#### Now I Lay me Down to Sleep.

The fire upon the hearth is low,
And there is willness everywhere
Like troubled spirits, here and there
The firelight shadows intering go.
And as the shadows round me greep,
A childish treble breaks the gloom
and softly from a farther room
Comes "Now Hay me down to sleep

And, somehow, with that little prayer
And that sweet treble in my cars,
My thought goes back to distant years.
And lingers with a dear one there
And, as I hear the child a spien.
My mother's faith comes back to me
Grouched at her side I seem to be
And mother holds my hands again

Of for an hour in that dear place!
Of for the peace of that dear time
Of for that childsh trust publime Of for a glumpse of mother s face?
Yet, as the shadows round me creep.
Ido not seem to be alone
Sweet magic of that treble tone.
And 'now I lay me down to sleep.

Engene Field

#### A Dog Story.

The more intimate the association of the deg with the man the greater his intelligence, and many dogs have given indisputable evidence of understanding overy word uttered in their presence. "Jack," an Irish setter, whose home is in Maryland, had the regular duty of bringing the mail from the letter box at the gate, the house standing well back from the road. His family were anticipating a two weeks visit in New York, and proposed sending Jack to the country during their absence. Jack's wishes in the matter were not consulted, and he was not invited to take part in the discussion; but that he listened was proven by his actions. It was decided to start on Tuesday ovening, provided a letter was received by the morning's mail. It did not come however, nor in the afternoon, when lack brought up the whole batch, and to his satisfaction no one left home. Several days passed, then a telegram came inquiring what was the matter. An exchange of letters disclosed the fact that the premised letter was written and should have been received when expected. A search, into which Jack was impressed much against his will, discovered the missing letter Indden in a hen coop, and it bore un nustakable ovidence that Jack had placed it there.

Now, it is not to be supposed that Jack could read or distinguish hand writing, so his keen nose must have recognized the writer, who was a resquent visitor, of whom he was very found but only from hydrology to their fond, but only from listening to their talk could be have connected that person with the plans for leparture. This is the only instance of Jack's over botraying a trust, but the sagacity he ovinced was so great that confidence in him was increased instead of lessened by it. - Demorest's Magazine.

# Who Had the Kalfe?

A learned professor was explaining to his class how the identity of a thing might remain, even with the loss of its parts. "Hore," he said, "is this pen-knife. Now, suppose I lose this blade and replace it with a new one—you see it has three blades—is it still the same knife?" "Yes! yes!" cried the class. "And suppose," he sant, "I lose a second blade, and replace it with a new one, is it still the same kmfo? "Oh, yest said! the class. "And suppose," he said "I'llose the third blade, and replace it with a new one, is it still the same kmfo? The class eagerly responded, "yes "Now," said the professor, triumplantly "suppose I lose the handle and have a now one made, is it still the same kinfe?" "Certainly!" reared the scholars. But here a youth grose, one of the clear headed kind. "Professor," said he, "suppose I should find these three blades and that handle, and put them together again, what kinfe would that be?" The professor's answer is not recorded.—Kx.

# Noise an Aid to Hearing.

Most deaf persons hear better in the midst of a moderate din than when it is quiet around them. The nerse of the cars in travel or the whit of machinery in mills helps to make up the volume of sound necessary to reach their impaired organs. An amusing illustration ar pears in the case of a very venerable deaf gentleman who lived quite alone. On the very rare occasions when he had a visitor ho used to busy hunself shaking down the ashes in his coal stove, so that by dint of the supplementary and icalstandard and or he might catch what his visitor had icalstandard and Dakota Banner.

"1" and "Me."

What in the world is to be done with those otherwise good people who persist they do it but why should they?

in conversation in using "I" and "he" in the objective. Most of these people know better, though some of them are college graduates, but they go on say-ing "Will you go with Dick and I to the symphony" and even, "It was between he and "I," though they would never, of course, say, "Will you go with I?" The number of people who use this solecism is apparently increasing. The listener has heard public school teachers use it, and the sound of it is not altogether unfamiliar in what is called "society. though " Me and him did it, is not a whit more ungrammatical than "Be-tween you and l." Evidently some people use the phrase without knowing that they do it but why should they? Still other people who have been taught that "Me and him went," is not correct, ig norantly suppose that "Between you and Dilicition william to the medicial we follows at a very smalls amount, at H a m in the validation of a temperature of the modern theory of the modern theory of the modern me" is also ungrammatical. In this case, of course, the mostake is due to pure ignorance, and no one can complain of it. because ignorance is generally a misfor-time rather than a fault. But when people who have been to school use the nonmative case in the objective and say "Be ween you and I. or "I will let you and he know, one feels like project. ing some convenient article of furniture at them. Perhaps some form of violence will have to be resorted to in order to break up the practice. Roston Tranrept.



Scene nearly like above in the Girls' Sitting Room on Christmas morning at 10 o'clock, when the cords of hoxes and presents are distributed to our deaf children.

### A Move in the Right Direction

That day has passed when it is concest ed that my one can teach the deaf. We suppose every Superintendent will still receive applications from people, whose triends say of them that "they do not know much, and cannot do anything else, but think that they can teach dummes.

It takes a smarter person to teach the deaf than it does the hearing. When ever you we a successful reacher of deaf children you may be aire you see one who would have succeeded clsowhere and one who travelevoted much time and pamy to training for the work

It has been the custom in the past to have this training lone at the expense of the State, and mas' too often at the expense of the poor children. This custom, too, is becoming obsolete.

In some public schools, especially in Michigan, a system of "Cadets," has grown up A teacher, especially a teacher of known ability, takes one, sometimes two or more young men of good education to help her teach, and to trach under her eye. These culcts receive no pay, frequently they pay for the privilego, but they get a thorough drill, and usually find places the next year. Mechagan Marror.

If our school rooms could be turned into rooms of encouragement instead of criticism it would create a higher eth ical standard amongstour pupils North



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# Grand Trunk Railway.

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# GENERAL INFORMATION

Classes:

ONTARIO

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SEND for the , an amount encoder and other interesting matter

A Business Education.

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4EXT PRIT ADDRESS

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School Hoten I rom on he to 12 done, the from 1 30 to 5 p. m.
DENNING CLASS from CO to 5 p. m. on The das and Thursten afternoons of each week times Faxer Work class on Monday and Weinesday efternoons of each were from 3 20 to 5.

J. it is 5.

816 v. C. Lass for Junior Teachers on the after noous of Monday and Wednesday of each week from 110 to 4.

1. FFSIve STUDY from 7 to 8 for junior pupils.

# Articulation Classes .

From Ca. m. to 12 mon, and from a reto of h

# Religious Exercises . .

EVERY BUNDAY -PYDDAY DUDIES A "A. his senior pupils at 11 a m., General Lecture at 2Dy m., immediately after which the Pible Class will assemble that be shoot. Day the pupils are to assemble in the Chapel at a 55 a m., and the Teacher in-charge for the week will open by grayer and afterwards dismiss them so that the may exach their respective whom recents how later than 2 oclock in the afternoon a for clock the pupils will again assemble and after grayer will be dismissed in a quiet and effect grayer will be dismissed in a quiet and effect grayer will be dismissed in a quiet and effect grayer will be dismissed in a quiet and effect grayer will be dismissed in a quiet and illurke, light flew Monesking I arrelley V.O. Hey J. is George (President illaminal) likes b. S. Baker, Micholath III. Marley illustration flew Pather O'Brien.

Bibley Class, Bunday afternoon at 115 International Series of Sunday 'chool Lesson's Mass. Anner Monthlesson, Teacher

1. Clergymen of all Denominations are cordially invited to visit usat any time.

# Industrial Departments 🛶

PRINTING OFFICE, Billor AND CARPENT MITOR from 730 to 6.73 mm, and from 330 to 6.73 mm, and from 3.30 these who do not from 7.30 mm and from 1.30 to 5.30 p.m. each working descript Saturday when the office and abowill be closed at noon.

THE SERVICE CLASS HOUSE are from 9 mm, 12 melock, moon, and from 1 mm 1 mm, 12 melock, moon, and from 1 mm 1 mm, 12 melock, moon, and from 1 mm 1 mm, 12 melock, moon, and from 1 mm 1 mm, 12 melock, moon, and from 1 mm 1 mm, 1 mm,

Fig. Member Class House are from 9 a 10.2 if o clock, noon, and from 1 at to 10 m. It those who do not attend school, and from 3 https://doi.org/10.2006/10.20

for Teachers, Officers and others are not allow matters foreign to the work in hand interfere with the performance of the erreal duties.

### Visitors:

I fraction the are interested destrous of via ing the listilitation, will be unde welcomed may school day. No sistiom are allowed Saturdays, Sundays or Holiday, except the regular chapel exercises at 2 st on Na ias afternooms. The test time for visita on outlinery school days is as soon after I in the afternoon as possible as the class are dismissed at althoughth.

### Xdaussion of Children : --

When pupils are admitted and parents con with them to the institution, they are kind advised not to linger and prolong less taking with their children. It only mak liseconfort for all concerned particularly the parent. The child will be tenderly car for and if left in our charge without del will be quite happy with the others is af days, in some cases in a few hours.

## Visitation :—

It is not beneficial to the pupils for trenca visit them frequently if parents no come however they will be made welect to the class frame and allowed every optimity of secting the general work of section. We cannot furnish beliging or measurements greats at the hastinitien. However, and it is a finite of the Hudhian Home Queen - Angle-Aperic and Lemmin Home Queen - Angle-Aperic and Lemmin Home Queen - Angle-Aperic

### Clothing and Management:

arents will be good enough to have all dir icons out the good cloudy to give at the lions concerning riching and management of their children to the superintendent. It correspondence will be allowed between twistic such employees under any circu-stance, without special permission by each newactor.

Sichness and Correspondence to care of the erious illness of population of telepanias will be sent daily to parella practicals. To the Appene of 1877 BRINISHOF PUPILS MAY BE QUITE SUBSTITUTE ARE WEST.

All pupils who are capable of doing for he regulated to write home every three were letters will be written by the teachers for little ones who ramined write, stating, as near an possible their wishes.

1. No include preparations that have be used at home or prescribed to family partians will be allowed to be taken by ful except with the consent and direction of Physician of the Institution.

Parentean of the Institutes are war against Quack Dactors who salvertise in cities and appliances for the cure of Diness. In 22 carea out of figures are fined only want money for which they no return to count well known mere practitioners in cases of adventitions of the said by guided by their counsely advice.

11. MATHISON.

II. MATHISON,