

nursing divisions proceeded to England, at the request of the Joint War Committee, for duty in the Naval and military hospitals of the British War Office, as V.A.D. nursing members.

Y. M. C. A.—The Military Branch of the Y.M.C.A. carried on its work with the troops overseas in France and Germany, and in 76 centres in England. These included regular camps and units, base camps, convalescent camps and hospitals. In Canada there were 38 centres of operation, including camps, barracks, Red Triangle Clubs, hospitals, naval stations and troop trains. There were in 1917, 133 secretaries on the overseas staff with honorary commissions in the C.E.F. Of these, 50 received their pay and allowances from the Y.M.C.A., while the remainder were paid by the Government. In Canada, 100 civilian secretaries were employed for military purposes by the Association. More than \$4,500,000 was contributed for this work.

11. WOMEN'S WORK.

Statistics, however complete, can give only an imperfect impression of the services which Canadian women have rendered during the war. The following are a few facts which bear upon this subject:—

Nursing.—Women to the number of 2,400 went overseas in the C.E.F. and served in England, France, Belgium, Egypt, Greece, and Russia. They were posted for duty in base hospitals, clearing stations, ambulance trains and hospital ships. There were also 527 on duty in Canada.

The casualties suffered by nurses were:—

Killed in action.....	2
Died at sea.....	13
Died of wounds.....	5
Died of disease (out of Canada).....	17
Died in Canada.....	17

The number of V.A.D's who went overseas was 342; these served in hospitals in England and France.