

The Evening Times Star

VOL. XI, No. 36—PAGES 1 TO 8

ST. JOHN N. B., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1915

SIXTEEN PAGES—ONE CENT

VERY VIOLENT ARTILLERY BATTLES IN THE WEST

French War Office Reports Great Guns Roaring—Outlook For Germans in Russia Poor

Paris, Nov. 13.—The following official statement was issued tonight by the French war office:— "Artillery battles of unusual violence were reported during the day in Belgium, in the region of Bus in the Artois district, in the sector of the Poisse Canal, to the north of the Somme, near Dompierre between the Meuse and the Moselle, and in the redoubt of Apremont. There were no infantry actions. QUIET REPORTS BELGIUM Paris, Nov. 13.—The statement of the Belgian war office says: "Calm prevails along the front."

LOOKS BAD FOR GERMANS New York, Nov. 13.—A cable to the Herald from London says: A despatch from Petrograd to the Times says German prisoners captured by Russians on the northern front report a meeting between the Kaiser and Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, at which the former insisted the field marshal must take Riga and Drinsk at all costs. Field Marshal von Hindenburg despatched more reinforcements, offering to resign unless he was fully supplied. As every available man was being hurried to Siberia and the western front, the Kaiser was unable to accede and left Petrograd to the German army on the eastern front constantly driven upon to fill the gaps caused by the Franco-British attacks in the west, in a perilous position and that the Russian offensive, which is growing daily, forebodes disaster to the Austro-Germans before the winter is ended.

ITALIANS FIGHT ASHAD Rome, Nov. 13.—Further progress at several points by the Italian troops is reported in an official statement issued yesterday.

EIGHTY MORE DEATHS THAN IN YEAR BEFORE

St. John Board of Health Total is 857

MUST BE DUE TO OLD AGE

Fewer From Pulmonary Tuberculosis and There is Reduction in Number of Deaths of Infants

The report of the Board of Health for the year ended October 31 shows 857 deaths in St. John during the year. This is an increase of eighty over the previous year.

It is a tribute to the health of the community and its residents that the greatest number of deaths from a single cause were due to senile debility. It is interesting to note also that the deaths from pulmonary tuberculosis this year totalled only sixty as compared with seventy-one last year. Another encouraging sign is the decrease in the number of deaths of infants, for which the greater precautions regarding milk supply, etc., may be given some of the credit. There is also a substantial decrease in the number of infectious diseases reported during the year.

The diseases responsible for the most deaths, with a comparison with last year's figures, are as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Disease Name, 1914-1915, 1915-1916. Includes Typhoid fever, diphtheria and croup, pneumonia, etc.

WINTER PORT WORK. J. H. Diffey of the C. P. R. steamship department arrived from Montreal yesterday and will be in the city for a few days arranging for the handling of the winter steamships.

Joffre In Supreme Command Of Armies Of All The Allies?

New York, Nov. 13.—The Herald says: That General Joffre has been placed in supreme control of the fighting forces of the allied armies, is indicated by confidential sources said to have been received at the Imperial Russian consulate in this city yesterday.

Strength was added to the assertion by General Joffre's trip to England, followed soon after by Lord Kitchener's hurried trip to the east. It is said Gen-



General Joffre

"Yes, You Will"



From N. Y. Evening Telegram.

Warns Britain To 'Ware Constantine'

Dr. Dillon Fears Underhand Work by Greek King—Austrian Diplomats Arrive at Athens

New York, Nov. 13.—A London cable this morning in the New York Herald says: Dr. Dillon, in a special despatch from Rome to the Daily Telegraph, warns the British government to keep a close watch on King Constantine, as it is generally believed in Italian ministerial circles that Bulgaria and Greece have reached an agreement and that, taking advantage of the dissolution of the chamber, the king as head of the army may suddenly invade Albania and occupy Monastir.

U. S. MISSIONARY IN TURKEY POISONED

Boston, Nov. 13.—The death of Rev. Francis H. Leslie of Northport, Mich., a missionary stationed at Orta, Asiatic Turkey, is announced by the American board of commissioners for foreign missions. He died by poison. The United States ambassador is investigating.

COUNTY COURT

In the case of Rachel Saxe vs. H. E. Price, Judge Armstrong, on the application of Austin A. Allen, has granted a summons returnable on the 19th inst. to show cause why judgment signed against the defendant should not be set aside. It appears that the defendant had not been served with the writ of summons; the sheriff apparently having served the wrong party.

Uneasy Over The Attitude of Greece; The War In Brief

London, Nov. 13.—Uneasiness is being shown by the Entente Powers over the attitude of Greece and this feeling is not likely to be allayed by the latest news that a German military mission has arrived at Athens by way of Bulgaria and Saloniki.

Official circles in Paris profess to believe there is no possibility of Greece changing her present attitude for one distinctly favorable to the Central Powers, but rumors of some such step became so persistent that the Greek ministry to France called at the foreign office with assurances of Greece's continued adherence to her traditional friendship for France.

Progress in the Balkan campaign is slow with Serbia's allies beginning to make their presence felt along the Macedonian frontier. French troops there are reported to be within a mile and a quarter of the town of Veles and to have occupied several villages on the right bank of the Vardar, but the expected Serbo-French junction before Field Marshal von Mackensen, commanding the German invasion, is now experiencing the most difficult phase of his campaign in front of a mountain barrier which he must surmount before he can hope completely to disorganize the Serbian army.

WEATHER BULLETIN

Issued by Authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. Stupart, director of meteorological service.

Synopsis—Showers have occurred in Quebec and the maritime provinces and a few snow flurries in the west. A depression is forming in the southwest states.

Fair and Little Colder Maritime—Fresh to strong westerly winds, fair today and on Sunday with stationary or a little lower temperature.

Submarine Chases And Capsizes Boats With Refugees From Ancona

Another Dastardly Act by Enemy Reported—Raft Laden With Survivors Overturned by Sea Caused by Circling Underwater Craft

Naples, Nov. 13.—Survivors of the Ancona, interrogated by the authorities of Tunis, testified, according to telegrams received here today from Tunis, that a submarine during the night chased boats containing the passengers and capsized some of them.

FRENCH WAR BILLS BREAKING INTO FIFTH BILLION

Paris, Nov. 13.—In a report on additional credits to be asked of the chamber of deputies for 1915, the budget committee estimates that the military expenses for the first seventeen months of the war, from August, 1914 to December 31, 1915 will be \$4,397,712,200.

ANCONA WAS RIDDLED WITH SHOTS

Paris, Nov. 13.—Passengers aboard the Italian liner Ancona were compelled to seek safety in the boats, while the steamer was subjected to a cannonade from an Austrian submarine, according to a graphic story of the sea tragedy, told by Dr. Cecile Le Grel, of New York, the Havas correspondent at Ferryville. The Austrian woman escaped only through her ability as a gymnast. She tried vainly to find a place in two boats, but there was no room for her. She saved herself by dropping from the deck into a launch, which already was in the sea. Her maid was killed in their cabin by a gun shot.

Dr. Grel's story indicates that the torpedo which sent the Ancona to the bottom was not fired until the steamer had been riddled by shots from the guns of the submarine.

Died in Small Boats. Biarritz, Tunis, Nov. 13.—The total number of survivors of the Ancona who have been landed at various points on the Tunisian coast, is 292. Four victims, a man, a woman, and two children, all Italians, who died in small boats, were buried here this morning.

Italian Sunk. Rome, Nov. 13.—The Italian steamer Firenze, 8,978 tons gross, has been sunk by a submarine. Twenty-seven passengers and ninety-six members of the crew were saved. Six passengers and fifteen of the crew are missing.

The steamer was owned by the Societa Nazionale Di Servizi, and her port of registry was Genoa.

THE FUNERAL OF SIR CHAS. TUPPER

Quebec, Nov. 13.—With full military, civil and municipal honors, the body of Sir Charles Tupper will be received here on Sunday morning on the C.P.R. liner Metagama. It is expected the steamship will dock here about five o'clock tomorrow morning.

When the Metagama docks she will fly her flags at half mast, and the flags on the immigration and other public and private buildings on the route of the procession will also fly at half staff. A military guard of honor of 100 men under arms will form the immediate escort of the body, while the entire Quebec corps of police will accompany the Metagama's docks to the Levi ferry boat, which will be lined with troops under arms. This bodyguard will be made up from among the troops in training here for overseas service.

Federal ministers are expected to attend. Members of the provincial cabinet will also be in the cortege, with the Quebec city council in a body. From Quebec the body will be taken across to Lewis on the Canadian steamer Lady Grey.

PLEASANT THAT BONAR LAW IS ON THE WAR COMMITTEE

Montreal, Nov. 13.—A London cable to the Gazette says that the appointment of Bonar Law to the newly formed war committee of the cabinet is warmly welcomed by the Times, the Westminster Gazette and many provincial papers, all recognizing that the appointment is opportune in view of what the overseas dominions are doing in the war and the universally-recognized necessity of consulting them when peace terms come to be discussed.

BURIED TODAY

The funeral of Mrs. Mary McLaughlin took place this afternoon from her late residence, Carmarthen street, to St. John the Baptist church, where burial services were conducted by Rev. F. J. McMurray. Interment took place in the new Catholic cemetery. Relatives acted as pallbearers.

The funeral of Mrs. Henry W. Fieveling took place this afternoon from her late residence, Adelaide street. Burial services were conducted by Rev. B. H. Nobles, and interment took place in Cedar Hill.

The funeral of Mrs. Leonard J. Hughes took place this afternoon from the residence of Mrs. Kathryn Hughes, 90 Portland street. Burial services were conducted by Rev. R. P. McKim and interment took place in Cedar Hill.

CORPORAL J. DRYDEN GIVES TALK IN SCHOOL

Corporal Joseph Dryden, a North End boy lately returned from France, where he was wounded in action, was a visitor to St. Peter's Boys' School yesterday, and gave the pupils a short talk on the war, relating some of the scenes and describing conditions on the battle-line. He spoke of many pleasant days he had spent in St. Peter's and told of having seen many of his chums of those years performing stirring and heroic deeds in France and Belgium. He said he was gratified to know that so many of the old boys of the school had gone to serve their country for the cause of freedom.

Corporal Dryden's remarks were followed with attentive interest by the pupils and teachers of the school and he was given an appreciative hearing.

Turks Sink British Submarine

London, Nov. 13.—The Admiralty announces: "Submarine E-20, which was on detached service in the Sea of Marmora, has not been located since October 30, and it is feared she has been sunk. The enemy has announced that three of her officers and six men of her crew have been taken prisoners."

Later an official statement said: "The British submarine E-20 has been sunk in the Dardanelles. Nine members of her crew are prisoners."

Men of Fighting Age Must Now Have Passports or They Cannot Leave Britain

London, Nov. 13.—The steamer Lapland, sailing for New York yesterday, carried no passengers of British nationality who would be eligible for military service. Several bookings were cancelled because of the new regulations which provide that men of military age shall not leave the country, unless they are provided with passports. A few Irishmen who sought to board the steamer were not allowed to embark.

A large number of bookings on the St. Paul, which will sail today, have been cancelled, presumably because the persons who intended to sail were unable to obtain passports.