Williams' Pianos
Are Patronized by Royalty and are in the homes of Merchants, Mechanics and Professional men.
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The Toronto World.

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"A Most excellent and delicious Table Water."
—SIR HENRY IRVING.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR | EIGHT PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING JUNE 8 1897—EIGHT PAGES | ONE CENT

WHITNEY'S FIRST GUN

The Ontario Campaign Opened in London.

A RIGHT LIVELY MEETING

Addressed by Leading Men of the Great Conservative Party.

Major Beattie, as Chairman, Paid a Tribute to Mr. J. P. Whitney. "the Coming Premier" of Ontario—The Ontario Government's Mismanagement Shown Up—Mr. Magwood of Perth Shows Up the Experimental Farm Failures — Col. Matheson on Politics and Sunday Cars —An Auspicious Opening of the Local Campaign for Ontario.

London, Ont., June 7.—(Special.) — The first gun in the Ontario election campaign was fired here this evening, when the pent-up jubilation over the recent election trial on the decision of the courts, burst forth with great enthusiasm. The Conservative headquarters at the old Mechanic's Institute were decorated with flags. In the front of the building hung the large banner, bearing the words: "Love your country, believe on her, honor her, love her, die for her." Everything was done to make the first appearance of Ontario's next Premier, Hon. J. P. Whitney, an eminent success.

Mr. Whitney arrived in the afternoon, accompanied by three of his staunch fighters—Mr. J. W. St. John, M.L.A., of Toronto; Col. C. J. Matheson, M.L.A., of Perth, and Dr. W. A. Willoughby, M.L.A., of Colborne—and were met at the railway station by a number of prominent local Conservatives, among whom were Major Beattie, M.P., London's gallant member for the Dominion House; Mr. James Clancy, M.P., of Bothwell; Mr. P. Bowyer of the Ridgetown Association, and Mr. W. Sullivan, president of the Conservative Club, Chatham; Messrs. John Labatt, Thomas H. Smallman, John R. Minhinnick, C. S. Tamlin, Thomas C. Jones, B. J. Nash, W. Gray, R. Bayly, Q.C., Andrew McCormick, J. H. Flock, Q.C., F. A. Fitzgerald, F. Darch, J. M. Logan, W. Evans, P. McPhillips, C. Smith and others.

The party partook of dinner at the Tecumseh House and afterwards drove through the city, returning to the club rooms, where a caucus was held.

In the evening the hall was packed before 8 o'clock, and addresses were delivered before a large audience. Major Beattie presided, and as the curtain rose the audience stood and cheered long and lustily.

On the Platform.

Seated on the platform among the local politicians were: Mr. Magwood, M.L.A. of Perth; Mr. Miscampbell, M.L.A. for North Simcoe; Dr. Guest of West Elgin; Mr. Miller, East Elgin; Ex-M.P. Dugald McColl of West Elgin and Mr. Whitney and his party.

Major Beattie

After the tremendous cheering had subsided, Major Beattie, the chairman, addressed the electors. In speaking of Mr. Whitney, he said: Mr. Whitney is not so well known to many of us as Sir William R. Meredith, our former leader was, and I have no doubt that at no distant date Mr. Whitney will be our next Premier. [Cheers.] The elected in the next election will be Conservative, but every Conservative should be ready. The present Government will bring on the election when they think they have everything well within their grasp. But after the election victory will not be on their side. They have introduced what we know here as the American spoils system. They divided the spoil, he said, and the Conservatives had just as much right to positions now held by the Liberals, as Liberals had. All they have done since they came into power in the Dominion House is to dismiss old and faithful civil servants of the country on the ground that they have been offensive partisans. "It rests with you," he said, "whether they shall have them at the next election. I regret very much to adopt that policy, but you must fight the devil with his own weapons and make a note of any asylum or other civil servant who makes himself objectionable or takes a partisan part in the next election, and when it is over you will see one of the most mournful processions outside the asylum gates that ever was seen in the city of London or walked the public streets." [Laughter and loud cheers.]

Mr. Magwood's Forcible Remarks.

Mr. Thomas M. Magwood, M.L.A. for Perth, followed, and tore the Government up the back for the way in which they manipulated things generally, more especially the Experimental Farm and the ever-increasing expenditure on the Agricultural College.

Col. Matheson's Speech.

Col. Matheson was the next speaker, and after congratulating the Conservative Association and the electors, said: We already honored two cities in Canada, those cities which returned Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir William Meredith. We always felt confident when Sir William Meredith came and London never went back on him. It is a regret to say that on one more occasion Kingston went back on our old-time leader, Sir John Macdonald. He went on to say that the people lost sight of the great issues held by the Legislature, and it was for your educational system, the timber dues, the power to run Sunday cars." [Laughter.] The Government had unlimited powers, which enabled them not only to tax men while they live, but after they were dead. The people under the present Government were taxed to death. To-day the people were paying more for educational tax than they paid for everything 20 years ago. In three years the present economical Government of Ontario had come out with a deficit of $1,233,632.86. Three years ago the Government had $1,000,016.68 in the bank, and now they had only $226,820.53. The outstanding annuities, with principal and interest, amounted to over $5,000,000, and the estimated expenditure for the present year was $3,860,000, and the estimated receipts $3,215,000, showing a deficit of $655,000.

The provincial debt had increased over $700,000. And Sir Oliver acknowledged himself that he owed the Dominion $450,000, debt incurred during the last three years, —more than was ever owed before. These debts were caused by increased expenditure, not to benefit the people, but to benefit the party. The excuse made by Mr. Harcourt, that there was no debt, because it was not immediately payable, was enough to brand it as dishonest with any business man, and they have been going behind every year by some $400,000. They have another election coming off, and within the next few days they will advertise another sale of timber limits in the Keewatin and Rainy River District, as large as four townships—some 275,000 square miles—from which they expect to realize $750,000. They had to have the money and that was the only way they could get it, and since they came into power they had spent $4,000,000 more than they have received. The present extravagance had been in force since the time of Sandfield Macdonald. If it were continued much longer the succession duties would come down as they do in England now. He concluded by appealing to the people to elect a government that would use the people's money for the people of Canada as Canadians and not as Grits and for political purposes.

Mr. Miscampbell's Speech.

Mr. Miscampbell, M.L.A., for East Simcoe, captured the audience from start to finish and paid a high tribute to Sir W. R. Meredith and hoped the people would follow his example and place country before party. Great retrenchment was necessary, or direct taxation stared them in the face. Turning to the timber limits question, he said the Opposition had before the House a simple motion asking that the timber of Ontario be manufactured within the province, and if this were done, he said, the Government would have dollars in the country where they now only had coppers. He read from a pamphlet issued by an American, pointing out, while pine in the United States had become dissipated, that Ontario now held the supply, and the speaker railed at the wanton extravagance of the Liberal Government, and showed that the cost of maintenance of each patient in the asylums of the province had increased from $25 in 1871 to $37 in the present year. Speaking of the different way people look at things, he said before the last election we were told that twenty years was too long for any Government to be in power. "I wonder how the argument will work now? I wonder if they will like a dose of their own medicine?" [Laughter and cheers.]

Ovation to Mr. Whitney.

As Mr. Whitney rose to speak the audience rose to their feet and cheered vociferously and sang "He's a dandy, just now."

When quiet was restored, Mr. William Gray, President of the Conservative Club, stepped forward and read the following address:

To James P. Whitney, Q.C., Leader of Her Majesty's Loyal Opposition in the Legislative Assembly of Ontario:

Sir,—The Conservatives of the city of London beg to extend to you a hearty welcome on the occasion of your first visit to the Forest City. We congratulate you upon your accession to the leadership of the Conservative party in the banner province in this Canada of ours. We admire the statesmanlike manner in which you led the Opposition in the session of the Legislative Assembly just closed. In you the Conservative party have a leader to whom the electors may, with perfect confidence, entrust the affairs of this province. We take advantage of this opportunity to tender you our earnest support and active co-operation in the approaching campaign. We feel confident that with a united and determined party at your back victory will be ours, and when the elections are over we shall have the proud gratification of hailing you as Premier of this fair province.

Signed on behalf of the club.

William Gray, President.

Cheers followed the reading of the address, and it was some minutes before silence was restored and Mr. Whitney was permitted to speak.

Mr. Whitney graciously acknowledged the address and said:

In these days of pleasant surprises he would have to consider the address as the best evidence of the good will of the people of London to himself and party. He

Continued on Page 2

MET THE METHODISTS.

Government Tackled on the Plebiscite Question

BY CLERICS AND LAYMEN.

Rev. A. C. Courtice Makes a Terse and Pointed Address.

If the Government Don't Intend to Submit a Prohibition Bill Let Them Say So, is What the Editor of The Guardian Practically Says—Sir Richard Cartwright Makes Reply in Attempted But Some what Doubtful Diplomacy—He Blames the Opposition, of Course, for the Government's Failure to Keep Its Promise - General News from Ottawa.

Ottawa, June 7.—(Special.)—Sir Richard Cartwright, Hon. L. H. Davies and Hon. Sydney A. Fisher were the Ministers who received the delegation of the Montreal Conference of the Methodist Church this evening, who met them in Mr. Laurier's room at 8, to tackle the Government on the prohibition question. The deputation was composed of clerical and lay delegates to the conference, headed by Mr. W. H. Lambly of Inverness, Que., and including Revs. Dr. Saunders, Manly Benson, E. B. Ryckman, F. Chisholm, G. C. Huxtable, T. G. Williams, Thomas Griffith, William Blair, J. E. Mavelty, A. Lee Holmes, John Gibson, John Wilson, John Grenfell, John Scanlon and several lay delegates.

Mr. Lambly, by way of introducing the deputation, read the resolution passed by conference in the forenoon, setting forth the pledges of the Government on the question, and the desires of the conference as to the submission of the matter to the people as a single and distinct issue. Rev. A. C. Courtice, editor of The Christian Guardian, set forth the position of the conference upon the question in a terse and polited address. In the past, he said, people had looked upon Government dealings with prohibition as designed to shelve the question. Even the Royal Commission had been so regarded by some, and he would not like the people to fall into the habit of charging the present Government with such intentions. Sir John Thompson, during his Premiership, however, said that the Government had no intention of enacting prohibition, and it would be useless for them to ask for it. That was rather shocking to the temperance people, yet they could not but admire his manly frankness. So, if this Government had no intention of submitting a prohibition bill, let them say so, and let the temperance people know what to expect. But if the Government did believe that prohibition of the liquor traffic was a higher plane of national life than licensing it for purposes of revenue, then they should say so and introduce as soon as possible a law that would carry that out. It had been hinted that the result of the Ontario plebiscite was merely the expression of a theoretical opinion. If the Government held that view they had better throw the thing overboard. But the announcements of the Premier led the temperance people to expect better things.

He acknowledged that they felt disappointed that the plebiscite bill had not been put through this session, as promised in the speech from the throne. But they were told that the absence of the Premier and the exigencies of the occasion required its postponement, and they were disposed to agree that it was, perhaps, wiser, under such circumstances, to so lay it, and condone the delay. Yet, while temperance people accepted the situation, he would say that too many such disappointments must not be so happily received. [Hear, hear.] As to the form in which the question was to be submitted to the people, he would assure the Government the temperance interests would not favor its being incorporated with the issue of direct taxation. That would impose on them the burden of a double campaign. The utterances of the public men of this country was calculated to lead public opinion away from direct taxation."

"Not all of them," interrupted Sir Richard Cartwright, with his best smile.

Well, perhaps Sir Richard was one exception, continued Mr. Courtice, but there were not many public men in Canada who had the strength to stand up on the public platform and advocate direct taxation. This being so, it was not fair to oblige the temperance element to assume the responsibility of educating people the other way. Indeed, there were those who claimed it was playing with them play with loaded dice. On the simple issue of destroying the liquor traffic they were, however, prepared to go to the country. They preferred the vote should be taken on the new franchise, on which the next Dominion House would be elected; either that or on the Provincial or municipal list, but worst of all would it be to fall back on the antiquated lists on which the last Dominion elections were fought. If it was to be held that prohibition should be enforced by the Provincial authorities, then let the Provincial lists be used. Apart from that the municipal lists, representing the sober, solid thought of the people, were preferable. What carried the Sunday car issue in Toronto, he said, was the 8000 registered voters, representing the young men who were anxious for a fast life.

Mr Benson's Remarks.

After some remarks by Mr. Hilliard, Rev. Manly Benson spoke. He assured the Ministers they had no desire to embarrass the Government. They were satisfied to let it go over till next session, but they did not want the question loaded down with anything else. That issue of direct taxation would divide the temperance vote and frighten the poorer classes.

"Now," said spokesman Lambly, "these men, Sir Richard, vote as they pray," and he added there were 1500 people in the Methodist Church awaiting the Government's reply, and the delegates wanted to take them a straight answer.

Sir Richard's Response.

Sir Richard Cartwright, in response to this appeal, complimented the delegation on their patience in putting up with a postponement. He blamed it chiefly on the Opposition, who threatened to keep the House sitting till September if the Government attempted to pass the Franchise Bill before a plebiscite was held. Besides, there was Mr. Laurier's absence, not only because he wanted to attend the Queen's jubilee, but because he had been invited to England to confer with the Imperial authorities on matters of great moment. However, the plebiscite bill would be passed early next session, and the House would be called again in a few months. The Government recognized the importance of this question being presented on a franchise that would give a full and free expression of public opinion. "As to the other point," said Sir Richard grimly, "I don't think the direct taxation is an unmixed evil. But that is merely my individual opinion and my colleagues are not to be bound by it."

He agreed that the temperance people should not be obliged to make a double campaign, and the question should not be brought up at a time when other political questions would likely be mixed with it.

"Then we go away with the assurance the matter will be kept down to the one question?" suggested Mr. Lambly earnestly.

"I cannot, of course, discuss details," replied Sir Richard, fencing off this rather pointed question not very adroitly.

He went on at once to say that if it were the will of the people to adopt prohibition the Government would carry it out. [Hear, hear.] As to the loss of revenue involved, well, if the people lay upon the Government the burden of meeting it, the Government would meet it to the best of their ability. For the rest, he fully recognized the force of their arguments and would take care that they were very fully brought before his colleagues.

Hon. Mr. Fisher assured the delegates that the Government had no desire to play fast and loose with the question.

Hon. Mr. Davies assured the delegates that Mr. Laurier's strong personality in this matter rendered his presence indispensable in dealing with it. Mr. Laurier, as they knew, represented in such a great measure the people of Quebec, who in this, as in other questions so largely confided in him. "Even the bishops," interjected the spokesman, at which the whole company laughed. Having put their hands to the plow, said Mr. Davies, the Government was not going to look back.

"Then we hope you will put it before the public in a shape that it will be a winning ticket," remarked Mr. Courtice, but this observation from its spokesman the deputation withdrew.

A New Departure.

Mr. Fielding gives notice of motion tonight that the Governor-in-Council may, from the School Fund of the Province of Manitoba, pay over from time to time to the Government of that province, at the request of said Government, such sum or sums as the Governor-in-Council deems proper, not exceeding altogether $300,000, to be spent by the Government of Manitoba in support and maintenance of the Public Schools of that province. This is quite a departure from the usual practice, hitherto interest on money derived from the sale of school lands having been paid to the province.

The Crow's Nest Line.

Vice-President Shaughnessy of the Canadian Pacific Railway and Judge Clark, the company's solicitor, were here to-day on business with the Government. In the course of conversation he said that if the Crow's Nest Pass Railway agreement goes through this session, he anticipated the company would have the line completed to the summit of the Rockies this year, and to Kootenay Lake by the end of next year. Until such time as the Columbia was bridged there would be a ferry car service up the Kootenay Lake to Nelson.

Casey and Maclean's Bills.

The Special Committee on the bills of Messrs. Casey and Maclean to promote the safety of railway employes met this morning to consider their report to the House. It was decided that the automatic device to be attached to the air brake, to notify the engineer if anything went wrong, should not be made obligatory until after two years from the time it appears to the Railway Committee of the Privy Council that an effective device exists. It was decided to drop the uniform room height, but a uniform draw bar height was adopted. Companies are to equip cars with both outside and end ladders. The arch iron rail asked for by the men was dropped. The compensation clause was amended so as to grant sixty per cent. of the current rate of wages for not more than one year for injury; three years' salary for total disability and four years' salary, not exceeding $4000, for death. Any employe who accepts this shall be debarred from any further claim.

Mr. Ridley's bill now before the British Parliament is the basis of these compensation clauses.

Mr. Powell protested against the practice in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, under which an employer is not held liable for damages arising out of accidents caused to one employe by the fault of a fellow-employe. At his motion a clause was added to the bill to be reported to the House prohibiting railway companies from pleading this non-liability.

Mr. Maclean's bill was approved of. It provides for all trains being equipped with

Continued on Page 2.

MORAL HYSTERIA.

OLD LADY OF THE SENATE (frantically): A mouse, a horrid mouse! Kill it, Richard, kill it!

OUR ROSSLAND SPECIAL.

Black Cock Claim Bonded by an English Syndicate — Montezuma to Have a 500 Foot Tunnel.

Rossland, B.C., June 7.—(Special to The World, via Spokane, Wash.)—The Black Cock claim on Quartz Creek has been bonded by the Hall Exploration Company of London for $70,000.

The Daylight Mine, on Toad Mountain, is shipping to Kaslo.

The Montezuma Company have awarded a contract for a 500-foot tunnel.

Ore receipts from Kaslo were 360 tons last week.

Mineral exports from West Kootenay for May were, $400,000; customs receipts, $42,000.

Corporation laborers' wages are reduced to $2.50.

There are now six trains daily between Trail and Rossland.

Important Notice—"Hercules."

Owing to other manufacturers recently applying an almost similar name to ours to the common wire beds, thereby causing confusion, as the public would not be positive they had secured the genuine article, we have decided to re-christen our famous bed, which we shall call them "Hercules." We will now call the cheapest kind of this weave lock beds, but the guaranteed beds will be called "Hercules." They are the best wire beds ever made in Canada. We own the Canadian patent on this fabric. One pound of this fabric is as strong as 20 pounds of the old kind. This means 1 equals 20. Price about as low as the common kind. "Hercules," "Hercules." Ask your dealer for "Hercules" spring beds, guaranteed not to sag. Gold Medal Furniture Manufacturing Company. 246

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

Sparkling Champagne Cider.

Sparkling Champagne Cider, made from pure juice of the apple, an excellent summer beverage. Mara's, 79 Yonge-street, Phone 1708. 21

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W Ladies 75c; gents, day 75c, evening 50c.

More scorchers were in the Police Court yesterday and were fined $3 and costs. Scorching has got to be stopped and hereafter the penalty will be $5 and costs.

Blotting Pads.

Strong leather corners, and filled with the best quality blotting, at 15c, 25c, 40c, 50c, 60c, and 75c each. Scribbling pads in great variety, from 1c up. Blight Bros., 865 Yonge-street.

When wheeling or exercising in any way use Adams' Tutti Frutti It allays thirst and gives staying power.

Grand & Toy's Snaps

Envelopes, "Envellups," or "Ongvelopes," call them whatever you please, but when you need printed envelopes, don't forget that we are headquarters for same. If it is a good thing we have it. Grand & Toy, Stationers and Printers, Wellington and Jordan-streets, Toronto.

Pember's Turkish baths, 129 Yonge.

Lake View Hotel, Parliament and Winchester-streets; terms $1 and $1.50 per day. Special rates to weekly boarders. Table d'hote, 6 to 8 o'clock. J. H. Ayre, proprietor. 246

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W. Open all night. Bath and bed $1.

DR. ENGLES DROWNED.

He and His Brother Were Out Fishing and Their Boat Capsized.

North Bay, Ont., June 7.—Dr. Engles was on a fishing trip, and while he and his brother were out in a boat a sudden storm came up, in which the boat was capsized. Both men were soon struggling in the water. The Doctor's brother was saved, after great efforts on his part to save the Doctor, who became exhausted and in which attempts he nearly lost his own life. The place where the accident occurred is about 15 miles from here. The body was found last night and was forwarded from Callander to Chicago this morning.

French Clarets

We are offering a fine selection in French clarets at the following prices: $3, $3.50, $4, $4.50, $5, $6, $6.50, $7 and $8 per case; also some choice brands in old vintage and Chateau wines. Mara's, 79 Yonge-street. Phone 1708.

"Salada" Ceylon Tea is restful.

The Color of the Moment.

The universality of the royal purple necktie is demonstrated by the fact that Quinn of 115 King-street west has already cut up over three hundred yards of this fashionable shade of silk into neckwear. June does not promise any abatement of the craze. Bow ties made from the richest kind of silk are retailed for twenty-five cents.

When you ask for Adams' Tutti Frutti see that you get it. Some dealers to obtain a big profit try to palm off imitations.

Kent's Coal on Top.

When citizens are putting in their supply of coal for the winter it is necessary to get the best that can be bought, because, if a chance is taken, dissatisfaction throughout the winter may be the result. For high-grade coal Kent's coal may be considered to be on top. Temporary office now at 65 Yonge-street, near King-street. 246

Pember's Turkish Baths—Ladies 75c. 129 Yonge.

MARRIAGES.

CATTO—TAYLOR—At St. James' Cathedral, Toronto, on Monday, June 7, by the Right Rev. Bishop Sullivan, assisted by the Rev. T. C. Street Macklem, Charles James Catto, to Leila Alice, daughter of Mr. John Taylor.

DEATHS.

BARFF—At her late residence, 147 Euclid-avenue, Mrs. Ellen Barff, age 64 years.

Funeral 9 a.m. Wednesday, 9th inst., to St. Michael's Cemetery.

EAST—On the 7th inst., at 214 Bleecker-street, Florence Julia, beloved wife of H. M. East of Osgoode Hall, barrister-at-law.

Funeral private; no flowers.

MORTIMER—At East Toronto, Monday, June 7, Henry Mortimer.

Funeral Wednesday at 3 p.m. to Norway Cemetery. Funeral private.

RICHARD—On Monday, June 7, at his father's residence, 94 Sydenham-street, after a lingering illness, Thomas, eldest son of Cyril and Margaret Richard, in his 24th year.

Funeral Wednesday, at 8.30 a.m., from above address to Church of the Sacred Heart, thence to St. Michael's Cemetery.

Bobcaygeon and Lindsay papers please copy.

SETTLE THAT TARIFF.

The Uncertainty Should Be Put an End to.

BUSINESS DEPENDS ON IT.

The Future Still Shrouded in Uncertainty, Says Mr. Clouston.

Past Year Disappointing and Full of Unsettling Incidents—Continuance of the Present State of Affairs Will Result in Disaster—The Annual Meeting of the Bank of Montreal and the Remarks of General Manager Clouston — Coming Appointments by the Dominion Government—Other News from Montreal.

Montreal, June 7.—(Special.)—Men who think almost in millions gathered to-day at the Bank of Montreal, it being the annual meeting of that great institution. Senator Drummond presided in the absence of Sir Donald Smith.

General Manager Clouston said: "In Canada the future is still shrouded in uncertainty. The past year has been very disappointing—a year of increasing business depression, full of unsettling incidents, and there have been a considerable number of failures. More will have to follow unless some improvement takes place this year. The position, so far as I can read it, is this, and it seems to me a very delicate one. Any further depression coming on a community already weakened by a long fight against adverse circumstances will precipitate a very serious state of affairs, worse than anything we have yet had to encounter. On the other hand, a settlement of the tariff, with a due regard to vested interests, a policy dealing with fair prices, lenient treatment and judicious, meantime, to those in business, may yet make this year the beginning of a prosperous cycle. The position is not by any means hopeless. Crop prospects are good in the Northwest, fair in Ontario, though backward in Quebec. Mineral development still continues in the west, and adding daily to the wealth of the country. Though our lumber trade with the United States is not in a satisfactory position, our timber trade with England is good."

Senator Drummond referred to the Queen's Jubilee celebration, and said that Canada would be worthily represented by Mr. Laurier.

The report was adopted and the old Board of Directors re-elected. The largest stockholders of the Bank of Montreal are: W. C. Macdonald 2050, Sir Donald Smith 1041, Senator Drummond 750, Hector Mackenzie 750, Senator O'Brien 510, Mr. Angus 520, Mr. Molson 520, A. W. W. Ogilvie 520.

There are 59,759 shares registered in Montreal and 241 in London, Eng.

Coming Appointments.

It is said that quite a number of important appointments will be made in this province in the near future by the Dominion Government. Mr. Raoul Dandurand, who directed the last provincial campaign, and who is the son-in-law of Premier Marchand, will be made a Senator in place of Hon. Mr. Bechard, deceased. Hon. Mr. Tarte promised the seat to ex-Mayor Ocain of St. Johns, but political exigencies willed it otherwise, and it is also stated that the Dandurands have a pull with Lord Aberdeen.

Hon. J. E. Robidoux, Provincial Secretary, and Mr. H. C. St. Pierre, Q.C., will be appointed to the Superior Court bench, the one at Aylmer and the other at Sherbrooke. It is likewise said that Chevalier Drolet, who was sent to Rome, will replace Hon. Hector Fabre at Paris as Canadian Commissioner, and that the present representative at the capital of France will be sent to Washington as Canadian agent to the United States.

Other Montreal News.

Major Radigar, paymaster of the fifth military district, died at an early hour this morning.

The delegates who go from here to attend the general assembly of the Presbyterian Church at Winnipeg are of the opinion that the new moderator will be Rev. Dr. Moore of Ottawa.

Cook's Turkish Baths. 204 King W. Open all night. Bath and bed $1.

The Leading Summer Hotel.

The brigade camp at Niagara begins to-day and the season at this most delightful of Canadian resorts will be in full swing by Saturday next, when the Queen's Royal, the premier summer hotel of Canada, opens for the season. June is a most delightful month at old Niagara, and the management offer the special rate of $12 per week.

"Salada" Tea is not nerve disturbing.

Fine and Cool.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Esquimalt, 54—66; Kamloops, 56—80; Edmonton, 40—80; Prince Albert, 30—70; Qu'Appelle, 30—66; Winnipeg, 32—58; Port Arthur, 32—48; Toronto, 54—66; Ottawa, 54—74; Montreal, 52—70; Quebec, 48—64; Halifax, 44—66.

PROBS.: Moderate, variable winds; fine and cool.

Pember's Turkish Baths—Evening 50c 129 Yonge.

Steamship Movements.

June 7.	At.	From.
Bovic	New York	Liverpool
Aller	New York	Bremen
Hibernian	Glasgow	Boston
Norwegian	Father Point	Glasgow
State Nebraska	New York	Glasgow
Benedict	Queenstown	St. John's, Nfld
Nicolson	Leith	Quebec
Ganges	Newcastle	Montreal
Barcelona	St. John's, Nfld	Liverpool
Sir W. Raleigh	London	Montreal
Greylands	Kingroad	Montreal
Fulda	Gibraltar	New York
Servo	Cherbourg	New York
Hekla	Christiania	New York
Assyrian	Philadelphia	Halifax
Eleanor	Sunderland	Quebec
Hibernian	Glasgow	Boston
Arecuna	Glasgow	Halifax
Bernicia	Avonmouth	Montreal
Canada	Liverpool	Boston
Ethria	New York	Marseilles
Mohawk	New York	London
Anchoria	New York	Glasgow

IN MEMORIAM.

Surgeon Lieut.-Col. Frederick William Strange. Born Sept. 9, 1844; died June 5, 1897.