

will see certain things happening that you won't see at other times. I should not like to make a statement in regard to that.

Q. What is the length of the arms of the trap?—A. It depends on the size of the trap. I do not know what size it is. On a big trap it would be quite a distance.

The CHAIRMAN: I notice that some of the members are drifting out. Before you go I should like to ask if you are going to ask the house for permission to have the evidence and proceedings printed?

Mr. NEILL: Yes; we have already decided that.

The CHAIRMAN: You decided to ask the house if they would approve extending the notes. I do not think we have decided as to whether we would ask to have the report printed in French and English.

Mr. NEILL: What is the use of having it taken down if you are not going to make it available to each member. To do that you must have it printed.

The CHAIRMAN: Is it the wish of the committee to embody that in the report?

Some Hon. MEMBERS: Yes.

Hon. Mr. MICHAUD: I would suggest 500 copies in English and 200 in French.

By Mr. Pottier:

Q. We have these traps on the Atlantic coast?—A. These traps have a V-shaped entrance in the lead.

Q. It is the same idea.—A. These traps operate only on one side.

Q. When the trap is closed the salmon mill around.

Hon. Mr. MICHAUD: They will do that, unless you tie them to a post.

By Mr. Kinley:

Q. The trap you have there is not drawn to a scale?—A. The general idea is that fish follow a barrier and come to an opening. Of course, the combination Mr. MacNeil suggests has been seen to be the case. But you cannot say that fish will keep on doing a certain thing. They strike this barrier, and instead of following that they start back this way and strike that (indicating), and keep on milling in that direction.

By Mr. Neill:

Q. Evidence shows that they will hang around an obstruction for weeks?—
A. Sometimes, some types of obstructions.

By Hon. Mr. Tolmie:

Q. What proportion will do that?—A. I would not like to say. There might be none hanging around. Again we must remember there are two thousand feet—

By Mr. Taylor:

Q. Is there any satisfactory way of fishing?

Hon. Mr. MICHAUD: That all depends on the fellow who fishes.

By Mr. Taylor:

Q. The point I am trying to make is this: as practically everyone knows all these methods of fishing have their disadvantages, and their disadvantages cause these factional criticisms that are coming up all the time. I have just as much criticism of the gill nets as I have of the seines and the traps. The gill nets apparently operate to allow the dwarf fish to pass through the meshes of the net and consequently year after year we get a succeeding depreciation in the