

# RIOTING AT TOKIO; MARQUIS IS STONED.

## Mob Attacked and Burned Down the House of Minister of Home Affairs.

## Threatening Demonstration Near Residence of Baron Komura and Premier Kestura.

## Mob Incensed Because Park Was Closed and a Man Stabbed in the Back.

A Tokio cable: (Delayed in transmission.)—E. H. Harriman, President of the Southern Pacific Railroad, has been threatened, and the Marquis Ito, President of the Privy Council, has been stoned by mobs. Neither of them was injured.

Mr. Harriman at Tokio.

New York despatch: At the Southern Pacific office it was said that no word had been received from Mr. Harriman from Tokio. His associates were of the opinion that the hostile demonstration was in no sense personal. Mr. Harriman's visit to Japan, it was declared, was entirely for recreation and pleasure.

### RIOTING AT TOKIO.

## Mob Burned Home Minister's Home and Threatened Others.

A Tokio cable despatch says: Serious rioting followed the attack to-day on the office of the Kokumin Shinbun, the Government organ. A mob attacked and burned the official residence of the Minister of Home Affairs, which stood between the Nobles' Club and the Imperial Hotel, and faced Hibaya Park, which was the scene of the rioting to-day. Threatening demonstrations occurred in the neighborhood of the official homes of Premier Katsura and Baron Komura (the Foreign Minister now in the United States), but the police succeeded in preventing injury to the occupants or damage to the buildings. The situation to-night is threatening. Turbulent crowds fill the streets and it is feared that much damage to property is possible under cover of darkness. All the police reserves are performing urgent duty and heavily guarding danger spots. The streets in the neighborhood of the Kokumin Shinbun are closed and two hundred police form a cordon around the office.

The destruction of the Home Minister's residence was intensely dramatic. Throughout the day a series of demonstrations occurred in the neighborhood of the building, and late in the afternoon the mob attacked the house, swept the police away and battered down the gates. The police and servants resisted stoutly, but the mob surged forward and entered the house.

One of the mob leaders carrying an armful of burning straw gained the rear of the structure and succeeded in setting it on fire. The police reserves charged the crowds, using their swords freely, but the mob rallied from several quarters and stoned the firemen when they arrived. The members of the Minister's household were rescued and escorted to the Imperial Hotel.

When darkness came the flames from the burning building illuminated a menacing scene, the mob hooting and throwing stones at the police and firemen and the police repeatedly clearing the streets.

Accurate figures of the casualties are not obtainable. It is known, however, that one man was killed, that fourteen were mortally wounded by swords and thrusts and that many persons were bruised with stones and injured in the crushes.

A member of the mob which burned the Home Minister's residence said to the correspondent of the Associated Press:

"We burned the house for the purpose of attracting the attention of the Emperor. We want him to refuse to ratify the treaty. We believe that those surrounding him prevent him from correctly understanding the popular attitude toward the disgraceful, humiliating peace."

### ONE MAN KILLED.

## And About 500 Injured, Including 200 Policemen at Tokio.

A Tokio cable says: The destruction of small police substations continued until midnight. It is impossible to ascertain the number destroyed, but it is estimated that 15 were wrecked. Two of the largest police stations were also destroyed. The mobs generally prevented damage to adjoining private property by dragging the police kiosks into the middle of the streets before applying the torch.

Shortly after midnight another attempt was made against the Kokumin Shinbun office, but the police dispersed the attackers, killing one of the assailants. The fact that the man was cut in the back angered the crowd, which demanded the arrest of the policeman.

Detachments of national troops were sent out during the night. The crowd received the soldiers good-naturedly. The anger of the crowds was chiefly on account of the closing of Hibaya Park and the denial of the right to meet publicly in the park, which is under the charge of the municipality. After the park was closed yesterday, the Mayor and Council met immediately and protested to the Governor and insisted that the park be reopened. It is now claimed that all the turbulence resulted from the indiscriminate closing of the park. Students and young men, however, seemed to be the largest participants in the disorder of the night.

The firemen succeeded in saving the main structure of the Home Minister's residence. It is impossible to secure accurate figures of the casualties. The fire estimates them at two dead and about five hundred wounded in all, including three seriously and slightly injured, among whom are 200 policemen. The city is exceedingly quiet this

morning, and it is possible that the trouble is over.

### DISMISSED FROM SERVICE.

## Admiral Niebogotoff No Longer a Russian Admiral.

A St. Petersburg cable: An imperial order was issued to-day dismissing from the service Rear-Admiral Niebogotoff and the captains of the battleship Imperator Nicolai I., Admiral Senjavine and Gen. Admiral Apraxine. All four officers are deprived of their rank, and are liable to the provisions of the naval penal code for their actions in the battle of the Sea of Japan, when they surrendered to the Japanese. On the report of the surrender of the above-named ships being submitted to the Czar, His Majesty wrote an order that all the other officers of the vessels should be brought to trial on their return to Russia. Action in the case of the commander of the battleship Orei is postponed until it is known exactly when he was seriously wounded and landed over his command.

### ENVOYS NOTIFY PRESIDENT.

## De Witte and Rosen Send Only Personal Sentiments.

Oyster Bay despatch: The Russian and Japanese peace envoys as soon as the peace treaty was signed, hastened to send their warm thanks and congratulations to the President upon the success of their undertaking. Baron Komura telegraphed in his own name, but M. de Witte and Baron Rosen only sent their personal sentiments and thanks for their reception, leaving the larger part to their sovereign.

Baron Komura's message reads: "Portland, N. H., Sept. 5, 1905. 'The President: I hasten to inform you that the treaty of peace has just been signed. Humanity is under a lasting debt of gratitude to you for the initiation and successful conclusion of the peace conference. I beg to be permitted to add my own thanks and sincere acknowledgments.

(Signed) "Komura."

The telegram of the Russians is as follows: "Hotel Wentworth, Newcastle, N. H., Sept. 5, 1905.

"The President: We have the honor to inform you that we have this day signed the treaty of peace with Japan. It is not for us to thank you for what you have done in the cause of peace, as your noble and generous efforts have been fittingly acknowledged by our august sovereign. We can only express to you, Mr. President, and to the people of the United States, our personal sentiments of profound gratitude for the cordial reception you have done us the honor to extend to us, and which we have met with at the hands of the people of this country.

(Signed) "Witte."

All the four envoys, it was announced to-day, will break bread with the President on Saturday. Baron Komura and Mr. Takahira will lunch with the President on that day. They will come from New York on the Sylph, both being good sailors. They will depart shortly after luncheon.

M. de Witte and Baron Rosen will come later, after the Japanese envoys have left. The Russians will come in a private car over the Long Island Railroad, and will dine at Sagamore Hill. The reason the Russian envoys will come by train is because of M. de Witte's preference for that form of locomotion to sea travel.

### ATROCITIES AT KERTCH.

## Men, Women and Children Beaten—Troops Fired on Defenders.

A Berlin cable: Prominent Jews here have received details of anti-Semitic riots at Kertch. The Jew-baiters ran amok, plundering and destroying property and burning houses in all directions. They beat all Jews—men, women and children until they fell bleeding and insensible. Some of them seized the two-year-old son of a Jewish tradesman named Hirschmann and threw him into a bonfire they had made of Hirschmann's furniture, and he was burned alive before the eyes of his parents. Many similar outrages are reported. After the atrocities had been proceeding some hours sixty young Jews armed themselves with revolvers and resolved to defend the ghetto. The Governor, who had hitherto been passive, immediately summoned troops, who fired on the defenders, killing three and wounding eleven. The total Jewish casualties were six killed and over 200 injured. Six hundred were reduced to destitution.

### RUSSIAN PRESS CAMPAIGN.

## Claim That the Treaty is Directed Solely Against Czar's Empire.

A London cable: A despatch to the Times from St. Petersburg says that a press campaign in regard to the Anglo-Japanese treaty opened Wednesday in real earnest.

The Novoye Vremya, Slovo and Boura Gazette describe the instrument as being directed solely against Russia. They attempt to show that other Asiatic powers, notably France, will suffer. The similarity of the lines followed by the papers almost suggests that the lubrications have a common origin. The Novoye Vremya declares that the resulting disturbance of



ADMIRAL NIEBOGOTOFF, Dismissed by the Czar from the Russian naval service for surrendering his ships to the enemy at the Battle of the Sea of Japan.

### GEM THIEVES' BIG HAUL.

## They Operate at Ryrie Bros.' New Toronto Store.

A Toronto despatch: There are daring jewellery thieves abroad in Ontario. Yesterday they made a haul of over four thousand dollars in value at the palatial new store of Ryrie Brothers, Limited. There have been great crowds in the store since the opening, and the thieves evidently made careful plans of operation.

The exact modus operandi is, of course, unknown, but the presumption is that a group of thieves gathered around a show case containing a number of trays and pads holding diamond rings and valuable stick-pins, and while one or more kept the salesman busy the others so disposed themselves as to permit the abstraction of a tray containing eighteen diamond rings, ranging in value as high as \$750, and a pad on which were displayed some seventy-five stick-pins, all valuable, and not a few quite costly. The thieves got clear away with their plunder.

The rings stolen were ladies' solitaires diamonds, and the pins were for gentlemen's use.

The robbery gives every evidence of having been committed by the same skillful gang that looted the store of J. S. Smith, St. Catharines, just a month ago.

### STARTED FOR NORTH POLE.

## Last Word is Received From Commander Peary.

New York, Sept. 11.—What is believed to be the final word from Commander Robert E. Peary before his return from his attempt to reach the north pole was received to-day by Herbert L. Bridgman of Brooklyn, Secretary of the Peary Arctic Club. The message reads: "Etah, North Greenland, August 16, 1905: Cape York was reached August 7, twelve days from Sydney. The voyage was unusually favorable. No ice anywhere. Natives and dogs were secured and joined the Erik at North Star Bay on August 9. Transferred to Erik and Roosevelt proceeded to Etah immediately to overhaul machinery and prepare for ice fighting. The Erik visited all the settlements, securing natives, dogs and walrus, joining the Roosevelt at Etah August 13. The Roosevelt overhauled machinery, filled with coal and leaves Etah for the north with 23 Eskimo men and some 200 dogs. August 16. Cape extends from Littlefield Island to Cape Isabella, but apparently is not heavy. This may make the establishment of a base at Cape Sabine difficult. No ice was seen south of Littlefield Island. All well on board."

### JEW-BAITERS' CRUELTY.

## Melancholy Picture of Excesses at Kishineff—A General Massacre.

Telegram from Vienna says that advances from Bucharest and Warsaw give a melancholy picture of the excesses at Kishineff. The disorders began at the funeral of two Jewish girls who had been killed, when 50 more Jews, who were attending the funeral, were shot down. The Socialists sided with the Jews and went to the Governor to appeal for their protection. They found his house surrounded by police and by roughs, who had been recruited by the notorious Krushvian, formerly editor of the newspaper that was instrumental in starting the previous Jewish massacre, who prevented the complainants from seeing the Governor. The final result was a general massacre in front of the Government House.

Warsaw merchants have been warned by telegram to cease their consignments, since trade is at a standstill, owing to the lack of security to life and property. Krushvian is spreading reports that the Jews are responsible for the conclusion of a humiliating peace, and he is strongly supported by the Chippoff, the anti-Semitic leader at St. Petersburg, who advocates the exclusion of Jews from the future national Douma.

### TWO MEN KILLED.

## IN A COLLISION OF EXPRESS TRAINS ON N. Y. & P. RAILWAY.

Newcastle, Pa., Sept. 11.—A collision of express trains on the Western New York & Pennsylvania Railroad at Wilmington Junction, ten miles north of here, is reported. A number of passengers are said to have been killed. Many are also reported injured, some seriously. All the physicians obtainable in this city have left on a special train for the scene. It is said at least a score of passengers were killed and 50 or more injured. The latest report from the scene of the wreck is that only two were killed and a score or more were injured.

The dead are: Wm. Barnhart, engineer, and the fireman, whose name is not known.

# RAIDED HOUSE AT FORT ERIE.

## Alleged Branch of the Kentucky Lottery Involved.

## Thirteen Men and Two Boys Are Now in Custody.

## The Raid Carried Out Under the Direction of Detective Greer.

Niagara Falls despatch: The scenes attending the raid resulting in the closing of the Toronto Junction poolroom last spring were repeated at Fort Erie to-day, when Provincial Detective Greer of Toronto, with Chief Constable Mains of the Ontario police and a number of constables swooped down upon the palatial home of William Hunt, one of the members of the Board of Trade, situated in the best section of the town of Fort Erie and gathered in a plant by which the police hope to connect him with the conduct of the Kentucky lottery. It was drawing day, and the authorities claim that they rushed in upon the Hunt house when everything was in full swing. Something of the extent of the business done can be estimated from the seizure of a barrel and a box full of tickets, each of which represented amounts paid by the holders ranging from 25 cents to one dollar. One who claims to know something of the place declares that the receipts at each of the semi-monthly drawings would total at least \$25,000. Out of this prizes would be paid to the amount of \$2,000 or \$3,000. Besides Hunt there are seven persons, including two boys, under arrest. They have been denied bail, pending their appearance at court this morning before Magistrate Cruickshank.

### LOTTERY RAID.

## HEAVY FINES IMPOSED ON THE MEN RUNNING THE CONCERN.

Niagara Falls, Ont., despatch: The men arrested in the raid on the lottery establishment at Fort Erie yesterday, appeared before Police Magistrate Colonel Cruickshank at ten o'clock this morning when all were charged with running and abetting a lottery concern contrary to the laws of Canada.

Mr. William German, K. C., M. P., for Welland, who represented all the defendants, arraigned each defendant separately and forthwith pleaded guilty for each one. Col. Cruickshank inflicted the following fines:

William Hunt, manager, one thousand dollars.

Joseph Morris, his assistant, five hundred dollars.

Charles E. Harris and John Wright, assistants, one hundred each.

Henry Heinze, a frequenter, five dollars and costs.

William White, spectator, discharged.

The two boys, Lighthart and Harris, who were employed turning the wheel, were discharged on suspended sentence, with a fatherly lecture by Magistrate Cruickshank. The fines imposed were all promptly paid.

All the paraphernalia seized will be held by the Crown.

### TRY TO AMALGAMATE.

## Resolution Adopted at Annual Meeting of Retail Furniture Dealers.

Toronto despatch: The National Retail Furniture Dealers' Association of Canada at the annual meeting yesterday in the Temple building adopted a resolution empowering the Executive to discuss amalgamation with the Retail Merchants' Association of Canada. Vice-President John Hoodless, of Hamilton, president, and J. M. Struthers, of Guelph, acted as Secretary. The Secretary presented a gratifying report, while Treasurer W. E. Rogers showed a balance on hand.

Mr. Geo. McLaren delivered an interesting address on "The attitude to be taken by retailers and manufacturers for the best interests of the trade." An adjournment was made until this morning, after the following officers had been elected:

President—John Hoodless, Hamilton. Secretary and Treasurer—J. M. Struthers, Guelph.

Vice-Presidents—N. G. Valliquette, of Montreal; John White, of St. John. N. B.; A. Campbell, Brandon, Man.; C. S. Corryell, Toronto; Frank E. Walker, Hamilton.

Executive Committee—A. Emeris, of Montreal; D. Wishart, Montreal; John Leslie, Winnipeg; Z. Paquet, Quebec; A. J. Taylor, Richmond, Que.; Charles S. Everett, St. John, N. B.; B. E. Smith, Moncton, N. B.; T. W. Curran, Ottawa; J. A. Hall, Preston; Wm. G. McArthur, Chatham; W. Long, Brantford; L. Phippen, Sarnia.

### GOT INFERNAL MACHINES.

## Depot of Arms Discovered in Armenian Church at Athens.

Athens, Greece, Sept. 11.—The recent discovery of a depot of arms, explosives, bombs and infernal machines in the vaults of the Armenian church here has led to the unearthing of what the police believe to be a widespread plot on the part of the Armenian Revolutionary Committee to compel the intervention of the powers to stop Turkish oppression in Armenia by starting a series of outrages. A number of Armenians have been arrested, and the authorities say that evidence was found on them showing that they received large sums of money from the Armenian Committee in America. It is also stated that the inquiry has established the connection of a number of Bulgarians and young Turks with the plot.

Berne, Switzerland, Sept. 6.—The strikers in the iron district of Rorschach made a violent demonstration to-day, partially destroying the foundry and seeking a hotel where Alsatian workers who were replacing strikers, were housed. The Government of the Canton of St. Gall has called out a battalion of Landwehr, which has adopted severe repressive measures.

He also has a list of today's prize winners, who might have got something had the raid not taken place. After the arrests were made Provincial Detective Greer investigated Philadelphia, Louisville, and Philadelphia tourists at the Falls, who say they had been regular contributors to the Kentucky lottery, and, supposing something was wrong, came to see for themselves. To their knowledge they were only aware of one man who got a prize of \$200 and another who got \$1. They gave up their tickets to the police and may be called at the trial of Hunt and the other defendants.

### Case Will Be Remanded.

The scene of the raid is one of the best situated properties in Fort Erie. It is a large two-story frame building, surrounded by a beautiful lawn, shrubs and flowers. It is known as the Erp House. On the inside walls are hung beautiful and costly oil paintings, and the police say lessons have been given there in painting. The room in which the alleged drawing took place is off the main hall. Nothing of what is going on inside can be seen either from the outside or the hall. Besides the articles seized there were only a few tables and chairs in the room. For the Kentucky lottery no tickets were sold to Canadians, and great difficulty was experienced in collecting evidence. Money was eventually sent from Cleveland, and the police hold the receipt given by the Express Company. Hunt was prosecuted two years ago on the charge of using the mails for an unlawful purpose, but he was acquitted. He is about 40 years old, and is interested in the American Hotel at Fort Erie. The raid occasioned a good deal of excitement about Fort Erie, but to some it was no surprise, as the best people have been urging the authorities to take action. The Police Court proceedings to-morrow morning promise to be purely formal, as neither the Crown nor defence are ready to go on. A week's adjournment will likely be made. Substantial bail bonds will be accepted for the appearance of the defendants after being arraigned before Magistrate Cruickshank.

### LOTTERY RAID.

## HEAVY FINES IMPOSED ON THE MEN RUNNING THE CONCERN.

Niagara Falls, Ont., despatch: The men arrested in the raid on the lottery establishment at Fort Erie yesterday, appeared before Police Magistrate Colonel Cruickshank at ten o'clock this morning when all were charged with running and abetting a lottery concern contrary to the laws of Canada.

Mr. William German, K. C., M. P., for Welland, who represented all the defendants, arraigned each defendant separately and forthwith pleaded guilty for each one. Col. Cruickshank inflicted the following fines:

William Hunt, manager, one thousand dollars.

Joseph Morris, his assistant, five hundred dollars.

Charles E. Harris and John Wright, assistants, one hundred each.

Henry Heinze, a frequenter, five dollars and costs.

William White, spectator, discharged.

The two boys, Lighthart and Harris, who were employed turning the wheel, were discharged on suspended sentence, with a fatherly lecture by Magistrate Cruickshank. The fines imposed were all promptly paid.

All the paraphernalia seized will be held by the Crown.

### TRY TO AMALGAMATE.

## Resolution Adopted at Annual Meeting of Retail Furniture Dealers.

Toronto despatch: The National Retail Furniture Dealers' Association of Canada at the annual meeting yesterday in the Temple building adopted a resolution empowering the Executive to discuss amalgamation with the Retail Merchants' Association of Canada. Vice-President John Hoodless, of Hamilton, president, and J. M. Struthers, of Guelph, acted as Secretary. The Secretary presented a gratifying report, while Treasurer W. E. Rogers showed a balance on hand.

Mr. Geo. McLaren delivered an interesting address on "The attitude to be taken by retailers and manufacturers for the best interests of the trade." An adjournment was made until this morning, after the following officers had been elected:

President—John Hoodless, Hamilton. Secretary and Treasurer—J. M. Struthers, Guelph.

Vice-Presidents—N. G. Valliquette, of Montreal; John White, of St. John. N. B.; A. Campbell, Brandon, Man.; C. S. Corryell, Toronto; Frank E. Walker, Hamilton.

Executive Committee—A. Emeris, of Montreal; D. Wishart, Montreal; John Leslie, Winnipeg; Z. Paquet, Quebec; A. J. Taylor, Richmond, Que.; Charles S. Everett, St. John, N. B.; B. E. Smith, Moncton, N. B.; T. W. Curran, Ottawa; J. A. Hall, Preston; Wm. G. McArthur, Chatham; W. Long, Brantford; L. Phippen, Sarnia.

### GOT INFERNAL MACHINES.

## Depot of Arms Discovered in Armenian Church at Athens.

Athens, Greece, Sept. 11.—The recent discovery of a depot of arms, explosives, bombs and infernal machines in the vaults of the Armenian church here has led to the unearthing of what the police believe to be a widespread plot on the part of the Armenian Revolutionary Committee to compel the intervention of the powers to stop Turkish oppression in Armenia by starting a series of outrages. A number of Armenians have been arrested, and the authorities say that evidence was found on them showing that they received large sums of money from the Armenian Committee in America. It is also stated that the inquiry has established the connection of a number of Bulgarians and young Turks with the plot.

Berne, Switzerland, Sept. 6.—The strikers in the iron district of Rorschach made a violent demonstration to-day, partially destroying the foundry and seeking a hotel where Alsatian workers who were replacing strikers, were housed. The Government of the Canton of St. Gall has called out a battalion of Landwehr, which has adopted severe repressive measures.

T  
H  
I  
S  
  
O  
R  
I  
G  
I  
N  
A  
L  
  
D  
O  
C  
U  
M  
E  
N  
T  
  
I  
S  
  
V  
E  
R  
Y  
  
P  
O  
O  
R  
  
C  
O  
N  
D  
I  
T  
I  
O  
N