### FLOWER VESPERS.

I walked in my garden at closing of day, The dun-gold of twilight was melted to gray; The flowers' sweet faces were hidden in gloon But told of their presence in richest perfume.

The soft, holy quiet, the exquisite rest, Were lost on a spirit with error opprest; For, wonried with weeping and fevered with pain, The cool of the day brought its healing in vain.

With infinite longings for dreamless repose I laid my hot cheeks on the lips of a rose, And while its cool petals were brushing my face A sense of weird music stole over the place.

A sound sweet and strange, dwelling soft, dwelling More tender than speech, and more solemn than

For lo, all the titles are ringing their bells.

O, saintly white lilies, ye nuns among flowers; Ye burn heaven's incense in gardens of ours, While, swayed to and fro in the soft evening air, The lily-bells call all the flowers to prayer.

The rose's sweet splendour, all glowing and red, Grows tender and soft, as she bows her bright head, While little blue violet, low on the ground, In meek adoration sways soft to the sound.

The brave, patient pansy of purple and gold. That seecns equal sadness and gladness to hold. Litts up its deep purple - sad emblem of grief— While gold-gleams shine out from the heart of each leaf.

The frail, pensive heliotrape sends on the air An incense that is in itself a low prayer; While starely camelin, of smlight and snow. At vesper bell's call bends her royal head low.

And still it chimes on, soft and sad, sweet and low, While the gentle winds o'er flue bended flowers blow, And there, as it prases away on the breeze, Alone with the flowers I fail on my knees.

With God and the flowers, Himself and His sign,— As they how their bright heads, so, meckly, I mine; The sorrow and anger roll off to the past, And the bells of the lilies are silent at last.

O, lilies, my white ones, too heavenly fair. I considered your sweetness and found healing there; I shall find you some day, when fife's vesper is o'er, In bloom that shall faint or shall fade never more.

ANNE SHELDON.

### MAKING GOLD RINGS.

Gold rings are made from bars nine or fifteen inches long. A bar fifteen inches long, about two inches wide and three-sixteenths of an inch thick, was worth \$1,000. It would make 360 four-pennyweight rings. A dozen processes and twenty minutes of time are required to change the bar into merchantable rings. A pair of shears cuts the bar into strips. By the turn of a wheel, one, two or three times, the guillotinelike blade of the shears chops the bar into slices one, two or three-sixteenths of an inch wide. A rolling machine presses out the strips and makes them that or grooved. Each strip is then put under the blow-pipe and annealed. The oxide of copper comes to the surface and is put into a pickle of sulphuric acid, the bit of gold is stamped with its quality and the name of the maker, and is put through a machine and bends it to the shape of a rings, the same machine making a ring of any size. The ends are soldered with an alloy of inferior fineness to the quality of the ring. Many people imagine that rings are run in a mold because they can't see where they exact they are soldered. The ring sairs through where they are soldered. The ring spins through the tuning lathes, is rounded and pared and polished, first with tripoli and then with steel filings and rouge. They are now ready for the market and matrimony.

#### REJECTING BOOKS FOR VARIOUS REASONS.

I once picked out a handsome assortment for a customer about to refurnish his house. He had no acquaintance with books, but he looked wife and children also have derived great benefit from over the titles, and made some rather interesting expurgations. He told me to put all the standard authorities in, anyway, and he would attend to the rest. He threw out "In the Meshes'—which he supposed to be a book on fishing—because he was 'no augler." Boswell's 'Life of Johnson' was rejected because he didn't want political campaign works, and wouldn't have the biographies of the Presidents, they all lied so. His wife discarded "The Sparrow-grass Papers" on the ground that they did not want any books about vegetables, and "The Law and the Prophets" was not wanted because the old gentleman had given up business altogether. The man who once purchased "The Mill on the Floss," believing it to be an account of a prize fight, was a tolerably wellinformed man compared with this customer, who said that "Beanties of the British Dramatists" was a sell, because the work "did not contain a picture of one of them." He expected to find it full of portraits of actresses. The man even held up a fine edition of "Plutarch," and

# A Voice From the People.

### The Greatest Curative Success of the Age.

No medicine introduced to the public has ever met with the success accorded to Hop Bitters. It stands to-day the best known curative article in the world. Its marvellous renown is not due to the advertising it has received. It is famous by reason of its inherent virtues. It does all that is claimed for it. It is the most powerful, speedy and effective agent known for the building up of debilitated systems and scneral family medicine.

Winston, Forsythe Co., N.C., March 15, 1880. Gents—I desire to express to you my thanks for your wonderful Hop Bitters. I was troubled with Dyspepsia for five years previous to commencing the use of your Hop Bitters some six months ago. My euro has been wonderful. I am pastor of the First Methodist Church of this place, and my whole congregation can testify to the great value of your bitters. Very respectfully, Rev. U. FEREBEE.

Rochester, N.Y., March 11, 1880. Hop Bitters Co.—Please accept our grateful acknowledgement for the Hop Bitters you were so kind as to donate, and which were such a benefit to us. We are so built up with it we feel young again.

Old Ladies of the Home of the Friendless. Delevan, Wis., Sept. 24, 1880.

Gents—I have taken not quite one bottle of the Hop Bitters. I was a feeble old man of 75 when I got it. To-day I am as active and feel as well as I did at 39, I see a great many that need such a medicine.

D. Royce. Monroe, Mich., Sept. 25, 1875.

Monroe, Mich., Sept. 25, 1875.

Sirs—I have been taking Hop Bitters for inflammation of the kidneys and bladder: it has done for me what four doctors tailed to do-cured me. The effect of the Bitters seemed like imagic, W. L. Carter.

If you have a sick friend, whose life is a burden, one bottle of Hop Bitters will restore that friend to perfect health and happiness.

Bradford, Pa., May 8, 1881.

Dractford, Pa., May S, ISSI.

"It has cured me of several diseases, such as nervousness, sickness at the stomach, monthly troubles, &c. I have not seen a sick day since I took Hop Bitters."

MRS. FANNIE GREEN.

Evansville, Wis., June 24, 1882. Evansville, Wis., June 24, 1882. Gentlemen—No medicine has had one-half the sale here and given such universal satisfaction as your Hop Bitters have. We take pleasure in speaking for their welfare, as every one who tries them is welf satisfied with their results. Several such remarkable cures have been made with them here that there are a number of earnest workers in the Hop Bitters cause. One person gained cleven pounds from taking only a tew bottles.

South & Dan Cley Mich. Eds. 2 1880.

Bay City, Mich., Feb. 3, 1889.

Hop Bitters Company-1 think it my duty to send you a recommend for the benefit of any person wishing to know whether Hop Bitters are good or not. I know they are good for general debility and indigestion; strengthen the nervous system and make new life. I recommend my patients to use them.

DR. A. PLATT, Treater of Chronic Piscases,

Superior, Wis., Jan., 1889.

I heard in my neighborhood that your Hop Bitters was doing such a great deal of good among the sick and afflicted with most every kind of disease, and as I had been troubled for fitteen years with neuralgia and all kinds of the mattic complaints a de kidney trouble, I took one bottle according to directions. It at once did me a great deal of 100 L and I used four bottles more. I am an old man, but am now as well as I can wish. There are seven or eight families in our place using Hop Bitters for their family incheine, and are so well satisfied with it they will use no other. One lady here has been bedridden for years, is well and doing her work from the use of three bottles. Superior, Wis., Jan., 1889.

LEONARD WHITRECK.

## What It Did for an Old Lady.

Coshocton Station, N.Y., Dec. 28, 1878.

Gents-A number of people had been using your Bitters here, and with marked effect. A hady of over seventy years, had been sick for the past ten years: she had not been able to be around. Six months ago she was helpless. Her old remedies, or physicians being of no avail, I sent forty-five miles, and got a bottle of Hop Bitters. It had such an effect on her that she was able to dress herself and walk about the house. After taking two bottles more she was able to take care of her own room and walk out to her neighbor's, and has improved all the time since. My their use. W. B. Hathaway, Agt. U.S. Ex. Co.

# Honest Old Tim

Gorham, N.H., July 14, 1879. Gorham, N.H., July 14, 1879.

Gents-Whoever you are, I don't know; but I thank the Lord, and feel grateful to you to know that in this world of adulterated medicines there is one compound that proves and does all it advertises to do, and more. Four years ago I had a slight shock of palsy, which unnerved me to such an extent that the least excitement would make me shake like the ague. Last May I was induced to try Hop Bitters. I used one bottle, but did not see any chanse; another did so change my nerves that they are now as steady as they ever were. It used to take both hands to write, but now my good right hand writes this. Now, if you continue to manufacture as honest and good an article as you do, you will accumulate an honest fortune, and confer the greatest blessing on your fellowmen that was ever conferred on mankind.

Tim Burch.

Тім Вукси.

# Anna Maria Krider, wife of Tobias K.

chambersburg. July 25, 1875.

Chambersburg. July 25, 1875.

This is to let the people know that 1. Anna Maria keider. It had not once thought of opening the work. The se men do not bother us much, for they are easily satisfied; but what do you think of a gentleman who refuses to pay his bill because you have "left out the dictionary—the most important work of all"—from a complete edition of "old Daniel Webster's works." This mixing up of the Websters seems to be a chronic disease with a certain sort of buyers.

Chambersburg. July 25, 1875.

This is to let the people know that 1. Anna Maria Keider, wife of Tobias Krider, am now past seventy four years past. I was troubled with weakness, bad cough, dyspepsin, great debility and constipation of the lowels. I was so miserable I could eat nothing. I have only used three bottles, and I feel wonderful good, well and strong again. My bowels are regular, my appetite good, and conga gone. I think it my duty to let the people know how bod I was and what the medicine has done for me, fo they can cure themselves with it. Chambersburg, July 25, 1875.

My wife was troubled for years with blotches, moth patches, freekles and pimples on her face, which nearly annoyed the life out of her. She spent many dollars on the thousand infullible (?) cures, with nothing but injurious effects. A lady friend of Symense, N.Y., who had bad similar experience and had been cured with Hop Bitters, induced her to try it, One bottle has made her face as smooth, fair and soft as a child's, and given her such health that it seems almost a miracle.

A Member of Canadian Parliament.

A Member of Canadian Parliament.

#### A Rich Lady's Experience.

I travelled all over Europe and other foreign countries at a cost of thousands of dollars in search of health and found it not. I returned discouraged and disheartened, and was restored to real youthful health and spirits with less than two bottles of Hop Bitters. I hope others may profit by my experience and stay at home.

A Lady, Augusta, Me.

I had been sick and miserable so long, causing my husband so much trouble and expense, no one knowing what ailed me. I was so completely disheartened and discouraged that I got a bottle of Hop Bitters and used them unknown to my family. I soon began to improve and gained so fast that my husband and family thought it strange and unnatural, but I told them what had helped me, they said, "Hurrah for Hop Bitters! long may they proper, for they have made mother well and us happy."

My mother says Hop Bitters is the only thing that

My mother says Hop Bitters is the only thing that will keep her from her old and severe attacks of paralysis and headache.—En. Osweyn Nan.

LUDINGTON, Mich., Feb. 2, 1889.

I have sold Hop Bitters for four years, and there is no medicine that surpasses them for bilious attacks, kidney complaints and many diseases incident to this malarial climate.

II. T. ALEMANDER.

#### OUR CHESS COLUMN.

All communications intended for this Column should be addressed to the Chess Editor, CANADIAN ILLUSTRATED NEWS, Montreal.

The extraordinay story which has appeared in one or two chess columns respecting Paul Morphy and his recent contest with a Mexican player of wonderful skill, will be received with much hesitation by chessplayers both here and elsewhere. It seems a pity, as we have before observed, that one, who, when in the full possession of his siranlar gifts, was not at all anxious to parade himself before the public, should every now and then, be drawn from his seclusion whilst a cloud is hanging over his mental powers.

The chess student who is in possession of the great player's games, and who, in playing them over, anticupates the time when he may again electrify the world with his genius, does more to honor him than all the concocters of sensational tales put together.

The telegraphic notices of the great International Tournament which is now going on in London must be of much interest to chessplayers all over the world. It is impossible at this early date to say anything respecting what may be the final results, especially as there is an uncertainty in chess as in many other things, and no doubt there will be some surprises, such as have manifested themselves in former great struggles of a like nature. Steinitz and Zukeriort appear to take the lead in scoring victories as might have been expected, but this, however, may be materially changed in a few days. The large number of drawn games which have already been played is an evidence of the equality of skill engaged, and, also, a sign that the contestants determine to lose nothing for want of care and cantion. Montreal players, no doubt, feel interested in what may fall to the lot of their former visitors, Mr. Bird and Capt. Mackenzie. In the first encounter which took place between these two players on the 7th inst. Mr. Bird succeeded in defeating his powerful opnoment, according to the telegraphic notice which we publish in our Column to-day.

An explanation of the term "cook" given in the Matlock Register attracts our notice. Its witty editress, who is by her own confession of Hibernian extraction, says that the cook "spoils the mate." Jokes are often rooted in truth, and it happens that the Matlock Register jests very near the mark. As the origin of the term "cook," notwithstanding its acceptance amongst Anglo-Saxon problemists all over the world, may not be generally known, we may as well place it upon record. In the days when Horwitz and Kling concocted their well-known series of end games, Horwitz was wont to come to Kling with a position, saying at the same time, "It is only a raw idea," Kling would survey the board, and his little bright eyes would glisten more than over as he said, "Oh, it's a raw idea, is it; well, then, I'll cook your raw idea," and he would thereupon proceed to demonstrate ways of winning or drawing as the case might be, not by any means intended or desired by Horwitz. It must be admitted indeed that the excellent veteran's notions were often, not to say generally, far from mature at their first production, so that Kling's remarkable aptitude for analysis was afforded every scope when dealing with them.—Land and Water.

We learn from Schuchzeitung that at the annual meeting of the Pesth Club it was voted to hold an International Tourney in connection with the exhibitransparent towards in connection with the explain-tion which is announced to take, place at Pesth in 1885. A committee of five members was appointed to arrange the necessary preliminaries, and Baron von Kolisch was unanimously elected an honorary mem-ber.—Turf, Field and Farm.

## THE INTERNATIONAL TOURNEY.

London, May 7.—In the chess tournament on Saturday, Rosenthal and Winawer, and Noa and Mason played drawn games. Englisch defeated Sellman, To-day Rosenthal beat Mortimer. Blackburge beat Englisch, Bird beat Mackenzie, and Tzchigorin, Zukertort, Steinitz and Mason beat Winawer, Nea, Skipworth and Sellman.

Loxidor, May S.—In the chess tournament to-day Steinitz bent Zukertort, Englisch bent Trehigorin, Zukertort's defent is the first he has experienced; he had won seven games and Steinitz six. Skipworth, Mason and Maskenzie played drawn games with Bird, Rosenthal and Sellman. Winnwer defeated Mortimer, and blackburne defeated Non.

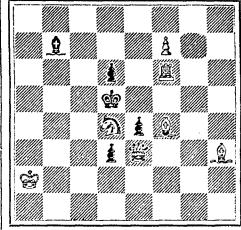
London, May 9.—In the chess tournament to-day Mason heat Rosenthal, Bird bear Skipworth, and Blackburne and Winawerplayed drawn games.

Blackburne and Winawer played drawn games.

Loxpox, May 10.—In the chess tournament to-day Mackenzie and Rosenthal played a draw game, Zakertort defeated Bird. Englisch defeated Mortimer, Mason and Winawer played a drawn game, Skipworth, Tzehigorin and Steinitz defeated Sellman, Blackburne and Noa.

Loxpox, May 11.—In the chess tournament to-day Blackburne beat Steinitz, Tzehigorin beat Mortimer, Noa beat Bird, Skipworth and Mason played drawn games with Rosenthal and Englisch: Zukertort and Winawer beat Sellman and McKenzle.

PROBLEM No. 433. By Samuel Lloyd. BLACK.



WHITE. White to play and mate in three moves,

SOLUTION OF PROBLEM No. 429.

White. Black. 1 Q to K 5 2 Q to K R 5 ch 3 R mates 1 K to K R 2 2 K moves

There are other defences.

**GAME** 559TH.

The following interesting game occurred in the tourney held at Leipsic, in honor of Herr Anderssen, in July, 1877.

(Hampe Opening.)

WHITE.-(Herr Zukertort.) BLACK.-(Dr. Goring.) WHITE.—(Herr Zu

1 P to K 4
2 Kt to Q B 3
3 P to K B 4
4 Kt to K B 3
5 B to K to G
6 Kt to Q R 4
7 Kt takes B
8 Castles
9 P to Q 3
10 P to B 3
11 B takes P
12 Q to Q 2
13 P to Q 4
14 B to Q B
15 B to Q B 4 (o)
16 Q to B 2
17 P takes P
18 B to Q C
19 P to Q C
19 P to Q C
19 P to Q C
10 P to B 5
10 P to Q C
10 P to Q C
10 P to B 5
10 P to Q C
10 P to B 5
10 P to Q C
10 P to B 5
10 P to Q C
10 P takes P
10 P takes P
10 P takes P
10 P takes P 1 P to K 4
2 B to B 4
3 B to B 3
4 Kt to Q B 3
5 B to K K 3
7 R t to K K 3
7 R t to K K 2
R P takes K 3
9 Castles P takes P R
12 Kt to K 2
R P takes P R
12 Kt to K 2
R P to K 3
15 P to K 3
15 P to Q 4
17 K t to Q 4
17 K t to Q 4
17 K t to R 3
20 K tto B 5 B
22 P to K B 3
20 K tto B 5 B
22 P to K B 3
24 P to K B 3
24 P to K B 3
24 P to K B 3
25 P to K 6
26 P to B 5
26 P to B 5
36 Q to B 5
36 R to B 3
36 Q to B 4
36 R to B 3
36 Q to B 4
36 R to B 3
36 Q to B 4
36 R to B 3
36 Q to B 4
36 R to B 3
36 Q to B 4
36 R to B 3
36 Q to B 4
36 R to B 3
36 Q to B 4
40 K to B 3
42 P to R 4
40 K to B 3
42 P to R 4
40 K to B 3
42 P to R 4
40 K to B 3
42 P to R 4
40 K to B 3

B to Q 2 P to K R 2

15 P. to Q. 2 20 B to Q. 3 21 B to Q. 3 21 B takes Kt. 6b 22 Kt to K. 5 24 R takes R. ch 25 R takes R. ch 25 R takes R. ch 26 P takes P. ch 27 P. P. takes B. ch 28 K. to Kt. 2 30 K. to Kt. 2 32 K. to R. 2 33 K. to R. 2 34 K. to R. 2 35 Q. to Kt. 2 36 K. to R. 2 36 K. to R. 2 37 K. to R. 2 38 K. to R. 2 38 K. to R. 2 38 K. to R. 2 39 K. to R. 2 30 K. to R. 2 30 K. to R. 2 31 R. to R. 2 32 K. to R. 2 33 K. to R. 2 34 R. to R. 3 36 K. to R. 2 37 K. to R. 2 38 B. to K. 4 39 K. to R. 2 39 K. to R. 2 30 K. to R. 2 31 R. to R. 3 31 R. to R. 2 32 R. to R. 3 34 R. to R. 3 35 Q. to R. 3 36 K. to R. 2 37 K. to R. 2 38 B. to K. 4 39 K. to R. 3 30 K. to R. 3 31 R. to R. 3 31 R. to R. 3 32 R. to R. 3 33 R. to R. 3 34 R. to R. 3 35 Q. to R. 3 36 R. to R. 3 37 R. to R. 3 38 R. to R. 4 39 R. to R. 3 30 R. to R. 3 40 K. to R. 3 41 R. to R. 7 42 R. to R. 3 42 R. to R. 3 43 R. to R. 4 44 R. to R. 7

And White resigned. NOTES.

(a) We should have played the B to Q 3 at once, where indeed it is forced to go in the course of a few

moves.
(b) White would have done better here by 24 Kt to
(b) White would have done better here by 24 Kt to (b) White would have done better here by 24 Kt to Kt 6-a line of play which produces an equal gauce. Should Black in that case attempt to win the Q R P he would lose a piece in the enterprise.
(c) This is fatal, but we see no better move for White.
(d) The decisive move: Black by the series of checks having defended the Q square from the check of the White Rook.
(c) There is nothing better to do.
(f) The end of the game is excellently played by Dr. Goring.

40 CARDS all lap-corner, Gilt Edge, Glass and Chromo, Love Letter and Case name and jet, 10c. WEST & CO., WESTVILLE, CONN.



# LACHINE CANAL.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for the Formation of Basins near St. Gabriel Locks," will be received at this office until the arrival of the Eastern and Western mails on WEDNESDAY, THE 61st DAY OF JUNE next, for the formation of TWO SLIPS or BASINS, on the north side of the lachine Canal, at Montreal.

A plan and specification of the work to be done can be seen at this Office, and at the Lachine Canal Office, Montreal, on and after TUESDAY, the 22nd day of MAY next, at either of which places printed forms of tender can be obtained.

Contractors are requested to bear in mind that tenders will not be considered unless made strictly in accordance with the printed forms.

An accepted Bank cheque for the sum of \$2,000, must accompany cach tender, which sum shall be forfeited, if the parry tendering declines entering into contract for the works at the rates and on the terms stated in the offer submitted. The cheque thus sont in will be returned to the respective parties whose tenders are not accepted.

This Department does not, however, bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,

A. P. BRADLEY,
Secretary, SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned

Secretary.

Dept. of Railways and Canals. ( Ottawa, 21st April, 1883.