OF CALIFORMIA.

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ALIFORMIA in the large and general acception of it, containeth all those Provinces of Mexicana, which lie on the West-side of that Northern Peninsula, beyond Nova Gallicia, and New Spain: though in the stricter, limited to that Province onely which lieth on the other side of a long and spacious Gulf, called Mer Vermiglia, and from hence the Bay of California. But taking it in the largest sense, it hath on the West New Spain, and New

Gallicia, and so unto those undiscovered parts which he furthest North, to the Streits of Anian. So witnesself, John de Laet, lib.6. cap. 11. CALIFOR MIA cummuniter dicitur quicquid terrarum Novæ Hispaniæ atque Galliciæ ad Occidentem objicitur, ad extremos Americæ Septentrionalis terminos, & Fretum quod vulgo Anian vocant. Limited in the stricker sense and acception of it, to an Island (as it is now generally conceived to be) extended in a full length from North to South, on the West cof. So that for our more regular proceeding in the Chorographie and Story of it; we must divint into the Continent, and the Island: the Continent solutivided into the two large Provinces of 1. Quivira, and 2. Cibola; the Island into 3. Califormia specially so called, and 4. Nova Albion.

And first, the Continent of this part which we call Califormia, hath on the East some parts of Nova Gallicia; and besides that, those wast and undiscovered Countreys, which lie on the Welf-side of Canada and Virginia, on the opposite shore: bounded on the North with the unknown parts of this Mexicana; on the North-welf, with the Streits of Anian, if such Streits there be; on the West, with the Sea interposing betwire it and the Island, called Mer Vermiglio; and on the South, and South-west, with the rest of Nova Gallicia, from which parted by a great River called Rio dal Noort. A River which rising, in the 40. degree of Northera Latitude, first partest Tignez a Province of Quivira, from that of New Mexico, one of the Provinces of Nova Gallicia; and atter a long course falleth into the Sea, called Mer Vermiglio, above Cinolon, another of the Provinces of that Division. Divided as before was fad, into the two great Provinces of 1. Quivira, and 2. Cibola.

2. DIVIR A, taking up the most Northern parts of this side of America, is said to be very plain and level; of sew Trees, not many houses, nor much stored of people; quite destitute of fruits and Corn, and yielding nothing for mans like but the steft of beasts, which they ear raw, and swallow down in great bits without any cheming. The men apparelled in Buls-skins, from the head to the sect the women, though in a cold Countrey, with no other garment than their hair, which they wear so long, that it serveth them in stead of a vail to hide their nakednesse. They live in Hoords and companies, like the Hoords of the Tartars; not having any certain dwellings (except some chief men) but remove from one place to another, like the ancient Nomades. Neer Neighbours unto Tartary, from whence (not being much distant from it) it is supposed that the Inhabitants first came; and from hence by degrees peopled all

The Countrey being full of herbage, breeds great store of Cattel; differing not much in bignesse from those of Europe, but that they have an high bunch betwixe their shoulders; bristled upon the back like Bores, with somewhat which resembleth the mane in Horses, and the beard in Goats; their legs short, and clad with fectocks, their horns short, but sharp; the whole Beast of an aspect so horrid, that an Horse will not venture near them, till well acquainted. Yet in these Beasts lie all their Riches; these being to this people, as we fay with us of our Ale to Drunkards, meat, drink, and cloth, and more too. For the Hides yield them Houses, or at least the covering of them; their bones, bodkins; their hair, thread; their finews, ropes; their horns, maws, and bladders, vessels; their dung, fire; their Calveskins, budgets to draw and keep water their bloud, drink; and their flesh, meat. There is thought to be some traffick from China, or Cathay, hither. For when Vafques di Coronado conquered it , he faw in the further Sea certain flips, not of common making, which feemed to be well laden, and did bear in their prows the figure of Felicans; which could not be conjectured to come from any Countrey but one of these two. I know fome place this Countrey more within the Land: and others are fo far from letting it look towards any part of the Sea , that they have laid it close unto the back of Virginia. For my part , I have laid it along the Coasts, upon good authority : though I deny not but that some parts hereof may be more remote. Or elfe to reconcile the difference, it may thus be ended that the maritime parts being known by other names, the Inlands might retain more specially the name of Quivira; as we have feen in many other Countreys before described.

And this I am the rather inclined to think, because I finde mention of three Provinces on the North of Cibola, but in theway unto Quivin; the one called Seio, the other called Cicuic, and the third Tignez: which I look upon as the maritime parts of the same one Countrey, but better peopled and frequented then the Inlands are, because lying in the way of traffick. The principal Towns of which Provinces.

1 Acus, or Acuco, a small Town, but situate in a strong and defensible place: about which groweth some store of Cotton, which from the place the Natives call by the name of Acuco. 2. Tignez, on the banks of a River so called; inhabited by a stout and couragious people, who being resolved not to fall alive into the bands of the Spaniards, when besieged by Fasques de Coronado, after they had held out above six weeks, laid all their houshold stuffe and treasure in an heap together, which they set on fire:

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