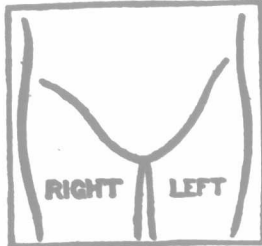


FREE to the RUPTURED
A Quick New Cure



I have made new and important discoveries in the cure of Rupture and for the next 30 days I will give every ruptured person who follows these directions a chance to try this remarkable Home Cure, FREE. Mark on the diagram the location of the rupture. Answer the questions and mail this to DR. W. S. RICE, 75 Main Street, Adams, N. Y.

Age _____ Time Ruptured _____
Name _____
Address _____

Does rupture pain? _____ Do you wear a Truss? _____
When writing please mention this paper.

Can learn Steam Engineering at home in your spare time this winter. **The Heath School of Traction Engineering** (by correspondence) is for the beginner as well as the experienced thresherman. The School is conducted under the auspices of the Canadian Thresherman and Farmer, which publication guarantees its reliability to turn out practical engineers.

Our new illustrated booklet, describing the Heath system in detail, sent you on request.

E. H. Heath Co., Ltd.
Winnipeg, Canada.
Dept. T.

Agricultural Conditions in Eastern Townships, Que.

Our rainless, balmy October died off beautifully, and ushered in a "sunny" November, which, too, was marked by a snowfall of about four inches enabling many to have their first sleigh drive of the season, but with mild, balmy weather, it soon took its fitting, our farmers being enabled to finish the plowing, which has been done under exceptionally dry conditions. A large acreage has been turned over in readiness for next spring. Several light rainfalls towards the end of the month, together with the melted snow, added moisture to our unduly parched earth, but far from what was required to give a supply of water in our wells and springs sufficient to the needs of stockmen. Many farmers have had to draw water some distance for their live stock. The season of 1908 will long be remembered as most unique in its extremes. Last spring we had an abundance of moisture, so much so that the waters in all the rivers flowing into the St. Lawrence were exceptionally high, overflowing their banks in places, and many thousands of acres were inundated. Contrast this with present conditions, with some of these same rivers nearly dry, with little water running over the mill-dams, hence even the factories had to resort to auxiliary power to keep their mills running.

Except on those lands that were submerged, crops were sown early and came on well until the end of June, when there set in one of the worst droughts ever experienced in our Province. If I mistake not, we in the western part of Quebec are not the only sufferers, as I find in perusing the American agricultural journals this drought is extensive, covering a large portion of the New England and Middle States.

All crops suffered except corn, which was a bumper crop. Clover was badly winter-killed and was little over 50 per cent. of a crop; much of the new seeding had to be reseeded. Timothy averaged about 70 per cent., oats about 60 per cent., wheat and barley 70 per cent., and of good quality, as was also the oats, potatoes and roots about 50 per cent. The corn crop could hardly be equalled. The hot, dry season was favorable to its growth, and with frequent cultivation it came on fine. Many new siloes were built, and there is a much larger supply of silage in our country than ever before. It will all be required, owing to the shortage of hay and straw. The latter was never as scarce as at present. It is of splendid quality, and will all be required for feed. What we are going to do for bedding for live stock is a quandary. Those who are within reach of sawmills or muck beds can provide excellent bedding and a deodorizer as well.

Pastures have been short nearly all season. How our cows did miss the fine aftermath of clover and grasses peculiar to our country from August until November. Luckily, much soiling crop was provided, and it was all required. Even with a liberal feeding of these crops, cows did not milk as largely nor keep in as good flesh, consequently there will be a decrease in the season's milk flow of at least 20 per cent. Cows, and even young stock, go into winter quarters carrying less flesh than usual.

The amount of coarse fodder fed to milk cows during the past two months will reduce the winter's supply, which was, in most instances, scant enough, therefore many will have to go into the market for these fodders. Quite a few have cut down their herds, selling off all undesirables.

Since October 1st, dairymen have been feeding more liberally of a grain ration, despite the high prices asked for these feeds, but it is essential to the maintenance of a good winter supply of milk. In some cases the high prices of dairy products justify such a course, especially those who are patrons of our condensary or produce milk or cream for the city trade.

But few reports of the season's operations at our cheeseries or creameries have been published. From those sent out I conclude that the average price paid per hundred pounds for milk during the season, delivered at the cheeseries, will be near the \$1 mark, and at the creameries, from 90 to 95 cents. I believe our condensary here paid \$1.10 per cwt. from May 1st until Sept. 30th, and

HOW I CURE WEAK, PUNY MEN
WITHOUT COST UNTIL CURED



Give me men broken down from hard work or worry, from any cause which has sapped their vitality. Let them follow my advice for three months and I will make them as vigorous in every respect as anyone of their age.

I will not promise to make a Hercules out of a person who was never intended by nature to be strong and sturdy. Even that person I can make stronger, but the person who has been strong and has lost strength, I can make as good as they ever were.

A man who is nervous, whose brain and body are weak, who sleeps badly, awakes more tired than when he went to bed, who is easily discouraged, inclined to brood over



imaginary troubles, who has lost ambition and energy to handle hard problems, lacks the animal electricity which Dr. McLaughlin's Belt supplies.

The whole force of vitality in your body is dependent upon your animal electricity. When you lose it in any manner my Belt will replace it, and cure you.

Dear Sir,—About three years ago I bought one of your Electric Belts for Rheumatism in the legs, and after a few weeks' wear of the Belt I was so much better that I left it off. My wife was troubled with Neuralgia in the head, which was so severe as to almost drive her out of her mind. At my suggestion she tried your Belt for it and it gave her almost instant relief, and she has had no return of the severe pain since. I consider it was worth many times what I paid for it, as I had tried many kinds of medicine and many doctors and they had all failed to even give relief. It is the best thing I ever saw for Neuralgia and Rheumatism, and I can heartily recommend it to all who suffer from these troubles. Thanking you sincerely for your help.

WILLIAM BROCK, Listowel, Ont.

Letters like that tell a story which means a great deal to a sufferer. They are a beacon-light to the person who has become discouraged from useless doctoring. I get such letters every day.

My Belt has a wonderful influence upon tired, weak nerves. It braces and invigorates them, and stirs up a great force of energy.

I make the best electrical body appliance in the world, having devoted twenty years in perfecting it. I know my trade. My cures, after everything else has failed, are my best arguments.

Give me a person with pains in the back, a dull ache in the muscles or joints, "come and go" pains in the shoulders, chest and side, Sciatica in the hip, Lumbago, Rheumatism, or any ache or pain, and my Belt will pour the oil of life into the aching body and drive out every sign of pain. No pain can exist where my Belt is worn.

Dr. McLaughlin,—Dear Sir: I take this opportunity of letting you know the benefit your Belt has given me. I was a poor cripple before I got it; now I can stoop and pick up a pin with ease. It was worth a great amount of money the good it has done me. My advice is that no home should be without one. I thank you for the benefit it has done me. Yours truly,

PHILIP McGAHEY, Riviere aux Pins, St. Gabriel P. O., Que.

They come every day, from everywhere. There is not a town or hamlet in the country which has not cures by Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt.

The confidence I have in my remedy enables me to make the offer I do, and any man who will give me reasonable security while he uses my Belt need not pay a cent until he is cured.

Now, what does this mean to you, dear reader? If you are not what you ought to be, can you ask any better proof to make you try it? If there is a remedy which is as simple, as easy to use, as sure to cure, and as cheap as Dr. McLaughlin's Electric Belt, I have not seen one. You must try it. In justice to yourself and to those who look to you for their future happiness, try it now. Act this minute. Such a matter ought not to be delayed.

It's as good for women as for men. Worn while you sleep, it causes no trouble. You feel the gentle, flowing heat from it constantly, but no sting, no burning, as with odd style belts.

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