

WEATHER FORECAST  
MARITIME PROVINCES  
Moderate Winds; A Few Local Showers  
But Mostly Fair.  
Temperature at 3 A.M. 47 Degrees  
Above Zero.

# The Standard

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SAINT JOHN, CANADA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 24 1911.

EIGHT PAGES

## PASTOR SAYS HE IS NOT GUILTY

Richeson Claims He Can  
Clear Himself of Rin-  
nell Murder Charge.

Druggist Hahn Supplies  
Boston Police With  
More Evidence.

Prisoner's Uncle Comes  
to His Aid and Places  
Entire Fortune at Dis-  
posal of Defence Fund

Boston, Oct. 23.—A startling bit of evidence which has been in the hands of the police for several days, but which they have carefully guarded, leaked out tonight and promises to cast additional interest on the case of Rev. Clarence V. T. Richeson, the Baptist minister, who is confined in a cell in the Charles street jail on the charge of the murder of Avis Linnell, the 19 year old music student and Sunday school teacher.

When the police recently gave out a statement as to evidence which had been given them by William H. Hahn, the Newton druggist, where the Cambridge pastor is alleged to have bought cyanide of potassium on the Tuesday preceding the death of the Linnell girl by the same drug, they declared the pastor had asked the druggist for a poison which "would kill a dog at his home which was about to give birth to puppies." The statement stopped there.

Tonight it is stated on authority that the druggist Hahn added another sentence on which the police lay considerable stress. According to this authority, Mr. Hahn added that the minister also said: "I want a poison which will kill the puppies without killing the dog." While the state was collecting its evidence in the case, the Rev. Richeson late today faced two leading members of his church and declared "I am innocent and will prove it when the time comes."

The two men, A. F. Watson, treasurer, and J. E. Hughes, both of the Emmanuel Baptist church, Cambridge, paid a visit to the man in his cell today, as did Rev. George Holt, the Rhode Island clergyman who is to marry the younger sister of Violet Edmonds to whom Mr. Richeson was engaged. The pastor's protestation of his innocence was made to each of the visitors.

Another visitor to the prisoner today was his sister, Miss L. V. Richeson of Saranac Lake, N. Y. The usual limited time allotted to visitors was overlooked and Miss Richeson spent nearly an hour at the door of cell 47 where the pastor is confined in what is known as a "murderer's row." All that money and the legal profession can provide to give aid to Richeson will apparently be forthcoming.

Violet Grant Edmonds, father of the fiancée, the prisoner's uncle, Dr. William A. Richeson, of Amherst, Va., a wealthy man, has declared his fortune at the command of the defence.

One of the perplexing problems which have confronted the prosecution is the apparently long time in which the cyanide of potassium acted before it caused the death of Miss Linnell.

The medical examiner, Dr. Timothy E. Leary, in his report declared that death ensued 25 minutes after the taking of the poison. To the police this seems strange in view of the fact that cyanide is supposed to cause instantaneous death.

Various explanations are being advanced for this seeming inconsistency. One is an overdose of the poison acted as its own antidote and it had deteriorated through chemical action. This matter will be ascertained by an analysis of a quantity of cyanide of potassium to be secured from the Hahn drug store.

**Trial on Thursday.**  
Boston, Oct. 23.—The evidence against Rev. Clarence V. T. Richeson, the Cambridge Baptist minister, charged with the murder of Avis Linnell, the 19 year old music student who was presented before the Suffolk County grand jury at a special session on Thursday of this week. This announcement was made this afternoon by District Attorney Joseph C. Pelletier, of Suffolk county.

One of the results of the grand jury consideration of the case this week will be to forestall and also take the place of the municipal court hearing in the matter which was to have been held next Tuesday, the day on which Richeson's marriage to Miss Violet Edmonds of Brookline was to have been solemnized. The prosecution is understood, was not inclined to let the attorney for the defence become acquainted with the nature of the government's evidence against the minister, and inasmuch as the grand jury proceedings are conducted in secrecy, the counsel for the prisoner will not know the extent of the government's case.

In the event that Mr. Richeson is indicted by the grand jury, District Attorney Pelletier plans to have the minister tried before a jury in the criminal court at a special session to be held in January.

## ANOTHER MAN WHO TOOK THE CYANIDE VIAL

Allison McFarland of Newark,  
N. J., Substituted Cyanide of  
Potassium for Wife's Medi-  
cine and Killed Her.

LIKE LINNELL CASE.

New York, Oct. 23.—On the eve of the presentation of the "McFarland poison mystery," to the Grand Jury new light was thrown on the question, a statement made through the counsel this evening for Allison McFarland, who is now in a cell at the Essex County jail, Newark, N. J., charged with the murder of his wife by the substitution of cyanide of potassium for headache medicine.

McFarland who had previously been quoted as positively regarding the death as wholly accidental, now believes that his wife committed suicide; statements which he is previously credited with having made to the effect that any friendship he might have had for another woman was unknown to his wife, are altered by the belief now expressed that Mrs. McFarland had discovered some of the letters received by him from Miss Florence Bromley, of Philadelphia, and that knowing where the cyanide of potassium was kept, she deliberately drank the fatal dose.

Frank A. McDermitt who has been retained by McFarland as counsel spent several hours in the cell with his client today and later made public the new phase of the case. He said that McFarland positively declared himself innocent of the murder, but admitted that he had not been on the best of domestic terms with his wife. The relations were so strained in fact that the woman sought refuge in the city, Rockland, Maine, but finding that the papers were not satisfactory either discontinued the suit.

"We were never mated," McFarland is quoted as saying, "For she was a domesticated woman and I was not a domesticated man. We finally agreed that she should get a divorce without contest on my part. She wanted the custody of both children, while I wanted to keep the boy with me."

Prosecutor Wilbur A. Mott, who says he has in his possession letters received by McFarland from Miss Bromley as late as Friday last, continues the case. He said that the contents of the letters declared that the grand jury would be asked tomorrow to indict McFarland for the murder on the basis of facts in hand. Miss Bromley whom the authorities refer to as "The other woman in the case," was employed by McFarland as his stenographer when he was in the automobile supply business in Philadelphia.

McFarland, from Rockland, Maine, the former home of Mrs. McFarland, is to the effect that George M. Crockett and his wife, the parents of the dead woman have written a long letter to McFarland, outlining their view of the case.

## RECONSTRUCTION OF BRITISH CABINET

London, Oct. 23.—The cabinet has undergone important reconstruction, rumors of which have been in circulation for some weeks past. Winston Spencer (Churchill), the home secretary, becomes first lord of the Admiralty, while Reginald McKenna lays down the Admiralty portfolio to assume the Home Secretaryship. Earl Carrington, president of the board of agriculture, becomes Lord of the Privy Seal. C. E. Hobhouse, financial secretary to the Treasury, is appointed chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster. Walter Runciman retires from the presidency of the board of education to become president of the board of agriculture, while the presidency of the board of education has been assumed by J. A. Pease, the former chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

Sir Edward Strachey, parliamentary secretary of the board of agriculture and the Right Hon. Alfred Emmott, M. P. for Oldham and Deputy Speaker of the House of Commons have been promoted to the peerage.

## ONLHOUSE BOY SHOT IN PECULIAR MANNER

Special to The Standard.  
Dalhousie, Oct. 23.—Late this afternoon, while Fred Old was fooling with a rifle in the back shop of one of the stores, the rifle was accidentally discharged, the bullet passing through

## H. B. CLARK ARRESTED IN NEW YORK; EMBEZZLEMENT FROM BANK OF N.B. CHARGED

Former Manager of Charlotte Street  
Branch at Length Captured After  
Dodging Pinkerton Sleuths  
for Months

AMOUNT OF DEFALCATION ESTIMATED  
FROM \$30,000 TO \$75,000

When Arrested Clark Had Ticket for Europe in  
His Pocket, and Intended to Sail in Second  
Cabin of Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse -- News  
of Arrest Creates Sensation Here Where He  
Was Very Well Known.

New York, N. Y., Oct. 23.—Harry B. Clark, who was wanted for the embezzlement of from \$30,000 to \$50,000 from the Bank of New Brunswick, was arrested tonight in Harlem at the request of a private detective agency, whose operatives have been trailing him since last June.

When searched at the 125th street police station, he gave his name but refused any further information for the record except that his age was 28. In his pockets were found a ticket for a second class passage to Europe on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse and ten \$200 travellers' cheques payable to Harry Carleton, the name in which the ticket had been bought. Also had several letters, one to "Dear Papa and Mama," which was undressed. Others were addressed to Gertrude Sherwood, Sussex, N. B., one to George M. Crockett, N. B., one to A. E. Clark, at a town in Prince Edward Island.

Called Sleuths "Punk."  
An undressed letter contained the following sentence: "The Pinkertons have made a punk job of this and I guess they are tired of the chase I have given them."

The detectives located Clark at Asbury Park, N. J., during the summer. But he gave them the slip and they got on his trail only a day or two ago. He had been carding for three weeks at No. 236 West 127th street and talked freely of the pleasure he expected to have in London and other cities in Europe.

After his arrest Clark was cased with the detectives and they said that he proclaimed his innocence and stated that the trouble was that he had as an officer of the bank made loans to promoters on collateral which had not been valuable as it had been represented.

The news of the arrest in New York of Henry B. Clark, formerly manager of the Charlotte street branch of the Bank of New Brunswick, on charge of embezzling money from the bank by which he was employed, reached the city early last night in private despatches and caused a great sensation here among the friends of Mr. Clark, who became aware of it. As far as can be learned the arrest was effected by the Pinkertons, who were in the city on the bank's service.

Mr. Clark resided at 122 King street east. He was married and very popular in the circle in which he moved.

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Disquieting Rumors.  
Early last summer rumors were circulated in the city that the manager of the Charlotte street branch of the bank, was in financial trouble of some sort but it was difficult to obtain details as the bank officers would not talk, acting in this manner with the reticence and caution which characterize their profession. The reports became more persistent and it was soon noticed that another man was in charge of Mr. Clark's book while he was missing from the city. Answers to enquiries at the time were most guarded and the most that could be learned was that he was away on leave of absence and was expected to return.

Nothing is said for months.

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Squeezed in Cotton.  
As to how Clark happened to get behind in his accounts, it is stated with some show of authority that he had been speculating in cotton and had been caught on the wrong side of the market. In this transaction he is said to have used the names of other men about town. The first intimation some of them had of the matter was when they received statements of speculative transactions of which they had little or no previous knowledge.

Clark was a native of Prince Edward Island and had been in the employ of the bank here for several years, most of which he had spent in the Charlotte street branch. He had never been in the head office. Quiet and apparently attentive to his business he was generally respected among the business men of the city and previous to his present trouble enjoyed the entire confidence of his superiors in the bank service.

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## COPENHAGEN MOB JEERS DR. COOK

North Pole Fakir Hooted where  
He was Formerly Cheered—  
Had to Appeal for Police  
Protection.

Copenhagen, Oct. 23.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook, who was so enthusiastically welcomed here after his alleged discovery of the north pole two years ago arrived in Copenhagen tonight, he was accompanied by his wife. Owing to the threatening attitude of the crowd Dr. Cook was escorted to his carriage by a detachment of police. The mob followed jeering and hooting.

The explorer said he had given up his projected European lecture tour and had returned to his home in the United States. The newspapers denounce him, some of them recommending demonstrations of disapproval at his lecture.

the door of the back shop into the shoulder of Andy Leclaire, a boy about ten years of age. The boy was hurried to Dr. Donnet's office where he received medical aid was procured. The bullet was not found at a late hour tonight.

## MONCTON NEWS.

## Special to The Standard.

Moncton, Oct. 23.—A. E. Williams, of the Bank of New Brunswick, said lies in a critical condition at the hospital. Another well known citizen, Charles Elliott, gunsmith, is critically ill.

A married man, a former member of the police force, was arrested at the race track tied at his home in connection with a young girl, and lodged in the police station.

Judge Barry will preside at the October session of the Westmorland circuit court which opens at Dorchester tomorrow.

## CLEANING OUT LITTER FROM DEPARTMENTS

Conservative Ministers Gradually  
Bringing Order Out of  
Chaotic Conditions in Ot-  
tawa—Public Works Worst.

CANADA'S TRADE GROWING.

Special to The Standard.  
Ottawa, Oct. 23.—In the reorganizing of the department of labor, which Hon. T. W. Crothers, the new minister, is now considering, the Labor Gazette is likely to get short shrift. Should Mr. Crothers finally decide to continue the publication of what was under the administration of his two predecessors, Messrs. Le-mieux and King, a monthly periodical as remarkable in its contents as it was costly in its production, it will be short of much of the dead matter with which it has been overburdened and an effort made to make it serve a useful purpose. It is very probable, however, that the Labor Gazette will get the axe. Its purpose in recent years was apparently to give patronage to job printing to liberal newspapers and glorify the editor-in-chief, Mr. Mackenzie King.

The new broom is being vigorously applied also in other departments and the liberal list is being gradually cleared away. Mr. Monk has perhaps the hardest task in bringing a semblance of order out of the chaos into which Mr. Pugsley plunged this important branch of the public service.

The department of agriculture was found by Mr. Burrell to be suffering from the inability of the officials to get along with Mr. Fisher. The former minister had an unhappy knack of antagonizing the best men in the department.

Nothing is settled regarding the successor to the late Mr. Harwood, the postmaster of Montreal. The cabinet council did not make the appointment at Saturday's meeting, and as there will be no further council until the return of the prime minister from his holiday, some days hence, nothing definite can be said regarding it. One thing can be said officially, and that is there was no family quarrel at Saturday's council over the appointment.

The Liberal press, so long accustomed to a cabinet which "flights like blazes" is unable to get away from the old idea of what happens behind the closed doors of the council chamber.

During Mr. Borden's absence Hon. Geo. E. Foster, the senior privy councillor is acting premier.

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## MATIVE OF ST. ANDREWS DEAD IN BERWICK, ME.

South Berwick, Me., Oct. 23.—Wm. H. Flynn, a retired railroad builder and contractor, died at his home here today at the age of 62 years. He had constructed portions of the Pennsylvania railroad, the New York, New Haven and Hartford, and the Central railroad of New Jersey. He also built waterworks systems at Williamstown, Conn., and elsewhere. Mr. Flynn was a native of St. Andrews, N. B., and is survived by a widow and one son.

## REVOLUTION IN CHINA GROWING

WRIGHT WAS  
VERY NEAR TO  
AWFUL DEATH

Famous Aviator's Agility  
Alone Saved Him When His  
Glider Turned Over While  
Making a Flight.

MACHINE DISABLED.

Killedville Hill, N. C., Oct. 23.—Orville Wright had a narrow escape from serious injury today when his glider turned over in the air and dashed to the ground. The machine was disabled, but not so badly that it cannot be repaired for flights tomorrow or Wednesday. Today's accident was the second when the glider began to turn turtle slowly. The aviator scrambled nimbly over the machine as it turned with the result that he was on top when it dived to earth bottom side up. Wright's injuries consisted of a severe laceration of his trousers and a slight shaking up.

To make travel in the air virtually as safe as it is on the earth is known to be the real purpose of the experiments which the Wright Brothers are conducting. They are working upon their new machines real, with a view to keeping an aeroplane on an even keel. This problem of stability has been the study of aviators the world over. The Wrights began their work on it before 1907. What they have accomplished, if anything both Orville and Wilbur are keeping in characteristic secrecy.

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## PROGRESS OF THE BATHURST MINES

The Summer will See Great Ac-  
tivity at the Drummond Iron  
Mines—Extensive Improve-  
ments to the Plant.

Great progress is being made in connection with the development of the Drummond iron mines near Bathurst, and the company expect to put out 2000 tons of ore a day next summer. Arrangements are being made to put in a concentrating mill at the mines with a capacity of 700 tons a day and when the shipping season opens next spring it is intended to keep this mill in operation day and night.

A. H. Parsons, of Middleton, N. S., and J. J. Drummond, of Montreal, have been on a trip of inspection to the mines were at the Royal yesterday, and will leave today to inspect the company's properties in Nova Scotia.

In conversation with a reporter Mr. Parsons said that the mines were not yet very dull at the present time, they had hopes that conditions would improve before next summer, and were making arrangements to greatly increase their output from the Drummond mines.

The new concentrating mill will assist materially in the handling of the output," he added. "We will continue operations all winter. We have a good deal of ore stored ready for shipping, and we will do a good deal of stripping this winter for the purpose of getting the property in shape for extensive operations next summer. This summer we have shipped much ore to Philadelphia, as the market in England is rather dull."

In reply to a question Mr. Parsons said the company was employing 250 men at the Drummond mines, and that quite a town had grown up at the mines. The company put out about 20 workmen's dwellings this summer, and will make preparations for accommodating a larger number of people next summer.

## EXPECTS BUMPER FRUIT SHOW.

A. G. Turney, provincial horticulturist, was at the Victoria yesterday. Speaking of the fruit show which will be opened in St. John in a short time he said the indications were that it would be a great improvement on the exhibition held in St. Andrew's Rink last year. He said the fruit growers had had a fairly successful season, and were likely to take more interest in the show than last year. Orchards in most localities bore heavily, but high winds had to some extent interfered with the harvesting of the crop. Mr. Turney added that the experimental orchards had turned out well this year, and were proving an important factor in developing interest in the possibilities of fruit raising.

Northern Provinces Are  
Now Joining With the  
Insurgents.

Anti-Government Spirit  
Has Penetrated Into  
Heart of Manchuria.

Yin Tchang in Charge of  
Government Troops is  
Hungry for Battle—Sol-  
diers Are Half-Hearted

Peking, Oct. 24.—The revolutionary spirit is now the prevailing spirit in the north as well as in the south. Those who heretofore have believed that the northern provinces might rally around the government are now of the opinion that secessions will follow in rapid succession. The precautionary measures taken in Manchuria, where the government does not permit mention of the revolution, show the anti-government spirit in the far north. There are present reports that risings have been planned for the next few days in the immediate vicinity of the capital.

The diplomatic corps have discussed the necessity of maintaining communication between Tien Tsin and Peking. The military commanders report only sufficient troops to protect the legation quarter in Peking, and the foreign settlement in Tien Tsin, which number approximately 1,000 and 3,200 respectively. Consequently, in a serious emergency only Japanese would be immediately available to the garrisons at Fort Arthur and Dalny.

The legations have not yet considered seriously the suggestion of an English paper in Shanghai and the Manchus, when desperate might endeavor to have secretly the important multitude to attack the foreigners and thereby attain foreign intervention which would militate in their favor, they are apparently forming a weak and vacillating policy, which conceivably might be followed by desperate measures.

General Yin Tchang, the war minister, seems to have pushed his troops through the passes on the Nan Fu Poh border without resistance. Some therefore, are of the opinion that he intends to attack promptly. He has, however, less troops under his command than he is reputedly supposed to have. Generally believed that he has about 15,000 of which only two battalions are Manchus. They are guarding the railway in the rear. Other troops intended for the Hankow campaign have not been sent owing to the fear of their desertion.

There was also necessity for the retention of a strong force near Peking.

General Yin Tchang sent several military attaches who attempted to follow the army, although they all possessed passports from the Chinese foreign board. The British and American attaches left here for Shanghai yesterday, intending to proceed to Hankow via the Yang Tze Kiang. It is believed that Yin Tchang, like, desires to give battle although the half hearted spirit of the troops may deter him. On the other hand, Yuan Shi Kai, Chinese like, is tempering with the rebels. Yuan Shieh has refused to leave Chang To in the special cars which have been sent for him, but there is evidence that he despatched trusted adherents of former days as emissaries to the rebel leaders. It is believed that he is endeavoring to reach a compromise between the rebels and the throne on the basis of immediate constitutional government. The foreign customs commissioner at Chang Sha has telegraphed the inspector general of customs here that the city revolted. The officials were killed and the victory fled. The foreign customs men took refuge in the river boats.

Gunboats Missing.  
Hankow, Oct. 21.—The imperial gunboats have proceeded down the river and their whereabouts are unknown. The movements of the imperial forces are a mystery. The revolutionists believe that the imperialists have scattered northwards.

Destitute Refugees.  
Shanghai, Oct. 23.—According to consular reports from Hankow the imperialists have withdrawn as far as Kienloong 64 station. Evidently for the purpose of joining Gen. Yin Tchang. Native refugees are arriving here in almost destitute condition as a result of having to pay outrageous charges for transportation.

believed here by men who should know that this amount is far in excess of the correct sum.

Disquieting Rumors.  
Early last summer rumors were circulated in the city that the manager of the Charlotte street branch of the bank, was in financial trouble of some sort but it was difficult to obtain details as the bank officers would not talk, acting in this manner with the reticence and caution which characterize their profession. The reports became more persistent and it was soon noticed that another man was in charge of Mr. Clark's book while he was missing from the city. Answers to enquiries at the time were most guarded and the most that could be learned was that he was away on leave of absence and was expected to return.

Nothing is said for months.

It was said last evening that at that time he was under surveillance but that he went into hiding and no further trace of him was obtainable until he was arrested in New York.

Chief Clark has had a warrant for his arrest for some time but could not execute it. When asked last evening the chief admitted this, but would not say that he had been notified of his arrest.

A Standard reporter learned that a telegram had been delivered at the chief's office last evening after he had gone, was signed for by the officer on duty in the central station, and placed in the letterbox in the door of the chief's office. He will receive it this morning and will probably send a man to New York tonight to bring the prisoner back for trial here.

Squeezed in Cotton.  
As to how Clark happened to get behind in his accounts, it is stated with some show of authority that he had been speculating in cotton and had been caught on the wrong side of the market. In this transaction he is said to have used the names of other men about town. The first intimation some of them had of the matter was when they received statements of speculative transactions of which they had little or no previous knowledge.

Clark was a native of Prince Edward Island and had been in the employ of the bank here for several years, most of which he had spent in the Charlotte street branch. He had never been in the head office. Quiet and apparently attentive to his business he was generally respected among the business men of the city and previous to his present trouble enjoyed the entire confidence of his superiors in the bank service.

Mr. Clark resided at 122 King street east. He was married and very popular in the circle in which he moved.

Canada's Trade.  
The total trade of Canada for Sept. 1911, was \$69,368,429, as against \$64,459,485 for Sept., 1910. For the first six months of the current fiscal year the trade has been \$400,270,855, as against \$390,277,276 in the corresponding period last year.

The imports for Sept., 1911 were \$43,378,164, as against \$38,863,582 in Sept., 1910. The imports for the six months were \$258,406,094, as against \$223,466,647 for the first six months of 1910.

The domestic exports during the six months' period were \$129,606,982, and the foreign exports, \$12,577,779, as against \$127,525,432 and \$9,285,197 respectively last year.

American Factories Coming.  
It is becoming evident that the prospect of reciprocity checked the migration of American factories to Canada. When branch factories are established in Canada the capitalists concerned usually bring their plant with them, and usually ask the customs department for rulings as to valuation. When a plant which has been used is transferred to the newly established Canadian branch the customs authorities usually send a special valuator. During the reciprocity campaign these requests slackened noticeably. The customs department now is experiencing a brisk boom in requests of this sort, showing that the American manufacturers, convinced that Canada means to remain Canadian, are recommending their northward trek.

## MATIVE OF ST. ANDREWS DEAD IN BERWICK, ME.

South Berwick, Me., Oct. 23.—Wm. H. Flynn, a retired railroad builder and contractor, died at his home here today at the age of 62 years. He had constructed portions of the Pennsylvania railroad, the New York, New Haven and Hartford, and the Central railroad of New Jersey. He also built waterworks systems at Williamstown, Conn., and elsewhere. Mr. Flynn was a native of St. Andrews, N. B., and is survived by a widow and one son.