THE QUESTION OF ARBITRATION—COUNTER PROPOSITIONS OF THE TWO POWERS.

LONDON, April 30.—The Ministers looked both tired and flustered as they emerged from the Connoil Chamber and went to the House of Commons. Some of the older members of the Cabinet are apparently breaking down under their load of responsibility. It is now almost openly avowed that they are manceuvring for delay, and it is certain that they are anxious to shuffle off their final decision as to peace or war until after the final decision as to peace or war until after the arrival of Sir Peter Lumtdon's messenger, Mr. Condie Stephen. It seems safe to say that the present condition of suspense is so intolerable that the Government would hail a declaration of war by Russia with a certain sense of relief. The challenge would, of course, be accepted; the war would be fought, and whichever way war would be fought. And whichever way it terminated the Government would be justified. If England conquered, all past blunders would be not only condoned, but forgetten. If Russia won, the wisdom of the Government's present efforts to avoid war would be vindicated. But the responsibility of the Ministers is fearfully augmented by the knowledge that if war is to be declared it must be declared by them. It is idle to suppose that Russia will declare war while she is marching successfully along her chosen line of expansion without any such declaration, and while the only effect of declaring war would be to authorize her enemy to strike wherever it was mos convenient.

Russia is willing enough to fight, and is fighting; but she will not declare war, and it is be-coming generally believed that she will not agree to arbitration.

It has been rumored for some days that Eng-

land has proposed to submit the quarrel to a single arbitrator, leaving Russia to choose between Emperor William and President Cleveland, and that Russia has rejected the proposition. A variation of the rumoris that Russia has intimated that the only plan of arbitration she would consider would make the five great continental Powers the arbitrators. This means Germany, Austria, France, Spain, and Italy—and in such a court England's friends would be in a minority of two or three if not of one to four. The belief that arbitration has at least been proposed by England is strengthened by Mr. Gladstone saying in the House of Commons last evening, when he spoke of the heavy responsibility of the Government, that he would use every means consistent with honour to avoid war.

SEEKING AN AUDIENCE.

THE PRINCE OF WALES NOT LIKELY TO BE RECEIVED BY THE POPE.

ROME, April 30.-The English Government has sent a secret agent here to sound the Vatican as to the Pope's willingness or unwillingness to give the Prince of Wales an audience. The agent has had several interviews with prelates at the Vatican, but, though warmly recommended by Cardinal Manning and other ecclesisationi dignitaries, it is doubtful whether he will succeed in his mission. The Pope only once departed from the rule not to give audience to foreign princes who visit King Humbert. Exception was made in 1883 in favor of the Crown Prince of Germany. But since then the Pope has become less accommodating, and that precedent is not likely to be followed,

It is believed that the Prince of Wales would have a double object in coming here. First, to arrive at an understanding with the Vatican in regard to the Irish bishons second, to persuade Italy to form an alliance with England. Should he find it impossible to obtain the desired audience the Prince will abandon the journey hither.

MICROBIC INOCULATION.

DR. FERRAN'S INTERESTING SCIENTIFIC EXPERIMENTS WITH CHOLERA GERMS.

Dr. Ferran, in the presence of 150 Spanish physicians and many illustrious persons, gave a lecture, with microscopic illustrations, upon cholera microbes, making interesting comparithat of the non-epidemic cholera. After the lecture eighteen physicians submitted to microbic inoculation, and after these many others, among them the Count de Rource and a priest named Massanera. Dr. Ferran had with him a quantity of the bacillusgerm, which he has been able to cultivate in a specially prepared broth (the Pierre Miguel system) of mutton or beef. This, injected into the system, develops in the patient the successive symptoms of cholera. A single inoculation gives immunity from cholera contagion for a period of three months, but a second inoculation is required within the week in order to make sure of the efficacy of the system for longer periods.

The Herald correspondent also concluded to submit to the experiment. "The injection was given me in both arms, on the back part, between the elbow and the upper muscle. A small syringe with a point like a needle was used, penetrating subcutaneously about half an inch. After an hour I began to feel considerable pain about the spinal region, the injection causing muscular agitation, the pain extending to the palms of the hands. In two hours my temperature rose to fever heat. This was followed by clammy hands, lassitude and pains in the legs. In four hours my arms became very painful, with a sensation as though they had been severely bruised. After this the activity of the vaccine subsided. but the arms grew very stiff, so that I could scarcely lift them. Later on I began to experionce nausea, accompanied by a dull headache, while the pain in the arms spread to the muscles of the back. I went to bed and slept well. Many who have submitted to the test, however, are troubled with sleeplessness. I awoke with a severe headache, which remains. This dispatch is sent off twentyeight hours after my inoculation. The period during which symptoms continue is. I am informed, forty-eight hours.'

A POOR ITALIAN FINDS \$75,000 IN GOLD.

Signor A. Vatuone, the person who has auddenly come into the possession of a fortune, is one of the proprietors of the Hotel d'Italia, corner of Pacific and Sansome streets, San Francisco, Cala. He drew the \$75,000 in the February drawing, on ticket No. 28,600, in The Louisiana State Lottery for \$5. He is a little, black-eyed Italian, about 35 years of age, and bears a very good character. He takes his good fortune very quietly. He has put his money away without having made any change yet. He made his brother a present of \$10,.
000, and is going to celebrate his fortune by keeping open house all next Sunday.—San Francisco (Cal.) Chronicle, March 3.

RIOT AT DERRY.

A disturbance was created by a party of Nationalists in the Londonderry Opera House on Monday on the exhibition of a sketch of the Prince of Wales. Rioting was continued

Il: fitting boots and shoes cause corns. Holloway's Corn cure is the article to use.

The English Lifeboat Service saved 633 lives and eighteen vessels during the past year. Shore boats manned by volunteers aved 159 more in the same into.

4.

-WHAT IS THIS DISEASE THAT IS COMING UPON US.

The state of the s

Like a thief at night it ateals in upon us una wares. Many persons have pains about the chest and sides, and sometimes in the back. They feel dull and sleepy; the mouth has a bad taste, especially in the morning. A sort of sacky slime collects about the teeth. The appetite is poor. There is a feeling like a heavy load on the stomach; sometimes a faint all-gone sensation

the pit of the stomach which food does not tisfy The eyes are sunken, the hands and feet become cold and feel clammy. After a while a cough sets in at first dry, but after a few months it is attended with a greenish coloured expectoration. The afflicted one feels tired all the while, and sleep does not seem to afford any rest. After a time he becomes nervous, irritable, gloomy, and has evil forebodings. There is a giddiness, a sort of whirling sensation in the head when rising up suddenly. The bowels become costing up suddenly. rising up suddenly. The bowels become costive; the skin dry and hot at times; the blood becomes thick and stagnant; the whites of the eyes become tinged with yellow, the urine is scanty and high-coloured, depositing a sediment after standing. There is frequently a spitting up of the food, sometimes with a sour taste, and sometimes with a sweetish taste; this is frequently at the standard of the same times. quently attended with palpitation of the beart the vision becomes impaired with spots before the eyes; there is a feeling of great prostration and weakness. All of these symptoms are in turn present. It is thought that nearly one-third of our population has this disease in some of its varied forms. It has been found that medical men have mistaken the nature of this disease. Some have treated it for a liver complaint, others or kidney disease, etc., etc., but none of the various kinds of treatment have been attended with success, because the remedy should be such as to act harmoniously upon each one of these organs, and upon the stomach as well; for in Dyspepsia (for this is really what the disease is) all of these organs partake of this disease and require a remedy that will act upon all at the same time. Segel's Curative Syrup acts like a charm in this class of complaints, giving almost immediate relief. The following letters from chemists of standing in the community where they live show in what estimation the article is

John Archer, Harthill, near Sheffield :- I can confidently recommend it to all who may be suf-fering from liver or stomach complaints, having the testimony of my customers, who have derived great benefit from the Syrup and Pills. The sale

great benefit from the Syrup and Pills. The sale is increasing wonderfully.

Geo. A. Webb, 141, York Street, Belfast:—I have sold a large quantity, and the parties have testified to its being what you represent it.

J. S. Metcalfe' 55, Highgate, Kendal:—I have always great pleasure in recommending the Curative Syrup, for I have never known a case in which it has not relieved or cured, and I have sold ment greates. sold many grosses.

Robt. G. Gould, 27, High Street, Andover:—I

have always taken a great interest in your medi-cines and I have recommended them, as I have

cines and I have recommended thom, as I have found numerous cases of cure from their use. Thomas Chapman, West Auckland:— I find that the trade steadily increases. I sell more of your medicine than any other kind.

N. Darroll, Clun, Salop:—All who buy it are pleased, and recommend it.

Jos. Balkwill, A.P.S., Kingsbridge:—The public seem to appreciate their great value.

A. Armstead, Market Street, Dalton-in-Furness:—It is needless for me to say that your nees:—It is needless for me to say that your valuable medicines have great sale in this district greater than any other I know of, giving great

Robt. Laine, Melksham :- I can well recommend the Curative Syrup from having proved

ts efficacy for indigestion myself. Friockheim, Arbroath, Forfarshire, Sept, 23, 1882 Friockheim, Arbroath, Forfarshire, Sept, 23, 1882
Dear Sir,—Last year I sent you a letter recommending Mother Seigel's Syrup. I have very much pleasure in still bearing testimony to the very satisfactory results of the famed Syrup and Fills. Most patent medicines die out with me, but Mother Seigel has had a steady sale ever since I commenced, and is still in as a great demand as when I first began to sell the medicine. The cures which have come under my notice are chiefly those of liver complaint and general

A certain minister in my neighborhood says it is the only thing which has benefited him and restored him to his normal condition of health after being unable to preach for a considerable VALENCIA, April'30, 1885 .- Last evening length of time. I could mention also a great many other cases, but space would not allow. A near friend of mine, who is very much addicted to costiveness, or constipation, finds that Mother Seigel's Pills are the only pills which suit his complaint. All other pills cause a reaction which is very annoying. Mother Seigel's Pills do not leave a bad after-effect. I have much pleasure in commending again to suffering humanity Mother Seigel's medicines, which are no sham. If this letter is of any service you can publish it.

an publish it.

Yours very truly,

(Signed) William S. Glass, Chemist.

A. J. White, Esq.

15th August, 1883.

Dear Sir.—I write to tell you that Mr. Henry Hillier, of Yatesbury, Wilts, informs me that he suffored from a severe form of indigestion for upwards of four years, and took no end of dector's medicine without the slightest benefit, and declares Mother Seigel's Syrup which he got from

wares Mother Seigel's Syrup which he got from me has saved his life.

Yours truly,

(Signed) N. Wobb,

Mr. White Chemist Calno.

A. J. White, (Limited) 67 St. James Street,

Montreal.

For sale by all druggists, and by A. J. White (limited), 67 St. James street, city.

AN INTERESTING POINT OF LAW. QUEDEC, April 29. -A most interesting and important point of law has just been delivered by Judge Caron. Mr. B. Leonard, painter, took an action against the Count of Premioreal, Consul-General of Spain for the Dominion of Canada, to recover the sum of \$1,400 for work done to his official residence. Mr. Bosse, Q.C., appeared for Mr. Leonard, and the Court was represented by Hon. Mr. Irvine, Q. C. The Count, by his attorney took an exception to the action, pretending that the courts in the province have not jurisdiction in the The court, after having taken the matter en delibere, decided in favor of the Count, holding that the property occupied by a foreign consul is held to be no part of our country, but to belong to that which the consu represents, and that consequently a judgment rendered by our courts, which have certainly no jurisdiction in any foreign country, could not be executed. Thus, in the present case, the judge held that no bailiff could execute at the residence of the Spanish consul. All having business dealings with foreign consuls would

A man's wife should always be the same, especially to her husband, but if she is weak and nervous and uses Curtor's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they make her "feel like a different person," at least so they all say, and their husbands say so too!

do well to bear in mind this decision.

There have been nine wars in Europe within the last thirty years.

——Many ladies who for years had scarcely ever enjoyed the luxury of feeling well have been so renovated by the use of Lydia Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that they have triumphed over the ills flesh is said to he heir to, and life has been growned with it is a most reliable specific. By druggists. added charms and fresher beauty.

In Boston it costs \$28.42 to educate a

If your children are troubled with worms, give them Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator : safe, sure and effectual.

BOOK NOTICES.

BETTER THAN GOLD—By Nugent Robinson.
Ave Maria, Notre Dame, Indiana. This charming little story first appeared in different numbers of the Ave Maria, and is now reprinted in book form from that

LITTLE MONTH OF MAY, translated from the French by the author of "Golden Sands," by Miss Ella McMahon. Published by Benziger Brothers, New York.

This is a handsome little volume, and is very timely for the month of May. It consists of thirty-one pious and short medita-tions for each day in the menth, with appropriate prayers.

CATHOLIC BELIEF: or, a short and simple exposition of Catholic Doctrine, by the Very Rev. Joseph Fan Di Brune, D.D. Published by Benziger Brothers, 36 Bar-clay street, New York.

The success of this work has been most remarkable. It is only a short time since we noticed it in these columns, and the publishers have had all they can do to supply the demand. It has already reached its twenticth edition, which is being rapidly exhausted.

Golden Chown Library" and the "Snow DROP LIBRARY.

We have received from the enterprising publishers, Messrs. Thos. B. Noonan & Co., Boston, a number of their latest additions to the above two libraries. "Clotilde," a story of France and other stories for girls; "Tales of Adventure," a book for boys;
"Brave Boys of France," a story of the latewar
in Europe: "Mary Burton" and other
stories, a book for girls. All these belong to
the Golden Crown Library. Then there are "Little Snowdrop" and other stories, a book for girls: "Jack Harold," or difficulties overcome, and other stories, a book for boys: "Our Dumb Pets," tales of animals and birds: "The Birthday Party" and other stories, a book for girls: These belong to the Snowdrop Library. They are all delightful tales for children and young people. Many of them are edifying and instructive. Their style is simple and correct. Their chief merit is in substituting some safe and fascinating tale for the danger-ous literature of the day. The volumes themselves are exceedingly attractive, and as covers of books play a decisive role in a child's selection of a book, the publishers have made every effort to make the books look real nice and handsome.

From the same publishers we have also received a work entitled "Practical Reflections on the Sufferings of Our Lord; or, the Les-sons of the Passion," translated from the French of Cardinal de la Luzerne by Very Rev. S. Byrne, O.P. It is a book full of instruction and incentive to practical piety.

A CATECHISM OF CHRISTIAN DOCTRINE. Prepared and Enjoined by Order of the Third Plenary Council of Baltimore. Published by Ecclesiastical Authority. Benziger Brothers, New York.

This catchism is a plain, brief and complete epitome of Catholic doctrine, and most suitable for beginners in acquiring a knowledge of the revealed religion. The fact that it has been "prepared and enjoined" by order of the late Plenary Council of Baltimore, will secure its universal introduction and use in all Catholic churches and schools. It is published with the Imprimatur of His Eminence Cardinal McCloskey, and with the approval of His Grace, the Most Rev. James Gibbons, Archbishop of Baltimore and Apostolic Delegate.

THE BOOK WORM. - We have received a copy of this periodical, containing a sketch of Chinese Gordon. It is a succinct record of the humane and heroic career of the dead soldier, and affords an hour of instructive reading. Publisher: John B. Alden, 393 Pearl street, New York.

or a work translated from the French by Rev. A. A. Lamling, A.M., who has written an introductory casay and added valuable notes to it. It is a compilation of decrease to the liver and because the l accounts of the labors, sacrifices and martyrdoms of the early missionaries of this continent, and forms an interesting page in the history of the country. The volume is beautifully printed by Myers, Shinkle & Co., Wood

street, Fittsburg, Pa. MAGAZINE OF AMERICAN HISTORY .- The rare ability with which this unique publica-tion has been conducted into the front rank among the great monthlies of the world is a source of pride and pleasure to all classes of intelligent readers. The contributions to the May number are not only varied, scholarly, and valuable, but of a widely popular character. The opening article will be read with intense interest by every American capable of appreciating the importance of the achievements of "Commodore Matthew Calbraith Perry," of whom William Elliot Griffs writes with a skilled pen; the second article, "The Heart of Louisiana," is a graphic historical sketch of the Place d'Armes, now Jackson Square, in New Or-leans, by Charles Dimity. Both of these notable papers are handsomely illustrated. "The Fallacy of 1776" is an earnest and comprehensive discussion of the real origin of our late civil war, by A. W. Clason. "The Anciont Races of America," by G. P. Thruston, of Nashville, Tennessee:
"The Hungry Pilgrims," by E. H. Goss;
"The Sackville Papers," by Professor
Chaning, of Harvard College; and "Pocahontas and Captain Smith," by Charles Deane, L.L.D., Vice-President of the Massachusetts Historical Society, are all excellent as well as readable. But the contribution that will probably attract the most immediate attention is that of "General Roger Euos-A Lost Chapter of Arnold's Expedition to Canada in 1775," by Rev. Horace Edwin Hayden, as it furnishes an authentic view of this much mistrepresented subject, entirely new to the reading public. Original documents this month present us some of Burgoyno's letters; Charles Ledyard Norton concludes his "Political Americanisms:" and the Reprints, Minor Topics, Notes, Queries, Replies, Societies and Book Notices are, if possible, more attractive than in any previous issue. Price, \$5.00 a year in advance. Published at 30 Lafayette Place, New York

FLORIDA, "THE LAND OF FLOWERS, is a paradise for the invalid, and the "Fountain of Youth" was once thought to be hid in one of its forest glades. It is now the haven of many consumptives, who find benefit in her genial warmth and fragrant flowers. The consumptive invalid need not necessarily go so far from home and friends to get relief. For if not in the last stages of the disease, Dr. R. V. Pierce's "Golden Medical Dis-

Stanley, the explorer, has attended 150 tion. Downs Elixir used in time saves life.

all chronic throat, brouchial and lung diseases

USE PROF. LOW'S SULPHUR SOAP for Prickly Heat, Nettle Rash, Scaley Eruption, Itch, and all diseased con-ditions of the skin **∤** •.

GENERAL GRANT'S CASE.

SOMEONE HAS BLUNDERED !"-CAN IT BE POSSIBLE

The New York Herald says :- "If Gen. Grant should recover from a disease which should provenot to have been what it has been described, then his medical attendants will be expected to explain the reasons for "one of the most remarkable instances of discrepancy ever recounted in the history of medical practice."

The other day an eminent young physician in the last stages of consumption, unable longer to talk, called for pen and paper and indistinctly wrote this advice to his physicians: "Make dving comfortable." This seems to have been the sole purpose

They were making dying comfortable, but they were not curing their patient. He amazes them by getting better!!

The utter failure rightly to diagnose and properly to treat General Grant's disorder was a serious blunder, emphasizing what has so often been said, that professional treatment, being purely experimental, is just as

likely to be wrong as right.

Had the general an ulcer on his arm the physicians would have treated it scientifically, very scientifically. He might have recovered or they might have cut his arm off. Some dear old soul of a grandmother, how-ever, might have treated the sore by some "old woman's remedy" and healed it, but there would have been no "professional science" in such a proceeding, as her rem-

edy would not be one recognized by the code! The general's physicians excuse themselves, we are told, because the condition of the throat was hidden from sight. There are thousands of cases where disease is hidden from sight, where the symptoms are very obscure and conflicting. The physicians will treat everyday's symptoms, but they do not cure, and finally the patient dies. Then they discover they have made a mistake ! A horrible mistake! The other day a prominent merchant in a neighboring city was found dead in bed. A post mortem examina-tion revealed the fact that one of his other vital organs was entirely decayed, and yet his physicians had been treating him for heart disease!

Some one has blundered. For weeks the American Public have been waiting the unwelcome tidings of General Grant's death. To-day the general is up and

around and riding out.

People get well often in spite of what their doctor say and do. Why? By will power? No. By faith? No.

They live because outside the medical profession and medical pretense there are effective remedial agencies in nature which, though "unrecognized" by the code, have supreme power over disease, and in thousands of cases win triumphs where the so-called scientific treatment utterly fails.

A prominent ex-cabinet officer is to-day on the very edge of the grave, suffering from an extreme disorder of the liver. His doctors know they cannot cure him. They simply

are making dying comfortable.

The agony of deathlin many cases is read by surrounding friends in screams of pain, in convulsions of nerve, in spasms of torturethe fixed eye, the chilly breath, the dreadful coughing, the bloody sweat-the supreme inflictions of pitiless disease upon a helpless body-indicate the limitations of professional

Seven-tenths of the deaths of this country every year are from hepatic and renal disorders, over which physicians have so little power. They will give this, that and the other thing to make dying comfortable, but they know they cannot cure and yet they will not permit the use of remedies "unauthorized" by their code, whother they are allopathic or homeopathic. If the system, as is common at this time of the year, has no tone; and one has tired and depressed

tions. The failure of the physicians in General Grant's case ought to have an eye-opening effect upon the public. It ought to see the futility of trusting entirely in a profession whose practice is so largely experimental. The test of merit is success, and when any agency has won a record proved by the testimony of prominent men and women in all ranks of society, it stands to reason that such a preparation is worthy of universal confidence. Who has not heard of it? Who has not used it? Who can gainsay the statement that it has wrought greater benefit for mankind than anything ever discovered inside the ranks of the medical profession? And yet many physicians who are bound hand and foot to their code will not allow nor will they prescribe the use of Warner's safe cure. Nevertheless, spite of their small-minded bigotry, it multiplies instances of its singular merit by thousands every day, rests satisfied with the rocord of the most reputable physician. It is a terrible thing to lose friends, especi-

ally if we find out afterwards that they might have been saved.

We are glad General Grant is getting well He deserves to live and in living he will emphasize the fact that physicians do not have a monopoly over disease; that "scientific medicine," so called, is not infallible; that all remedial agencies were not born with doctors and will not die with them.

SHE WANTED TO DIE.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 29.-Pauline Hood, a young married woman, said to day she wanted to die, and shot herself fatally. She is a Catholic and her husband is a Protestant. The pair had frequent quarrels about religion. She recently received a legacy from Germany which she put into the bank without her husband's knowledge. This added fuel to the flame.

DAIRYMEN PREFER IT.

Messes. Wells, Richardson & Co.: Since the introduction of your Improved Butter Color among my customers, it has given universal satisfaction. The leading dairymen of this section who have used it give it the preference over all other colors, of vhatever name or nature. They are especially pleased with the fact

that it does not become rancid, like other oil colors and their product brings highest prices W. S. NAY, Bruggist.

Underhill, Vt., April 5, 1882.

It is estimated that 36,000 cans of milk are sold daily in Boston.

Costiveness is the primary cause of much disease. Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters will permanently cure costiveness. covery" will restore to perfect health. For Every bottle warranted.

"A stitch in time " often saves consump-

In Henry & Johnson's Arnica and Oil Liniment is combined the curative properties of the different oils, with the healing qualities of Arnica. Good for man and animal, Every bottle guaranteed. A WONDERFUL OPERATION.

MUSCLE FROM A DOG'S LEG GRAFTED ON A - LAUNDRESS' ARM.

The Bellevae Hospital physicians are just now exchanging congratulations over the suc-cessful result of a remarkable operation in "muscle-grafting," the first of the kind ever attempted in this country. The operation consists in transferring a bunch of muscular tissue from a dog or other animal to any member of a human frame that may capacitated through the want of such tissue.

At Bellevue Hospital the dog was a mon-grel and the patient a laundress. The latter seriously injured her right arm while at work in the laundry, and five weeks ago went to the hospital to be cured. A large section of the muscular substance between the elbow and the wrist was dead, and the sufferer could hardly raise her arm and could not use her fingers at all. Dr. Halsted, visiting surgeon of the hospital, saw that the injury could not be cured except by the operation of muscle-grafting. It was announced, therefore, that the operation would be attempted, and at the appointed hour a crowd of students was present in the amphitheatre to witness it.

The dog was put under the influence of ether. The skin of the wounded arm was laid open and dissected back. The ends of the divided muscles were then found and cut off so as to freshen them. Meanwhile one of the dog's hind legs had been shaven, and as soon as the arm was ready a section of mus-cular tissue about four inches long and two inches wide was cut from the dog's leg, transferred to her arm and fitted to the divided ends of the muscles. The skin of the arm was then replaced and sewn together.

The operation lasted about nalf an hour. Three weeks after it was performed the patient found herself able to use her fingers with little difficulty. Since then she has im proved so much that the doctors say she will eave the hospital in a few days quite cured, Dr. Hazelton, the house surgeon at the hospital, was very reticent last evening in regard to the case, and would only say that the girl's recovery was complete.

To the aged and infirm, the nour-ishing and invigorating properties of Rob-inson's Phosphorized Emulsion give renewed strength and buoyancy of spirits. Always ask for ROBINSON'S PHOS-PHORIZED EMULSION, and be sure you get it.

THE CANADA GAZETTE.

OTTAWA, May 1 .- Letters patent have been issued to the Standard Drain Pipe company, of St. Johns, Que., capital \$30,000. Ontario Bank gives notice of a three per cent. half-yearly dividend, payable June lat, annual meeting 16th. The federal Bank gives notice of a three per cent. dividend on its reduced capital, payable June 15th, annual meeting 16th. The Maritime Bank of St. John, N.B., will pay a three per cent. dividend on June lat, and hold its annual meeting June 5th. The Quebec Bank will pay a three per cent. dividend and hold its annual meeting June 1st. The Bank of Ottawa gives notice of a three and a half per cent. dividend, payable June 1st. The Anglo-Canadian Musical Publishers Association give notice of an interim copy-right of Gilbert and Sullivan's opera, "Mikado." The Banque du Peuple gives notice that Mr. Lacaille has been admitted a principal partner in place of the late Mr. C. S. Cherrier. G. P. Nelson is appointed collector of customs at Truro, and G. M. Elliot collector at Napanee. John Saddler is ap-pointed a member of pilotage authority at Miramichi in place of Hon. Mr. Moorehead, deceased.

THE HECTIC FLUSH, pale hollow cheeks and precarious appetite, indi-cate worms. Freeman's Worm Powders will quickly and effectually remove them.

SERIOUS SITUATION AT PANAMA.

PANAMA, April 29 .- The French Consul Armando has published a letter denying that he has telegraphed the government protesting against the action of American forces on the lethmus. He did nothing except but draw attention of the consular corps to the necessity of taking every possible precaution to prevent a catastrophe, having in view the statement made by the rebel General Landova, of a threatening nature. Even this, he declares, was ex-efficio, and as a private individual, Armando says he has never communicated one word of the political situation here to his government. A four o'clock yesterday the consuls held a meeting with Aizpura, who undertook to give up to the Government troops upon their arrival; but as yet he shows no signs of carrying out this undertaking. The rebels occupy the cathe-dral towers and are ready to defend Cuartel. The national troops still remain aboard hulks. lf, as it appears probable, Ajzpura refuses to vacate the city he can only be dislodged by an attack by the Government troops. Such an attack may result in a terrible disaster.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, in Tubercular Troubles of the Lungs. Dr. A. F. Johnson, Cedar Rapids, Iowa, says: "I have used Scott's Emulsion in Tubercular troubles, with satisfaction, both to patients and myself."

A DARING TRAIN ROBBERY. CHICAGO, April 30. - The Louisville express

arrived three hours late. Shortly before the train reached Bloomington a man he ving the appearance of a tramp entered the express car from the smoking car, armed with a heavy club. In the express car were George K. Davis, express messenger, and Peter Webber, baggageman. He atruck Wobber on the head felling him, while Davis ran for his revolver. Before he could reach it the man hit him also, and then taking the revolver shot him in the head. He then made the baggage man open the safe and take out the money. The tramp pulled the bell cord and stopped the train, but first fired at Webber, the bullet striking him in the forehead. Webber succeeded in reaching the smoker and gave the alarm, but the robber had disappeared. The amount stolen is not known, but exceeds \$1,200. Davis and Webber are ooth alive, but the former cannot survive. Webber says both doors of the car were open at Harrodsburg and they were asleep. Just after the train got into motion Webber was awakened by a violent blow on the head. Staggering to his feet he saw a tall muscular man struggling with Davis. The messenger was bespattered with blood, which was gush-ing from a wound in his head. He had also evidently been struck with a club while asleep. Webber fell to the floor. Davis, managing to loosen his right hand, drew a revolver, but before he could fire the man wrenched the weapon from his grasp, and, leveling it, pulled the trigger. The ball struck the messenger in the head and he fell dying to the floor. When the safe had been rifled the robber left the train as it slowed up in answer to the

The number of mules attached to a hears denotes the respectability of a funeral at Rio

Advertising Cheats !!! "It has become so common to begin an ar-

ticle, in an elegant, interesting style,
"Then run into some advertisement that we avoid all such, And simply call attention to the merita of Hop Bitters in as plain, honest terms as

possible, "To induce people

"To give them one trial, which so proves their value that they will never use anything else."
"THE REMEDY so favorably noticed in all the pa

pers,
Religious and secular, is
Religious and secular, is
"Having a large sale, and is supplanting all other medicines.

"There is no denying the virtues of the Hop plant, and the proprietors of Hop Bitters have shown great shrewdness and ability "In compounding a medicine whose virtues are so polyable to every one's observation."

Did She Die? "She lingered and suffered along, pining

away all the time for years,"
"The doctors doing her no good;" "And at last was cured by this Hop Bit-

ters the papers say so much about."
"Indeed! Indeed!" "How thankful we should be for that

medicine.' A Daughter's Misery.

"Eleven years our daughter suffered on a

bed of misery, "From a complication of kidney, liver, rheumatic trouble and Nervous debility,

"Under the care of the best physicians, "Who gave her disease various names, "But no relief.

"And now she is restored to us in good health by as simple a remedy as Hop Bitters, that we had shunned for years before using t."-THE PARENTS.

Father is Getting Well.

"My daughters say :
"How much better father is since he used

Hop Bitters."
"He is getting well after his long suffering from a disease declared incurable,' "And we are so glad that he used your Bitters."—A Lady of Utics, N. Y.

BY None genuine without a bunch of green flops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops in their name.

During the baptising services in a creek at Jacksonville, Fla., one recent Sunday an alligator was about to interfere, but the congregation objected and quickly dispatched him.

WHAT A COMPORT TO BE ABLE to gratify one's appetite once more without pain, after long suffering from dyspepsia! Victims of indigestion wise enough to accept the general verdict in favor of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure as true, and use the article, can enjoy the welcome relief. Costinate Dyspepsia, Constipation and Biliousness, invariably yield to its potent regulating action.

A California farmer claims to have recently released from a haystack alive, though some. what lank, a hog that was shown to have been confined therein fifteen weeks. It lived on the glorious climate.

The cheapest medicine in use is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, because so very little of it is required to effect a cure. For croup, diphtheria, and diseases of the lungs and throat, whether used for bathing the chest or throat, for taking internally or inhaling, it is a matchless compound.

The dominion of the Czar of all the Russias comprises one-seventh part of the land surface of the earth, or one-twentieth part of its whole area. More than one hundred million people call the Czar father, and are under his absolute government. A child is bora in Russia on an average every eight seconds throughout the year, and a death occurs every eleven seconds. The population will double in about sixty years at the present rate of increase.

H. A. McLaughlin, Norland, writes :--" am sold out of Northrop & Lyman's Vegeta ble Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. well, and I find in every instance it has proven satisfactory. I have reason to believe it the best preparation of the kind in the market." It cures Dyspensia, Biliousness and Torpidity of the Liver, Constipation and all diseases arising from Impure Blood, Female Complaints, &c.

Henry Sigourney, of a well known Boston family, has married one of the coryphees in the ballet of a Boston theatre. Mr. Sigourney is about thirty years old, and has an income of nearly \$60,000 a year.

Dr. W. Armstrong, Toronto, writes: "I have been using Northrop & Lyman's Emul-sion of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Sody for Chronic Bronchitis with the best results. I believe it is the best Emulsion in the market. Having tested the different kinds, I unhesitatingly give it the preference when prescribing for my consumptive patients, or for Throat and Lung affec-

The other day a Newark physician, who suspected that some one was peeping through the keyhole of his office door, investigated with a syringe full of pepper sauce. He found his wife half an hour afterward with a baudage over her left optic. She told him that she had been cutting wood and a chip had hit hor in the eve.

Orion Catlin, 49 Pearl street, Bullalo, N.Y. says :-- "I tried various remedies for the piles, but found no relief until I used Dr. Thomas Eclectric Oil, which entirely cured meafter a few applications." Since Dr. Thomas' Eclec tric Oil has become celebrated, unprincipled persons are imitating it. Get the genuine.

The following notice appears in a Georgia paper "I wish to inform the people that I will close out my bar by the last of April, and now is the time to have your jugs filled to use for snake bites. Come at once. A good let of whiskey on hand."





FREEMANS CRM POWDERS!

Ere pleasant to take. Contain their own Fugative. Is a sale, sure, and effectual