sanction which has been given by the Imperial Parliament to the Act of Union, under the provisions of which we are now assembled, and which has laid the foundation of a new Nationality which we trust and believe with His Excellency, will, ere long, extend its bounds from the Atlantic to the Pacific Ocean.

3. That we feel great satisfaction in knowing that in the discussions which preceded the introduction of this measure in the Imperial Parliament, between the Members of Her Majesty's Government, on the one side, and the Delegates, who represented the Provinces now united, on the other,—it was apparent to all those who took part in those conferences, that, while Her Majesty's Ministers considered and pressed the principle of Union as a subject of great Imperial interest, they allowed the Provincial Representatives every freedom in arranging the mode in which that principle should be applied.

4. That we recognize with pleasure, that in a similar spirit of respect for our privileges, as a free and self-governing People, the Act of Union, as adopted by the Imperial Parliament, imposes the duty and confers upon us the right of reducing to practice the system of Government, which it has called into existence, of consolidating its institutions, harmonizing its administrative details, and of making such legislative provisions as will secure to a Constitution, in some respects novel, a full, fair, and unprejudiced trial.

5. That we shall consider with respectful attention any measures which, with the design of effecting these objects, His Excellency shall cause to be laid before us, for the amendment and assimilation of the laws now existing in the several Provinces, relating to Currency, Customs, Excise and Revenue generally,—for the adoption of an uniform Postal System,—for the proper management and maintenance of the Public Works and Properties of the Dominion,—for the adoption of a well-considered scheme of Militia Organization and Defence,—for the proper administration of Indian Affairs,—for the introduction of uniform Laws respecting Patents of Invention and Discovery,—the Naturalization of Aliens,—and the assimilation of the Criminal Law, and the Laws relating to Bankruptcy and Insolvency.

6. That we are happy to learn that a measure will also be submitted to us for the performance of the duty imposed upon Canada, under the terms of the Union Act, of imme-

diately constructing the Intercolonial Railway.

7. That we feel, with His Excellency, that this great work will add a practical and physical connection to the Legislative bond which now unites the Provinces composing the Dominion; and that the liberality with which the guarantee for the cost of its construction was given by the Imperial Parliament, is a new proof of the hearty interest felt by the British people in our prosperity.

8. That we shall give our attentive consideration to any communication His Excellency may see fit to make to us on the important subject of Western Territorial extension, and the best means to be adopted for the protection and development of our Fisheries and

Marine Interests.

9. That we shall respectfully consider any measures defining the privileges of Parliament, and for the establishment of uniform laws relating to Elections, and the trial of

Controverted Elections, which His Excellency may cause to be laid before us.

10. That we are aware that the circumstances under which the Act of Union came into operation, rendered it impossible to obtain the assent of the Legislature to the expenditure necessary for carrying on the ordinary business of the Government, and that the expenditure since the first of July has therefore been necessarily incurred on the responsibility of the Ministers of the Crown.

11. That we thank His Excellency for informing us that the details of that expenditure

will be laid before us, and submitted for our sanction.

12. That the estimates for the current and succeeding Financial Year which His Excellency has directed to be laid before us, will receive our attentive consideration, and that we feel certain that we shall find that they have been framed with all the attention to economy, which is compatible with the maintenance of efficiency in the different branches of the Public Service.

13. That we learn, with great pleasure, that the general organization and efficiency of the Volunteers and Militia have been greatly improved within the last year, and that the whole Volunteer Force of Ontario and Quebec is already, by the liberality of the Imperial

Government, armed with the breech-loading Rifle.