CZAR'S VISIT TO FRANCE AT AN END

THE FRENCH PRESIDENT IS PLEASED WITH RESULT

Russian Emperor's Reply to M. Loubet—The Alliance With France—How Germany Regards Situation.

Bethelny, Sept. 21.—Replying to President Loubet's speech at the luncheon held after the review to-day, the Czar, in a clear and distinct voice read as follows:

"At the moment of leaving France, where we have again received so cordial and warm a welcome, I desire to express to you our sincere gratitude and the strong feeling which stirs us. We shall ever retain, the Empress and myself, the precious memory of these few days, so full of impressions profoundly engraved on our hearts, and we shall continue both far and near to associate ourselves with all that concerns friendly France. The ties which unite our countries have just been affirmed, and have received fresh confirmation in the manifestations of mutual sympathy which have been eloquently made here and have found so warm an echo in Russia. The intimate union of the two great powers animated by the most pacific intentions, who, while able to make their rights respected do not seek to injure in any way the rights of others, is a precious moment of appeasement for the whole of humanity. I drink to the prosperity of France, the prosperity of a friendly and allied nation, and to the gallant army and splendid fleet of France. Let me repeat all our thanks and raise my glass in your honor."

Czar's Departure.

Paris, Sept. 21.—The Czar of Russia left French soil at a late hour to-night after bidding farewell to President Loubet at the station at Bethune. All those responsible for his safety breathed a sigh of relief for it has been a most anxious time. President Loubet was very highly gratified at the success of the visit. An interesting note of the visit was the Czar's cordial attitude towards General Andre, whom the nationalists decry as an object of special dislike so far as the Russian government is concerned. The Czar watched to-day's military spectacle with a manifest admiration which possibly prompted the emphasis which he laid upon the word "allies" when he pronounced it in reply to the toast at the luncheon. He uttered the word with studied distinctness, and paused a moment as if to allow the full significance of his statement to be understood.

It is expected that the Czar and Czarina will reach Kiel on Sunday evening.

Feeling in Germany.

Berlin, Sept. 21.—While the papers have devoted much space this week to the reports of the festivities in France on the occasion of the Czar's visit to that country, the discussions on the subject were few and showed Germany to be little concerned thereby. Confidence in the Czar's peaceful intentions is so strong here that the French wooing excites no jealousy.

The newspapers, however, take delight in pointing out that the Czar used the most measured language in replying to President Loubet, whose utterances are here regarded as an ill-disguised intimation of France's thirst for revenge on Germany. All the Czar's utterances in France are here understood as meaning no interference on the part of Russia in the affairs of other nations, in respect of the existing frontiers and abandonment of all plans of warlike adventure on behalf of France. The German papers reprint with satisfaction the utterances of M. De Cassagnac and other French chauvinists, to the effect that the Franco-Russian alliance is devoid of any practical advantage for France and means her final renunciation of the lost provinces. The Czar's words "unreasonable principles" are here understood to be a gentle hint to France not to misinterpret the alliance in the direction of the recovery of Alsace and Lorraine. Hence the German press concludes the Czar's visit does not change the status quo and that France must be contented with the bloodless victories gained over Germany in winning the Czar's favor.

The tariff discussion grows warmer. The expressions of the chamber of commerce against the bill are becoming more frequent and sharper.

TELEGRAPHIC TICKS.

It is announced that Mr. Choate will visit King Edward on His Majesty's return to present personally the thanks of the United States government for the kind expressions of sympathy concerning the death of President McKinley. Mr. Choate intimates through the press his warm thanks for "Countless messages of sympathy, which it has been found impossible to answer individually, and these messages constitute an assurance of the nation's friendship and good will, which is most welcome to the United States people."

Cleveland Lusie, of Sandusky, N. Y., aged 17, who was arrested in connection with the shooting of William Mills near Sandusky last Saturday, has admitted that he and his companion, Ralph Knight, aged 15 years, did the shooting. Their intention was to rob Mills, who was supposed to have a small sum of money.

John Spiers, a Veteran Winnipegger, father of ex-Alderman Spiers, died yesterday, aged 71.

PAIN OVER THE EYES

Headache and Catarrh

Relieved in 10 Minutes.

That dull, wretched pain in the head just over the eyes is one of the surest signs that the seeds of catarrh have been sown, and it's your warning to administer the quickest and surest treatment to prevent the seating of this dreaded malady. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will stop all pain in ten minutes, and cure. 50 cents. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—5.

ESCAPE OF PRISONERS.

Two Men Serving Terms at New Westminster Take to the Woods.

New Westminster, Sept. 21.—Richard Rex,, alias Dan McCarthy, and Frank Henry, escaped from the provincial jail yesterday afternoon. A gang was working in Queen's Park at the time, and when Guard Higginson turned his back they made a run for a fence, ripped a board off, and disappeared in the woods, and have not been seen since. They had irons on at the time.

Rex was sentenced to a twelve months' term in February last for robbing a well known New Westminster citizen and taking $500 from his victim; Henry serving a term of eighteen months for stealing a purse from a lady at Vancouver's street fair last month.

FIRE FOLLOWED COLLISION.

Petroleum Train Dashed Into an Express—Eight Persons Killed and Nine Injured.

Bucharest, Roumania, Sept. 21.—The express for Vienna collided this morning at Polota with a petroleum train, killing eight persons and injuring nine. The petroleum train, which dashed into the rear of the express, was descending an incline at the time. Eighteen petroleum cars were set on fire and the express train was completely destroyed.

BURNED TO DEATH IN RAILWAY WRECK

Petroleum Train Caught Fire After Collision—Thirty-Two Persons Dead—Accident in Michigan.

Bucharest, Sept. 22.—The collision yesterday at Paolta between the Vienna express and the petroleum train appears, in the light of the latest developments, to have been a most terrible affair. In a few seconds the whole area of the collision became a huge lake of burning petroleum. There were ghastly scenes. Most of the thirty-two, who were killed, were burned to death.

Engineer Killed.

Como, Colo., Sept. 25.—A runaway freight train on Kenosha Hill, on the South Park railway, caused the death of Webster Ballinger, the engineer, and injured eighteen employees of the railway.

Several Deaths.

Grand Rapids, Mich. Sept. 23.—A passenger train collided with a freight train on the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad at Bonds Mills, near Cadilac, early to-day, and several men are reported killed.

WITH ROOSEVELT IN CUBA.

Capt. Lee Says People May Expect Great Things From President's Administration.

New York, Sept. 21.—Captain Arthur Lee, formerly military attache of the British embassy in Washington, sails today for England, after a brief visit to this country. Captain Lee represented the English army here during the Spanish-American war, and was on the Island of Cuba when President Roosevelt was there as colonel of volunteers. Captain Lee is quoted as follows:

"I became acquainted with the new President in Cuba, and practically ate and slept with him throughout a large part of the campaign. We became intimate friends, and for my part I think that the people of this country have nothing to fear, but great things to expect from his administration.

"I have studied the man at close range, and it is almost annoying to me to hear the expression made that he is of the hot-headed type. I know him to be conservative in all his actions, and his statement that he will carry out the policy of his predecessor will be believed in England notwithstanding the fact that much has been sent there as information which is calculated to create uneasiness respecting his future actions as President."

A BRIGHT OUTLOOK.

Dominion Steel Company Finds Market in Glasgow—Semi-Annual Dividend.

Montreal, Sept. 20.—At a directors' meeting of the Dominion Iron & Steel Company, held to-day, the first semi-annual dividend of 3½ per cent. was declared payable October 1st. The stock books will be closed from September 24th to October 1st. The reports submitted were most satisfactory.

The company had met the usual difficulties in getting the works under way, but is now turning out pig iron and finding a market for it not only throughout Canada, but also in Glasgow. Ore can be laid down at Sydney at a cost considerably less than first estimated, and the total cost of production will also be somewhat less than estimated.

It is expected to begin making steel in November, and the whole plant will be in operation in January.

ANOTHER CABLE COMPANY

Will Give Communication With Hawaiian and Philippine Islands.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 23.—The Commercial Pacific Cable Company was incorporated to-day with a capital of $160,000,000. The general route of the company is from New York City across the United States to California, thence under the Pacific ocean to the Hawaiian Islands, thence to the Philippines, touching other islands in the Pacific ocean. The directors are: John Mackay, Virginia City, Nev.; Geo. G. Ward, Albert Beck, Wm. W. Cook and Geo. Clapperton, New York; Albert B. Chandler, Edward G. Platt, Brooklyn; Clarence H. Mackay, Roslyn, L. I.

PROVED PRICELESS.—Ruby coats and cinnamon flavor. Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills are household favorites. Impurities leave the system. The nerves are toned. The blood is purified. The complexion is bright and ruddy. Headaches vanish and perfect health follows their use. 40 doses 10 cents. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Hall & Co.—101.

TRAVELLED DOWN THE OTTAWA RIVER

ROYAL PARTY VISIT THE LUMBER CAMPS

Enjoyed Exciting Ride Through a Timber Slide—A Trip in an Indian Canoe.

Ottawa, Sept. 22.—The Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York spent the day at Rideau Hall, resting after a week of travel and receptions. They attended service at Christ Church Cathedral at 11 o'clock, and that was their only public appearance during the day. They were accompanied by Hon. Derek Keppel and a troop of Royal Canadian Dragoons formed their escort. There was a platoon of police at the door of the church, and police in civilian dress mingled in the crowds on the streets and about the cathedral.

The crowds on the bunting-dressed streets cheered the Royal couple as they drove past. There was no demonstration at the church before the services. Seats for the Royal party and the Governor-General and the Countess of Minto had been reserved, and they were immediately shown to them. The sermon was preached by Rev. Henry Kittson, rector of the cathedral. As the Duke and Duchess left the cathedral the outpouring congregation broke into a cheer. The Duke raised his hat in acknowledgment as his carriage moved off.

The Royal party resume their journey to the Pacific coast on Tuesday morning, and their first stop of any length will be at Winnipeg, which they reach on Thursday afternoon.

It has been definitely decided that the Duchess will make the entire journey through to Victoria, and that she will not stop at Banff as once planned. Lord Minto, Governor-General, will not go to the Pacific coast with the party, but Premier Laurier will accompany them.

An Interesting Trip.

Ottawa, Sept. 23.—The Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York and their party were the guests of the lumbermen to-day, and under their guidance made an interesting trip down the Ottawa river. The Royal party were brought in from Rideau Hall on an electric car made specially for them. They left the car at Oregon street, and were taken aboard lumber cribs moored in the river. The cribs were then run through the timber slides in which the water ran with [illegible] ed of a mill race. At the end of [illegible] citing ride the members of the [illegible] were placed in Indian canoes, [illegible] by Indians, and paddled down the river to Rockliffe. They were shown through the lumber camps, and at luncheon sampled the lumbermen's food. There were canoe races and other sports at Rockcliffe. The day's outing was under the direction of Colin Rankin, for many years chief factor of the Hudson's Bay Company.

The weather conditions were perfect, the day being clear and warm. Large crowds gathered on the river banks and cheered at the sight of the Royal couple.

The Royal party returned to Ottawa in mid-afternoon.

The last public ceremony at the Canadian Capital in connection with the Duke and Duchess takes place to-night, when there will be a public reception at the Senate chamber.

THE CZAR AT A REVIEW.

President Loubet on the Objects of the Franco-Russian Alliance.

Bethelny, France, Sept. 21.—The Czar, Czarina and President Loubet at 1 p. m. concluded a review of 140,000 troops on the plan of Bethelny. The march past lasted from 10 till 11.15, terminating in a magnificent charge of 20,000 cavalry. The spectacle was intensely imposing as the infantry went by 150 files deep with fixed bayonets.

President Loubet, at the luncheon which followed the review, in proposing the health of the Czar and the Czarina, said:

"Sire,—In thanking Your Majesty and Her Majesty the Empress, in the name of the French republic, for having been so good as to attend the cheering spectacles of the last few days, my thought goes back to the great political act which preceded them, and which lends them their whole significance. Prepared and concluded by your august father, Emperor Alexander the III., and President Carnot, and solemnly proclaimed on board the Admiral Pothuau by Your Majesty and President Faure, the alliance of Russia and France has had time to affirm its character and bear fruit. If none may doubt the essentially pacific idea from which it arose, no more can anyone fail to perceive that it has contributed powerfully to the maintenance of the balance between the forces of Europe, another end of peace which to be fruitful could not be precarious. It has developed with the years, and the questions which have arisen have found it watchful and resolute, reconciling its interests with the general interests of the world. It is moderate because it is strong, and won over in the advance to settlements which are inspired by justice and humanity. (Sensation.)

"The good which it has done is a pledge that it will do still more, and it is in that full confidence that, after paying pious tribute to the memory of the noble founder of the work, of which this day is a magnificent consecration, I raise my glass to the glory and happiness of Your Majesty, the happiness of Her Majesty and of all her family, and to the greatness and prosperity of Russia, the friend and ally of France."

Washington, Sept. 20.—After an intermission of eight days the Schley naval court of inquiry resumed its sitting at 11 o'clock to-day in the tool ship at the navy yard.

AN INTERESTED SPECTATOR.

The Czar Yesterday Witnessed the French Army Manoeuvres.

Compiegne, Sept. 19.—The Emperor Nicholas passed a day full of interest. The morning was spent in witnessing the final operations of the grand western manoeuvres at which the Czar for the first time came into contact with the French army operating under war conditions, and not merely in parade uniform.

The troops were concentrated on the plain around Fort Vitry in the early morning. Operations began at 10 a. m. on the arrival of the Czar, who was surrounded by French and Russian staff officers, and followed most of the movements on horseback.

The Czarina and President Loubet, accompanied by M. Waldeck Rosseau, the Premier, followed in carriages drawn by six artillery horses. More than once the Russian Emperor galloped ahead among the soldiers and watched their proceedings as though desirous of satisfying himself of their efficiency and value as fighting units. The skirmishing army corps early developed an attack upon Fort Fresnes, the minor fort.

The Czar and Czarina, with M. Loubet and others mounted earthworks inside and watched the whole army corps advance to the assault. The enemy approached in heavy lines under cover of the shells of their artillery, to which the fort responded. The position was finally carried by the point of the bayonet.

It is worthy of note that the Russian Emperor chatted cordially with General Andre, the minister of war, which was an excellent refutation of the assertions made by the Nationalist organs that the Czar regarded him as a disorganizer of the French army.

The President and his imperial guests reached Rheims by carriage at 5 o'clock. Here the party visited the beautiful Gothic cathedral. He was met at the porch by Cardinal Langenieux, archbishop of Rheims, in scarlet robes, who was attended by the vicar general, attired in violet, and surrounded by the clergy. The cardinal conducted the Czar around the cathedral and explained the relics.

Compiegne was reached on the return at 7.30 and the Czar spent the evening quietly in the chateau.

ROBBERS ESCAPED.

Secured Twelve Hundred Dollars and Made Off.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 23.—Eight masked men early to-day entered the car barn of the Holmesburg, Tacony & Frankfort railway, in the extreme northeastern section of the city, and after binding and gagging two watchmen proceeded to the office, and there they blew open the safes and robbed them of the receipts, amounting to about $1,200. They made their escape.

WINNIPEGGERS ARE MUCH DISAPPOINTED

PROGRAMME OF ROYAL VISIT IS ALTERED

The Duke Will Not Officiate at Laying of Foundation Stone of Queen Victoria Memorial.

Ottawa, Sept. 20.—After to-day's lacrosse match, which was witnessed by the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York, Lord and Lady Minto and brilliant staff, the Duke was presented with the ball which had been used, and a lacrosse stick enclosed in a handsome leather case. He then handed the Minto Cup over to the winners and left the grounds amid the cheers of the thousands of spectators.

To-night the Royal party were entertained at an official dinner at Government House by the Governor-General and Countess of Minto. One hundred guests were present. After the dinner the members of the party drove up town to see the illuminations and decorations. The electrical effects on the parliament buildings were simply superb. The Pan-American exposition was considered to have carried the palm in this line, but visitors here claim that the electrical illuminations of Ottawa transcend those at Buffalo.

Among the addresses presented to-day was one from the Canadian club of Boston. The address said in part:

"In the state of Massachusetts, there are nearly three hundred thousand residents of Canadian birth, and the Canadian club of Boston, voicing the sentiments of this vast number, extend to you a sincere and hearty greeting. We, the Canadian residents in the great republic, in particular desire to establish in your mind the fact that we have not forgotten our love for the reigning family in England, that we have not lapsed in our affection for our native land, and we join with all Canada in extending to you and Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Cornwall and York on this visit to Canadian shore, a hearty, generous welcome, and that we wish you a long, happy and prosperous life, crowned with success and filled with the highest measure of success and contentment."

Programme Altered.

Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 20.—Lieutenant-Governor McMillan received a dispatch from Ottawa this morning stating that the Duke will not officiate at the ceremony of laying the foundation of the memorial to the late Queen Victoria. Elaborate preparations had been made locally in anticipation of official sanction of the function being received and all details of arrangements had been completed.

The decision caused much dissatisfaction to those who have worked so hard to get everything in shape for the laying of the stone and a certain amount of disappointment is expressed. Interference with the prearranged programme is thought to be the ground on which sanction is withheld.

BOER COMMANDOS TAKEN BY BRITISH

ONE HUNDRED BURGHERS AND WAGONS CAPTURED

Lovatt's Scouts Lost Heavily in Engagement Near Hershell—Lieut.-Col. Murray Killed.

London, Sept. 22.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, Sept. 22nd:

"Kritzinger, while endeavoring to force a passage of the Orange River near Hershell at 1 o'clock on Friday morning, rushed the camp of a party of Lovatt's Scouts. He failed to cross the river, but the scouts lost heavily. Lieut.-Col. Andrew Murray and Capt. Murray, his adjutant, were killed. I deeply regret the loss of Col. Murray, who throughout the war had led Lovatt's Scouts with great gallantry.

"Under cover of darkness the Boers managed to carry off a gun. They were promptly followed up and the gun was recovered in a smart engagement, in which Kritzinger lost two killed and 20 taken prisoners."

Lord Kitchener also reports that the British captured by the Boers in the ambush near Scheeper's Nek on September 17th have been released, and the British casualties in the recent Vlakfontein engagement, when the Boers captured a company of mounted infantry and two guns, were one officer and five men killed, 23 men wounded, and six officers and 109 men taken prisoners. He announces that these prisoners have since been released.

He further reports the capture of two commandos, one consisting of 55 men, under Commandant Kochs, who were taken together with their entire transport west of Adenburg, and the other consisting of 54 men, including J. P. Botha, who were taken with 48 wagons and their belongings, 45 miles southeast of Carolina.

Rumors of a Rising.

London, Sept. 23.—A most alarmist letter from Capetown is published in the Daily Express to-day. The writer says:

"The Boers are overrunning Cape Colony. They are on both coast lines and within 40 miles of Capetown. Even the intelligence department does not know how many colonial rebels have taken up arms in the last fortnight. The town guard of Capetown has been handing in the magazine rifles and ammunition, ostensibly because these are wanted at the front. Martini-Henris have been served out instead."

In conclusion the writer declares "The Dutch element in the colony is in revolt, and it is useless to disguise the fact."

At Pretoria the strength of the Boers in the field is now estimated at 11,000. If these figures be correct, the Boers must be constantly getting recruits. Their supply of arms and ammunition seems inexhaustible.

In Boer circles in Holland it is asserted that everything is prepared for a Dutch rising in both Cape Colony and Natal.

CONFERRED WITH PREMIER.

The Czar Yesterday Had a Long Interview With M. Waldeck-Rosseau.

Compiegne, Sept. 20.—Emperor Nicholas exercised the prerogative of an autocrat to-day and kept President Loubet and all the French occupants of the Chateau Compiegne marking time the whole morning until he had signified his desires. It was fully expected that he would drive to Pierre Fonds and visit the castle, and afterwards he would go shooting in the great park at the Chateau Compiegne. All arrangements had been made, and 500 pheasants were brought specially last evening and let loose in the covers.

But he did nothing of the kind. His Majesty remained in his apartments after breakfast, quietly until 10 o'clock, when he took a short promenade in the gardens, attired in a dark lounge suit and top boots, with the Czarina, clad in her invariable half mourning and followed by a hound. The Empress carried her camera with which she took a number of views.

After returning to the chateau, the Emperor had a long interview with M. Waldeck-Rosseau, the French Premier. It lasted at least two hours. Count Lamsdorff, the Russian foreign minister, also conferred with M. Delcasse, the French minister of foreign affairs.

After giving it to be understood that he would arrive at Pierre Fonds, the Czar left the chateau with the Czarina in a Victoria at 3 o'clock, when the escort, except a few detectives in bicycles, were kept in the back ground, thus giving him the illusion of a private drive and the life of an ordinary mortal. He changed his route quite unexpectedly, and instead of proceeding to Pierre Fonds, took a short drive to the village of Beaumonts, returning to the Chateau Compiegne at 5 o'clock.

The crowning feature of the day's events was the gala performance in the chateau theatre which followed a banquet in the familiar hall of the columns. At the close of the entertainment, about 11 of the leading actors and actresses were presented to the Emperor, who congratulated them upon the manner in which they had played their roles.

The Czar and Czarina took their leave of President and Mme. Loubet and retired to their apartments immediately after the conclusion of the performance as all must rise early to-morrow in order to leave by the 8 o'clock train for the review at Betheny. The review will be followed by a luncheon at which the political contests for which all France is eagerly waiting will be pronounced.

QUARRELED OVER A GIRL.

Indian Stabbed to Death—Murdered Man's Body Burned.

San Bernardino, Cala., Sept. 21.—The county officials have received a dispatch from the Needles telling of the murder at that place of an Indian named Jose Armuello by Tomo Morresto, a fellow tribesman, and the burning of Armuello's remains by the Indians, who afterwards attempted to storm the jail where Morresto is confined to lynch him.

Armuello was stabbed to death during a quarrel over a Mexican girl. Morresto fled, but was captured. When the officers went for the body of Armuello they discovered that it had been carried off by the Indians, who, taking it to the desert, heaped up a pile of brush upon which they placed the corpse, and while the flames consumed it danced about the funeral pyre chanting weird dirges.

ANOTHER DISPUTE.

British and German Guards Placed on Railroad Territory at Tonku.

Tien Tsin, Sept. 2.—A railroad dispute, similar to the recent Anglo-Russian misunderstanding here, has arisen at Tonku, where, on Saturday last, the German military authorities flagged out a portion of the railroad property and placed it under a guard of troops. The British objected to this and marched a British guard to the disputed territory. The matter has been referred to the German and British generals.

THE HORSE ARTILLERY WILL WAIT FOR DUKE

War Office Orders the Detachment to Remain in Victoria Until After the Royal Visit.

It is understood that instructions have been received from the war office to the effect that the detachment of B Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, which reached here a few days since from China, is to remain in Victoria until after the visit of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York.

The men, it was originally intended, should leave here on the 21st, but this date was afterwards advanced until the 28th, owing to the Sicilian, upon which they were booked to sail, not being able to leave Montreal until the 4th. The present order further extends the visit of these khaki-clad men of the Chinese field force possibly for a week or two longer, as they will probably remain here until they can make immediate steamship connection at Montreal. The tents, stores, etc., are all here for their accommodation, and they will not leave until they can proceed directly on board ship upon arrival at Montreal.

The men are enjoying their stay in Victoria immensely. They were the guests of the Victoria lacrosse club at Saturday's match and enjoyed the game well, although voting it "a bit roughish."

LASHED TO A RAFT.

Owner of Schooner Picked Up On Lake Huron—Three Companions Missing.

Port Huron, Mich., Sept. 21.—After having been lost on Lake Huron for over two days without food and wet to the skin, W. D. Ragan, owner of the schooner Jupiter, which became waterlogged in Saginaw bay on Sunday, has been rescued by a fishing tug off Lyal island. He was lashed to a raft and was unconscious.

Three companions who went with him when the Jupiter was abandoned are believed to have been drowned. Captain Tanson, his wife and child, and one of the crew from the Jupiter were picked up on Wednesday.

PRISONER TORTURED.

New York, Sept. 23.—According to the story told here by a Venezuelan who reached New York a few days ago, General Jose Manuel Hernandez, the head of the Conservative party in Venezuela and who is a political prisoner, is undergoing treatment even worse than that of Dreyfus on Devil's island.

Good Health

Is doubtless the highest human good. It is especially so to women, to whom it means the preservation of beauty, happiness in the home, and the enjoyment of social duties. There can be no good health for any woman who suffers from womanly diseases. Her complexion fails. Her flesh loses its firmness. Her eyes are dull. She has no home happiness, no social enjoyment.

Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures the diseases which destroy the health. It establishes regularity, dries disagreeable drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It gives good health to women, which means tranquil nerves, a good appetite and sound sleep.

"I was a great sufferer two years ago with female trouble and I wrote to you for advice," says Mrs. Mattie Hays, of Tribulation, McDonald Co., Missouri. "You outlined a course of treatment for me. I followed your directions and now feel like a different person. I never expected to hear from you when I wrote to you. In three days after I commenced taking your medicines I began to feel better. I took twenty dollars' worth of the 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I bought it five dollars' worth at a time, and also four vials of Dr. Pierce's Pellets. I would not take one thousand dollars for the good the medicine has done me. I can't praise it enough. I wish all who suffer with such troubles would give Dr. Pierce's medicines a fair trial. I can work all day—doing anything, walk where I please, and feel good. Many thanks to you for your kind advice."

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of customs and mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

ASSASSIN'S TRIAL COMMENCED TO-DAY

BUFFALO COURT ROOM GUARDED BY POLICE

Czolgosz Pleaded Guilty, but Plea of Not Guilty Was Entered on His Behalf.

Buffalo, Sept. 23.—The trial of Leon F. Czolgosz for the murder of President McKinley began at 10 o'clock this morning. Promptly at 10 o'clock Justice White took his place on the bench, and court convened. The clerk began calling the names of the first panel of jurors called. Very few of what is termed "the general public" were spectators at the opening of the case to-day.

Czolgosz, with his counsel, occupied seats directly in front of the judge's bench. The prisoner's chair rested just back of that of Judge Titus, and there were plenty of policemen near for the protection of the court and the officials from any untoward action on his part. Deputy sheriffs, with their mahogany staves of office, were placed at various points in the room, and quiet was enforced on all.

Spectators' seats were filled very slowly owing to the extreme care shown by officers in the corridors about admitting those who applied, and it was not until "court" was announced that the last one was occupied.

District Attorney Penney read the charge against Czolgosz at 10.30 and asked the prisoner how he pleaded.

"Guilty," responded Czolgosz, in a low tone. Judge Lewis arose, and addressing the court, stated that according to law this plea could not be accepted, and on behalf of the prisoner asked that a plea of not guilty be entered. The trial then proceeded.

At the conclusion of the morning session eight jurors had been secured, and there was every indication that in spite of the short hours of sitting (10 to 12 and 2 to 4), as decided upon by the court at the instigation of the counsel for the defense, the entire list of jurymen would be completed before the adjournment to-day.

No Poison Used.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 22.—The most important development in the Czolgosz case to-day was the announcement that no poison had been found on the bullets of the revolver with which the Anarchist killed President McKinley. Chemical and bacteriological examinations were made, and both revealed the fact that no poisons were used by the murderer.

Anarchists to Go Free.

Chicago, Sept. 23.—The Anarchists under arrest here are to go free. In the hearing before Judge Chetlain to-day the prosecution said there was no evidence against them, and agreed to their discharge. Similar action will be taken in the case of Emma Goldman in the Lower court.

Trouble Threatened.

Spring Valley, Ill., Sept. 22.—Twenty Anarchists, armed with double-barrelled shotguns and 1,000 rounds of ammunition, are standing guard over the office of L'Aurore, the notorious Anarchist publication, which expressed joy at the murder of President McKinley and satisfaction over the announcement of assassin Czolgosz that he was an Anarchist.

Meanwhile fully 2,000 citizens of adjoining towns have sent word to the authorities here that they are ready and extremely anxious to start at a moment's notice for this city and assist in exterminating the "reds." To-morrow a committee will wait on General Manager Dalzell, of the Spring Valley Coal Co., who resides in Chicago, and insist that he discharge every known Anarchist in his employ. The Anarchists and their sympathizers number fully 500.

The Anarchists threaten to hold a mass meeting to-morrow evening. If they persist in this plan a riot is almost certain to ensue, and there can be but one ending, for the patriotic citizens here will be reinforced by outsiders, who will come prepared for business.

Mrs. M. E. Hitchcock, of Atlin, was a passenger from Vancouver by the Charmer last night, having come down from the North by the steamer Hating.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY A GREAT FAVORITE.

The soothing and healing properties of this remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and permanent cures have made it a great favorite with people everywhere. It is especially prized by mothers of small children for colds, croup and whooping cough, as it always affords quick relief, and as it contains no opium or other harmful drug, it may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by Henderson Bros., Wholesale Agents.

WHOLESALE MARKET.

The following quotations are wholesale prices paid for farm produce this week:

Victoria	
Potatoes (Island), per ton	$ 22.50
Onions, per lb.	1½
Carrots, per 100 lbs.	1.25
Parsnips, per 100 lbs.	1.50
Cabbage, per 100 lbs.	1.25
Butter (creamery), per lb.	22½
Butter (dairy), per lb.	18
Eggs (ranch), per doz.	27
Chickens, per doz.	5.00@ 7.00
Ducks, per doz.	6.00@ 8.00
Apples, per box	1.25
Hay, per ton	10.00
Oats, per ton	32.00
Barley, per ton	26.00
Beef, per lb.	8@ 9
Mutton, per lb.	8@ 9
Pork, per lb.	9
Veal, per lb.	10

F. R. STEWART & CO.,

WHOLESALE FRUIT AND PROVISION MERCHANTS

40 YATES ST., VICTORIA.

DAIRY INSTRUCTION COMMENCED TO

STUDENTS ARE TO BE TAUGHT BUTTER-M

Initial Session in the City Hall—cations Coming In—J. A. Ru Leaves To-Night.

This morning at 9.30 a.m. th ling dairy class which will mak tematic tour of the province, sto all central points, giving instruc the art of making butter and milk, opened for the first time council chambers of the city ha chinery of every description testing and separating milk from also in making butter, has been ed, and the students will be put a thorough course of dairying f testing of milk right up to the of the butter.

This morning there were three students anxious to be instructed is undoubtedly a very interesting E. Hopkins will superintend the tions, and intending students every confidence in his experie knowledge of what he is teaching connection with the dairying dates back for many years. In may be called a veteran at the b as he has at one time occupied responsible position of superinten the dairying in the Maritime Pr C. W. McDougal, the instructor less efficient. He has graduate from the dairying school of the C at Guelph, Ontario, and from the at Madison, Wisconsin, and also several years experience as a manager.

The first drill the new student put through on going to the class struction is the running of the separatess. The principles of th important part of dairying are ex as the operation is gone through is followed by showing the stud method of handling the cream eit butter making, for direct consu or for sending to the creamery. separators of the most modern ty been purchased. One of these well known De Laval machine, other is the Melotte separator former was purchased at Wi while the latter was bought new city. In this connection it mig stated that all the machinery w exception of the separator brough Winnipeg were procured in Victo

After the pupil has thoroughl tered the principles of runnin separator a Babcock tester w brought into use. The skimmed will be tested, and the cream will go the same operation. This is as explained by Mr. Ruddick, so th student should know whether in s ing the milk he had recovered all t and also how much fat he had cream.

The next operation is the churni the butter, and for this purpos new first class churners have bee vided. The butter will be put in most attractive shape possible. be stamped as the ordinary squar and will be put in papers bearin print of the Dominion government attention will also be paid to the p tion of butter in the way of short on feeding and handling of cow Brief lectures will be given the by the instructors during the cou study, and every effort will be m turn the student into a thorough cient and practical dairyman.

In former traveling dairy class plained Mr. J. E. Ruddick, chief dairy division of the commissi branch of the department of agric the student had not been required anything but watch the instructor form the work. On this occasio said, this would be changed, the st being required to do all the work the supervision and instruction o teachers. This will make the pup only able to explain and understan business in theory, but able to pra ly perform the various operations.

No public lectures will be give dairying in this city, but the instru will give addresses at the Saanich on Saturday, and, according to Mr. dick, will also give speeches on the subject at the Victoria exhibition sired. Mr. Ruddick reports that re from the people wishing to enter cl are being received in large numbers expects a class in Victoria of abo persons, while at Comox he anticip an exceptionally large number of en

Comox, as has been mentioned, be the next point after Victoria at a stop will be made. A public me will be held there the first day. Westminster will be the next place here also a public meeting will be at which speeches will be delivere dairy matters. Enderby will be the point, and classes of instruction wi held there from October 28th until vember 2nd.

Mr. Ruddick, in conversation morning, stated that he wished it plained that the giving of dairying struction was not at all antagonisti the creameries. Some had an idea the giving of instruction on dairying a move against the creameries. was not so; in fact it was exa the opposite. In instructing people to separate the cream from the ready to send to the creameries creameries were being helped. The tinuation of the course from the sepa ing to the actual making of the bu he said, could not be termed as a n against the creameries. Mr. Rud says that he is much in favor of establishment of creameries at all venient points in the province, and himself was in charge of a party in ested in these matters who made a of the province and established crea ies at several points a short time ag

Mr. Ruddick says that the presen a bad time to commence operations Victoria on account of the near appro of the visit of the Duke and Duc of Cornwall, and the consequent m other attractions. He expects, howe to have a very good class at every p called at.

Prof. Ruddick leaves to-night and visit a number of up country points fore returning to New Westminster.