the big fruit, flower and honey show is being held. Mr. P. J. Carey, Dominion Government packing and orchard demonstrator, discussed the question, "What Constitutes a No. 1 Apple?" He dwelt on the troubles that many packers have in making selections of the different grades defined by law. One difficulty that often confronts the packer occurs at times when his apples are not high grade, and this influences him to put inferior apples in packages intended for a higher grade. According to the speaker a No. 1 apple must have character, good size and good color for the variety.

Prof. J. W. Crow, of the Ontario Agricultural College, gave an address on "What Fruits Shall the Ontario Shipper Put Into Boxes?" In the first place, nothing but No. 1's should go into a box. When it is necessary to box No. 2's they should be strictly No. 2's, and the package should be labelled so. Only good varieties should be packed in boxes, because the box is coming into favor as a package for high-class fruit. If lower grades are boxed the reputation of the box as a container of first-class apples suffers.

A few pointers on pruning were given by Mr. W. F. Kydd, of the Ontario Department of Agriculture. Trees should be well thinned out in order to let in sunlight and thereby increase the color of the fruit. The speaker made the statement that there are scarcely a half-dozen orchards in the province that are properly pruned.

FERTILIZERS AND CULTURE. Dr. J. P. Stewart, experimental pomologist of the Pennsylvania Experiment Station at State College, Pennsylvania, discussed the use of fertilization and cultural methods in apple production. His deductions were based on six years' work in ten experiments located in the leading apple sections of Pennsylvania, and involving ten different soil types and 2,219 trees. The trees range from 10 to 40 years of age, and have produced over 1,700,000 pounds of fruit since the work started. These experiments have shown:

1. That in some orchards the yield can be greatly influenced by proper fertilization, the most important elements of which have been nitrogen and phosphates.

2. In the absence of nitrogen, as a rule, applications of phosphates, and potash have not been profitable. On some soils and in the presence of sufficient nitrogen, however, moderate amounts of these minerals are often profitable.

3. Nitrogen has had greater influence in increasing yield than any other element.

4. Contrary to a prevalent notion, growth and fruiting are not antagonistic unless either occurs in abnormal amount. The best growing plots, as a rule, have been the best fruiting plots.

5. Manure has usually proved profitable, doubtless essentially because of its nitrogen content.

6. In a few orchards, however, no form of fertilization has yet produced a material response.

7. In the long run, an orchard that is actively producing and growing is likely to require fertilization.

8. Color in apples is essentially dependent on maturity and sunlight.

9. The average size of apples is governed primarily by the number of fruits on the tree, and the number has passed a certain "critical point."

"What Six Varieties Shall We Plant for Profit?" was discussed by a number of experts with the various fruits.

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS.

Directors for the various divisions were elected as follows: 1. R. B. Whyte, Ottawa; 2. H. H. Dempsey, Trenton; 3. W. H. Dempsey, Trenton; 4. Wm. Staniton, Oshawa; 5. W. J. Bragg, Bowmanville; 6. H. G. Foster, Burlington; 7. J. W. Smith, Windsor; 8. Robert Thompson, St. Catharines; 9. Jos. Gilbertson, Simcoe; 10. D. Johnson, Forest; 11. R. Sloan, Porter's Hill; 12. F. M. Lewis, Barford; 13. W. J. Sanders, East Linton; 14. A. C. Guelph, Prof. J. W. Crow.

GRAIN VIA STATES

How G. T. R. Will Try to Prevent Congestion.

New York, Nov. 18.—Cy. Warman, general assistant of the Grand Trunk Railway system, to-night gave out the following announcement following a conference of railway officials here.

"At the request of the Dominion Government, the Grand Trunk Railway has to-day authorized a traffic arrangement which is intended to relieve the traffic situation and to prevent a congestion in the Canadian West. By this arrangement the Grand Trunk will open every gateway along the border west of the Great Lakes, and allow traffic to flow out over American lines and back to the Grand Trunk at Chicago.

"Marine insurance expires on the lakes Dec. 12, and no matter what the weather conditions may be, that is practically the end of the shipping season. When the lakes are closed the only Canadian outlet to the East is the Canadian Pacific single-track line."

GETS FORTUNE

Poor Canadian Woman in Syracuse in Luck.

Syracuse, N. Y., Nov. 18.—Mrs. Richard Simmons, 56 years of age, who keeps a boarding house at 730 Water street east here, takes in washing and acts as caretaker in a factory next door, and whose aged second husband is a day laborer, expects shortly to come into one-third of an estate of \$500,000, left by her sister, Mrs. Claranda Hunt, a former preceptress in a girls' academy in Ontario, who died some time ago, leaving her fortune to Mrs. Simmons and two other sisters.

The other beneficiaries, who are said to be well-to-do, are Sophia, aged 63, wife of Peter Williams, a Japanese, Ontario, lawyer, and Elizabeth, aged 65, wife of James Irvine, a farmer of Antwerp, New York State.

It is nearly two years since Mrs. Hunt died in San Francisco, and the executors of the estate have searched persistently since then for Mrs. Simmons, only locating here in Syracuse a few days ago. Mrs. Hunt's will provided that the estate should go to her husband and son, but as they predeceased her, a clause naming the three sisters as contingent beneficiaries became operative.

Mrs. Simmons was asked to sell her claim in the estate, which is tied up in Canadian real estate to a great extent, and may take some time to settle, but this she declined to do. Her two sisters have been here to see her in this connection.

A man saw a gorgeous butterfly in his garden at Chatham. There was good skating in this district this time last year.

AFTER THE BELL CO.

Independent Phone Companies to Renew Trouble.

Toronto despatch: The Canadian Independent Telephone Association, in seventh annual convention at the City Hall yesterday, devoted several hours to discussing the terms of a proposed standard form of agreement for an interchange service with the Bell Telephone Company. This agreement was before the Dominion Railway Board when the late Judge Mahoe was chairman, and, with the exception of two clauses, the Independent and Bell Companies have agreed upon its terms. These clauses were suggested by Judge Mahoe, and the Independent Association considered that the matter was practically settled, but General Manager Sise, of the Bell Corporation, in a recent communication to the Independent Association, declined to agree to these clauses as they now stand, and is said to have held out the threat that if the matter is taken to the Railway Board again his company would refuse to accept the other clauses, which are said to have already been agreed upon between counsel of both parties. The convention decided to instruct its counsel, Mr. H. D. Gamble, K.C., to resume the whole matter to the Dominion Railway Board.

It was maintained in the convention that the disposition of independents in the matter had been to secure an agreement which would be absolutely fair to both parties, and that every effort had been made to conciliate rather than antagonize the Bell Company.

SPAIN'S CABINET

New Premier Will Retain Canalejas' Advisers.

Madrid, Nov. 18.—Count Alvaro de Romanos, the President of the Spanish Chamber of Deputies, has been selected by King Alfonso to form a new Spanish Cabinet.

It is announced that Count de Romanos has decided to retain all the Ministers of the Cabinet of the late Premier Canalejas. Senor Morey, President of the Chamber of Deputies, former Premier and Minister of Justice, has been appointed President of the Chamber of Deputies.

The Franco-Spanish treaty relating to Morocco was signed here to-day by Marquis Manuel Garcia Prieto, the Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Leon Giffroy, French Ambassador to Spain.

THE ROYAL GEORGE

Lloyd's Experts Think She Will Be Saved.

Quebec despatch: There are now two of Lloyd's surveyors and wrecking experts on board the Canadian Northern steamer Royal George, stranded one mile east of Point St. Lawrence, Capt. Saunders, of New York, arrived in Quebec from Newfoundland on Tuesday last, and Captain Parry-Jones, from Cleveland, Ohio, arrived to-day and immediately proceeded to the steamer.

Captain Parry-Jones is one of Lloyd's most experienced wrecking experts, whose duties confine him to the Canadian Great Lakes shipping interests, and is reputed to be the most capable man in the Lloyd's employ. Both these gentlemen will remain on board the Royal George to superintend the necessary preparations prior to the attempt to be made in floating the vessel, to which they look forward with confidence.

BONDSMAN GETS TERM.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Albert C. Jones, a real estate dealer, who signed \$30,000 bonds for Jack Johnson in an attempt to obtain the negro pugilist's release from jail, was to-day sentenced to one year in jail for contempt of court by Federal Judge Landis.

Jones, it was charged, scheduled property which he had devoted to his wife, Judge Landis declared Jones had "willfully and maliciously lied under oath in court in relation to the ownership of the property."

Jones announced that he would appeal from the sentence.

NEWS OF THE DAY IN BRIEF

The United Counties' Apple Growers Win Prizes.

ICEBERG SIGHTED

London Street Railway Rejects Hydro Offer.

Mr. Samuel Nordheimer died suddenly at Toronto.

The Woodstock Automobile Manufacturing Co., Limited, has assigned.

Chas. Pearl, a M. C. R. freight conductor, was killed at Black Rock.

William Brishin, a pioneer, and ex-Reeve of Alnwick township, died in his 83rd year.

Argument was made in the lawsuit over the William Lyon Mackenzie biography.

Mr. E. A. Lancaster, M.P., intends to fight to the last the assessment on his Parliamentary allowance.

A man saw a gorgeous butterfly in his garden at Chatham. There was good skating in this district this time last year.

The Northumberland and Durham Association carried off \$350 in an apple competition at the Ontario Horticultural Exhibition.

How to successfully combine beekeeping, fruit-growing and poultry-raising was explained to the beekeepers' convention at Toronto.

A fire broke out in the Bank of England but it was quenched with the bank's own fire apparatus. The damage is declared to be small.

Contracts have been executed by the Hydro-Electric Commission and sent to Brantford, Paris, Port Dalhousie, Brockville and Prescott.

Spontaneous combustion is believed to have caused the burning of the season's crop of hay and grain in C. B. Murray's barn, Augusta.

The Anchor Line steamer Columbia, from Glasgow for New York, reports by wireless telegraph that she passed an iceberg 170 feet high, in latitude 47.26, long. 49.26.

The Liberal-Conservatives of South Qu'Appelle to-day nominated Joseph Glenn, one of the most extensive farmers of the province, to contest the riding in the by-election.

At a meeting of the Official Board of Trinity Methodist Church, Berlin, a unanimous call was extended to Rev. C. L. McIrvine of Central Methodist Church, Woodstock, of the pastorate in July, 1913.

The London Street Railway Company has finally rejected the proposition to operate its system by Hydro-Electric power, and to increase its steam generating appliances is installing an additional engine.

Joseph Williams, the Indian arrested for perjury in the recent trial of Stephen Kyosk for the killing of Charles Naby dec, was found guilty of the charge in the Division Court at Sarnia and released on suspended sentence.

HORTICULTURISTS

Ontario Association in Convention in Toronto.

Toronto despatch: The Ontario Horticultural Association's seventh annual convention opened yesterday morning at the Foresters' Hall, 22 College street, with almost one hundred delegates in attendance. The morning session was occupied principally with routine business, and the reports of the officers of the organization. Rev. A. H. Scott, M. A., of Perth, delivered the president's address, welcoming those present. The superintendent's and treasurer's reports showed good progress, and denoted a marked growth of interest in horticultural work.

Horticultural Societies and their Relation to Parks and Private Grounds" was the subject of a paper by W. Bigger, landscape architect, of Detroit. Mr. Bigger showed how the love for nature could be inculcated into the minds of the public by the work of the society, in parks and city breathing spaces, where the best plans could be set forth, to be copied in private grounds. Mr. A. H. McIrvine, of the Ontario Agricultural College, spoke on the "Best Vegetables for Amateur Gardeners." Mr. A. Gilchrist, of Toronto, on "Gladoli" and J. Leroy Boughner, Minneapolis, on "Vacant Lot Gardens."

Hon. J. S. Duff, Minister of Agriculture of Ontario, in an address, said that the beauty of Canada's country houses could well be compared with those of England, when the disparity in the years which each country had been under cultivation, considered. An illustrated lecture on English gardens was given by Prof. Hutt, of the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.

NON-COM. GETS LIFT

Kingston Sergt.-Major Appointed Lieutenant.

Kingston, Nov. 18.—Sergt.-Major W. H. Gimblett, W. O. regimental sergeant-major of the Royal Canadian Horse Artillery Brigade, has received official word from Ottawa of his appointment as a commissioned officer in the Royal Canadian Artillery. He has been granted the rank of lieutenant and appointed district officer, to complete his education. The position was formerly held by the late Lieut. J. O'Grady.

Lieut. Gimblett's appointment comes partially as a reward after nearly 20 years' continuous service in the artillery, in which he has shown remarkable ability.