lions papers will not be endured. It would lead to the the feizing of a man and his papers for a libel, and against whom there was no proof, merely slight re a suspicion, under a hope that, among the private hich papers of his bureau, some proof might be found will which would answer the end. It is a fishing for hefe evidence, to the disquiet of all men, and to the noviolation of every private right; and is the most irtue odious and infamous act, of the worst fort of inis in quifitions, by the worst fort of men, in the most cted enflaved countries: It is, in flort, putting a man hout to the torture, and forcing him to give evidence oofiagainst himself. For, if a paper be found in way any house, in the hand-writing of the Master, ight which should contain the words of the printed osest Libel, there is no doubt but any Jury, upon any proof of his hand, would find him the author; and this fort of evidence is permitted in matters warof Misdemeanor; although, since the reversal, by ath, Act of Parliament, of Algernon Sidney's case, that is, fince the dominion of the Stuarts and d to their Judges, no proof from fimilitude or comiter, parison of hands, notwithstanding the criminal be writing be found in the custody of the person and charged, has been deemed admissible evidence in has capital cases. Nay, if it were once established for OW law, that, on the mere charge of a Libel, by the n'd, Attorney General's filing an Information ex officio, ne's a Secretary of State might grant his warrant for mifeizing the person thus charged, together with tice his papers; it would foon become usual, under l to the pretence of better keeping the Peace, to exded ercise this power in very ordinary cases, and ore, without any hefitation or fcruple; and, by deing grees, men known to be in opposition to the ers

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