- (b) a self-employed person who ordinarily resides in the territory of a Party and who works for his own account in the territory of the other Party or in the territories of both Parties shall, in respect of that work, be subject only to the legislation of the former Party.
- 2. An employed person who is covered under the legislation of a Party and who performs services in the territory of the other Party for the same employer shall, in respect of those services, be subject only to the legislation of the former Party as though those services were performed in its territory. In the case of an assignment, this coverage may not be maintained for more than 36 months without the prior consent of the competent authorities of both Parties.
- 3. (a) Paragraph 2 shall apply to a person who is sent to work on an installation situated in the continental shelf area of a Party in connection with the exploration of the seabed and sub-soil of that area or the exploitation of its mineral resources, as though that installation were situated in the territory of that Party.
 - (b) For the purposes of this Article, the continental shelf area of a Party includes every area beyond the territorial seas of that Party that, in accordance with international law and the laws of that Party, is an area in respect of which that Party may exercise rights with respect to the seabed and sub-soil and their natural resources.
- 4. A person who, but for this Agreement, would be subject to the legislation of both Parties in respect of employment as a member of the crew of a ship or aircraft shall be subject solely to the legislation of Canada if he or she ordinarily resides in Canada.
- 5. A person who is locally engaged to perform the duties of a government employment in respect of one Party while in the territory of the other Party shall, in respect of those duties, be subject to the legislation of the latter Party only if he or she is a citizen thereof or ordinarily resides in its territory. In the latter case that person may, however, elect to be subject only to the legislation of the former Party if he or she is a citizen thereof.
- The competent authorities of the Parties may, by common agreement, modify the application of the provisions of this Article with respect to any persons or categories of persons.