

RATES OF ADVERTISING
Tri-Weekly Star.

SPACE.	LENGTH OF TIME.	RATES.
A Column.	One Year.	\$100
Half do.	"	50
Quarter do.	"	25
1/8 do.	"	15
A Card.	"	12

Of the above spaces, half the amounts set opposite for six months, one fourth the amount for three months. Special arrangements for terms shorter than three months.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS.
Single insertion not more than one inch, 50 cents; subsequent insertions (each) for same space 25 cents.

Advertisements will be charged for the time of insertion if not ordered to be suspended in writing.

Advertising rates (outside the transient advertisements) payable every three months.

Solid advertisements, ten cents a line.

Orders for the discontinuation of advertising contracts, after the time agreed upon, must be given in writing; else all continued ads will be charged at the regular rates.

WEEKLY STAR.

The advertising rates in the WEEKLY STAR are the same as those of the Tri-Weekly.

Special arrangements may be made with the Editor or Publisher, at the office, Sterling's Building, (up stairs,) Corner Queen and Regent Streets.

Subscribers who do not receive their papers promptly and regularly will please send in word to the office.

THE TRI-WEEKLY STAR.

Published Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings from the Office, corner of Queen and Regent Streets.

Terms: \$2.50 per annum, payable in advance.

Address "STAR," Fredericton.

This paper may be found on file at Geo. F. Rowell & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in New York.

Mr. J. H. BATES, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 41 Park Row (Times Building), New York, is authorized to contract for advertisements in the WEEKLY STAR at our best rates.

The Evening Star.

J. E. COLLINS, Editor.

FREDERICTON JUNE 15 1880.

The readers of this journal are hereby informed, that *Fredericton is the Capital of New Brunswick*, and that York Point, and Marsh Bridge, and Reed's Castle, and MacEvoy's, and the old Bell Tower, and Partridge Island, all remain just as they were!

ADAM, FREE-WILL, AND THE CANADA TEMPERANCE ACT.

It is so long since Adam was made that very many have quite forgotten about the fact. Instead of Eden, a garden full of lovely flowers and luscious fruits, where rivers murmured the live long day through banks of daisy and cow-slip, and balmy breezes, when the moon rode brightest of the stary host, fanned the sleeper cool, we have a tangled jungle on the banks of the Amazon. Instead of Adam a man in form and strength fashioned after the gods, we find a large ape of the male kind. Yet there are a very large number who believe in Adam for all that, and are inclined to surrender the ape to other hands.

God made Adam with Free-Will. "Do this and live," he said. "Do that and die." But this was, as we said before, when God knew little of the man he had made, and when he had only just put him on trial to see "how he would work." Had He been as wise as He is now or even as we are, He would have said, "Behold that tree, sweet to the taste and fair to the eye! That is the tree of Knowledge of Good and Evil. I have given you Free-Will, and know if you had your way, you would eat that tree; but I have appointed mine angels to guard it with fiery swords lest you touch it. After your span of life is run, and the time has come when you shall yield up the breath I gave you, there will be awaiting you a glorious crown of immortality, as a reward for abstaining from a wrong which my angels prevented you from doing.

But what did the Creator do? He put there His tree of goodly apples—Eve listened to the seducer's voice and ate them: so too did Adam. Then they felt they had tasted sin and brought

"Death into the world, and all our woe with loss of Eden."

but the fault was not theirs; it was a great blunder made by Him who fashioned their ribs from the clay, and breathed into their nostrils the breath of life. Then there issued the dread command. "Get you hence for you have broken my law!"

Is it any wonder that a superior race of men, growing up as springs in one short night, the gourd of Jonah should say that God made a huge mistake in so creating man? Is it any wonder that he who writes this, once heard an unlettered fanatic say from the stage, "Adam wouldn't have eaten that apple if it hadn't been there," as an argument that liquor should be suppressed by law? But while it is sad to contemplate the mistake God made, it is pleasing to contemplate that the fanatics come in and rectify that mistake. They make laws which prevent a man from exercising his free-will, and thus send him to heaven whether he wants to go there or not. It matters little whether he wins the immortal crown, so long as he gets it to wear. It is now an old and exploded idea, that man should "work out his own

salvation;"—his salvation is in the hands of the magistrates, and all he has to do is move ahead—heaven and immortal glory, thanks to the ranters, are his if he never lifted a hand to help himself!

THE PRACTICE OF THE LAW.

As some of our readers are aware, there is now in force in this city a law called the Canada Temperance Act, prohibiting the sale of liquors in smaller quantities than ten gallons. The law was declared *ultra vires* by our Provincial court because they gave the Act a conservative construction; the Supreme Court of Canada declared the law constitutional because they gave the Act a liberal construction. But no matter for that,—it is the working of the Act we now have to deal with. No respectable house in town now sells liquor, because the law has stamped out the sale; but for one den that existed under the *Licence Laws* there exist ten now. All the low scum of the city get what they want; they buy it under fifty different names, and the traffic is so carried on, that did half the city turn out as a Pimp Brigade they could not stop the sale. Last Sunday tipsy men might be reckoned by the dozen on our streets; any evening at all you saunter out, you find just as many evidences of the use of strong drink as before the law came into force.

The difference, therefore is this. Hitherto respectable Houses did the traffic, now the dens do it. Hitherto liquor was sold to respectable persons in such houses as the Barker and the Queen, now the degraded and the low, the black and the white, will sit behind every filthy counter, and in low hovels where it is a reproach on humanity to be found. The better class, those who as a rule give the least scandal in licensed houses, now buy it elsewhere and drink it at home. Yes, for every gallon of liquor drank here two years ago, there are four quarts now;—but then the seller paid tribute to the laws; now he shamefully violates them. Respectable places must perish, and out of their ruins will grow up dens of infamy! In a day or two the Barker House, one of the time-honored institutions of the city will be sold out, but dens, low, filthy dens will flourish out of hop beer, or ginger pop, or lemonade, other names for whiskey, brandy and gin. But the traveler who will in the summer months go out to enjoy himself and enjoy his drinks, on coming to Bangor or St. John is told that he "can get no liquor at the Queen or the Barker;" so he turns his steps elsewhere where he can get it; and thus the travel is lost to our city; our respectable hotels are crushed out, and dens of infamy and bad rum flourish about us. The suburbs of the city are becoming defiled as the back dens of the city; the evil is not eradicated, it has only changed location. But the revenues are defrauded, and the traffic has passed from worthy houses and honest men, to low dens and lower dealers. This is what the fanatics have done—this is how the ranters are supplying the breach in the moral law, which the Creator himself forgot to fill.

BYRON.

We print in another column a short sketch of a statue raised to Byron in the Hamilton Place Gardens, London. The present generation are trying to atone for the sins of the past. Seventy years ago, Byron could not get a foot hold upon his native land, and he had to go among strangers to weave for himself his immortal crown. It little mattered to posterity, to us, whether the sweet Syren made his magic songs, upon the shores of the Mediterranean, or under the shade of Loch Nagar's Mountains; it is enough that his memory will never fade, and that so long as there burns a spark of literary fire among our English people, thousands of devotees will be found to visit the grave of one honored in death, persecuted in life,—and strew fresh flowers to his memory. Never was a great man more persecuted, and it were hardly a pleasant task for us now to revive the memories. But those who stung and goaded Byron; that small clique, in which were too many females, that drove him from his native shores to die among strangers, are forgotten now. But Byron's exile is dearer to us, than the sunshine and "gardens of roses" where basked and trod those who banished him. Hewas as a man arranged upon hearsay, and condemned without trial. Womens long tongues, and small designing malice wove the web around him, and he had to fly. In exile he asked once for justice—and only once—it was denied him. His small minded persecutors, and there were women at the head of them, made charges against him without number. Most of these were false, and once he asked to explain, did explain, but his explanations came to him in Greece, unopened. We cannot surely but exorcise the memory of women, or whatever they were, making cruel flippant charges, and then refusing their victim explanation. Heaven protect one from such women as

these! We should rather fall into a den of Bengal tigers, yea, into very Tartarus itself than to get into their unmanly grasp!

The Privy Council at Ottawa, has been in session since Friday. A considerable change has been made in the Civil list, and some appointments and superannuations.

It is reported that Mr. Moseaux, M.P., will be elevated to the Quebec Bench.

Sir Charles Tupper left Ottawa to-day for Winnipeg.

Davis, Staples, & Co.

DEALERS IN DRUGS, MEDICINES, TOILET ARTICLES, PERFUMERY, BRUSH COMBS, &c. CHOICE HAVANA CIGARS TOBACCO. MEERCHAUM & BRIAR PIPES. FISHER'S CORNER, - - OPP. CITY HALL, Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.

For Sale.

200 Cords Dry Hardwood
75 Cords Softwood.
VERY LOW FOR CASH.
The above will be delivered when ever ordered.
JOHN OWENS,
Queen Street
Fredericton, Sept. 30th, 1879.—t.

New Brunswick Railway.

TIME TABLE.
BEGINNING MAY 15th. 1879.

Passenger Trains	LEAVE. A.M.	ARRIVE. P.M.
Gibson.	9.00	Gibson. 4.00
Woodstock.	10.25	Woodstock. 1.35
Caribou.	8.15	Caribou. 5.00
Edmundston.	5.30	Edmundston. 7.40

T. HOBEN, Superintendent.
Fredericton, May 13th, 1879. jly

TO LET.

THE House on Queen Street, opposite the Brayley House, at present occupied by Dr. Currie; also, the two stores or offices in same building, occupied by W. C. Brown, J. P. and Miss Davidson. Also, the lower flat of the House on Campbell Street occupied by Mr. Geo. H. Simmons. Possession given 1st of May.
RAINSFORD & BLACK.
F'ron, Jan 31, 1880.—t

TO LET.

POSSESSION GIVEN IMMEDIATELY. THE subscriber will let for a year or term of years, a nicely finished and situated Store 22x55 feet, at Gibson, formerly occupied as a grocery stand by W. R. Logan. The lease will have a fine first proof cellar of the same size as the store. Enquire of
P. A. LOGAN.
Gibson, Feb. 12—t

NOTICE

To Builders and all Others.

THE Subscriber has on hand all descriptions of SPRUCE, PINE and HEMLOCK PLANK Also Thoroughly Seasoned PINE FINISHING IN SHEATHING AND OTHERWISE. Also, DRY SPRUCE FLOORING AND SHEATHING Also, LATHS, SHINGLES AND PALINGS Keeps on hand a Large Assortment of SPRUCE, PINE and HEMLOCK LOGS, from which he is prepared to saw BILLS OF SCANTLING to order at all times, and with despatch. All Orders delivered FREE by careful and obliging teamsters.
Office: IN MILL (WEST END), R. A. ESTEY, Campbell Street, Fredericton, July 15.—t.

NEW DOMINION HOTEL,

J. H. MCCOY, Proprietor.
Meals 15 cents. No charge will be made to parties who go away dissatisfied.
St. Mary's, Oct. 4, 1879. 3 mos

NORTH POLE FREEZER

And Refrigerator.
MESSRS. CLARK & LOCKERLY have made me agent for their North Pole Freezer and Refrigerator which is on exhibition at my Hardware Store.
June 10. JAS. S. NEILL.

CUTLERY.

ASK American Table Cutlery, For sale low by JAMES S. NEILL. Fredericton, Oct. 14, 1879.

New Plants For 1880.

DREERS—New Colons, the most beautiful set ever introduced into the Province; 35 distinct varieties of brilliant colored foliage plants, suitable for the piazza, window, or garden.
Also, NEW REGAL PELERON-IUM, including Queen Victoria, Prince of Wales, Princess of Wales and others. Graceful Maiden Hair Ferns and Mosses.
ROSES—Including Moss, H-Perpetual, and Ever Blooming.
New Hardy Perennial Phlox and Hollyhocks.
CHOICE VERBENAS, PANSIES, and CARNATIONS.
Popular Bedding and Border Plants, from 2 cents each upwards.
ANNUELS—Including Stocks, Asters, Phlox D and Petunia.
MINIATURE—Succulent plant (Sedum cernuum), new.
New Tomato Acme, earliest and best.
Choice Rosebuds, Bouquets, Wreaths, crosses made to order.
JOHN REDDINGTON, Florist, East End Charlotte St. F'ron May 18, 1880—W3 ins. Far Rep

NEW STORE!

New Styles. New Goods.
BOTTOM PRICES, Boots & Shoes
IN THE NEW BOOT & SHOE STORE, Sha. key's New Building.

WELLAND CANAL.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
THE construction of Lock Gates advertised to be let on the 31st of JUNE next, is unavoidably postponed to the following dates:—
Tenders will be received until Tuesday, the 22nd Day of June Next. Plans and Specifications, etc., will be ready for examination on and after TUESDAY, THE 8th DAY OF JUNE
By order, F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department Railways & Canals, Ottawa, 13th May, 1880.
F'ron, 20th May—2awtkine22

LACHINE CANAL.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned (Secretary of Railways and Canals) and endorsed "Tender for Lock Gates, Lachine Canal," will be received at this office until the arrival of the Eastern and Western Mails on THURSDAY, the 3rd day of JUNE next, for the construction of gates, and the necessary machinery connected with them, for the new locks on the Lachine Canal.
Plans, Specifications and General Conditions can be seen at this office on and after THURSDAY, the 20th day of May next, where forms of tender can also be obtained.
Parties tendering are expected to provide the special tools necessary for, and to have a practical knowledge of works of this class, and are requested to bear in mind that tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures, the nature of the occupation and residence of each member of the same; and farther, an accepted bank cheque for a sum equal to \$250, for the gates of each lock, must accompany each tender, which sum shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.
The cheque thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.
For the due fulfilment of the contract, the party or parties whose tender it is proposed to accept will be notified that their tender is accepted subject to a deposit of five per cent. of the bulk sum of the contract,—of which the sum sent in with the tender will be considered a part—to be deposited to the credit of the Receiver General within eight days after the date of the notice.
Ninety per cent. only of the progress estimates will be paid until the completion of the work.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
By Order, F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Dept. of Railways & Canals, Ottawa, 29th March, 1880
F'ron April '91880—1 a w t June

THOMAS LUCY

Sharkey's New Building, Queen Street NEXT TO THE BARKER HOUSE. Fredericton, May 3, 1879.—t.

CIGARS & TOBACCO

THE BEST IN THE CITY.
At GEO. H. DAVIS.

New Carpets.

IN ALL THE LATEST COLORINGS AND DESIGNS TAPESTRY CARPETS, from 55 cents to \$1.00 per yard. BRUSSELS CARPETS from 90 cents to \$1.50 per yard.
JOHN McDONALD. April 6, 1880.

Milk Pans, &c.

Daily expected to arrive from Hamilton Stamping Works:
50 DOZ. Milk Pans, assorted, 2 to 14 quarts; 1 doz. Dish Pans; 4 doz. Wash Basins; 6 doz. Tin Oilers; 3 Toilet Sets; 3 doz. Fine Stoppers;
For sale Wholesale and Retail, by JAS. S. NEILL.

WINSLOW TILLEY,

Druggist & Apothecary ST. MARY'S FERRY. OPPOSITE FREDERICTON, N. B. Prescriptions carefully compounded from Pure Drugs at all hours. Oct. 14th—6 mos.

WELLAND CANAL.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned (Secretary of Railways and Canals) and endorsed "Tender for Lock Gates, Welland Canal," will be received at this office until the arrival of the Eastern and Western Mails on THURSDAY, the 5th day of JUNE next, for the construction of Gates, and the necessary machinery connected with them, for the new locks on the Welland Canal.
Plans, Specifications and General Conditions can be seen at this office on and after THURSDAY, the 20th day of MAY next, where forms of tender can also be obtained.
Parties tendering are expected to provide the special tools necessary for, and to have a practical knowledge of works of this class, and are requested to bear in mind that tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures, the nature of the occupation and residence of each member of the same; and further, an accepted bank cheque for a sum equal to \$250, for the gates of each lock, must accompany each tender, which sum shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.
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By Order, F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Dept. of Rys. and Canals, Ottawa, March 29, 1880.
Fredericton, 6th A ril, 1880.—tawt June 3.

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The cheque thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.
For the due fulfilment of the contract, the party or parties whose tender it is proposed to accept will be notified that their tender is accepted subject to a deposit of five per cent. of the bulk sum of the contract,—of which the sum sent in with the tender will be considered a part—to be deposited to the credit of the Receiver General within eight days after the date of the notice.
Ninety per cent. only of the progress estimates will be paid until the completion of the work.
This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.
By Order, F. BRAUN, Secretary.
Department Railways & Canals, Ottawa, 13th May, 1880.
F'ron, 20th May—2awtkine22

LACHINE CANAL.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.
SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned (Secretary of Railways and Canals) and endorsed "Tender for Lock Gates, Lachine Canal," will be received at this office until the arrival of the Eastern and Western Mails on THURSDAY, the 3rd day of JUNE next, for the construction of gates, and the necessary machinery connected with them, for the new locks on the Lachine Canal.
Plans, Specifications and General Conditions can be seen at this office on and after THURSDAY, the 20th day of May next, where forms of tender can also be obtained.
Parties tendering are expected to provide the special tools necessary for, and to have a practical knowledge of works of this class, and are requested to bear in mind that tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms, and—in case of firms—except there are attached the actual signatures, the nature of the occupation and residence of each member of the same; and farther, an accepted bank cheque for a sum equal to \$250, for the gates of each lock, must accompany each tender, which sum shall be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted.
The cheque thus sent in will be returned to the respective parties whose