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TWENTY-FIRST YEAR | EIGHT PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING SEPTEMBER 4 1900—EIGHT PAGES | ONE CENT

NO RELIABLE NEWS FROM PEKIN FOR NEARLY A FORTNIGHT NOW

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SENATE PO

Vienna Despatch to London Standard Says Germans, Austrians and Italians Will Remain in Pekin After Russians Withdraw.

Suggestion Is Made That Russia May Have Secret Terms With China Behind the Backs of the Powers—Britain Waits to Hear From Sir Claude MacDonald Before Taking Action.

London, Sept. 4.—(4.10 a.m.)—The latest reliable Pekin date is now nearly a fortnight old. An undated despatch has been received at Vienna reporting that the allied troops marched thru the Imperial palace Aug. 28, but it was known that this date had been affixed by the allied commanders for a formal promenade.

There is no other news of any kind.

Official Pay Stopped.

The Hong Kong correspondent of The Daily Mail says that the Canton officials have been ordered to transmit all possible revenue to the north for war expenses, and that all pay of officials, from the Viceroy downwards, has been stopped during hostilities.

Will Remain in Pekin.

The Vienna correspondent of The Standard telegraphs that he learns from a good source that the Germans, Austrians and Italians will remain in Pekin after the Russians withdraw.

Shanghai and Hong Kong despatches express the utmost astonishment at the idea of evacuating Pekin.

Is Russia Playing Double?

The Daily News suggests editorially that Russia may have made secret terms with China behind the backs of the powers.

The Standard expresses gratification at the explanation that the United States Government does not approve Russia's proceedings.

Says Li Is Crooked.

The Daily Express publishes an interview with a New York Chinaman, Liu Chuan, now staying in London, who admits Li Hung Chang's duplicity and rooted antagonism to western ideas, but thinks that the allies have no choice but to negotiate with him or to retire from China altogether.

To Discipline the Kaiser.

M. De Blowitz, the Paris correspondent of The Times, asserts that the origin of Russia's decision to evacuate Pekin was her desire to frustrate the schemes of Emperor William and to correct the impression produced by the Kaiser's speech, attributing to Emperor Nicholas the initiative in the appointment of Field Marshal Count Von Waldersee to the command of the international troops.

Difficulty of Communication.

The difficulty of communicating with the British Minister at Pekin delays the promulgation of the views of the British Government in regard to its future steps in China, the Government being unwilling to commit itself publicly to a definite decision until Sir Claude Macdonald shall have fully reported on the situation.

Will Not Evacuate China.

While a heated anti-evacuation campaign continues in the press, the trend of official opinion apparently continues favorable to the principle of the suggested withdrawal from Pekin to Tien Tsin, but not the evacuation of China, as many Russophobes who desire to confuse the issue pretend is the proposal under consideration. Nothing is yet forthcoming to indicate what modifications or provisos, if any, Lord Salisbury may have in mind.

Will Soon Be Settled.

The statement that General Gaselee, commander of the British troops in China, has stopped British reinforcements arriving at Hong Kong from proceeding farther north is taken as an indication that the British Government anticipates that the diplomatists will very shortly take the place now occupied by the military.

May Get Back at France.

It is reported at Hong Kong that the French gunboat Comete recently fired on some Chinese farmers on the banks of Hin Kiang, killing three and wounding others. The incident, it is added, is regarded as liable to provoke reprisals.

RUSSIA'S DOUBLE GAME.

Pouring Thousands of Cossacks From the North Into Manchuria—No One Is Spared.

Portland, Oregon, Sept. 3.—The steamship Monmouthshire, from Yokohama, brings The Kobe Herald of Aug. 14, which says:

"Russia is pouring tens of thousands of Cossacks from the north into Manchuria, and reports say no human soul is being spared, and a wide, open track is being made as the troops press forward. They are, nevertheless, meeting some opposition en route, as the entire Chinese populations come out against them.

"Refugees continue to flock to Vladivostock from the interior, and steamers are leaving fully laden with them."

FRANCE HAS NOT YET REPLIED

To Russia's Note Regarding the Withdrawal of the Troops From Pekin.

Paris, Sept. 3.—France has not yet replied to Russia's note regarding the withdrawal of troops from Pekin. M. Delcasse, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and the Russian Ambassador, Prince Ouroussow, went to Rambouillet to-day to confer upon President Loubet the decoration of the Russian Order of St. Andrew, recently accorded him by the Czar, and to present to M. Loubet the autograph letter accompanying the decoration. It is believed that this will give opportunity for an exchange of views which will have an effect upon the Ministerial meeting which will be held here to-morrow.

France regards peace as the first requisite of the situation, but is not entirely certain that the withdrawal of the troops from Pekin is the surest and quickest method to attain that end.

TRYING TO SAVE IMPERIAL PALACE.

The Members of the Tsung Li Yamen Negotiating With the Generals of the Allies.

Pekin, Aug. 28, via Shanghai, Sunday.—Ching Shin, Na Tung and Chung Li, members of the Tsung Li Yamen, are trying to negotiate with the generals of the allied forces, thru Sir Robert Hart, Director of Imperial Customs, in order to prevent the destruction of the innermost palace of the Forbidden City.

Russia Occupies the Palace.

With the same object in view, the Russians have occupied the palace. Resident Americans hope that the negotiations will fail, they think the city ought to be completely destroyed, that Na Tung and Chung Li should be beheaded, since they formed part of the cabal which caused the murder of Baron Von Ketteler and attempted to massacre all foreigners, and that no leniency should be shown, or the next generation of Chinamen will repeat the crime.

Boxers Lost 70 Men.

The British forces met, five miles to the westward of Pekin, 300 Boxers and 2000 regular Chinese troops. The latter fled, without a shot, and the Boxers followed, after losing 70 men.

SURPRISE AT SHANGHAI

Over the Report That Russia Had Decided to Leave Pekin—What Was the Cause?

Shanghai, Sept. 3.—The reports from European capitals that Russia has decided to leave Pekin caused amazement here when first heard thru Chinese sources. Officials were especially inclined to treat them with incredulity, inasmuch as every step in connection with Russia's occupation had apparently been taken with a view to permanency. The theory was that in the railroad Russia held the key to the situation, and that when the Taku harbor was closed by the ice the other powers would be dependent upon Russia to provision their troops in Pekin.

Is Russia Troubled Financially?

The officers of the other armies have constantly predicted that the Russians intended to keep the railway and to hold the line of forts and arsenals to Pekin, thus securing the strongest foothold of any nation. The assumption is now that financial reasons possibly influence Russia to her present decision. She has her hands full to maintain her troops, and part of the army has sometimes lacked proper rations.

TWO FRENCH PRIESTS SAFE.

Were Escorted From the Far Interior to Kiao Chu by Troops Furnished by Yuan Shi Kai.

Shanghai, Sept. 3.—Two French priests have reached Kaio Chu from the far interior, escorted the whole way by Chinese soldiers, furnished by Yuan Shi Kai, Governor of Shantung.

They assert that Yuan Shi Kai has 20,000 troops beyond Kiao Chu, disposed apparently with a view to opposing any attempt at German expansion.

LEONG KAI TINE'S MISSION.

Wants to Get the Chinese in America to Endorse the Restoration of the Emperor.

San Francisco, Sept. 3.—Leong Kai Tine, who claims to be special Ambassador of the Deposed Emperor of China, and is the representative of the Chinese Empire Association of Reformers, made an impassioned plea last night to a large audience of his countrymen in the Jackson-street Theatre for the restoration of the Emperor and the regeneration of China. His recitation of the indignities that had been heaped upon the unfortunate Emperor by the Empress Dowager was so eloquent that the yellow men in the audience were moved to tears.

Leong Kai Tine came to this country to gain the support of the Chinese residents in the United States for the restoration of the Emperor, and, as a consequence, the inauguration of a liberal policy toward foreigners.

CHUNG LI ARRESTED AT PEKIN.

Visited Austrian Representative and Was Charged With Complicity in Legation Attacks.

Pekin, Sept. 2.—Chung Li, member of the Tsung li Yamen and Prefect of Police, visited the Austrian representative to-day, and was arrested for complicity in the attacks on the legations.

Sir Robert Hart, the Director of the Chinese Imperial Maritime Customs, has resumed charge of the customs and has reopened the Imperial posts.

Was Military Governor.

London, Sept. 3.—An Austrian official despatch says Chung Li, who was arrested by the Austrian representative at Pekin, was military governor of Pekin, and adds that the Austro-Hungarian contingent is quartered in Chung Li's palace. After his arrest he was turned over to the Japanese.

IS YU THE BLOOD-MONEY MAN?

Asks a Reward From the Chinese Throne for Having Killed 52 Foreigners.

Pekin, Tuesday, Aug. 21.—Prince Ching is endeavoring to open negotiations with the allies.

Yu Hsien, Governor of Shanghai, has sent a memorial to the throne asking for a reward for having invited 52 foreigners under his protection aand for having afterwards killed them.

In the Provisional Government established here, each nationality administers a section of the city according to its own ideas.

There is a possibility of the Pekin despatch being somewhat in error as to the identity of the Chinese official who is asking for a reward for murdering 52 foreigners. A despatch to the Associated Press from Che Foo, dated Aug. 29, said Yu, the Governor of the Province of Shensi, was reported to have invited the foreigners in that province to come under his protection. It was added that about Aug. 21 50 foreigners accepted the invitation and all were massacred. Probably Yu, the Governor of Shensi, is identical with Yu Hsien, who is referred to in the Pekin despatch as Governor of Shanghai.

20,000 DEAD CHINESE

After the Capture of the Inner Walls of Tien Tsin—Murder and Robbery Followed.

Denver, Col., Sept. 3.—Major S. J. Hooper of this city has received a letter from Lieut.-Col. C. A. Coolidge, dated Tien Tsin, China, Aug. 8. Lieut.-Col. Coolidge led the 9th Infantry in its attack on the inner walls of Tien Tsin. The letter gives an account of the fighting at Tien Tsin, and continues:

"The Japanese looted the Chinese houses, but the French were entirely in the robber business, and robbed and murdered right and left and do still. I believe the British were granted one day to loot, but this was soon stopped, except by the French, who still continued the work in their own quarter. The American quarter has been very quiet and we guard as best we can with our small garrison. The Chinese dead are all buried, and the town is cleared up and peaceable.

"There were 20,000 dead Chinese and probably one-third of the city is burned by shot and shell or incendiaries. On account of the crowded condition of the city, it would be a good thing if one half of it were destroyed."

German Troops for Woosung.

Shanghai, Sunday, Sept. 2.—The German transport Batavia will debark German troops at Woosung, to assist the British and French detachments.

Is Prince Ching Arrested?

Tien Tsin, Sunday, Aug. 26.—There are four trains daily from Tongku to Yangtsun.

The sinking of a small Japanese steamer interrupts river communication between Tien Tsin and Taku.

As announced in the despatch from Pekin, dated Aug. 22, Chung Li has been arrested, and it is just possible he may be the "Prince Ching" referred to in the Pekin despatch of Aug. 21, as endeavoring to open negotiations with the allies, who there is a Prince Ching, father of the heir-apparent, Lord Chamberlain of the Court, and recently commander of the Pekin field force.

WAS CHASED BY THE BOXERS

Dr. Malcolm, a Presbyterian Missionary Who Escaped From China, Talks to The World.

AN INTERESTING EXPERIENCE.

Excitement and Hardships for Missionaries—Got Away on a British Gunboat.

One of the missionaries of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, who escaped with Dr. Leslie from China recently, was Dr. Malcolm. This gentleman, however, has been staying in Galt, but was in the city yesterday, and was seen by a World reporter.

Dr. Malcolm is a medical missionary, and still a young man, tho he has seen eight years' service in China. His station was at Hsin Chen, in North Honan, about 500 miles from the coast, and a journey of four or five weeks by houseboat.

Dr. Malcolm's Story.

"We got away," he said, "before the serious trouble began. Coming down the river there was a good deal of disturbance among the native troops. At Tien Tsin everyone was talking of the Boxers, and we concluded we had just got away in time. We got to Pei Tai Ho by the time the trouble commenced in Tien Tsin. There were seven or eight of us missionaries, and we decided to stay where we were, rather than accept the Consul's invitation to go to Tien Tsin.

Granted a Gunboat.

"We asked for a gunboat, however, and the Humber, which was really a supply ship for the British navy, was sent. The vessel carried about 70 or 80 marines, who guarded us for about ten days. By this time the railway was cut below us, the station burned and looting had commenced at Shan Hai Kwan, at the end of great wall, which there runs into the sea. By not accepting the Consul's invitation, we escaped from being caught in the bombardment of Tien Tsin.

"After 10 days at Pei Tai Ho, we were obliged to leave, as the Boxers got within eight miles of the place. Our communication was cut, and we went on the Humber to Taku, a day or two after forts had been captured. About 40 or 50 war vessels of different nationalities were lying in the harbor. Then we went to Che Foo, where we found the greatest excitement. The native forces were constantly training their guns on the foreign settlement, and sometimes inflicting serious damage.

Were Badly Used Up.

"The consuls were very anxious that we should get away, for, as a matter of fact, we could not get gunboats enough to protect the place, as every boat and all munitions of war that could be obtained were being hurried on to the relief of Pekin. Then Dr. McClure, Dr. Menzies, Miss Wallace and party arrived overland from Honan to Che Foo, but were too badly used up to proceed farther, so we left them and sailed on H.M.S. Terrible for Wei Hai Wei. The Terrible, whose guns did such deadly execution at Ladysmith, was commanded by Capt. Scott, who treated us royally.

"There were very few troops at Wei Hai Wei, so I joined the volunteer corps, which was drilling daily. I had also offered my services for attendance on the sick as physician, nurse, but they had plenty of doctors.

Steerage Passengers.

"From Wei Hai Wei we went to Nagasaki, Japan, on a small transport. We traveled as steerage passengers, and had a pretty rough time," and Dr. Malcolm smiled grimly as memories of the trip were recalled. "Dr. Leslie and Mrs. Leslie joined us at this time, and our party, consisting of Mrs. McClure and three children, Mrs. Malcolm and myself, sailed on the Hong Konk Maru for San Francisco. Mrs. McClure went north to Portland, Ore., and the rest of us came here."

Speaking of the Boxer movement, Dr. Malcolm said he believed the revolutionists were animated more by broad hatred of the foreigners than by specific hatred of the Christians. In this they are encouraged by the native officials, who foresee their finish, if western customs and improvements continue to spread thru the Celestial kingdom. Their system, semi-barbaric, is the antithesis of the western, and depends for its supremacy, indeed, for its very existence, on superstition of the grossest character. Hence their reliance to western customs and civilization, which would expose them in the worst possible light. In Northern China, where they have had no rain for two years, the people are in a state of starvation, and ready to rise in rebellion upon the slightest provocation.

C. I. V.

The Buckinghams of London, universally recognized as the creators of men's fashions, have just introduced the C.I.V., so called after the City Infantry Volunteers. The most eloquent testimony of the success of this new scarf is the immense run it is now enjoying in the British metropolis. Quinn of 93 Yonge-street is introducing this decided novelty to the Canadian public today at 50c. each.

Exhibition visitors should all drink Sanigest Natural Mineral Water. All first-class hotels keep it.

He Has Demonstrated.

A gentleman who took a box of Cambridge cigars with him to Muskoka says he enjoyed the reputation of having the best cigars on the lakes. His friends were delighted with them. G. W. Muline, when he started out to make the Cambridge and Oxford, said he would demonstrate that a really first-class cigar could be made in Canada and sold for five cents.

Take Your Visitors Across the Lake

While entertaining your Exhibition visitors a trip to St. Catharines should not be overlooked. The Lakeside Navigation Co.'s steamers leave Yonge-street wharf every afternoon at 2 o'clock. The return fare is only 50c. ed

Pember's Turkish Baths, excellent sleeping accommodation. 127 Yonge.

Umbrella Season.

There was a call—and a loud call yesterday, for umbrellas. The Dineen Company, corner Yonge and Temperance, got the best of it because their stock is just in from New York—finest finish—finest stock. They're agents for the patent folding umbrella. Have you seen it?

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered Accountants, offices Canadian Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

BRITISH GARRISON INVESTED BY THE BOERS AT LADYBRAND

Troops Said to Have Already Burned Their Stores and May Have to Surrender—General Baden-Powell Starts For Cape Town.

Masura, Basutoland, Sept. 3.—Commandoes under Fourie, Grobelaan, Beemar and Hasbrouck, together with 200 of Theron's scouts, are investing the British garrison at Ladybrand.

It is reported that the troops have already burned their stores, and it is feared that they will be compelled to surrender. General Hunter is hastening to their relief.

BOER ENVOYS IN RUSSIA.

Their Visit to St. Petersburg Was Cut Short by the Police.

London Daily Mail, Aug. 23.

St. Petersburg, Wednesday, Aug. 22.—The visit of the Boer envoys has been a complete fiasco.

They were informed by the Government that neither the Czar nor the Minister for Foreign Affairs could see them, and the police gave them to understand that they must cut short their stay in the capital.

So they journeyed to Moscow, whither the Government sent an order forbidding both the public and the press to give them a reception.

Whatever happens, the Transvaal cannot count on Russian help.

Received by Opposition in Silence.

Cape Town, Sept. 3.—The communication to-day to the Assembly of Lord Roberts' proclamation, announcing the annexation of the South African Republic, which will hereafter be known as the Transvaal, was greeted by the Opposition with silence and by the Ministerialists with prolonged cheers.

The Official Proclamation.

London, Sept. 3.—Under date of Belfast, Sept. 1, Lord Roberts reports: "I have today issued, under Her Majesty's warrant of July 4, proclamations announcing that the Transvaal will henceforth form a part of Her Majesty's dominions."

Baden-Powell Going Home.

Pretoria, Sept. 3.—General Baden-Powell started for Cape Town Saturday.

LABOR DAY IN MONTREAL.

The Procession in Honor of the Day Was an Elaborate and Imposing One.

ASSEMBLED ON CHAMP DE MARS.

Shoe Workers Were in the Lead for Numbers, Cigar Makers Second.

Montreal, Sept. 3.—(Special.)—Labor Day was fittingly observed here to-day, and the procession was most imposing. From shortly before 8 o'clock this morning the various units in the procession began to assemble at or near the Champ de Mars, under the superintendence of Mr. Surprenant, grand marshal of the procession, and his aides. The Champ de Mars, large as it is, was none too big to contain all the members of the different labor unions who took part in the procession, and the vast number of spectators, amongst whom, as is usual on such occasions, the ubiquitous small boy predominated. Headed by their bands, the different unions marched on to the ground and took up their places in the Champ de Mars. The strongest union of all was the Brotherhood of shoemakers, which, said Mr. J. B. Mack, vice-president of the Federated Trades Council and chairman of the Labor Day Committee, had no fewer than 2500 men on parade or over—one-sixth of the entire turnout. The Cigarmakers' Union took second rank with 700, and the Ironmoulders' Union, with 450, third. The last-named union, as was the case last year, made the neatest appearance, having their own uniform with them, both band and members of the union being clad in a neat uniform of navy blue serge, with white vests, dark trousers and light grey, brimmy felt hats.

The Labor Day Committee of the Federated Trades Council is composed of Mr. J. B. Mack (chairman), Messrs. J. Amey (secretary), A. Garlepy (treasurer), J. Tremblay, C. Lamarche, W. Benchon, J. A. Rodier, P. A. Rondeau and F. Roberge.

The Officers.

The officers of the council are: Messrs. F. Roberge, president; P. B. Kennedy, vice-president; A. Verville, French recording secretary; J. B. Mack, English recording secretary; E. Martin, financial secretary; A. Garlepy, treasurer; P. A. Bodreau, corresponding secretary; W. Menard, sergeant-at-arms, and F. Dennis, guide.

The Day in Boston.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 3.—The thousands of citizens who participated in the annual Labor Day celebration to-day were favored with excellent weather. The principal feature was the display made by organized labor. About 4500 trade unionists were in line. The Knights of Labor numbering about 1300, held an independent parade.

At Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 3.—In celebration of Labor Day, notwithstanding a steady downpour of rain, there were probably 8000 men in line, representing more than 90 unions. At Scenic Park, President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor delivered an address.

At St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 3.—Labor Day was celebrated here by a labor parade, in which more than 25,000 men of all trades participated. The day was generally observed, business of all kinds being practically suspended. All thru the South organized labor celebrated.

Slow Day in New York.

New York, Sept. 3.—In view of the fact that there was no general parade of labor in this city to-day, and that many downtown business houses were closed, there was unusual quietude in the principal thoroughfares. Most of the organizations left the city by the early trains and boats for their outings, each having a program of its own. The exception was the parade of the United Houesmiths' and Bridgemen's Union, with 2000 men in line.

Labor Day at Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Sept. 3.—(Special.)—Labor Day celebration passed off in an orderly manner. The weather was beautiful. The principal feature was the parade.

Quick Lunch, 31½ Yonge, next World Office. Meals served any hours of the day or night from five to fifty cents. Convenient for men working down town and those out late at night. John Goebel, Prop. 2

Sight-Seeing on Yonge-Street!

While the Fair is the event which most likely accounts for the presence of nine-tenths of the visitors to the city this week all the sight-seeing is not centred there. One "point of interest" which one may visit with profit—especially if you have any notion of purchasing furs while here—is Fairweather's (84 Yonge)—a house whose reputation for making and selling the finest extends over 30 years, and this season they are making the largest and best display they have ever made—and they invite you specially to pay a visit to their large well lighted showrooms—if only to see what's there.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., Patent Solicitors and experts, Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

High Grade Bicycles by Auction

Messrs. C. J. Townsend will sell by auction at 28 King-street west, on Wednesday, Sept. 5, at 12.30 p.m., a number of the best makes of bicycles, including Clevelands, Stearns, E. & D.'s, Crescents, Westland Vales, Gendrons, Brantfords; also a large number of guaranteed tires and inney tubes; the whole lot to be absolutely closed out to the highest bidder.

Pember's Turkish Baths, excellent sleeping accommodation. 127 Yonge.

NOMINATION IN MARQUETTE.

Dr. Roche, the Present Member, Chosen by the Conservatives—W. J. Thompson for Liberals.

Winnipeg, Sept. 3.—(Special.)—Dr. Roche, M.P., was re-nominated for the Commons today at a convention of Marquette Conservatives. The Liberals, who also met at Shoal Lake, nominated W. J. Thompson as their candidate.

THE TEMPLE CAFE.

For the next three weeks, during the Exhibition, all strangers coming to the city wanting first-class meals, at all hours, on the shortest possible notice, should call at the Temple Cafe, where all the latest delicacies, with first-class service, at moderate prices, will be at your command.

The Temple Cafe, with its luxurious fittings, is the only place in town where a meal can be enjoyed without that crowding which is found in inferior restaurants.

Do not fail to see the Blue Room, which is a marvel of beauty, with its dainty decorations, fitted especially for the convenience of private parties. The lunch counter in the Annex, on the ground floor, will be supplied with everything to suit the tastes of the most fastidious. You can get a dainty lunch from 20 cents up.

After which you are invited to visit our luxurious smoking parlors, where you can get all the choicest brands of cigars, with the latest magazines, local and foreign papers. The Temple Cafe, corner Bay and Richmond-streets. Open until midnight. T. G. Davey, manager. ed

Is Mrs. Chamberlain Insane?

The mystery surrounding the identity of the female prisoner who was taken into custody on Sunday, and who afterwards attempted to choke herself in the cells, was cleared away yesterday, when several friends called at the Court-street Station and stated that the woman's name was Mrs. Alice Chamberlain, and her address 36 Nelson-street. Her friends claim that her strange actions on Sunday were the result of an attack of brain trouble, which she suffered some time ago. The woman's husband is at present employed with a Detroit firm. She will appear in the Police Court this morning, and will probably be given into the care of her friends.

Smokers, call at Wilbur's Cigar Store, 445 Queen St. W. Just received a fine line of G.B.D. Pipes; cheapest place on earth. Watch for Saturday's bargains. All cut tobaccos 8c, brier 7c, 10c cigars for 5c, and 5c cigars 2 for 25c. Saturdays. 5246

Rush for Sleeping Room.

The hotels are doing a land office business these days. It is their annual harvest, and the staffs are working overtime shovelling dollars into the barrel. It is difficult to get anywhere near the register, the crowd standing two and three deep around the desk. Guests who desire lodging are being turned away in dozens, but can be accommodated for meals. In addition to the daily rush, the Palmer will be called upon to provide accommodation to-night for 100 members of the Builders' Exchange of Cleveland, who have wired ahead for rooms. Visitors who cannot obtain rooms at the hotels will still have to sleep in the street, however, as the hotels have a select list of boarding houses to which they will be pleased to refer patrons.

The Port Hope B. & M. Co. have opened an agency in Toronto for their celebrated ale and porter.

New Shapes—New Shades—New Season.

As hot as this spell keeps we can't blind ourselves to the fact that we're into a new season, and with it come the style changes in all manner of apparel for most all people. Fairweather's (84 Yonge) are ready to serve gentlemen to the newest fall styles in soft and stiff felt hats, and you'll find in their range for the season such makers as Youmans (sole agents), Stetson, Hawes, Christy, Roeloff and other leading English and American fashions are generously represented.

The Chocolate of the future. Try it Watson's fresh made Cream Chocolate. Invigorating, sustaining, delicious, in 5c bars. 246

Woman's Invention.

Woman invented it! It saves your beautiful tresses and feeds the hair with pure air—a little pad about the size of a big button, to sew on the inside of your hat—Fifty cents, that's all, and a guaranteed cure for dandruff goes with it, or your money back. Dineen Company are sole Toronto agents, cor. Yonge and Temperance-streets.

"Gibbons' Toothache Gum is easily applied and stops toothache instantly."

Comfortable Feet in Hot Weather by using Dr. Evans' Antiseptic Foot Powder. Keeps the feet cool, free from soreness. Bingham's Pharmacy, 100 Yonge-street.

Cook's Turkish Baths have reopened—202 and 204 King West.

Many people have something which they do not want; other people want that very article. Send your goods to C. J. Townsend & Co., the auctioneer.

Pember's Turkish Baths, excellent sleeping accommodation. 127 Yonge.

To-Day's Program.

Toronto Exhibition—Germania Day. All departments open from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m.

"Siege and Relief of Mafeking" at Exhibition grounds, Grand Stand. Performance commences at 7 p.m.

Boys' Brigade in Canada—fifth annual meeting—second day.

Canadian Opticians' Convention, 2 and 8.

Ontario Association for Prevention of Tuberculosis, City Hall, 3.

Methodist Superannuation Fund, meeting in Wesley Buildings, 11 a.m.

Baseball at Hanlan's Point. Montreal v. Toronto, two games, 2 and 4 p.m.

Grand Opera House—"Quo Vadis," 8 p.m.

Toronto Opera House—"The Evil Eye," 2 and 8 p.m.

Princess Theatre—"All the Comforts of Home," 2 and 8 p.m.

Shea's Theatre—Refined vaudeville, 2 and 8 p.m.

Hanlan's Point—Free vaudeville, afternoon and evening.

Munro Park—Free vaudeville, afternoon and evening.

The Pianola—Mason & Risch's Piano Warerooms, 32 West King-street.

Cook's Turkish Baths have reopened.

THE ASSOCIATION WON'T GIVE EXACT FIGURES

But Conservative Estimates Made Show That There Were Over Fifty Thousand People on the Grounds on Labor Day.

The Labor Procession Was a Record-Breaker in Toronto—Sports and Games Were Postponed Owing to the Cloudy Weather—This is Germania Day.

Labor Day at the Fair was a huge success, in spite of the occasional frown of the weather man. The big parade of the allied labor organizations with their numerous bands had just entered the grounds when a brisk shower struck them and scattered them to the sheltered corners. For a few minutes there was hurrying and scurrying, and while the shower lasted every building was jammed with the patrons of labor and their friends. Happily, the rain was soon over, and then one had a chance to estimate the numbers of the crowd. When the sun shone out upon the grounds, the crowd poured here, there and everywhere, and there was no point where it was not an effort to make one's way, so dense was the massing of the people. It was tremendous.

A General Holiday.

Labor Day is a public holiday all over Canada, and, as a result, every town in Ontario sent its quota of holiday-seekers to the Fair. This, combined with the fact that the stores in the city were closed, made the whole province keen to take advantage of the best means of enjoyment. No one had long to cogitate to conclude that the Industrial Fair was the only and one attraction that was fit and proper for the day.

Great Influx to the City.

Hence the influx to the city, and the army of resident pleasure-seekers made a bee-line for the Fair. The result was that the paid attendance at the Fair was the largest of the year, and away beyond the same day last year. Before the gates opened 25,000 tickets and been sold by labor organizations, and before the day closed it is estimated that 50,000 persons were admitted to the grounds. This is a corker, and runs the epoch-marking Li Hung Chang day close for first place.

Treasurer Edwards says he had no difficulty in handling the crowds, but is losing sleep over what he will have to do to take care of all-comers on Germania Day (to-day), and especially on Farmers' Day (Wednesday).

How to Judge the Crowds.

An index of the crowd is obtained by noting that, ordinarily, most persons travel by the King-street cars going down to the city, and only the knowing ones take a Bathurst and then transfer on to a Queen east, but yesterday every Bathurst-street car was crowded, and thousands seemed to be on to the scheme of the Queen east transfer.

Work of the Police.

Another sign that a crowd more than usually large was present at the Fair was the fact that the police ran in seven culprits. Five of them were boys under 15 years of age, and were caught swiping fruit and sandwiches from the lunch counters. One was a drunk, who made himself conspicuous about the grounds in the afternoon. The query is: Where did he get his beautiful jag? "Bob" Geddes had one call last night about 9 o'clock. A woman living on Brock-avenue, in delicate health, fainted when Paul Tustin was doing his darting backward dive, and had to be taken to a hospital in an ambulance, and at a late hour last night she was progressing favorably.

25,000 in the Grand.

Perhaps the best idea of the numbers that saw the Exhibition yesterday is obtained from a view of the Grand Stand last night. From bottom tier of seats to the topmost part the stand was crowded. The steps leading to the stand were jammed. The aisles held occupants. The enclosure was jammed with a moving mass of five thousand persons. It is estimated that twenty-five thousand persons paid for admission to the Grand Stand last night. If the stand could hold more, it is difficult to perceive where they would be put.

President Smith Is Happy.

The heart of President Smith is happy. As he strolled about the grounds last night it was evident that jubilation had claimed him as her own. Labor Day will be remembered by President Smith. It is a happy omen that after three years of antagonism the forces of the labor organizations under President Wilson, and those of the Exhibition Association, under President Smith, have joined hands, and yesterday's tremendous attendance, fraught with good to both sections, is only an earnest of that will be wrought by the allied forces in years to come.

Labor Leaders Dined.

The Labor Day demonstration was punctuated by the luncheon given in honor of the leaders of the labor organizations. The praise heaped upon the laborers was tersely condensed by Bishop DuMouin when he spoke about the appearance of the parade, of the nobility, the integrity and the solidity of the laboring men. The day was one of quiet and order, which was another tribute to the men who earn their bread by the sweat of their brow. Many were disappointed by the fact that the games, under the direction of the Trades and Labor Council, were necessarily postponed because of the dampness, but all were confident that the Games Committee had acted in the best interests of the competitors and the spectators.

Altogether the Labor Day demonstration at the Fair, because of the great increase in the attendance, is a matter of congratulation to all persons concerned.

Minting's Daring Wheel.

Every department of the Fair was in complete order, and was inspected by all. But perhaps the Mecca was the performance in front of the Grand Stand. Both afternoon and evening that really first-class entertainment was presented. Minting, the unicyclist, has got his apparatus into shape, and yesterday gave a meritorious performance. He rides up a spiral staircase sixty-five feet into the sky, without guide ropes and alone on his unicycle. By intention or accident he has to take three trials before he starts, and then when he begins to come down he always makes a false start that make the spectators gasp for breath. But down he comes, with apparent ease and arriving at the foot bows acknowledgements to enthusiastic crowds. This is a daring act and vies with that of Marvelous Marsh for first place. The Siege and Relief of Mafeking, with the usual prodigality of fireworks, was presented at night, and it was evident it struck a responsive patriotic chord in the breast of the audience, because of the enthusiastic cheers.

A MONSTER PARADE.

The Most Successful and the Largest Turnout of Organized Labor Ever Held in Toronto.

Labor Day, the workman's holiday, was celebrated in this city yesterday by a monster parade an da demonstration on the Exhibition grounds. The parade was the most successful in the history of organized labor in Toronto, and the largest turnout. Nearly 4000 trades unionists were in line and marched about five miles thru streets which were lined with people to celebrate the day. The rain which fell early in the morning did not dampen the order of the marchers, altho it had the effect of delaying the parade for about half an hour.

When the procession moved off, Jarvis-street was thronged with people who watched with interest the various trades represented. The parade wended its way down Jarvis-street to Adelaide-street and turned west on that street. At Spadina-avenue another turn was made up to Queen-street, and the marchers proceeded along the latter thorofar to Dufferin-street and thence to the grounds. While passing along Queen-street the marchers were greeted with another heavy shower of rain, which demoralized the order somewhat, the unionists seeking shelter under the awnings over the stores and in doorways. Once the shower was over, Grand Marshal Isaac H. Sanderson soon had the men in their places again, and the march was continued without further interruption. The many handsome floats in the parade were all greatly admired along the line of march.

Mr. Isaac H. Sanderson, grand marshal, was assisted in his work by aides, George Beales, R. Haverstock, J. G. Gallagher and H. J. Wilson.

At various points the procession was reviewed by Messrs. W. B. Rogers, Thomas Cannon and Capt. Charles Hitchie of the 12th York Rangers, who will award the cup to the union who, in their opinion, made the best appearance.

A BANQUET WAS HELD.

Officers of the Demonstration Committee Dined at the Temple Cafe After the Parade.

Immediately after the parade had dispersed the officers of the Demonstration Committee met at the Temple Cafe, where a banquet was held. The dinner was served in the blue room of the Cafe and was presided over by Mr. J. H. Kennedy, chair-

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Cotton Waste for Open Cars.

Editor World: Cotton waste is one of the cheapest materials that can be bought, and if the Toronto Railway Company are determined on running open cars, the very least that can be done for the passengers is to supply motormen and conductors with a stock of cotton waste to wipe the seats dry during times of rain. Some of the motormen yesterday were trying to pick up the water with their handkerchiefs. What do Mr. Rust and Mr. Keating think of the suggestion? Even the old Toronto Street Railway used to supply pea-straw in winter for heating the cars. Mr. Gunn can tell Mr. Keating about the pea straw.

Old Yorkville.

Call Off the Sharks.

Those who fixed the scale of prices at the Exhibition need to called down. A few days ago The World gave a list showing that it cost just $2.80 for one adult to see the show and the fakes. But The World was in error. It costs $2.90 to see the show and the fakes, as it turns out that the Industrial directors, who run the fair, are charging the farmers 10 cents admission to see the horses judged.

Monuments,

Finest work and best designs at lowest prices. The McIntosh Granite and Marble Company, 1119 and 1121 Yonge-street, Toronto (terminal Yonge-street car route). 246

BIRTHS.

LINDSEY—On Saturday, Sept. 1, at 120 Tyndall-avenue, the wife of G. G. S. Lindsey, Q.C., of a son.

MARRIAGES.

RIDLEY—M'DONELL—At St. Matthias' Church, Toronto, by Rev. Frank H. Hartley, on Sept. 1, 1900, Adelaide Alice McDonell, daughter of Richard McDonell, Esq., of Sunnyside, Toronto, to Henry E. Ridley of Dawson, Yukon Territory, barrister-at-law.

DEATHS.

BELMORE—At 202 Sackville-street, on Sunday, Sept. 2, Annie Belmore, youngest daughter of Anthony Belmore, aged 16 years.

Funeral Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock to St. Michael's Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

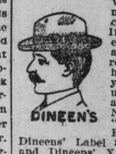
RANKIN—At the residence of his son-in-law, Andrew J. Taylor, 690 Spadina-avenue, on Monday afternoon, 3rd inst., John Rankin, late collector of customs at Bowmanville, Ont., aged 85 years.

Funeral private.

SLATER—On Sunday evening, Sept. 2, Frank Slater of 165 Sackville-street, accidental drowning.

Funeral from McCabe & Co., undertakers, 222 East Queen-street, on Tuesday, Sept. 4, at 2 o'clock, to St. James' Cemetery.

To Visitors.



When you are in the city make it a point to purchase your new fall hat. If you go to Dineens', corner of Yonge and Temperance-streets, you'll get a regular Fifth-avenue "1900" hat at as low a price as you will care to pay, right up to as much as you can afford. There's a novel New York line, known as "Dineens' Special Derby" Hats, that sell as follows: Dineens' Label $2, Dineens' XX $2.50, and Dineens' XXX $3; you can't make any mistake if you get one of these.

Fine Weather.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Sept. 3.—(8 p.m