

WEEK  
Aid of  
Fund  
NDORS  
bats  
RUPS  
ette  
LEY  
edian  
YS  
els  
PLIN  
Aug. 16th

hship  
ALL

d Sat.  
-21 (2)  
ORD

ON  
p.m.  
stands 15c

LIVERY  
ut from  
oupes and  
ervice  
Dalhouse

T INN"  
KE IT"  
St.

rown  
kers  
St.  
light

AFE  
SINESS  
mp Service  
ET  
EY

IM YIP  
Proprietors.

omatic 560  
s Valet  
NG, DYE-  
IRING  
K A  
delivered  
Market St.

W.  
Coal  
S:  
e St.  
sie St.

ra Now  
rnered Cam-  
ring your old

zines  
ery  
eloping  
LIPFE  
Phone 1561

SERVICE-  
ONE 730  
attended to  
engers, 50c;  
25c.  
oprietor.

# NAVAL SKIRMISH IN THE NORTH SEAS IN WHICH BOTH SIDES LOSE A SHIP

### Both Patrol Ships of the Squadrons are Sunk in a Sharp Attack.

London, Aug. 11.—The British warship Ramsey has been sunk in the North Sea by the German steamer Meteor, it was officially announced last night. The Meteor was being chased by British vessels and was blown up by her commander, the statement adds.

The text of the statement follows: "H.M.S. Ramsay, Lieut. S. Ross, R.N.R., a small patrol vessel, was sunk by the German armed fleet auxiliary steamer Meteor on Aug. 8, in the North Sea. Four officers and 39 men were saved.

The Meteor subsequently sighted a squadron of British cruisers and her commander, realizing that escape was impossible, ordered to crew to abandon the ship and then blew her up."

### FIVE RAMSAY OFFICERS LOST.

The Admiralty, in a casualty list issued last night, says that five officers were lost in the sinking of the Ramsay and that two were lost in the sinking of the torpedo-boat destroyer Lynx, when she struck a mine in the North Sea last Monday.

The Meteor was formerly owned by the Hamburg-American Steamship Company, and was built at Hamburg in 1904. She was 3,433 gross tons, 238 feet long, 44 feet beam and 18 feet deep.

The Ramsay was a merchant vessel which went into commission in the British navy in November, 1914. There have been frequent reports of firing heard off Heligoland, but no explanation has been forthcoming.

### GERMAN CREW ESCAPES.

Amsterdam, August 12.—The German version of the exploits of the Auxiliary Meteor, which was blown up by her commander to escape capture by British warships, is contained in an official statement issued by the Admiralty at Berlin. The statement says:

"The auxiliary vessel Meteor, after having boldly broken through the British watching forces, waged a commercial war."

"Saturday night she encountered the British auxiliary cruiser Ramsey which the Meteor attacked and destroyed, saving 40 members of the crew and four officers."

"The following day four British cruisers surrounded the Meteor. As battle was hopeless and escape impossible, Commander Behnke sank the Meteor after the crew, British prisoners, and the crew of a sailing vessel which it had sunk as a prize had been secured. The Meteor's entire crew safely reached a German port."

The report states that the Meteor was a merchantman outfitted as a mine-layer.

### HUNS CLAIM WIN OVER RUSS BATTLESHIPS

Berlin, Aug. 12.—The following official statement was given out last night:

"Our naval forces in the Baltic on Tuesday, August 10, attacked Russian ships at the archipelago near Schaeren Isles, and forced them to withdraw. Among them was an armored cruiser of the Makaroff class."

"We silenced the coastal batteries. On the same day other German cruisers drove off Russian torpedo-boats near the entrance to the Gulf of Riga. An enemy torpedo boat was seen to be afire."

"Our ships were repeatedly attacked by enemy submarines, but the torpedoes missed their mark, and we suffered no damage or loss."

### SIR DAVID BEATTY IS NOW VICE-ADMIRAL

Commanded British Fleet Which Sank German Warships Last August.

London, Aug. 12.—The Official Gazette announced yesterday that Sir David Beatty has been promoted to be a Vice Admiral.

# LOCAL MAN INVENTS DRAFT REGULATOR

### Mr. A. Glass of Colborne St. a Clever Mechanical Genius.

Brantford has always been reputed as the home of a mechanical and inventive people and the inventor of the Telephone has been followed by a host of lesser beings, whose mechanical genius and handiwork are evident over many appliances.

The latest addition to the ranks of worthy citizens whose efforts have gone to make Old Mother Earth more habitable is Mr. J. A. Glass, of 268 Colborne St.

Mr. Glass, who carries on at these premises, a tailoring business, also fills in quite a part of his time on patents which his ingenuity and imagination suggest as utilities likely to be handled by specialty concerns.

Many minor successes on the market bear the patent number, and name of J. A. Glass, but the greatest success of all is a window ventilator now being marketed by a Toronto concern which has been adopted by the Houses of Parliament at both Ottawa and Toronto, and is one of the most cunningly contrived air inlets and outlets that has ever been patented for air circulation.

Mr. Glass has one at his store which he delights to show to any who care to step in and ask about it.

Interviewed by the Courier this gentleman modestly claimed any special powers and only accounted for his versatility in the fact that since childhood he has been trying to make "new things" and has made a hobby of this.

Mr. Glass is an Englishman who has travelled extensively both in Canada and the United States, having left the Old Country over twenty years ago and is the possessor of a delightful repertoire of anecdotal experiences which he has garnered in the course of his travels.

A much esteemed citizen and a clever craftsman, he has the respect of his conferees and will be heard from undoubtedly from time to time in the fertility of his inventive productions.

# ITALIANS ARE ADVANCING ON CARSO PLAIN

Rome, via Paris, Aug. 12.—The following statement is issued by the Italian army headquarters, under date of August 11:

"In Cadore, while our artillery continues to operate against powerful defensive works in the upper valleys the enemy tried by frequent but vain attacks to throw us back from some of our recently conquered positions. Thus on August 9, our troops repulsed an attack in the Sexton valley against Fonte Del Rembaco, an advance of the enemy in force from Freikofel."

"In Carnia are reported intense action by our military and small advances by our infantry. The enemy tried unsuccessfully to place movable wire entanglements before our trenches on Monte Medatta."

"Near Plava yesterday at nightfall our troops successfully repulsed a double attack by the enemy who was supported by strong artillery."

"On the Carso plateau, after having on the night of the 10th repulsed a counter attack in the morning obtaining sensible advantages in some parts in front of our infantry."

"The enemy's counter attack, however, broke against the resistance of our forces posted in other conquered positions in the rear."

"In the Monfalcone section, Austrian artillery renewed its bombardment, but this time without result."

The Dominion fisheries branch will not only maintain an exhibit but operate a restaurant also to advertise the Canadian fish as an article of diet.

# MEXICAN SITUATION PERILOUS

### So Wired Major Gen. Funston to Washington.

Washington, Aug. 12.—War department officials to-day awaited word from Major-General Funston as to whether he needed additional troops along the border to deal with Mexican raiders. Upon his report will depend whether the United States forces there will be strengthened.

Unofficial advices said that General Funston had submitted a report on the situation and that Governor Ferguson of Texas had appealed to President Wilson for federal aid, adding that conditions were "perilous and grave."

Further strengthening of the border forces will take practically all available regular troops in the country. There are said to be 12,000 men available for that purpose. General Funston has ready on the border and at Texas City about 17,000 troops. Officials declared emphatically that any troop movement or the despatch of warships to southern waters had no bearing whatever upon plans of the pan-American conference for ending the revolution in Mexico and would be merely a precautionary step. Three battleships—the Louisiana, New Hampshire and the Connecticut have been designated by Secretary of the Navy Daniels to proceed to southern waters for any duty that may be required. The first two warships sailed from Newport, R.I., Tuesday night and the latter now is in Haitian waters. Whether they will be ordered to Vera Cruz or be kept ready for action in the south Atlantic or in Mexican waters will depend upon developments of the next few days.

Reports of improved conditions in Vera Cruz, where anti-foreign demonstrations had occurred, relieved considerably official anxiety over the situation there.

### GREAT NEWS SOON!

LONDON, AUG. 12.—WIDE CIRCULATION WAS GIVEN THIS AFTERNOON TO A RUMOR THAT THE GOVERNMENT HAD RECEIVED NEWS OF MILITARY SUCCESSSES CLOSELY AFFECTING RUSSIA. THIS RUMOR WAS BASED ON THE ACTIVITY AT RISING PRICES OF RUSSIAN SECURITIES ON THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

### THIRTY-EIGHTH ARRIVE

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 12.—The 38th Ottawa Overseas Battalion, which is to garrison Bermuda, arrived safely there this morning on the Steamship Caledonian.

# HAVE YOU SEEN MISSING LAD, ALBERT HYATT?

### Read Description Below and if You Can Assist Notify Police or Parent.

The Courier this morning had reported to it the loss of a boy from his home at 140 Albion St., his father calling to give full particulars of the distressing occurrence.

It would seem the lad Albert Hyatt, left home on Tuesday afternoon to go to the Exhibitor Office and obtain his daily supply of papers for street sales. From that time to this nothing of his whereabouts has been learned and much anxiety is being caused his parents.

A description of the boy is appended and the parents also request that the party (if any) who engaged the lad to go to Ancaster with a message, would communicate with them at 140 Albion street or the Police Station, it perhaps, might help towards clearing up the mystery of his disappearance. The above relates to the only clue furnished by a story obtained from the lad's chum, who maintains it as an absolute fact.

### DESCRIPTION.

NAME—Albert Hyatt.  
LAST SEEN—Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock when he left home for the newspaper office.  
AGE—Eleven, well grown, tall and slim.

EYES—Blue, skin fair.  
SCAR—Has an abscess mark on left side of face below the ear and near turn of the jaw bone.

CLOTHING—Wear wearing khaki pants, blouse (black and white stripes), and perhaps had sweater underneath same next to body, and had a yellowish grey cap; black stockings and black running shoes.

The police have been notified since Tuesday night at 10.30 and were called upon by Mr. Hyatt yesterday morning who is failing to see any sign of his lad in the papers, reported the matter to the press to-day in order to obtain their assistance in search of his son.

### Machine Gun Offered the 58th Regiment

It was reported that the offer of a machine gun had been made through an officer now in training at Niagara, to Colonel H. Genet of the 58th, the donor being a local gentleman who desired to remain anonymous. Enquiries made to the Colonel, however, were answered to the effect that at present the Dominion Government was not accepting individual contributions to units, as it would result in confusion. Therefore, while the matter is not yet decided, nothing further can be said of it in the meantime.

# SOCIALISTS STAMPED UNDERFOOT

### German Democrats Under Official Domination.

London, Aug. 12.—The Daily Chronicle's special correspondent, who lately returned from Germany, dealing with the Socialistic split in that country, gives a conversation he had with one of the officials of the new movement started by Edward Bernstein and Dr. Liebknecht in opposition to the so-called governmental Socialists. This official said: "A split of the Social-Democratic party, the prevention of which has been the chief aim of all leaders of that party for years past, cannot be averted, any longer, indeed, it may be said that it has already come about."

### TREATED AS CRIMINALS

"Those who are suspected of planning or advising a strike are terrorized. They are shut out everywhere they go. Their letters are opened. In fact, there is in existence such an elaborate system of spying as to make organized action on the part of the workers absolutely impossible."

"The police take equally severe measures with regard to Socialist literature. Domiciliary visits are frequently paid in suspected quarters. Recently at a town in Baden, twenty men and women were arrested on a charge of distributing Socialist pamphlets and treated as common criminals."

"The future of the Social-Democratic party is not easy to foretell just now. I am sorry to say many comrades in the army are yielding to the influence of the general wave of enthusiasm for the tax which is passing over the country and are becoming plus royalists que le roi, but after the war the party struggle will be renewed with increased violence, as it is quite certain that promises held out to us by the government will not be fulfilled."

### STILL BELIEVE CANARD

The correspondent added the following question: "Assuming that the people find out after the war that it was not a defensive war, do you think the consequences will be serious?"

"Our people," was the reply, "will never believe that they have been misled. As for myself, I, too, believe that this war was forced upon Germany. But assuming that clear proof to the contrary comes to light, I do not believe that this will materially change public opinion for years to come. No nation can possibly come to any other conclusion after the continued pressure by word and pen which is being brought upon it now."

The correspondent adds: "The statement of my informant clearly shows that as things stand now, an organized labor movement would affect the manufacture of war material or the general conduct of the war, or a movement for peace would not have the slightest chance of success. Public opinion, moreover, would be strongly against such a movement, so much so, that a German remarked to me:

# MORE IMPORTANT GAINS ARE REPORTED FROM THE DARDANELLES TO-DAY

### COL. H. GENET KNEW NOTHING OF THE MATTER

### Regarding the Proposal to Bring 58th to the City.

Regarding the suggestion made locally by a contemporary that the 58th Battalion would visit the city, the Courier, after rigid enquiries, can only characterize the statement as without any warrant.

Colonel H. Genet, who was yesterday in the city, was interviewed by the Courier, and stated emphatically that "he knew nothing about it," and enquired if anyone knew where it originated.

The Courier, despite its tapping of official sources, was unable to do so, and, as the Colonel himself said, "It would be a most foolish suggestion to spend three to four thousand dollars for such a purpose when the obvious necessity for such monies was the need of comforts, kitchens, etc., in the battalions being raised and leaving soon for Europe"—a wise and thoughtful attitude, to which many will locally subscribe, both in cash and mind.

### CAPT. M. E. B. CUTCLIFFE.

Continuing its efforts to trace down the matter, the Courier visited Capt. Cutcliffe, and was assured that gentleman's complete ignorance of the scheme, and, to quote the commanding officer of the Duffs, he "knew nothing of it and did not know from whom the suggestion had come."

### THOUSANDS AT PICNIC.

Ridgetown, August 12.—Although there were about 3,000 people at the picnic of Howard Township to Rondeau Park yesterday, this was not a record by any means. The day was much enjoyed by those who turned out, boating and fishing being favored pastimes. Morpheus beat the 7th concession in baseball by a large score.

### MANCHESTER NOT SEEKING ANY BUSINESS

London, Aug. 12.—The Manchester Guardian denies the implication that the meeting held in London last night to urge the government to declare cotton contraband, was tainted with commercialism, in that cotton interests would benefit by such declaration.

"If Manchester men have a policy, it is not for trade or for sectional reasons, but on broadly national grounds," this paper says. "Our own views on the matter are these: Cotton is more necessary for purposes of war than any other article of commerce, and it passes our comprehension how it ever came to be put on the free list."

The Guardian makes the suggestion that England should buy the American crop if cotton should be declared contraband, arguing that in case loss be sustained by the American growers they should be the chief sufferers. When cotton was contraband during the civil war, it adds, no one bought a supply to relieve the famine in Manchester.

### SHOW NO APPRECIATION.

Guelph, Aug. 12.—Thos. Moffatt and James McDonald, two young men inmates of the Ontario reformatory who attempted to escape from that institution on Aug. 3rd, came before Magistrate Watt yesterday morning, pleaded guilty and were sentenced to two and three years at Kingston penitentiary respectively. The former had about 11 months to serve and the latter three years. The crown attorney made it clear that if the inmates at the reformatory do not appreciate the liberties that are granted to them they will be sent where they are kept under lock and key.

# Gallantry and Dash of Australians Make Possible Big Extensions.

London, Aug. 12.—While the Russians are fighting desperately to extricate themselves from the cordon of Austro-German troops which is steadily pressing them more closely in Poland, their allies are working feverishly and with considerable success to open the Dardanelles, through which they hope to pour into Russia much-needed munitions of war.

Since Saturday night, when fresh British forces were landed on the Gallipoli Peninsula, there has been almost continuous fighting on the Krithia road. In these operations Australians and New Zealanders in the "Anzac" region, a name taken from the initial letters of the words "Australian-New Zealand Army Corps," have co-operated with new forces to the north. Following the successes of the troops on the Krithia road and those to the north of the "Anzac," the Australians and New Zealanders tried the offensive yesterday and succeeded in troubling the area formerly held by them. Their comrades to the north, who assisted them, made no further progress, however.

### BIG ACTIONS TO COME

Simultaneously the French battleship St. Louis attacked the Turkish batteries on the Asiatic side of the straits, which had been bombarding the allied positions on the peninsula, and put five guns out of commission. These actions are believed here to be preliminary to a much more ambitious attempt, which has been planned by the Anglo-French commanders to sweep the Turks before them. Very heavy losses which already been inflicted on the Turks have had a discouraging effect upon the Ottoman troops, according to reports from Greece.

The following official statement was issued last night:

### AUSTRALIANS RESPONSIBLE.

The latest report from Sir Ian Hamilton states that severe fighting continued yesterday in the Gallipoli Peninsula, mainly in the Anzac zone, and in that to the north. The positions occupied were slightly varied in places, but the general result is that the area held at Anzac has been near-trebled, owing chiefly to the gallantry and dash of the Australian and New Zealand army corps.

While to the north no further progress has yet been made, the troops have inflicted heavy losses on the enemy, and the French battleship St. Louis is reported to have put out of action five out of six guns in the Asiatic batteries."

### WHAT THE TURKS CLAIM

Constantinople, Aug. 12.—The following official communication was issued yesterday:

### AUSTRIAN SUB. SUNK BY AN ITALIAN SUB.

Rome, Aug. 12.—It is officially announced that the Austrian submarine U-12 has been torpedoed and sunk with all hands in the upper Adriatic Sea by an Italian submarine.

The announcement was made in a statement issued by the navy department, which added:

"This morning a Austrian torpedo boat destroyers bombarded Bari, San Spirito and Molfetta (Southern Italy, on the Adriatic). One civilian was killed and seven were wounded. There was no appreciable material damage."

"The U-12 was one of the latest types of submarine built by the Austrians. She was built in 1915, and had a displacement of 1000 tons. She was 105 feet in length, 21 feet beam, and carried five torpedo tubes. Her maximum speed was 18 knots above water and 10 knots below."

### HUNS' OUTLOOK ON THE FALL OF WARSAW

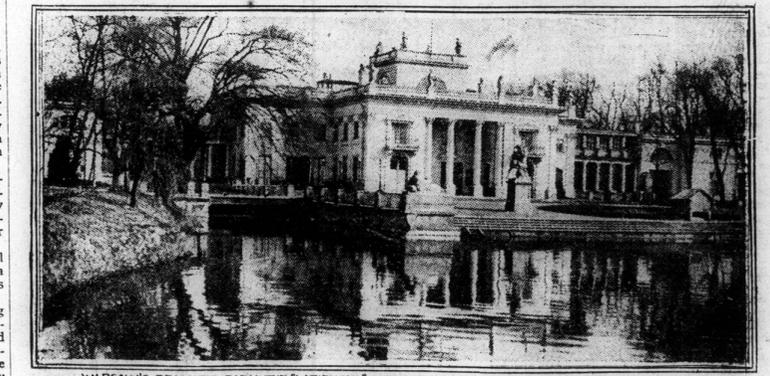
Berlin, via wireless to Sayville, N. Y., Aug. 12.—Among the items given out to-day by the Overseas News Agency was the following:

"The loss of Warsaw was especially serious to Russia because it was the seat of the largest munition factories in the empire, which employed more than 100,000 men."

"The attempt to remove the famous Warsaw library to Moscow miscarried because the Germans arrived sooner than they were expected by the Russians."

"Germany's silver supply is large enough to satisfy."

# INTERESTING VIEWS OF POLAND'S CAPITAL



WARSAW'S BEAUTIFUL PARK, THE "LAZIENSKI," WHICH IS LAID OUT IN THE ENGLISH STYLE



THE CITY HALL, WARSAW PALACE OF GOVERNOR GENERAL, WARSAW