

St. John's Bargain House
The "66"
 In the O'Regan Building, 15 Mill St.
 Seized and Bankrupt Stocks of High Grade Clothing,
 Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Sold at Less Than
 Manufacturer's Cost.
 Open from 8.30 A. M. to 7 P. M. Saturdays Until 11
 ALWAYS SOMETHING DOING

METHODIST CONFERENCE

Continued From Page 1.
 \$1,257.13 and a balance of \$22.83 on hand. The income was received as follows: St. John's District, \$25,200; Fredericton, \$15,100; Woodstock, \$56,000; Chatham, \$50,700; Sackville, \$23,700; St. Stephen, \$71,650; Charlottetown, \$15,500; Summerside, \$148,000; interest on legacies, \$37,500; funds, \$20,500; balance from last year \$29.88.

Rev. Chas. Flemington was re-appointed secretary-treasurer of the fund.

The allocation of the amounts for the Superintendency for the various districts was submitted as follows: St. John, \$700; Fredericton, \$427; Woodstock, \$256; Chatham, \$256; Sackville, \$212; St. Stephen, \$205; Charlottetown, \$448; Summerside, \$353. Total \$3,200. Last year's receipts were \$2,020.71.

BORDEN CAPTURES WINNIPEG

Continued From Page 1.
 There was more interest in Canadian affairs throughout the world than there is today, or a greater willingness on the part of the capitalists to invest in Canada. This is Canada's growing time.

Why this desire to alter the conditions under which the country has made its unexampled progress? What can be advanced for this remarkable reversal of policy pursued for some thirty years by both political parties? When we point to the picture painted in such glowing colors and soberly enquire whether it is not best to let well enough alone and to avoid entering upon unknown paths, what is the Prime Minister's answer? He retorts that "Canada is not China and that therefore we cannot let well enough alone." The answer is but a quibble. We say "let well enough alone" not because Canada is standing still, but because material progress and development in Canada have been more rapid than in any other country in the world. We say "let well enough alone" because that progress has been well founded and stable and because it has proceeded along a sure and certain path. We say "let well enough alone" because our present prosperity will continue if we proceed upon that sure and well known path. We say "let well enough alone" because the proposed diversion from that safe path of nation-building leads into a wilderness and labyrinth full of dangers and pitfalls.

Taft's Big Stick.
 President Taft is a man for whom I entertain the highest respect and I believe that he was actuated by no unworthy feeling towards this country. Yet, in the end, he was constrained by the action of Congress and the advice of his tariff board to swing the big stick, unhesitatingly, in the direction which would have been better for us and the issue settled then and there. Many of our business interests supported the government in this course and believe some of them see their mistake today. They thought it better to yield than to risk the dislocation of more than 100 millions of trade, which meant so much relatively for us and so little relatively for the United States.

"Fruit-a-lives" Will Cure Backache means Congestion of the Kidneys. Dull ache in the back—sharp, shooting pains—headache and nervousness in the head—Kidneys are overworked. The Bowels are constipated and the skin is inactive, so that the Kidneys are compelled to do their own work in two ways. In the throwing off of the waste of the body. The Kidneys thus become irritated and inflamed and backache results. The only possible way to relieve the congestion and cure the pain is to force the bowels and skin to do their share of the work.

"Fruit-a-lives," the great fruit medicine, is the best and most scientific Kidney Remedy in the world.

"Fruit-a-lives" will always cure Pain in the Back and Kidney Trouble. Bottle, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. Dealers, or from Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

BACK IS KILLING ME?
 "Fruit-a-lives" Will Cure
 Backache means Congestion of the Kidneys. Dull ache in the back—sharp, shooting pains—headache and nervousness in the head—Kidneys are overworked. The Bowels are constipated and the skin is inactive, so that the Kidneys are compelled to do their own work in two ways. In the throwing off of the waste of the body. The Kidneys thus become irritated and inflamed and backache results. The only possible way to relieve the congestion and cure the pain is to force the bowels and skin to do their share of the work.

"Fruit-a-lives" will always cure Pain in the Back and Kidney Trouble. Bottle, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. Dealers, or from Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

The afternoon session of the Conference was devoted to the reading of the revised draft of the station sheet and to the discussion of the resolution commemorating the No. Temere decree.

The station sheet was submitted by Rev. Geo. F. Dawson, secretary of the stationing committee. The only changes announced were those of Hubert T. Smith of Hartland in the Woodstock district, from Alma in the Sackville district, from the Sackville Alma from Hartland. The vacancies will be filled by students under the superintendence of the neighboring pastors, but their locations have not been announced as yet.

The assignment of students to the various districts is as follows: St. John—Ernest Howland, M. Allison; Willis B. Leard, Strathcona College.
 Woodstock—Fred T. Bertram, Geo. Simons and F. H. Littlejohn, Mt. Allison.
 Chatham—Geo. S. Patterson, Victoria University; T. A. McDonald, Mt. Allison.
 Sackville—Ovid Peters, Mt. Allison.
 St. Stephen—T. Spencer Crisp, P. A. Fitzpatrick, B. A. Turner and Christopher Graham, Mt. Allison.
 Charlottetown—Wilfred Taylor, Mt. Allison.

atly to congress and to the people of the United States complete statistical information upon every economic question involved in this treaty. Let me mention just a few of the essential compilations which have been issued by the United States Government: Tariff Series Document 26, setting forth the relations of the United States and Canada since 1891. It was definitely abandoned by the Liberal party after the young men of Canada have never profited from it. No man in Canada under forty years of age has ever had an opportunity of voting upon the question. We maintain the right of people to pronounce upon this policy before the government shall put it into operation.

Let us suppose this treaty because the identical treaty has been introduced in those of the United States and the splendid reputation of many commodities produced in Canada, such as wheat, corn, and other agricultural products, and cannot be regained without great difficulty nor until after many years. There will be no Canadian market in the lower grade of American products. All products will be American; Canadian standards and regulations will be no more. What will be the result? A market of hard wheat? Of what advantage will you be the higher grades of Canadian wheat if your crop is mixed with the lower grade of American wheat? The United States and is spouted out of the country through American channels?

Complete Reversal of National Policy. We suppose the treaty because of a complete reversal, without mandate from the people, of that policy which has been pursued in this country for nearly forty years. Reciprocity has not been an issue in any general election since 1891. It was definitely abandoned by the Liberal party after the young men of Canada have never profited from it. No man in Canada under forty years of age has ever had an opportunity of voting upon the question. We maintain the right of people to pronounce upon this policy before the government shall put it into operation.

Morever, the agreement was referred in the United States to committees of congress who gave a warning to every interest who desired either to support or to oppose it. The evidence and representations before these committees is in the congress which concluded its labors on the 4th of March last, occupied nearly 700 printed pages and contained much valuable information. A similar inquiry is now proceeding before a senate committee of the present congress, and these hearings cover nearly 800 pages to date.

Laurier Would Go It Blind.
 The contrast is remarkable. In one country the government goes into the negotiation fully prepared and furnished with complete statistical information upon every economic question involved in this treaty. In the other country the government goes into the negotiation with its eyes closed and its hands behind its back.

Let Sir Wilfrid Laurier remember that there may be progress which is no disaster. The progress of the bird within range of the cat's spring, or the progress of the fly within the limits of the spider's web, is not a desirable progress. Scripture records the fate of a herd of swine which being possessed of certain devils made violent progress down a narrow place into the sea. Those who believe that the progress now proposed may be due to a like inspiration.

An Unprofitable Bargain.
 Then it is said that this proposals open wider markets for Canadian produce. Reciprocal trade preferences within the Empire would give us the advantage of trade with countries which require our products and which can offer us commodities that this country does not produce. But the proposals of the government are for mutual trade with a country which produces a surplus of nearly every commodity that we produce; a country that competes with us in the market for the world in animal, agricultural and food products. The United States has a vast area of tillable land still to be brought under cultivation. It can raise enough food to support a population of four hundred millions, at the lowest estimate. Reputable authorities place the number of people in the world at 1,000,000,000. It is a country in which according to the statistical information furnished by the United States Board of Tariff Examiners, the production of agricultural and food products are lower than in Canada.

A Loss To Canadian Labor.
 We oppose this treaty because it encourages the export of agricultural and animal products in their lowest and least finished form, with the result that the farmer and stock raiser will be forced to perform in the United States and not by Canadian labor. Our cream will be converted into butter and our wool into cloth and made in Canada. The finished product will be an American product and not a Canadian one. The benefit of our grain will go to feed American cattle, to increase the fertility of American lands and to add to the advantage of the American animal industry.

The Time Inopportune.
 It would have been impossible to select a more inopportune time for such proposals than that which the government chose. The Democratic party had come into power and continued a large majority in the United States House of Representatives. The President is a Republican and there is a small Republican majority in the Senate. The Toronto Globe warned the government last autumn that the duties would be lowered by the United States on many articles which were of deep importance to Canada. Subsequent events confirmed the truth of that prophecy. On the 14th day of February last, Hon. Champ Clark, leader of the Democratic party, announced an all around reduction of the tariff and this has been followed by a bill for that purpose, which has been passed by the Democratic party and is now before the Senate. If our government had been content to abide by the policy of the last few years, every supposed advantage of this treaty would have come to us without concession.

Reciprocity Aids the Trusts.
 We are opposed to this treaty because it will increase the opportunities and powers of the United States trusts. Australia, New Zealand and New Zealand have taken steps to resist those trusts and prevent their operations. The Australian government has taken immediate and drastic action in order to discourage and, if necessary, prevent the operation of the trusts. That trust is armed with such power that it dictates to the farmer on the one hand and to the consumer on the other. It is a trust which controls not only the meat trade of the United States but of other countries and especially of Argentina. Thomas Carlisle, minister of the Colonies, said: "Bolshevism and Monopoly in the United States" summarizes its operations in these words:

The Objections To Reciprocity.
 Our objections to this agreement are deep rooted and abiding. There is the question of our autonomy and of British dependence and of British connection. There is also the question of economic advantage or disadvantage which involves careful investigation of facts, and inferences to be fairly drawn therefrom. The thoroughness of the United States government and the negligence and incompence of our own, stand fully revealed in one most important respect. The government of the United States went into this negotiation fully prepared. It was able to furnish immediately to congress and to the people of the United States complete statistical information upon every economic question involved in this treaty. Let me mention just a few of the essential compilations which have been issued by the United States Government: Tariff Series Document 26, setting forth the relations of the United States and Canada since 1891. It was definitely abandoned by the Liberal party after the young men of Canada have never profited from it. No man in Canada under forty years of age has ever had an opportunity of voting upon the question. We maintain the right of people to pronounce upon this policy before the government shall put it into operation.

Gives Vast Powers to Uncle Sam.
 Clearly realize, if you will, the power which the conditions created by this treaty will confer upon the United States to modify our country upon the allegation that we were discriminating against her in trade matters. What are the facts? During the past six years Canada bought from the United States one billion and eighty-four million dollars worth of goods. The United States exports to Canada, in goods and services, one billion and five hundred million dollars. The purchases of goods from the United States were nearly \$600,000,000 more than the purchases of the United States from Canada during that period. Our average rate of duty on dutiable goods was 24.26 per cent. against the United States, and 24.78 per cent. against Great Britain.

The U. S. Attitude.
 I have stated the facts briefly but fairly. The Congress of the United States passed a tariff act in 1909 under which the President of the United States was authorized to negotiate with Canada under these conditions: "The United States will not make any concessions which would not be made to Great Britain. The government of the United States for the past half century at least have held and declared that they were not prepared to make any concession which would not be made to Great Britain. The President of the United States under this moment the United States, under that immemorial policy, declines to grant any concession to any favored treaty country the concessions that it grants to Canada under this agreement. There was not the slightest prospect of justifying the claim that Canada was discriminating against the United States in tariff matters.

Backache means Congestion of the Kidneys. Dull ache in the back—sharp, shooting pains—headache and nervousness in the head—Kidneys are overworked. The Bowels are constipated and the skin is inactive, so that the Kidneys are compelled to do their own work in two ways. In the throwing off of the waste of the body. The Kidneys thus become irritated and inflamed and backache results. The only possible way to relieve the congestion and cure the pain is to force the bowels and skin to do their share of the work.

"Fruit-a-lives" Will Cure Backache means Congestion of the Kidneys. Dull ache in the back—sharp, shooting pains—headache and nervousness in the head—Kidneys are overworked. The Bowels are constipated and the skin is inactive, so that the Kidneys are compelled to do their own work in two ways. In the throwing off of the waste of the body. The Kidneys thus become irritated and inflamed and backache results. The only possible way to relieve the congestion and cure the pain is to force the bowels and skin to do their share of the work.

What would the answer be if the case were put in another way? Let us suppose that Canada should offer to the United States free trade in certain agricultural products, and reduction of duties upon other agricultural products on condition that the United States should make the same concessions to Canada. Let us suppose that the United States made answer: "We will accept your proposal provided you will extend the same concessions to the Argentine Republic, Austria-Hungary, Bolivia, Columbia, Denmark, Germany, Italy, Russia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and Venezuela and to all the British possessions."

Canada enquires further:—"Do you propose to make the same concessions to the countries you have named?" To this would come the immediate answer:—"No, the concessions to these countries will be made by Canada alone."

Would Canada under these conditions joyously declare that she accepted the proposal at once? Giving Our Markets Away. Let us suppose that a certain opinion of the present agreement is exactly the same as if the hypothetical proposal above outlined had been made by the Home of Representatives of the United States, but also to those of the twelve countries above named, as well as to those of the Argentine Republic, Austria-Hungary, Bolivia, Columbia, Denmark, Germany, Italy, Russia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and Venezuela and to all the British possessions. The United States should make the same concessions to Canada. Let us suppose that the United States made answer: "We will accept your proposal provided you will extend the same concessions to the Argentine Republic, Austria-Hungary, Bolivia, Columbia, Denmark, Germany, Italy, Russia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and Venezuela and to all the British possessions."

It is sometimes the fashion to sneer at the home market. Last year the United States produced wheat, oats and million dollars worth of animal and agricultural products. Not more than five per cent. of this vast produce of the home market consumed the balance for export. The total value of wheat, oats and barely produced in Canada amounted to two hundred and eighty-nine million dollars. Of this amount \$15,000,000 was exported. Our total field crop amounted to \$533,000,000. We stand for the immediate construction of the Hudson Bay Railway and for its operation under such control of the people as will prevent monopoly or oppressive rates. But what effort should be made to improve the Hudson Bay Railway? If this agreement is consummated and our grain is to be merged in the American crop?

Destroy Imperial Preference.
 We oppose this agreement because it destroys the hope of reciprocal trade preferences without concessions. We should certainly be under no illusion in that regard. Pool your wheat crop with that of the United States and the whole continent must rely on an export basis. Establish a system of trade preferences within the Empire, and you control the situation to your infinite advantage. The United States understand this if you do not.

President Taft has declared that Canada is at the "parting of the ways." He has told us that the bond between Canada and the Mother Country is light and almost imperceptible, and he has also told us that his government favors this policy because it will prevent the consolidation of the Empire or any system of tariff preference within the Empire. His words have been repeatedly quoted, but will bear repetition:

"I have said that there was a critical time in the solution of the question of reciprocity. It is critically important that no such opportunity should be lost. It is exceedingly probable that the United States and the Mother Country are separated by a Chinese wall from the United States and to make her part of an imperial commercial bloc reaching from England around the world to England again by a system of preferential tariffs, will result in the rejection of this treaty and if we would have reciprocity, with all the advantages that I have described, and that I earnestly and fervently believe will follow its adoption, we must take it now or give it up forever."

Taft Points the Picture.
 The President spoke plainly and frankly from the standpoint of this country. We are bound to consider his words from the standpoint of ours. He is a man of great ability and foresight and his words are invested with a graver significance by reason of the

STRAWBERRY SANDWICHES
 MADE WITH IZZARD'S Milk Bread
 are delicious for picnics and warm weather luncheons. This bread is made with scrupulous care with rich, creamy milk, choice dairy butter and highest grade flour.
 ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT
 Made Only At
 IZZARD'S SCOTCH DIETETIC BAKERY
 21 Hammond Street, Phone 2278-22

UY UTTERNUT READ BECAUSE ITTER THAN Home Made Bread

STRAWBERRY SANDWICHES
 MADE WITH IZZARD'S Milk Bread
 are delicious for picnics and warm weather luncheons. This bread is made with scrupulous care with rich, creamy milk, choice dairy butter and highest grade flour.
 ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT
 Made Only At
 IZZARD'S SCOTCH DIETETIC BAKERY
 21 Hammond Street, Phone 2278-22

UY UTTERNUT READ BECAUSE ITTER THAN Home Made Bread

Headaches!
 Eye-strain causes the most trifling ailments. If the head aches, may be the cause of yours, which may be carefully detected. Only the exclusive optician in the city. 38 Dock Street.

ANER'S, the only exclusive optician in the city. 38 Dock Street.

Grandfather
 Letters of adm...
 I am instructed of the late Mr. M. J. House, on June 25th at 10:30 of stable in...
 Constantly in horse, Tom Nelson...
 One Mile from...
 F. L. Telephone 973.

ESTATE
 Letters of adm...
 I am instructed of the late Mr. M. J. House, on June 25th at 10:30 of stable in...
 Constantly in horse, Tom Nelson...
 One Mile from...
 F. L. Telephone 973.

THE WHISKY THAT LIVES UP TO ITS NAME
Perfection
 OF ALL SCOTCH WHISKIES
 O. & J. McCallum's "PERFECTION"
 IS GENERALLY ACCEPTED TO BE THE BEST. IT POSSESSES INDIVIDUALITY IN TASTE. IS OF UNIFORM STRENGTH, AND THOROUGHLY AGED AFTER BEING DISTILLED UNDER THE MOST EXACTING CONDITIONS. FOR SALE AT ALL BARS.
 Wm. F. McIntyre, Ltd., Agents
 St. John, N.B.

FREE 39 BARS OF SOAP
 You use about 3 bars of soap a week. Asepto is 25 per cent. larger than any other Soap, that means to you 39 bars a year free. A Better Soap and the only antiseptic Laundry Soap.
ASEPTO
 All Up-to-date dealers handle it. If your dealer don't he is making more profit on something else.
Asepto Soap, Ltd.

THE WHISKY THAT LIVES UP TO ITS NAME
Perfection
 OF ALL SCOTCH WHISKIES
 O. & J. McCallum's "PERFECTION"
 IS GENERALLY ACCEPTED TO BE THE BEST. IT POSSESSES INDIVIDUALITY IN TASTE. IS OF UNIFORM STRENGTH, AND THOROUGHLY AGED AFTER BEING DISTILLED UNDER THE MOST EXACTING CONDITIONS. FOR SALE AT ALL BARS.
 Wm. F. McIntyre, Ltd., Agents
 St. John, N.B.

POTTS
Parison Pri
 \$1,500
 Wilton
 Three-
 do; Ge
 in-Hard
Thorough
 Tom
Valuable Free
Pro
POTTS
Grandfather
 Letters of adm...
 I am instructed of the late Mr. M. J. House, on June 25th at 10:30 of stable in...
 Constantly in horse, Tom Nelson...
 One Mile from...
 F. L. Telephone 973.
ESTATE
 Letters of adm...
 I am instructed of the late Mr. M. J. House, on June 25th at 10:30 of stable in...
 Constantly in horse, Tom Nelson...
 One Mile from...
 F. L. Telephone 973.
Public
 We have the truly located Pub...
 The City of St. J...
 own wharves in t...
 ping strait to the...
 of all kinds of...
 Most convenient...
 possess, as a num...
 and see wharves.
THORNE'S WA
WARE
THORNE'S WA
BICYC
BYCYCLE
 at Cut Price...
 And/or Cut Price...