

XI. The Judges of the County Courts within their respective counties, shall have the care and custody of all persons who shall be designated in the manner before prescribed in this Act, as habitual drunkards, and incapable on that account of conducting their own affairs, and of their real and personal estates, so that the same shall not be wasted or destroyed, and shall provide for their safe keeping and maintenance and for the maintenance of their families, and the education of their children, out of their personal estates, and the rents and profits of their real estates, respectively.

Who shall have the care and custody of habitual drunkards.

XII. The Judge of the County Court shall have power from time to time to make general rules for regulating the practice, proceedings, and forms both in the Division and County Courts in the case of habitual drunkards, and from time to time to alter the same, subject nevertheless to the conditions prescribed in making similar rules of practice by the fourteenth Section of the Act passed in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Queen Victoria, and chaptered fifty-three.

County Judge to make Rules of practice under this Act.

XIII. Whenever any person shall be designated as an habitual drunkard as aforesaid, being possessed of real or personal property which may be endangered by means of such drunkenness, it shall and may be lawful for his parent, wife, brother, son, or other relative, and in event of their neglect, it shall be the duty of the Municipality in which such person shall reside, to make application to the Judge of the County Court having jurisdiction within such Municipality, for the exercise of his powers and jurisdiction.

As to property of drunkards, which may be endangered.

XIV. The Judges of the several County Courts within their counties respectively, are hereby vested with the same powers in relation to the person, and the personal and real estate of such drunkard as aforesaid, as are now vested in and exercised by the Court of Chancery in the case of lunatics and persons of unsound mind; and save and except in granting a commission to inquire into the fact of the alleged drunkenness, which fact shall be determined in the manner before provided by this Act and by no other inquiry whatever, shall in all respects proceed in the like manner, subject to an appeal to the said Court of Chancery.

County Judges to have same powers in relation to drunkards as vested in Court of Chancery in case of lunatics.

XV. In all cases of appeal from any order, judgment or decree of the Judge of the County Court, made pursuant to the provisions of this Act, the same shall be filed and entered within three months after the making of such order, judgment or decree, and shall be accompanied by a bond with good and sufficient sureties to be approved by the court, to the opposite party, in such penalty as the court may determine, conditioned for the payment of such costs as shall be awarded against the appellant in case of the order, judgment or decree being affirmed.

Appeals from judgments, &c., of County Judges.

XVI. The Receiver or Committee of any habitual drunkard, appointed by order or decree of the Judge of any County Court in this Province, for the county within which such drunkard shall reside, may sue in their own names for any debt, claim or demand transferred to them or to the possession and control of which they are entitled as such receiver or committee; and when ordered or authorised to sell such demands, the purchaser thereof may sue and recover therefor in his own name, but shall give such security for costs to the defendant as the court in which such suit is brought, may direct.

Actions by Committees of any habitual drunkards.