

Foreign manures are now brought here while a large amount of bones is wasted. It is said that bones are collected in Ottawa, and sent to a great distance to be ground. Some of these bones are brought back to Ottawa again, to be used as manure. Would it not be well for our Society to try to get some one about Ottawa to erect a bone mill here. All the manures we can get are needed.

#### TOWNSHIP BRANCHES.

**HUNTLA.**—Amount of subscriptions, \$80; share of public grant, \$119; amount paid in premiums, \$190.07; expenses, \$9.

**MARCH.**—Twenty-eight members; amount of subscriptions, \$80; share of public grant, \$119.25; total receipts, \$201.25; amount paid in premiums and expenses, \$249; balance due Treasurer, \$47.75.

**NORTH GOWER AND MARLBOROUGH.**—Twenty-seven members; amount of subscriptions, \$52; Legislative grant, \$84; balance from 1858, \$24.33; total receipts, \$160.33. Paid in premiums, \$105.75; paid county society, \$10; expenses, \$12.75; balance in Treasurer's hands, \$31.83.

**RICHMOND AND GOULBURN.**—Forty-one members; amount of subscriptions, \$48; balance from previous year, \$47.58; Government grant, \$54.62; total received, \$150.20. Amount paid in premiums, \$126.44; copies of *Agriculturist*, \$10; expenses, \$9.05; balance in hand, \$4.71.

#### DUNDAS.

**COUNTY SOCIETY.**—One hundred and thirty-seven members; subscriptions, \$145; balance from 1858, \$71.67; deposited by township societies, \$106; admission fees at exhibition, \$105.35; public grant, \$385.18; amount refunded by Mountain Society, \$18.30; total amount received, \$831.50. Amount paid township societies, \$296.80; premiums, \$326.12½; expenses, \$103.85; balance in Treasurer's hands, \$119.72½.

**Officers, 1860.**—President, George Doran, Iroquois; Secretary and Treasurer, Jno. S. Ross, Iroquois.

#### *Extract from Report.*

The directors of the Dundas County Agricultural Society, learn with great satisfaction, the interest manifested by the Board of Agriculture for Upper Canada in eliciting full and accurate reports from the various counties of Upper Canada.

A correct and reliable description of each,

their history, capabilities and progress, &c. as a consequence, their comparative inducements to immigrants and others, who have made up their minds to engage in cultural pursuits, is a desideratum which even the elaborate Directory of Canada, and the copious and pains-taking census of 1852 have not supplied. A great deal relating to the several counties of Canada may indeed be gleaned from these sources; but is a work of time and difficulty to separate them from the voluminous mass of information respecting other parts of the Province with which they are associated.

We have long desired to see a full report of each county, complete in itself, and think we cannot better respond to the expressed wish of the Board of Agriculture than by collecting from all reliable sources all that is known of our county, and add from local information many matters of interest not to be found in the works referred to. And the belief that such a report will be particularly interesting to the inhabitants of this county, has induced us to enter upon many topics, which would not necessarily have been embraced in a strictly cultural report.

We have attempted to sketch the history of the county from its first settlement, to give a brief outline of the origin and progress of our religious and social institutions, which, a part from the agricultural map, cannot fail to interest at least the residents of the county.

The County of Dundas, one of the six Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, formerly known as the Old East District of Upper Canada, is bounded by the River St. Lawrence on the south; on the east by the County of Stormont; on the north by the Counties of Russell and Carleton; and on the west by the County of Grenville.

It thus lies nearly midway between Montreal and Kingston, and a line drawn at right angles to the River, would intersect the Ottawa River, at or very near the City of Ottawa, the future capital of Canada. The distance between these two points is about 45 miles.

The County embraces an area of 250,000 acres, whereof in 1858, 22,000 acres were assessed at a value of \$2,000. The population of the County in 1858, the date of last census, was 13,865, of which 10,478 were natives of Canada, 2,000 of Ireland, 500 of the United States,