The Business Side of Housekeeping

BY CLARA INGRAM JUDSON.

Often we speak of home making as something of a job, but we seldom use the word in the sense that home Suppose you were going t making is a position of economic im-

enterprises are conducted. To be sure and efficient people. To a large extent the housewife is

the manager of the home business You know we live in a day of specialization and we attain great skill by assigning to each person a definite job and then demanding of him his very best work.

So it has come about that men have the principal responsibility for providing the income and women the task of administrating the home. The two jobs, divided in that way, make a fine

working partnership. Now this job of manager of the in home concern has many disadvan- thing as making a dress. tages as well as advantages and it's not surprising that the disadvantages

may sometimes seem pretty big. For one thing, there is no direct relation between the home manager's increased efficiency and an increase in her pay-indeed some home managers have hard work finding a salary, to say nothing of an increase!

Another big disadvantage is the lack of competition in the job. Don't you know how it is-the very minute somebody wants something you have, you value your possession the more? The mere matter of a spring hat is quickly decided if the next customer woman hankers for. But where is the competition for dishwashing and all the many expenses that are nec-cooking? It does not seem to exist! essary to make a house a home. And

THE LUCKIEST WOMAN OF ALL.

But when we consider the advantages we could list a dozen had we the space! The freedom-

"Now don't talk to me about free dom," exclaimed one woman, as she vigorously interrupted talk on my pet hobby one day. "How can you sugdown every day?"

every man or woman tied down to doing the same thing day after day kitchen or farm? And as for freedom. do you know of anyone who may be so free while doing her daily tasks as the woman who lives on a farm?

She is free to plan her work as she pleases, tucking in a bit of recreation here and there if she is a skillful planner; she is free to enjoy fresh works, and to pack infinite variety into her day's work-cooking, housekeeping, gardening and poultry tend-ing are mixed in with sewing and income; but if it is a good year, you marketing.

have only two things to work with--the family income and our time. And the success and happiness of family

The first step in organizing the money part of home making is to find the amount of income. Sometimes this appears so difficult that many well- all of life. meaning people stop right there and never get any farther in home organ-Ization. and bad seasons.

Suppose you were going to build a house this summer. You, being oppos-ed to planning — budgeting — would Yet home making is actually the biggest business in the world and it is for homes that all other economic make the living room big enough to make the living room big enough to be roomy and comfortable. Make the the home is not a business run to fireplace large enough for those fine make money. It is run to make happy logs in the back woodlot and be sure to have the pantry window face south

to catch the sunshine." He would look a little dazed at such ambling instructions and he'd reply, But where are your blue prints?" You, being opposed to plans, would answer, "Oh, we're not having any

plans for this house. You just begin and from time to time as I think of things, I'll tell you and you can put them in." You couldn't let a contract like

that! We don't do that planless way even such a relatively unimportant

Yet in this very important business of spending money-the business we

well know is going to affect our happiness and development-we say, "Oh, what's the use of planning?" But once we have tried planned spending, we would no more live without a budget than without food. It becomes a necessity.

START WITH THE THREE ESSENTIALS. In making a budget, figure first the absolute essentials of living; there

begins eyeing a hat you had hardly fortable. So under the general head-keep a little something to ourselves. noticed—you want the thing the other ing we include fuel, light, telephone, NO QUESTIONS ASUE. household supplies, repairs, taxes and

instead of calling it shelter we call all that operating expense, for it allots household. Doubtless some food, per-haps considerable, will be taken from the home garden and will not be paid for in cash. It is a wise thing to keep an account," said a woman at a meet gest such a thing when we are so tied a fairly accurate record of such homegrown food; also an estimate of its ing two years ago, "so I couldn't do market value. This record will show "that." I wonder if we are any different from other folks and their jobs? Isn't how the garden pays and will give encouragement to the gardener.

In allowing the clothing money, whether it be in office or factory or figure a separate sum for each member of the family, and, as soon as possible, let the children manage their own clothing fund. A separate more careless members of the family. It is a very good idea to have a double budget for clothing, one for air and a view as she works; she is the least you can possibly manage to free to sing and to think as she get along on and one for a more generous income. Then if this doesn't prove to be very good, you

have already decided on a fair di-As we study our job we find that we vision so that all may enjoy the greater prosperity. These three necessities planned for,

we must make provision for food, shelter and clothing in the future. life will depend upon our skill in get-ting full value out of this dual capital. That means we must set aside some It is a bit easier to organize the in-come because it is something we can see and handle, so we will talk about It first. are much more likely to save if we save first.

Those four departments of living, important as they are, do not include

The farmer has has good our money must be spent for advance-

children and farm and home clubs for

the grown-ups-that's mental ad-

vancement; money for church and

While the children are little it is

days when they will be ready for col-

lege. A reserve fund is a big help

and even a small annual saving will

MONEY FOR FUN.

But even all that is not the whole

of living, for all work and no play

bors; we want to lay aside some

charity-that's our material expres-

sion of spiritual growth.

count up delightfully.

ANT SAM

when you see the results, you think it an hour well spent.

You can see your mistakes course we all make them, but on see them down in black and we don't make the same m twice. Indeed. no!

Now there is one objection this budget-makin, business and real objection, not a little trum one like having no time for ac And because I know how to get arou it, I'm going to drag if right out on the page and tell you about it. There are folks who don't like

to set down every nickel spent. To tell the truth, we're all a little that way. It isn't that we spend foolishly or wickedly. Rather it is that we want something to spend just as we like with no questions asked or details published.

After all, I ask you, is it much fun to save up penny by penny and dime are three—shelter, food and clothing. We are interested not only in hav-ing a roof over our heads; we want that place warm and light and com-other night, didn't it!" We like to

NO QUESTIONS ASKED.

So at our house we have persons allowances paid monthly to each member of the family. Each person receiving an allowance keeps his or her under operating expense, for it allots money needed to operate the home. Under the heading of food we in-clude all money needed to feed the oursekild Deutline of feed the of moneys spent. These are set do under the proper columns and no questions are asked. "But my husband would never keep

By

"Oh, yes you could," I assured her. "Keep an account of all you know about and simply charge the rest to him. Don't bother him about it. Put down all the main expenses as you know them. That will give you much more knowledge about your home clothing account helps to encourage that start you will find the way of dobusiness than you now have, and with ing better." This spring I saw her again and sh

along wonderfully." I knew she meant a budget, for of course a budget works when it's given

half a chance. To Feed Soft Corn Safely.

Sick pigs and soft corn are twin troubles for a lot of farmers. They fitted with frames; seven and onecannot avoid having soft corn, but a half pounds of light brood foundation; few precautions will lessen the chances for sick pigs.

grain and throw him into a soft-corn 18-inch baskets; uncapping knives. field or throw soft corn to him is to invite disaster. He should be accustomed to this new and, to his way of tions; four pounds thin foundation; to have a shop which may be made thinking, most likeable feed slowly, two wire queen excluders; two bee Better give him a two-thirds ration escape boards fitted with bee escapes. 7.—There should be an abundance all of life. We want to be wiser, better people for every year of living. So some of our money must be spent for advance-

money you got for what you spent. Keep you got for what you spent. Keep the root the profitable keeping of poultry on a to of additional information. The kees very little time. Some day you will spend nothing; some day you will spend nothing; some day you will spend nothing; some day of the policy busines in which the tests will start be back of the ponduce meat rather than ellow the set wery thing before you start. The test suited to ordinary farm is the type is the most profitable period of a heris to the is satisfed to ordinary farm. The week suites you will share and put the totals of the month, add up all the totals of your yearly page at the back of the most profitable period of a heris to mark the ended she the some profitable period of a heris to mark the ender so that a different mark for each year profitable period of a heris to mark the totals of the jullets when hatched, up a different mark for each year profitable period of a heris to mark the terms when when we wall sheet to which the totals of the month, add up all the totals of the mark the totals of the pullets when they are profitable period of a heris to mark the terms when when they are profitable period of a heris to mark the terms when they are put to when you use the results, you will the we wall a different mark for each year put think it an hour well sment. The terms of the different that the totals of the farm mark for each year put the totals of the farm the totals of the mark the results when they are put the totals of the mark the results when they are put the totals of the mark the results when they are put they we will not when you use the results. You will the totals of the farm that the will be the totals of the farm that the totals of the totals of the mark the results when they are put they the put the totals of the farm they were the totals of the mark when they are put the totals of the farm. The totals of the farm they they have the totals of the farm they they have to the different that they have to the different the total into winter quarters, so that at cull- which is so loaded with nondescript ing time the age of the different birds left-overs, dirt, etc., that one indis-may be seen at a glance and only tinctively shies away from it; while those that are required for breeding the floor is filled, except for a path purposes. retained after the first extending from the door to some-

year's production. For the careful breeder the use of boxes and discarded pieces of wood and metal. Can you picture the place? cull the flock but the ordinary farmer, Of course, there is no such shop on does not use trap-nests so that reli- your farm but you can visualize one on —'s farm over across the river! Such a shop will serve as a catchance must be placed on physical char-

ance must be placed on physical char-acteristics. The high producer will be found to be of an active disposition, early off the roost in the morning and late to go to roost at night and al-ways busy. Her head will be clear far short of a real farm "service ways busy. cut, face smooth and free from wrinkles, with bright prominent eyes, station." skin soft, pliable and of fine texture and a general appearance of health while they lack several of the essen and vigor.

Cull all birds that show a lack of useful purpose. For example, I retials of a real farm shop, serve a very coarse rough head with overhanging eyebrows, an inclination to break there. My tire tools were too blunt eyebrows, an inclination to break there. My tire t down behind, or that show heavy de- to suit my host. down bening, or that show heavy to suit my nost. He said: Just let posits of internal fat, as evidenced by me fix those tools for you." His shop a thick skin and an abdomen that is was only a few steps away. Kindling hard and firm to the touch. In con- was ready to start a fire in the forge trast to this the heavy layer will have In just a few minutes the tire tools skin that is fine in texture and the had been heated and drawn out to the abdomen will be soft and pliable. This desired thinness just as well as any abdomen will be soft and pliable. This desired thinness just as well as a last feature is one on which great blacksmith could have done it. weight should be placed, but in culling But to speak of his shop. It is a one-storey building about like a single with garage, fairly well equipped with bench, vise, grinder and forge, is in any one feature.

How to Start Bee-Keeping. S. A. Strong, Huron, wishes to

know how he should start bee-keeping. writing to the Publications Branch, Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa, he can secure several publications re-

33, "Bees and How to Keep Them," by C. B. Gooderham, Dominion Apiarbuildings. It should be placed where it will be most convenient to barns, tool sheds, house, and where it will produce the least fire hazard. 2.-It should be somewhat than a double garage, with plenty of space, say twelve feet, in front of of this space should be devoted to a frames; floor boards and covers for work bench, stove, forge, drill press, Increase; for these two hives 2½ and power plant, whether it be motor, farm electric or gas engine. 3.—There should be a lineshaft overhead and placed so that the tools

required for a double garage. two wire queen excluders; two bee escape boards fitted with bee escapes; To take a pig off pasture or sound one honey extractor with 12-inch by

For comb honey production: Eight honey supers; about 300 secomb

8.—It would be entirely possible to do, place the feed grinder in one side of as that we bring to something all our the shop if the farm does not use the "I've left my terrier-'Spot'-at home

terials, etc., etc., in convenient places.

REASONS FOR LARGE SHOP.

are many reasons for it.

winter work

Why do I urge a large shop? There

MOST SHOPS TOO SMALL.

orderly condition, but is too small to

A REAL WORKSHOP.

Some farme.s have shops which,

He said: "Just let

tage on the farm. If you take your car to town to be

overhauled—and nearly every auto should be overhauled each winter— you will pay \$1.00 to \$1.50 per hour you will pay \$1.00 to \$1.60 per hour for the time of the mechanic to do the job. Why not make money by doing the work yourself in your own shop? 5.—With large doors any farm ma-chine can be taken into the shop for work - A hav on other work took work. A hay or other rack, stock crates or large pieces of farm equipment may be made by the fire in win-ter. Painting or other jobs may be done. Horses may be taken into the shop to have their feet trimmed or shod

Most industrious farmers can make such a shop pay for itself in one year. MAY REARRANGE BUILDING.

On many farms there is already a building or shed-maybe an old house or one end of a tool shed-which can easily be remodeled into a good shop. Just a small amount spent in buildng or remodeling a shop in which "mechanics" of the farm can be the centred, may be made the means of saving the farm-or adding to the net

income—over \$500 per year. If you have a big boy with a mechanical turn of mind give him the job, with your friendly suggestions and supervision, of planning and putting the shop on the farm. Then pay him good wages for overhauling all machines which need overhauling. You will soon discover that the boy is more interested in the farm!

Crops in Eastern Canada.

In a report dated August 21 on the state of crops in Eastern Canada, the Dominion Seed Branch at Ottawa notes that, generally speaking, the situation in the Maritime-Provinces is fair, although in some districts, principally in New Brunswick, drought has been experienced with light crops as a result. An average crop of hay is promised in all three provinces. In Quebec, forage crops

are good excepting corn, and hay is up to the average. Dairymen are larger stocking with a supply of feed for some months, in anticipation of highwhere the cars would stand. The most er prices for feed concentrates. some districts of Ontario having has suffered from an excess of rain. In portions of south-western Ontario a henomenal crop of fall wheat is reported, running from 30 to 40 bushels per acre. Prices per bushels are around 30 cents higher than last year. Prices of other farm products have 4.-There should be a few feet also advanced

ð/Ol'íES

LITTLE BROWN BUNNIES. 'Oh, little brown bunnies, come out and play!

Cried a child at the close of a summer day.

As she wandered over a moorland wide. Where under the bracken the rab-

be of the greatest service. It has only a small door entrance. Now let me tell you what are the essentials of a real, honest-to-goodness maximum profit-making farm workferring thereunto, but Bulletin No. shop. 1.--It should be a separate building a distinct unit of the group of farm

ist, will give him all the instant information required. No charge is made either for the bulletin or postage. Incidentally it might be stated that Mr. Goderham gives the following equipment as necessary for making a start with two colonies of bees: "It works," she cried happily, "It works just fine and we're getting long wonderfully." pounds of light or medium brood foundation; one No. 1 bee smoker; one

bee veil; one pound No. 28 tinned wire; one spur or electric wire em may occupy as little space as possible, beddor; one hive tool. yet still be convenient for work. For extracted honey production-Six deep or twelve shallow supers more width to the building than is

5.-The floor should be of concrete. 6.-The walls, roof, doors, etc., should be as nearly wind-proof as pos sible. It would be very superior if the walls were of hollow building tile. Regardless of what the materials 7.-There should be an abundance

Manufacturer's catalogues giving of windows so that light may be

Fortunately the law of averages helps over this difficulty. We may not know what we have this year, but we can find out what we made last year and the year before that. Go back five years if you can-never take less than three—and add to gether all five incomes. Then find the average. In case of doubt, estimate too low rather than too high; an excellent plan to start an educa-It is always easier to spend more than tional fund, building up toward the to cut down carefully made plans.

And be sure to remember all the various side lines of business and count in all the butter money. the chickens, garden truck and the like.

Count in all sources of income-it pays to know.

The probable income determined, you can now consider the spending.

make Jack and Jill very dull neigh-A plan for spending money is called a budget. Some people think a money each year for fun. Budget list of percentages, and makers usually call that luxury attorney and his wife not long slike arithmetic they let money and they don't mean sealskin Jim phoned, asking us not to budget is a as they disiike arithmetic they let budgets alone.

coats and diamonds either. Others think it is a household account, which of course it isn't. Some social pleasures and any sort of fur. be are quite unaware that they are fail more wust be as well control in, looking tired and glum. He threw are quite unaware that they are fol- money must be as well spent as any his hat on the davenport, giving his lowing a budget. Of course a mental other; it must give us relaxation, wife and six-year-old son a perfuncwritten-down budget is best, for when to work. Otherwise it's wasted. He ate hurriedly; then joined us. figures are actually on paper they At our house we make a budget on can be carefully studied and con- New Year's Day with every member At our house we make a budget on

of the family gathered around the davenport. Suddenly he blustered, Sometimes people say, "What's the dining-rom table ready to offer an "James, Jr., you're sitting on my use of making a budget? No sooner opinion or suggestion. But if you hat!" do we get started than Susie gets the measles and there's a doctor's bill. till next New Year—to-day is budget and Jimmy, Jr., received a severe Or Johnnie wears out his shoes. I'll day for you. And be sure to let every spend my money when I have it, and member of the family sit in on the when it's gone, we'll do without conference. that's all there is to it!" By this time someone has doubtless

Of course the budget didn't cause started to say, "All that sounds easy the measles and Johnnie would have But after the budget is made-what worn out his shoes, anyway-boys happens then? How can you tell that worn out his shoes, anyway-boys always do! So that's no case against a budget. And one cannot help but notice that families who operate on a

a mixture of salt, soda and lime be-fore him. A little care along these money for doctor and dentist and vacation-that's for physical advance-ment; for books and music, magazines lines will save many a pig. And how they do grow and fatten on soft corn, and radio, higher education for the tankage and alfalfa!

Haphazard spraying usually is of little or no benefit.

As he entered the room, his eyes

The child turned white, and tears

started down his little cheeks.

"Daddy, I'm sorry. I____

turned towards his son, playing on the

we can.

scolding.

It is not so much the work we

Strawberries and raspberries cannot grow in a patch which is allowed keep all tools, bolts, nails, screws, mato become a mass of plants.

TRAINING OUR CHILDREN

The Difficult Parent - By Helen Gregg Green We read and hear of the difficult We read and hear of the difficult husband, the difficult wife, and chil-bling child off to bed, while I, troubled dren that are difficult, but who ever by the incident, started home. heard of a difficult parent being dis-

My first room-mate at college, who cussed. Still there are plenty of them. A child is a human being, even as seven, one nine, is another example now has two small daughters, one you and I, although we sometimes of such a parent. She is high-strung very attractive by covering with a and fussy, allowing and encouraging heavy, three-ply slated roofing maimpose upon children simply because

worry and irritate her. terial, strips running up and down on Her children pay the price for these noods. wait

Naturally they, too, are developing dinner for him; he had been in court a good fire-resisting wall, too. a first-class set of "nerves.

They mean movies and trips and all day and would be late. One day I met them skipping home from school. "Oh, gee, Aunt Cassie, we do hope Mother is in a good humor. She's such a dear when she's it is that it gives room to work in

"Yes," hesitatingly, "but I tell you, blasts or summer's rains. A big stove she's awful unreasonable, when-she's cross," offered little Midge. "And, do you know, she gets cross at us over the funniest things!" The little brows puckered.

Strange, isn't it, that parents fail to realize the danger of alienating their haul a tractor or automobile. children's affections when indulging jobs of fitting up farm tools having

bore. And, after all, children are a lot drill press, and other tools up to motor Mother Earth will earn ad

So along with me you can safely 9.-Drawers, shelves, hooks, etc. should be planned and placed so as to roam!

I've brought you a cabbage, all fresh and green-

A finer one I have never seen!"

Drawers, boxes, etc., for special uses should be labeled. This will aid great-"I've got fresh clover and lettuce too, ly in keeping things in their places. I think they will be so nice for you--It is not necessary to furnish I know that bunnies don't care to eat plans and specifications for such a building. The size and shape may be The sweets and cakes that I think a treat!" varied somewhat. It may be built of Then the merry brown bunnies came the finest materials and have the

out to play the twilight shadows were

drawers, etc., made by a cabinet When maker. Or, it may be made of rough gathering gray, lumber by a hammer and saw carpenter. A rough lumber shop may be made very serviceable and also

And they ventured close to the maiden's side,

And cabbage, and clover, and lettuce they tried.

sidewalls and stripped at laps and midway between laps. This makes They frolicked about in the falling dew,

And the little girl watched the funny crew,

But footsteps were heard, as they leaped and played,

And the pretty bunnies were much afraid,

With a flash of tails, soft, fluffy, and white,

In an instant they all had taken may be put in and the shop made perflight! fectly comfortable for many days of

And the child just whispered, "Goodbye! Good-bye!

2.-It enables a farmer to do many As she went towards her home, 'neath of his most expensive jobs. It costs the sunset sky. money to hire a garage man to over-

-Maud E. Sargent

Jack Frost, nature's sheriff, will soon put his crisp seal on the door of the heavy cost of taking the machine Mother Earth, for she is not carning

so much heat these days and has very 3.-Opportunity is given to make little to spend during the lorger, cuses, young man. You're a fine be guarded! In time he becomes a ers who have hooked the grindstone, will be a couple of rain days when lost his case in court that day.

in these difficult and unreasonable broken parts are neglected because of

How we all love the person who to town for work. "There, none of your tears and exunderstands our feelings and dislike