

## HEAD QUARTERS,

Ottawa, 30th April, 1869.

## GENERAL ORDERS.

## VOLUNTEER MILITIA.

## PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

26th "Middlesex" Battalion of Infantry.

No. 7 Company, Strathroy,

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

James Thomas Alexander Gilzeau, Gentleman, vice Tarrant, resigned.

To be Ensign:

William Henry Saunders, Gentleman, M. S., vice Sommerville, left the limits.

47th "Welland" Battalion of Infantry.

To be Majors:

Captain Thomas Macklem, provisionally from No. 3 Company.

Captain William Stiff, from No. 6 Company.

The resignation of Captain and Adjutant Sutherland is hereby accepted.

No. 3 Company, Chippewa.

To be Captain, provisionally:

Lieutenant John Flett, vice Macklem, promoted.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Ensign John E. Thomas, vice Flett, promoted.

To be Ensign, provisionally:

Private Edward Kemp, vice Thomas, promoted.

No. 5 Company, Clifton.

To be Captain, provisionally:

Lieutenant James Tattersall, vice Stiff, promoted.

To be Lieutenant, provisionally:

Ensign James Stiff, vice Tattersall, promoted.

## PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

The formation of the following corps is hereby authorized, Officers, provisional, viz:

An Infantry Company at Kingston, King's County.

To be Captain:

D. P. Wetmore.

To be Lieutenant:

Thomas Lee Scovil, Gentleman.

To be Ensign:

James B. Emery, Gentleman.

The following Corps which had been enrolled were omitted from the General Order of the 6th February last, viz:—

Springfield Troop of Cavalry, King's County.

Woodstock Battery of Garrison Artillery, Carleton County.

St. John Engineer Company, St. John County.

The formation of a Regiment of Cavalry is hereby authorized, to be called the "New Brunswick Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry," and will be composed of the following Troops, viz:

No. 1 Troop.....	Hampton.
No. 2 do .....	Asskeag.
No. 3 do .....	Apoahqui.
No. 4 do .....	Upham.
No. 5 do .....	Johnston.
No. 6 do .....	Shediac.
No. 7 do .....	Springfield.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel:

Lieutenant-Colonel John Saunders.

To be Adjutant and Drill Instructor:

Captain Robert W. Otty.

To be Paymaster:

Captain W. Chipman Drury.

By Command of His Excellency  
the Governor General.WALKER POWELL, Lt. Col.,  
D. A. G. Militia,  
Canada.

## HURON RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

SEAFORTH, April 13th, 1868.

The Committee having re-assembled according to adjournment, the following members being present, viz.: Messrs Ross, Hays, Thompson, Bull, Robertson, Jordan, Coleman and Cooke.

The following resolutions were proposed and carried.

1. That Lieut.-Col. Ross be President for the ensuing year.

2. That the expenses incurred by the Secretary for Printing, Postage and Stationery, &amp;c. be paid.

3. That Dr. H. Cole be 1st Vice President.

4. W. S. Robertson, 2nd do.

5. Thos. Gibson Esq, 3rd do.

6. Capt. Hyndman 4th do.

7. The Treasurer and Secretary be re-appointed.

8. The old Committee be re-elected.

9. Messrs Ritchie, Bishop, Perkins, Hunter and McMillan be added to the Committee.

10. That the Prize Meeting to be held on the 17th and 18th of June next at Seaforth.

11. That all subscriptions be sent to the Secretary, not later than the 14th May next.

12. That Messrs Ross, Thompson, Robertson, Bull and Cooke, be formed into a Committee to assemble at Goderich on the 25th May next, for the purpose of framing a Prize List, and drawing up rules and regulations for conducting the Shooting Match.

13. That this meeting do now adjourn until the evening of the 17th of June, 1869.

H. COOKE,  
Secretary.

## A PLEASANT STORY

A correspondent of the Washington "Express" tells the following pleasant story:—

"In the summer of 1858 or '59 the writer of these notes was quietly seated in the pleasant reading room, in London, of George Peabody. We had just parted with Mr. Hurlbut, when two venerable personages entered the room, wearing badges and medals, who were formally introduced, one as Com. Gordon and the other Sir John Wilson, both of Greenwich Hospital. Sir John Wilson had been engaged in the war of 1812. We have been introduced as from America; and Sir John turned and said 'Mr. W., I have two very substantial reasons for feeling interested in your country.' Glancing at Mr. Peabody, he continued: 'I have, you know, \$10,000 Mississippi Planters' bank bonds, upon which I can't get the in-

terest. Never mind about money matters; the next reason is, that I was literally shot to pieces in the action at Fort George, and was picked up by the Americans—a prisoner, helpless, and almost hopeless of life. All chance of my ever again standing under the red cross of England, I was assured, was now at an end, and I applied for, and obtained, a parole as soon as I could possibly leave the hospital. I started on a stretcher in an improvised ambulance for New York. Whenever we stopped I was lifted out and in, fastened on my bed not exactly a bed of down and generally I rested in the day time in the largest public rooms at hand. I think it was at a village called Canandaigua. I lay an object of enquiry and curiosity, in the cool parlor, doors open, thinking of friends at home and calculating my chances of ever seeing them again, when a plainly attired person approached me and said: 'I am, Britisher, I am sorry to see you in this way, but what the devil sent you over here to fight us? All we ask is free trade and sailors' rights; and don't it every true Englishman ought to be in favour of them,' 'I was worried and sleepy at the moment,' added Sir John, 'and in no humour to argue a point so pertinaciously intruded upon me.' I said, 'My good fellow, pick up some other Englishman that hasn't five bullet holes in his body unhealed, and two balls not yet extracted, and talk to him.' He turned away saying, 'I didn't know you were so bad as that.' At that moment the hotel keeper came in and asked me if there was anything he could do for me. I was faint and thirsty, and I replied, 'If you could give me a bottle of English porter or brown stout I should like it above all things.' He replied he was sorry he had and not could get nothing of kind in that the place." Sir John continued: "My attendant soon after proposed moving on to our next station; and we started. I suppose we must have travelled some six or seven miles, when I heard a hallooing from behind, and a call to halt. I turned and saw the same persecutor (as I deemed him for the moment) that I had met at the hotel, who was so amply interested in behalf of free trade and sailors' rights. Coming up along-side, he cried out, 'I say, Britisher, you didn't expect ever to see me again, did you?' I was irritated, and replied 'No, I never expected nor wanted to see you again.' 'Jest so; but I heard you ask the landlord for some brown stout, I knew an old Scotchman who had some about four miles off, and I went and got you a dozen bottles. Here, driver (addressing my attendant), take 'em in.' He had driven his fine team four, and returning made eight miles, and followed me six or seven more, attested by his foaming horses, to bring me—a Britisher, bleeding from a fight with his own countrymen—relief which I had fruitlessly asked for at the hotel! There was a tear plainly trembling in the old baronet's eye as he recounted this, and Admiral Gordon, who was looking at a map on the wall at the moment, broke out, 'A good fellow, by G—, if he was a Yankee.' Business intervened, and we left. This was the last and all we ever saw of either of these brave old men."

An English gunmaker, Mr. Thomas Wilson, had an interview with the Emperor Napoleon, and had submitted to him an improvement in the Chassapot musket, calculated greatly to increase its efficiency. His Majesty, it is said, was so struck with the practical value and the simplicity of Mr. Wilson's plan that he presented him with a gold medal of himself and the Prince Imperial.