

BILLIONAIRE HANGED

Charles Duestrow Pays the Extreme Penalty for the Murder of His Wife and Child.

Very Means Known to Legal Science and Exhausted to Save Him.

John Sunday morning Eugene Fischer, collector for the Seattle Brewing and Malting Company, was arrested on a telegraphic warrant from the Chief of Police of Seattle, on a charge of Police.

On that day he had been drinking heavily. He had been drinking at a lively stable, and ordered a horse for the afternoon, stating that he wanted taking his wife and two-year-old son Louis.

On the morning of Feb. 13, 1894, the crime which Arthur Duestrow met the scaffold today was committed on the afternoon of Feb. 13, 1894, at his residence, 1704 Canton avenue, this city. On that day he had been drinking heavily.

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ACCIDENTS WILL HAPPEN

This Time it Was God-Send to Mr. John Brown, a G. A. R. Veteran of 446 Marshall St., Philadelphia.

by a mere accident came across Dr. W. A. C. Catarrhal Powder. I was a sufferer from that dread malady for many months. It gives me unbounded pleasure to state for suffering humanity.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

VANCOUVER.

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a profit of \$50,000 before the bond falls due. The Miner is pleased to be able to announce that the Great Western company has made arrangements to resume work on a large scale.

The Nickel Plate is down down 218 feet and has three shifts working in it today and night. In a few days work on the shaft will be stopped and a drift will be driven to the 200-foot level.

Work on the new standard gauge railway from Trail to Robson is now well under way. The contractors have worked started at convenient points all along the line and upwards of 200 men are employed.

The city of Rossland now has a board of trade. A general meeting of those interested in the movement was held last night at the offices of Moynihan & Campbell, and the board was organized by the election of J. F. McLaughlin as president and D. B. Bogle as vice-president.

The shipments of the Le Roi show a slight falling off for the past week owing to the mine having been shut down for 36 hours to make necessary repairs.

The Anglo-Canadian Mining Co. have been doing extensive development work on their claims on Jubilee mountain and in the Ottertail district.

The Toronto syndicate who purchased the International last fall for \$150,000 cash from the McMurdo estate will begin operations in the early spring.

The Bald Mountain Mining and Development Company are already at work on a group of claims situate on Bell Mountain near Donald and have made a tunnel in 100 feet with satisfactory results.

The rate on the N. & S. railway has been reduced to five cents per mile. Daniel Simpson, of Buffalo, N.Y., has offered the owners of the California \$50,000 on a bond with 10 per cent. cash.

Slokan Lake district's population is not large enough to warrant the employment of a provincial policeman. What a curse such a government is to a long suffering class of people?

Not a single letter was recovered from the clutches of the mail robber. The road to the North Star mine is in good condition for hauling and the teams are busy delivering ore to the landing.

Several claims on Perry creek are showing up fine bodies of ore. The Elwood property has been found to be 80 feet, and the claims owned by the Walsh brothers have a good showing of gold quartz.

Four leases have been granted for placer mining up the river about a mile from town. From reliable private advices to hand it is learned that it is the intention of the McIsaac family to open a branch in Revelstoke shortly.

The tug steamer Kaslo, which has been plying for some time on the lake, doing towing as occasion offered, will be laid up at Pilot Bay, where the rest of the winter will be spent.

While blasting a cross-cut tunnel in the Alf vein of solid ore was encountered at a depth of 53 feet. The vein is six inches wide. It is a special kind of ore, and is reported to be the richest in the early spring.

Another strike is reported from the Royal Canadian in the Salmon River country. The tunnel is now in 35 feet and the face of it is a fine body of high grade ore showing \$83. There are two feet of ore in sight. Two shifts of men are at work.

The preliminary meeting of those interested in the formation of a miners' and prospectors' exchange in Rossland was held today, at which it was decided to organize. Thos. J. Corrigan assures us that the exchange is a sure go.

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The Toronto syndicate who purchased the International last fall for \$150,000 cash from the McMurdo estate will begin operations in the early spring.

Victoria claim at Camp McKinley is 13 feet wide, the ore being quartz, galena and iron pyrites, assaying well. A deal of considerable importance in connection with the Grand Forks townships is in progress this week, the particulars of which the principal want kept out of the papers for the present.

A shaft is being sunk on the Adirondack, in Kimberley camp, and is now down 25 feet. It is solid pyritic ore, showing also considerable galena. Jim Clark, owner of the Lone Pine, Eureka camp, on the reservation, has a force of thirty men at work developing the claim.

Mr. Black and others the names of nearly sixty applicants were sent this week to the registrar at Vernon to be placed on the roll of provincial voters from Greenwood alone. Those who imagine that Boundary creek town are populated exclusively by Americans will be somewhat disillusioned.

Mr. T. E. Marshall, of Illecillewaet, one of the proprietors of the Waverly claim on the north branch of the Illecillewaet, called at the Herald office on Thursday. He says this claim is 27 feet in width and a tunnel has been sunk into it 170 feet. The work has shown the property to be one of very considerable value.

The bond which Daniel Simpson contemplated on certain Spring creek properties did not materialize. After a tour of the Slokan, however, Mr. Simpson reported that he had secured an option on certain properties in the Ottertail district.

On the 10th inst., at the school house, Englishman's River, the bachelors' ball was held in front of Toby creek Friday morning. He has secured options on five claims on Toby creek, among which is the famous "Mineral King."

The Bald Mountain Mining and Development Company are already at work on a group of claims situate on Bell Mountain near Donald and have made a tunnel in 100 feet with satisfactory results.

The rate on the N. & S. railway has been reduced to five cents per mile. Daniel Simpson, of Buffalo, N.Y., has offered the owners of the California \$50,000 on a bond with 10 per cent. cash.

The Mother Lode continues to look well; the tunnel has now been driven for 180 feet. For men are working on the combination, on Monday the shaft being down 90 feet.

REMOVAL OF INDIANS

A Return Brought Down Yesterday Containing Correspondence Between Governments.

With Respect to the Removal of the Indians from the Songhees Reserve.

Provincial Government Make Concessions in order to secure a Settlement.

Yesterday an interesting return was brought down by the provincial secretary in response to questions asked by Mr. Helmecke. The return includes the correspondence between the Dominion and provincial governments in reference to the Songhees Indian reserve.

The first portion of the return is a copy of the report of the committee of the executive council, in which the executive submitted for the approval of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor the resolution dealing with the matter passed by the legislature last year.

In answer to this resolution, John McGee, clerk of the Privy Council, forwarded the following: Extract from a report of the committee of the Honorable the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency on the 1st of April, 1896.

The committee of the Privy Council has had under consideration a dispatch hereto attached dated 21st January, 1896, from the Lieutenant-Governor of British Columbia, transmitting a copy of a report of the committee of his executive council, embodying a resolution passed by the legislative assembly of that province, asking that the question of the removal of the Songhees Indians from their reserve to a more suitable locality be referred to a special commission.

The Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs, to whom the dispatch was referred, reports that the Songhees Indians were settled upon the land now occupied by them at the time of the occupation of Vancouver Island, by the Hudson's Bay Company, and that the Indian title was purchased by the Hudson's Bay Company, in the year 1850, of other territory, they reserved for their own use, and for the use of their children, the land at present comprised in the Songhees reserve.

The Minister further states that under the order-in-council of the 16th May, 1871, admitting British Columbia into the Dominion, the Songhees reserve and other lands reserved for the use and benefit of the Indians came under the trusteeship and management of the Dominion government. An agreement was subsequently entered into with the government of British Columbia respecting the allotting of reserves to Indians in that province, and under that agreement a commission was appointed for that purpose. The decision of that commission, dated the 4th May, 1878, as to the Songhees reserve reads as follows:

"The land reserve of these Indians in the harbor of Victoria appears to be the private property of the tribe by a written agreement made in the month of April, 1850, between the chiefs and people and the agent of the Hudson's Bay Company, acting on behalf of the Crown, and by the land having been formally set apart for their perpetual use and benefit, and the commission, so far as they have authority in the matter, confirm this reserve as surveyed to the Songhees Indians."

The Minister observes that the legislation of British Columbia has, on several occasions, passed resolutions urging upon the government that province the desirability of having the Indians removed, and the question has formed the subject of several communications between the Dominion government and the government of the Dominion, but as the whole question of the title to Indian reserves in British Columbia was in an unsettled condition, and as the British Columbia government set up a reservation, the Dominion government did not feel warranted in admitting, it was not thought desirable to treat of the removal of the Songhees Indians until something definite had been done as to the latter question.

Lieut. Governor of British Columbia for the information of his government. (Signed) JOHN J. McGEHEE, Clerk of the Privy Council.

Following this was a copy of a report of a committee of the executive council, approved by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor on the 1st day of June, 1896. The committee of council has under consideration a dispatch from the Acting Under Secretary of State for Canada, dated 10th April, 1896, transmitting a copy of a report of the committee of the Honorable the Privy Council, approved by His Excellency the Governor-General on the 1st April, 1896, in reply to the resolution of the legislative assembly of this province, asking that the question of the removal of the Songhees Indians be referred to a special commission.

The committee are in doubt regarding the interpretation to be placed on certain observations contained in the report under consideration as to the effect of any agreement now to be entered into, and in order to avoid future misunderstanding, submit that the anticipated legislative proposal of the committee be summarized as follows:

1. A new reserve will be selected, to which the Indians will be removed and the title to this reserve will be vested in fee simple to the Dominion government, in trust for the Indians and without any reversion to the province.

2. The lands composing the present reserve will revert to the province in accordance with the fifth paragraph of the proposition submitted by the Acting Minister of the Interior, dated 5th Nov., 1875.

3. This settlement shall not affect any question as to the reversion in the remaining reserves which matter is now under consideration as to the effect of any agreement now to be entered into, and in order to avoid future misunderstanding, submit that the anticipated legislative proposal of the committee be summarized as follows:

4. A Campbell Reddie, Deputy Clerk of Executive Council, to this came the following reply: "Ottawa, June 21, 1896. Sir, I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 2nd instant, conveying a copy of an approved minute of the executive council of British Columbia made in reply to an order of His Excellency the Governor-General in council of 1st April last, respecting the reference to a special commission of the question of the removal of the Songhees Indians from their present reserve to a more suitable location.

In reply, I beg to inform you that the receipt of your letter of the 2nd instant, conveying a copy of an approved minute of the executive council which has been forwarded to the Honorable the Secretary of State, and which will in due course be referred to the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs for report, no official action can be taken in the meantime. In the meantime the action of the government is noted by the department. Your obedient, etc.

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A Trio of Afflictions.

VARIED AGONIES FOR LONG YEARS.

A Man of Seventy-four Years Feels Young Again.

Paine's Celery Compound Gives Him New Blood, Activity and Strength.

The Great Medicine Removes His Troubles and Burdens.

His Cure Vouched For By a Justice of the Peace.

Mr. Thomas R. Baxter, of Karadale, N.S., aged 74 years, and fastidious in the grave from a terrible complication of diseases—erysipelas for 40 years, bleeding piles for 15 years, and sciatic rheumatism for over a year—was rescued from torture, agony and death by Paine's Celery Compound after all other means had failed.

After reading the following statement, vouched for by a Justice of the Peace, how can any sane man or woman entertain doubts as to the curing virtues of earth's only honest life-giving medicine?

Mr. Baxter writes as follows: "I desire to let you know about my wonderful cure by your precious medicine, Paine's Celery Compound."

"I was afflicted by three complaints that made my life a misery and a burden. I had erysipelas for 40 years, bleeding piles for 15 years, and sciatic rheumatism for over a year."

"I tried the doctors, and all kinds of medicines, but no help or relief was afforded me, and I could not eat or sleep. I was then advised to use Paine's Celery Compound, and oh, what a mighty change! The use of the first bottle enabled me to eat and sleep, and after using seven bottles I was quite another man; was perfectly cured, and felt young again. All that I have written can be proved by doctors, merchants, magistrates, and by three ministers of the Gospel, and by scores of other people. I shall always thank you and your wonderful medicine, Paine's Celery Compound."

"I hereby certify that Paine's Celery Compound has made a well man of Thomas R. Baxter."

JAMES H. THORNE, Justice of the Peace.

A BOON FOR EVERY HOME

Every Wise Woman Should See That She Gets the Best.

In special cotton colors the Diamond Dyes far exceed all other dyes. These are the cotton dyes are recent discoveries of the best dye chemists in the world, and are remarkable for fastness against exposure to strong light and standing any amount of washing without fading.

Special attention is directed to Diamond Dye Fast Black for Cotton and Mixed Goods. This marvellous black dye is perfect in its color, and gives a deep, rich black to all cotton and mixed goods. It exceeds all rivals in every good quality.

One package of this dye will do as much work as three of any other make of dye. The Diamond Dyes are first, best, and most economical to use.

Tell your merchant you must have the "Diamond."