irched mouth. o that usually the Field of ll," the name

y three gold-

?). "Cann," also a cong;

a., roofed az., . or.

r," a castle, a

f Rock of the

; i.e., arch of

Squares (?).

13

CARVERTH (C.), Green castle. CASAS, de las (Spanish), of the Houses. CASTELLETTO, del (I.), of the Little castle. CASTELLO, di (I.), of the Castle. CASTELNAU (£.), Newcastle.

CASTELNOVO (J.), Newcastle.

- CATE, ten (D.), at the Post; i.e., post on a bridge to fasten a vessel to.
- CATS, van (D.), of Cats, the animal. Probably a local surname, however, derived from lands named after their early inhabitants, the "Catti," mentioned by Tacitus. (Vide "Katzenellebogen.")
- CATS met de Zwarte Katte (12), Cats with the Black Cat. Arms: A black cat on a gold shield. This Zeeland family became extinct about a century since.
- CAYLEY (C.), Cailli (f.), Watercresses, a place in Normandy. The Hon. WILLIAM CAYLEY, of Toronto, C. W., traces his descent, in an uninterrupted line, from the lords of Caillie, who accompanied the Conqueror. Mr. Cayley is Inspector-General (Secretary of the Treasury) of Canada. He m. Emma, dau. of D'Arcy Boulton, Esq., of Toronto.

CAZENOVE (J.), Casa nova, New house. It may also be Spanish. CHADWICK (C.), Chad wie (A.S.), Chad's dwelling. There was a Saxon saint called "Chad," who was Bishop of Lichfield in 667. A family named Chadwick were settled at Chadwick,

in Lancashire, temp. Edw. III. CHAMPS, des (f.), of the Fields.

CHARBON (f.), Coal

CHASTEIGNER de la Chasteigneraye (£.), Chestnut-tree of the Plot of chestnut-trees. Arms: Gu., three chestnut-trees vert. CHASTEL, du (£.), of the Castle.

CHASTELLET, du (f.), of the Little castle.

CHAT, le (f.), the Cat.

CHATEAUBRIAND, de (\$.), of Castle Briand. Briand, son of Thiern, built, in 1019, in the Bishopric of Nantes, the castle which took his name and gave a surname to his descendants.