

Your Money

if deposited in THE BANK OF TORONTO, will earn for you three per cent. interest until required for use, and all money entrusted to this Bank is

Perfectly Safe

whether times are good or bad, because the Bank has large resources, and has always on hand an ample supply of cash for the protection of business entrusted to it.

Bank of Toronto

Head Office, Toronto, Canada.

Resources - \$46,000,000

MARKETS.

Toronto.

LIVE STOCK.

Receipts at West Toronto on Monday, 28rd, amounted to 151 cars, including 3,139 cattle, 71 hogs, 50 sheep, and 154 calves. Trade was quiet; quality of cattle good; prices for butchers' and exporters same as last week. Sheep, lambs and calves, unchanged. Hogs—\$9.85, fed at market; \$9.50, f. o. b. cars, country points. Milkers, \$40 to \$65.

The total receipts of live stock at the City and Union Stock-yards were:

	City.	Union.	Total.
Cattle	212	235	447
Hogs	2,641	4,827	6,968
Sheep	5,875	1,820	7,695
Calves	963	135	1,098
Horses	1,366	155	1,521

The total receipts of live stock at the City and Union Stock-yards for the corresponding week of 1909:

	City.	Union.	Total.
Cattle	233	121	354
Hogs	3,683	2,401	6,084
Sheep	3,580	991	4,571
Calves	577	64	641
Horses	1,134	189	1,323

The above figures show a total increase at the two yards over the corresponding week of 1909, of 93 carloads, 884 cattle, 3,124 hogs, 457 sheep, 198 calves; but a decrease of 62 horses.

REVIEW OF LAST WEEK'S MARKET.

Receipts of cattle early in the week were a surprise to the trade, inasmuch as it had been generally reported that "there were no cattle in the country." Drivers explained the sudden rush to the market to the fact that many farmers had sold their cattle early in the season before prices had reached their present level, or anything near it, to be delivered between the 1st and 15th of May. When the time for delivery came, the farmers, having sold at what they thought was too low a price, insisted that the cattle be lifted as agreed. This was, no doubt, a reason for many loads coming to market this past week. Besides, prices have been high enough to encourage marketing, and the cattle that were ready, as well as many that were not, were sent in. On Monday, May 16th, at the Union yards, there were 3,829 cattle, the largest number ever offered at one market in the history of Toronto's cattle trade. Contrary to the expectations of many drovers and dealers, the trade was active, more so than on any other day in the week. The quality of the cattle generally, and the exporters in particular, was good, in fact, there never was in the history of the trade so many choice

well-finished animals on sale in one day before. There were three export buyers, yes, four, who all went to work early in the day, the result being that there was an active trade, at firm prices.

Exporters.—Export steers sold from \$6.25 to \$7.55; bulls, \$5.25 to \$6.50; heifers, \$6.50 to \$6.75.

Butchers'.—Prime picked lots sold at \$6.75 to \$7; good at \$6.50 to \$6.75; medium, \$6 to \$6.40; common, \$5.50 to \$6; cows, \$4.25 to \$6.25; canners, \$3 to \$4.

Feeders and Stockers.—Stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., sold at \$4 to \$4.75; feeders, 850 to 1,100 lbs., at \$5.25 to \$5.75; short-keep feeders, 1,100 to 1,300 lbs. each, \$6.15 to \$6.75.

Milkers and Springers.—Trade was strong for the good to choice cows, which sold readily, but common light cows were not wanted. Prices remained steady, at \$40 to \$65, with one or two of extra quality at \$70.

Veal Calves.—Receipts were fairly large. Prices were steady to firm, at \$3 to \$7 per cwt., the average price being from \$5.75 to \$6 per cwt.

Sheep and Lambs.—There was an easier feeling for sheep and lambs. Ewes sold at \$5 to \$5.50; rams, \$4 to \$5 per cwt.; spring lambs, \$4 to \$8 each.

Hogs.—The hog market was strong all week. Prices gradually advanced until a few lots reached the \$10 mark for selects, fed and watered at the market, and \$9.65 to \$9.75, f. o. b. cars at country points.

Horses.—Receipts of horses were light at the Union Horse Exchange; in fact, at all the sale stables. Manager Smith reports a good demand for the right kinds. Prices ruled steady to strong. Several drafters, 1,700 lbs. and over, sold at \$250 to \$275, and a pair of heavy gray drafters sold at \$525. The general run of prices were: Drafters, \$200 to \$230; general-purpose, \$180 to \$210; expressers, \$150 to \$225; drivers, \$125 to \$235; serviceably sound, sold at \$40 to \$100.

BREADSTUFFS.

Wheat.—No. 2 white or mixed winter, \$1.01 to \$1.02, outside. Manitoba—No. 1 northern, \$1.02; No. 2 northern, \$1, at lake ports. Rye—No. 2, 67c. to 68c. Peas—No. 2, 70c. to 71c., outside. Buckwheat—No. 2, 51c. Barley—No. 2, 52c.; No. 3X, 51c., outside; No. 3, 47c., outside. Corn—American No. 2 yellow kiln-dried, 70c.; No. 3, 69c.; Canadian corn, 61c. to 62c., Toronto freights. Flour—Ontario 90 per cent. patents, \$3.80 to \$3.90, in buyers' bags, outside. Manitoba flour, at Toronto: First patents, \$5.50; second patents, \$5; strong bakers', \$4.90.

HAY AND MILLFEED.

Hay.—Baled, in car lots, No. 1, \$15; No. 2, \$14, on track, Toronto. Straw.—Baled, in car lots, track, Toronto, \$7.50 to \$8.

Brans.—Car lots, track, Toronto, \$20, in bags. Shorts, \$1 more.

HIDES AND WOOL.

E. T. Carter & Co., 85 East Front street, have been paying the following prices: No. 1 inspected steers and cows, 12½c.; No. 2 inspected steers and cows, 11½c.; No. 3 inspected steers, cows and bulls, 10½c.; country hides, 10c. to 10½c.; calf skins, 13c. to 15c.; horse hides, No. 1, \$3.00; horse hair, per lb., 32c.; tallow, per lb., 5½c. to 6½c.; sheep skins, \$1 to \$1.20 each. Wool unwashed, coars, 13c.; wool washed, combing, 20c.; wool washed, clothing, 22c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter.—Large supplies, both from creamery and dairy, came forward to supply the wholesale trade, which caused the market to be easy, with prices a little lower. Creamery pound rolls, 25c.; creamery solids, 23c.; separator dairy, 23c. to 24c.; store lots, 21c. to 22c.

Cheese.—New cheese plentiful, at 12c. for large and 12½c. for twins.

Eggs.—Receipts of eggs large, with prices easy, at 2½c. to 2½c. for case lots. Were it not for the large quantities being placed in cold storage, prices would have gone lower.

Beans.—There was a steady demand, at unchanged prices. Primes, \$2 to \$2.10; hand-picked, \$2.15 to \$2.20.

Potatoes.—Abundant supplies kept the market easy. Ontario potatoes, 30c. to 35c. per bag, for car lots, on track, Toronto. New Brunswick Delawares, 42c. to 44c. per bag.

Honey.—Prices nominal, at 10½c. for ex-

tracted, and \$2.50 to \$3 per dozen for combs.

Poultry.—Receipts light. Prices firm. Turkeys, 17c. to 20c.; fowl, 15c. to 17c.; spring chickens, 50c. to 55c. per lb., dressed, and 40c. per lb. alive.

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Apples, \$2 to \$4 per barrel, out of storage; onions, Egyptian, per sack, \$2.50; carrots, per bag, 75c.; parsnips, bag, 65c.; beets, bag, 75c.; new cabbage, per crate, \$3; strawberries, 16c. to 18c. per quart, by the crate.

Montreal.

Live Stock.—Exports of cattle from the port of Montreal during the week ending May 14th, amounted to 1,473 head. Some purchases of Ontario stall-fed steers were made for export, at close to 7½c. per lb., and some heavy oxen at 6½c., but drovers claim to have lost money at these prices. Liverpool and London ocean freight space was available here at 20s. per head, but the rate for following week was to be 25s. On the local market, choice steers sold at 7c. to 7½c., fine at 6½c. to 7c., good at 6c. to 6½c., medium at 5c. to 6c., and common at 4½c. to 5c. Bulls were easier, at 5½c. to 5½c. per lb. Some yearling sheep sold at 6½c., and old sheep brought 5½c. to 6c., while spring lambs brought \$1 to \$8 each. Calves sold at \$2.50 to \$4 for common, and up to \$7 or \$8 for best. Prices of hogs firm, and sales of selected lots were made at 10½c. to 10½c. per lb., weighed off cars, and for delivery later in the week a fraction more was granted.

Horses.—A good call for horses from outside sources; some fine, large horses having been shipped to Vancouver for the lumber trade, and there were quite a few sold for city trade, for the express business. Prices as follows: Heavy draft horses, weighing from 1,500 to 1,700 lbs., \$250 to \$325 each; light draft, weighing from 1,400 to 1,500 lbs., \$200 to \$250; light horses, 1,000 to 1,100 lbs., \$100 to \$175 each; inferior, broken-down horses, \$50 to \$100 each, and choice saddle or carriage horses, \$350 to \$500 each.

Dressed Hogs and Provisions.—The strength of the market for live hogs influenced that for dressed, and sales of fresh-killed, abattoir-dressed were made at 14½c. to 14½c. per lb. Hams, bacon, and other provisions—Demand firm, prices unchanged.

Potatoes.—Demand very fair. Merchants bought at about 35c. per 90 lbs. for Green Mountains, carloads, track, Montreal, and resold to the trade at an advance of about 5c. Consumers paid at least 50c. per bag.

Eggs.—Eggs still sold at 18½c. to 19c. per dozen, in the country, although it is said that merchants will try and put prices lower. Straight-gathered stock sold here at about 20c. per dozen. Selects quoted at 22c. to 24c.

Butter.—Fodder, or part fodder and part grass butter, about exhausted, as surplus was small, and there have been some large shipments to outside points. Full grass goods sold at 23½c. to 24½c. per lb., according to quality and section of make.

Cheese.—Prices gradually declined to 10c. per lb., but sharp advances in the country sent Monday's prices up to 10½c. to 11c. for Quebecs, 11c. for Townships, and 11½c. to 11½c. for Ontarios.

Grain.—Oats easy, at 37½c. to 38c. per bushel for No. 2 Canadian Western, and 1c. less for No. 3; 30c. for No. 2 white, one cent less for No. 3, and yet one cent less for No. 4. No. 3 barley sold at 56½c. per bushel, No. 4 being 55c., and feed being 54c. per bushel, carloads, store.

Flour.—Flour sold at \$5.60 per barrel, in bags, for Manitoba patents, firsts, \$5.10 for seconds, and \$4.90 for strong bakers'. Ontarios, \$5.25 to \$5.35, for patents, and \$4.90 to \$5 for straight rollers.

Feed.—Manitoba bran, \$18.50 to \$19 per ton, in bags; shorts, \$21 to \$22; Ontario bran, \$19.50 to \$20, and middlings, at \$22 to \$23. Pure grain mouille, \$32 to \$33, and mixed at \$25 to \$28. Cottonseed meal, \$35 to \$40 per ton.

Hay.—Steady market for hay, at steady prices. No. 1 stock, \$15 to \$15.50 per ton, cars, Montreal; No. 2

extra, \$14 to \$14.50; No. 2, \$12.50 to \$13; clover mixed, \$11.50 to \$12; clover, \$10.50 to \$11.50.

Cheese Markets.

Stirling, Ont., 10½c. Campbellford, Ont., 10 7-16c. Tweed, Ont., 10½c. Woodstock, Ont., 10½c. Madoc, Ont., 10½c. and 10 15-16c. Brockville, Ont., 11½c. Alexandria, Ont., 11 1-16c. Kingston, Ont., 10½c. and 10 13-16c. Belleville, Ont., 10½c. and 10 15-16c. Winchester, Ont., 11 1-16c. Cornwall, Ont., 11 1-16c. Iroquois, Ont., 11c. St. Hyacinthe, Que., 11c. Picton, Ont., 11 1-16c. Napanee, Ont., 11½c. and 11 3-16c. Chicago, Ill., daisies, 14c. to 14½c.; twins, 13c. to 13½c.; young Americans, 15c.; longhorns, 14½c. to 14½c.

Chicago.

Cattle.—Steers, \$6.25 to \$8.70; cows, \$4.75 to \$6.75; heifers, \$4.25 to \$7.45; bulls, \$4.75 to \$5.40; calves, \$8 to \$7.85; stockers and feeders, \$4.75 to \$6.40.

Hogs.—Choice heavy, \$9.65 to \$9.70; butchers', \$9.65 to \$9.70; light mixed, \$9.60 to \$9.65; choice light, \$9.40 to \$9.50; packing, \$9.55 to \$9.65; pigs, \$9.25 to \$9.50; bulk of sales, \$9.60 to \$9.65.

Sheep and Lambs.—Sheep, \$5 to \$6.10; yearlings, \$6.40 to \$7; lambs, \$7.25 to \$9; spring lambs, \$9 to \$10.

Buffalo.

Cattle.—Prime steers, \$7.85 to \$8.40. Veals—\$6 to \$9.25.

Hogs.—Heavy, \$10 to \$10.05; mixed, \$10 to \$10.10; Yorkers, \$10.05 to \$10.20; pigs, \$10.10 to \$10.20; dairies, \$9.75 to \$10.15.

Sheep and Lambs.—Lambs, \$7.25 to \$9; ewes, \$5.25 to \$5.50.

British Cattle Markets.

London and Liverpool cables quoted live cattle (American) steady, at 14c. to 15c., dressed weight; refrigerator beef steady, at 11c. to 11½c. per pound.

GOSSIP.

Prominent horsemen in the Eastern Provinces are to be well represented at the Galt, Ont., horse show, June 8, 9 and 10, which promises to surpass anything heretofore held in the history of the association. The entries will be greater than ever before, special interest being taken in the classes for farmers. The horse business is particularly brisk in the country.

At a fashionable wedding in a southern city where the contracting parties were a wealthy widower and a handsome young lady, a faithful old servant, who had lived with the first wife all her married life, was reporting the festivities confidentially the next morning to a neighbor.

When she finished a fellow-servant asked: "Is he going to take a bridal tour?"

The old woman looked startled, and then glancing around to see that no one was near, whispered: "Well, I don't know ez he will take a bride to her if she gets cantankerous—but he sure did take a strap to the other one."

NOT THAT ROUTE

Senator Bacon, of Georgia, tells of a negro in Macon who wanted to be a carrier of a rural free-delivery route.

The negro made his application and went before the board, whose members were men he had known all his life.

"What's your name?" asked the examiner.

"Feed, boss," the negro replied, "you done know my name. You's knowed me all your life."

"What's your name?" very sternly.

"Sam Johnson."

"Well, Mr. Johnson, where were you born?"

"Now, look yere, boss, you done knowed where Ise bawn. Use bawn right on your ol' father's fahm."

"Never mind that, Mr. Johnson. You were born in Macon. Now, Mr. Johnson, tell this board how many miles it is from the earth to the moon."

"Huh, boss, I can't tell dat, and Ise goin' to quit dis yere right now. You can't put me on no such rum as dat."