

Publishers' Desk.

Cheap Fares on the C.P.R.—Those contemplating a visit to friends and relations during the Christmas festivities should note the liberal arrangements for carrying passengers made by the C.P.R. From December 23rd to January 1st return tickets will be issued at all stations in Canada at very greatly reduced rates.

A Valuable Opinion.—Chicago, Ill., Nov. 30th, 1898, *Missrs. Fleming Bros.*, Gentlemen,—Having been chief meat inspector for the city of Chicago for the last two years and being in touch with all forms and stages of lump jaw cattle, I must say that where your "Lump Jaw Cure" had been applied the disease had no internal effect. The lump was thoroughly killed and the animal passed inspection without any hesitation. I should favorably advise all stock-raising people to use Fleming's Lump Jaw Cure above all others as I am positive it is a sure and speedy cure. Yours truly, John J. Cashin, Chief Meat Inspector.

Confidence Begets Confidence.—No one who reads the announcement of the T. A. Slocum Co., of Toronto, can doubt the confidence of the managers in the remedies advertised. If they had not perfect faith in the efficacy of these remedies they would scarcely have distributed thousands upon thousands of bottles entirely free as they have done during the past two or three years. Perhaps something of this perfect faith attaches itself to the patients also and contributes to the desired results. At all events we are told that the number of people who have availed themselves of the company's liberal offer has been enormous and that the outcome has been the establishment of a large and constantly increasing demand for the remedies and the building up of an immense business.

Marketing Produce.—It is worth a great deal to the farmer to know exactly how and where he can reach the city consumer at the least expense, and without the risk of loss. Readers of FARMING are fortunate in this respect, for the People's Wholesale Supply Co., whose announcements appear weekly, have proved themselves to be perfectly reliable by many years of honest dealing. They receive the products of the farm and dairy, dispose of it, and return the results in cash or goods. Their goods are all marked in plain figures, and are given in the same way in their catalogue, so that there is no possible chance of any unfair advantage on their part, even if they were disposed to take it. It will cost you nothing to get their catalogue so that you can compare their prices with those of other dealers.

Furs from the Manufacturers.—The well-known firm of Cummings & Sellers are offering coon coats and ladies' fur jackets at exceptionally low prices for the quality of the garments. A representative of FARMING has seen the coon coats and fur jackets this firm advertise in this issue, and we can safely recommend our readers to deal here if they want either coats or jackets, or in fact anything in furs whatever. It is well to understand that Cummings & Sellers are manufacturers; and buyers can always depend upon getting better value for their money than if dealing in some country store. When you get anything from this firm you are buying direct from the manufacturers. That is the idea to always keep in mind. Try them and see.

How to Get On in the World.—In these days, when the tendency is cityward, and young people think it will improve their chances of success in life to leave the farm and join the pursuit of fortune in the larger centres of population, a thorough business education is the chief requisite for anyone who would hope to enter the field on terms of equality with

those already there. No class of young men meet with greater success than farmers' sons, when properly equipped with a fair share of business knowledge. Fortunately the means of obtaining the requisite preparation is now available to all, and amongst the institutions doing grand work in this direction there are probably none better than the Central Business College, Stratford, Ont., under the able superintendence of Mr. W. J. Elliott. A letter to him will procure full information on this subject, and it will pay any young man or woman to obtain it, no matter what walk in life they intend to pursue.

Incubation Without Moisture. It is scarcely a generation ago since the introduction of incubators. At first the wooden hen was merely looked upon as a curiosity and was in fact a very crude and imperfect machine. Now, however, the incubator is neither novel nor curious. It is a prime necessity in the business of raising chickens for profit and there are large numbers of them in use wherever the poultry industry flourishes as it is doing in Canada and the United States. One of the most successful builders of incubators is the Cyphers Incubator Co., of Wayland, New York. In their machines there is no moisture and no ventilating pan, a scheme being employed for radiating and distributing heat most thoroughly and equably without moisture. This feature alone is claimed to give these incubators a decided advantage.

TUBERCULOSIS IN CATTLE

The following letter is addressed by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa to persons desirous of having their cattle tested for Tuberculosis, and sets forth the conditions under which the Dominion Government undertake to apply the Tuberculin Test

FREE OF CHARGE

DOMINION OF CANADA,
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

OTTAWA, 1898

DEAR SIR,—In response to your letter of the I beg to say that the following are the conditions upon which the Department applies the tuberculin test to cattle.

When a person makes application to the Department to have his cattle tested, for the purpose of ascertaining whether any of them are affected with tuberculosis, a Government Inspector is sent to test, and all expenses in connection with this are paid by the Department. The owner must accept all responsibility for the result of the test. The Government do not order the slaughter of diseased animals. No compensation will be given in cases where owners slaughter of their own free will. If any of the animals are found to be suffering from the disease they will have to be isolated and the shed or corral in which they are kept will be quarantined. The owner will then be prohibited from selling any of them or their raw products. Should he desire of his own free will to slaughter them and dispose of the carcasses for food, he will have to consult the local authorities as to whether he will be allowed to sell them. The premises in which diseased animals have been must be cleansed and disinfected to the satisfaction of the Government Inspector, as recommended on page 11 of the Farmers' Bulletin on Tuberculosis, a copy of which I enclose you. The premises in which the diseased cattle have been quarantined will also have to be disinfected and cleansed, as mentioned above, after the animals have been disposed of. When the Minister of Agriculture receives a certificate from the Inspector that the disinfection has been done to his satisfaction the premises will be released from quarantine. No application will be considered unless the owner agrees to submit all his cattle to the test.

If an applicant refuses to have his cattle tested after having made formal application, he will be charged with and will have to pay whatever expenses may have been incurred by the Department in connection with the sending of a Veterinarian to make the tests.

Upon your signing and returning to us the attached form of request a Government Inspector will be sent to test your cattle.

Yours truly,
W. B. SCARTH,
Deputy Minister of Agriculture.

To.....
.....

The Honorable
The Minister of Agriculture for Canada,
Ottawa, Ontario.

DEAR SIR, I hereby request that my entire herd of cattle consisting of—

..... Bulls,
..... Cows,
..... Steers,
..... Heifers,
..... Calves,

be tested for Tuberculosis with Tuberculin, and I hereby agree to conform to the Government conditions as expressed in their letter dated....., which I acknowledge having received.

The nearest railway station to my premises is..... on the line of the..... Railway Company, and if I am notified when the Inspector will arrive at the Station I will meet him and drive him to my premises, and, when the testing of my animals is completed, will drive him back to the Station, free of charge.

Date..... Signed.....
Address.....

Cash Prizes

\$80.00 CASH

will be given to any one sending us not less than 100 new subscribers at \$1 each.

\$45.00 CASH

will be given to any one sending us not less than 90 new subscribers at \$1 each.

\$40.00 CASH

will be given to any one sending us not less than 80 new subscribers at \$1 each.

\$35.00 CASH

will be given to any one sending us not less than 70 new subscribers at \$1 each.

\$30.00 CASH

will be given to any one sending us not less than 60 new subscribers at \$1 each.

\$25.00 CASH

will be given to any one sending us not less than 50 new subscribers at \$1 each.

\$20.00 CASH

will be given to any one sending us not less than 40 new subscribers at \$1 each.

\$15.00 CASH

will be sent to any one sending us not less than 30 new subscribers at \$1 each.

\$10.00 CASH

will be given to any one sending us 25 new subscribers at \$1 each.

IN ADDITION TO ALL OTHER CASH PRIZES

\$35.00 CASH

will be divided between the persons sending us the two largest lists of new subscribers prior to 1st June, 1899, as follows:

\$20.00 CASH

to the person sending us the largest list, and

\$15.00 CASH

to the person sending us the second largest list. If the two largest lists are equal, the \$35 prize will be equally divided between the persons sending them in.

"The laborer is worthy of his hire," and no one who attempts to obtain a prize will go unrewarded, so long as he succeeds in obtaining subscriptions, no matter how small the number may be.

Those competing for cash prizes who do not obtain a sufficient number of new subscriptions to entitle them to the prize for which they are competing, or to any cash prize, may select any other premium to which the number of subscriptions sent in will entitle them; or, if they prefer it, we will pay them at the rate of 40 cents for each new yearly subscription they have sent to us. **You stand a good chance to win one of the special cash prizes for the largest list, although you may not obtain a sufficient number of names to entitle you to the prize for which you compete, as the special prize will be awarded for the largest and second largest lists, though they may contain only a small proportion of the names required to secure one of the regular prizes.**

A Special Number to Every Subscriber. Every man who subscribes for one year will receive one of our Magnificent Special Numbers, which is easily worth 50c.

Five New Trial Subscriptions Count as one new yearly subscription in any competition for either cash prizes or premiums.

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