

# This Granary Will Save You Time, Money And Work It Is The Best Protection For Your Grain

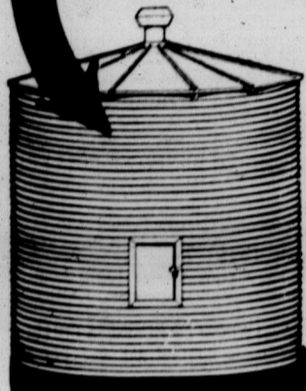
Don't expose your grain to damage by fire, weather, rats, mice, or gophers by putting it in a wooden or an imperfectly constructed metal granary. Your grain is worth too much to take any chances. Be on the safe side by storing it in a

## "Metallic"

Portable

## Corrugated Steel Granary

You can easily move this granary from place to place on your farm and always have it conveniently located to save time and labor when threshing.



The "Metallic" is the strongest, tightest, and most durable granary made. Heavy, galvanized, corrugated steel is used insuring great strength and rigidity. It will last a life-time. Costs less than wood. Write for complete information.

We Manufacture all kinds of Sheet Metal Building Materials

**THE METALLIC ROOFING CO., Limited**  
Manufacturers  
**WINNIPEG**                      **TORONTO**  
797 Notre Dame Ave.              King and Dufferin Sts.

spirit of party and thus secure an independent, manly and loyal devotion to public duty alone in the representatives we elect.

It is useless to vote independent of party if the man for whom we vote is not independent of party. The Western people are awakening to the fact that another "party" is needed—a farmers' party, not partizan in its operations, but representative of the farmers. Along

certain broad lines the farmers hold opinion in common. Let them unite and send men to Ottawa who are of the same opinion. There are men in the Grain Growers' Association and the United Farmers who are capable of representing the farmers.

God speed the day!

The responsibility of tolerance lies with those who have the wider vision.

### EUROPEAN FARMERS CONSERVE RESOURCES

The following informing interview was given by J. H. Haslam, Chairman of the Saskatchewan Commission to Investigate Agricultural Credits and European Wheat Markets, after his tour through Europe with his fellow members of the Saskatchewan and American commissions:

My journey through Europe has been a surprise and a delight to me, and has been instructive beyond all my expectations.

I have seen on the plains of Lombardy agriculture carried on in a way unequalled in any other part of the world. There four successive crops are garnered annually, and eight crops of grass are cut from the same land every year. There lands which have been cultivated from an earlier date than history records are more fertile now than ever.

#### European Conservation

The conservation of the natural resources of the country we have visited is brought to a pitch that an American or Canadian would have thought impossible had he not seen it.

We have seen the splendid agriculture of Hungary, where grain of a higher quality is grown than in any other part of the world and converted into flour in the mills of Budapest of a greater excellency than anywhere else.

The agricultural and industrial development of Germany is something that we were in a measure prepared to see. We scarcely expected to find a country no larger than Minnesota and North Dakota, and with a soil altogether inferior, supporting a population of 65,000,000 people and producing 90 per cent. of the food necessary to feed them. We were likewise told that the Germans could produce by their scientific methods of agriculture from their reluctant and sandy soil enough food for 100,000,000 people.

#### America's Opportunity

We have seen good crops grown by the use of commercial fertilizers on what looked like pure sand. The industry of Germany, which has been developed from very small beginnings in a little more than a generation, is only an indication and prophecy to us of what our America can produce and become with its infinitely greater natural resources when the true measure of our opportunities are utilized.

There is scarcely a natural condition found in America which we think incapable of development which either

in Italy, Switzerland, Hungary, Germany, Belgium, Holland or France has not been overcome. All of these countries, together with England, have not a very large fraction of the agricultural possibilities, and in all have a population about four times greater, and a strong, healthy population at that.

#### Few Machine Aids

We have seen much done less well than in the United States and Canada. In Europe they do not utilize labor-saving implements to the same extent, and in agriculture there seems to be a tremendous waste of human energy. The horses, cattle, sheep and pigs have, as a rule, not been brought to such a high general development.

We are happily free from the burdens of anticipated war, but we have not developed the parcels post system as continental Europe has done, and we must adopt their system of transportation on rivers and canals, if we are properly to utilize what unquestionably is the best system of natural inland waterways in the world.

We must also adopt means of utilizing the low grade natural products we have, and manufacture them in the locality in which they exist and thereby save transportation.

America has made marvellous strides in subduing nature in its short life as a nation, but in economics it is woefully behind, as are all Anglo-Saxon countries.

#### Distribution Cost In U.S.

The cost of distribution of goods in America is an economic crime, and the lack of organization among farmers is yearly driving the best blood of the nation from agriculture and rural life to that of industry and the unhealthy and artificial life in urban communities.

Each member of this commission has a great opportunity and a great responsibility. The greatest duty is to teach the rural dweller, as is done in Europe in his home land, properly to utilize and develop his savings and credit, so as to make available for himself the immense potentialities that lie at his hand, and to divorce himself from the innumerable middlemen, who are crushing him and bleeding him white, and by co-operation and business methods conserve to himself to the greatest possible extent the reward of his toil.

#### NOT A BIT AFRAID

Prospective Employer—"Not afraid of early hours, I suppose?"  
Employee—"You can't close too early for me, mister."



### THEIR ONLY CHILD

They Haven't the Heart to Refuse Him

[With apologies to McManus.]

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