To fulfil the duty jof chairman on such an oc casion fis, I assure you, an undertaking to whichil hare been but little accustomed; and ic attempting to do so this evening I shall bave mainly to rely for success on the kindly indulgence and support of the audience and on the desire of each one to maintsin order and to give close attention to the addresses which are to be delivered; and, if these conditions are complied with, my task in the char will be an casy and agreeable onc, and, I may add, a corresponding pleasure and benefit will accrue to yourselves.
There is, howerer, a two-fold claim which I think I mas venture to urge in favour of my sustaining, in some measure satisfactorily, the position which you hare called on me this erening to fill, and the claim is grounded on these two facts-that I shall be careful not to dotain jou by any lengthened remarks of my own, and in the next place that 1 shall be the means of introducing to you my Rer. friends beside me, by whose addresses, 1 know, you will be delighted as mell as instructed and profited. Aye, and in looking around, I find I might have added a third claim, as strong as any, for I see that my friend Mr. McKay with a strong corpg of musical artists are already in their places, and are both willing and reads to contribste their part to the delight and cnjoyment of the evening. (Appla ise.)
I hare reason to belicre that I am only giring expression to the general opinion when I say that, so far as relates to the more material portion of the erening's entertainment, so far as concerns the depertment superintended by the ladies, and managed and provided for by the committee of arrangements, all has been eminen. Iy satisfartors and eminently successfal, and that the universal sentimeat in respect to the friends connected with this department is-"Tues have done well. They deserre our best thanks." And now, if I ghall hare the good fortune to achiere a similar success in regard to that part of the erening's entertainment with which 1 may be looved apon as more direct!? conaceted, if I shall hare been the mesns of securing for sou $\varepsilon$.n intellectual repast-an oratorical feast, which shall bear a farorable comparison with the standard attained in the other department, then shall 1 also cerpect to obtain the testimony of gour approral, and to find that sour decision in respect to the charman ig-" He also has done bis part mell." Aod upon that issuc am I willing and prepared to let moy credit and good name as your chairmsn to-pight be staised and determined ; snd, when I look ronad and seo the speabers who are to address jon, I hare no fcar that the rerdict shall be carried against me.

For the commencement of the rich feast jet before you I know you are all anyiously raiting; and I hare pledged myself not to interpose delay by my oma remarks. But, unfilling though I am to detain you, I set feel I must claim timo to express the hope that our meeting to-night will be the means of streagthcaiag the Sabbath School caus, ard of giring sa impetus to the zeal of its friends in this quarter of the congregation and in other quarters of it slso. The rootk indeed is lithe more than begua. I feel tha. a rery great deal yct requires to be done before the duty that lies before us in this matter can be ssid to be in any adequato degree orertaken. Tbere tras a statement rande to me the other day bs 3r. Nckay, one of our clacrs-and i knor you Fill agree with me in saying that his nate, his word is authority equal at lesst to that of apy other person ia this tomashipor in this coun-ty-I say there wes a statement mado to me a short time ago by him, which I may be permitted to repeat here ro-night, as conerying to us 3 a
important lesson, as showing the work required to be done by us in the field of labour of which wo are speaking. His statement to me was thisThat, taking in the whole of this township, our Church is more numerous than eitherfof the other Presbyterian bodies. And, whilst our prayer and fertent hope is-whilst the prayer and ferrent hope of every one of us is-that the time may soon come when all the branclies of the Presbyte-ian Church shall be united in one-then shall there be one great Presbyterian Churc: in all Canada. (Loud Cheers.) Yet the fact that the majority of the Presbyterians of this township are members or adherects of our communion should teach us our responsibility and araken us to $n$ sense of the magnitude and importance of the work before us. I know vell the difficulties to be encountered in keeping up or in trying to keep up a large and well-equipped Sabbath School in country districts, where the families are so mach scattered and so far removed from each other, as is generally the case in Canada. But notwithstanding this drawback I still cherish the hope that the present resting will hare a bencficial and expangive infrence on the cause, not only in this but also in other districts of the congregation. Among other good results flowing from it I expect to bear of a larger and better attcadance of scholars in this place, though the attendance so far has been rery encouraging; and I also hope that those who are engaged here from Sabbath to Sabhath in teaching will find their hands streng,hened and their hearts encouraged to renerred diligence and derotedness in their work. To them would I only say at present that the consciousness of doing good to others, or of secking to do it, will be the best and most satisfactory reward of your labours here-a revard perhaps the most pure and delightful which is given to man to enjoy upon earth-but surely the approbation of this mecting and of our good friends from a distance who hare travelled so far to be present to-night, to countenance asd encourage your endenrours, is a reward highly to bo prized and esteemed, and should cause you "not to weary in rell doing" but to perserere in your work of faith and labour cilore. And let us further cherish the hope that the cxample rill spread, and that at no distant day we shall have the pleasure of seeing Sabbath Schools organized and in efficient operation in other brancics of the congregation.
I fear I am in danger of violating my pledge by detaining you too long; and I Bhall therefore put a close to my remarbs and thos make Fay for the speakers who are now to address you; and let me request hat good order be obserred, and the strictest attcation paid, whilst tise are doing so. The speaker phose name is first on my list is the Rer. Mr. Carmichacl, of King, who has come so far through the rain to address sou on the peesent occasion. Mr. Carmichacl, I am happs to say, is not altogether a stranger amongst us. We shall not readily forgeh I trust, the remaskably able and cloquent speceh which he delirered here last rinier on the Home Mission cause of our Church. For my nart I can sey that in Mr. Carraichacl I hare nerer been disappointed, and I think I am not risking a greet dical in predictiog that I shall be able to say as much both for jon and mysclf this crening also. He is a young genulcman in regard 20 mbose acquacements and great talents and ability there is but one opinion atnongst those tho beat know him. Permit me not to introdace to you Mr. Carmaichacl, who has such strong claims on oar fricndship and gratitudc. (Applause.)

Mr. Carmichacl, on coming formard, fras
address the audience in a speech of great forco and impressiveness, of which we can give only a brief analysis. After making some introductory remarks he referred to the prosperous atato of the achuol, which was manifest from tho large number of children and parents assembled there that evening, many from a grest distance through muddy roads and a drizzling rain. Ho reminded the scholars of their high and prectous privileges, privileges denied to thonsands of little boys and girls equally deserving with them. He reminded them of their obligations of practising in their daily walk and conrersation the lessons of heavenly wisdom they learned in the Sabbath Schcol. He reforred to the opportunities for doing good which eren the youngest amoag them cojoyed; bow they, following the example of their great Master, might recommend rital religion to their jouthful and careless companions, and persuade them to eccompany them to the Eouso of God, that they might there learn of Him "who came to seek and save the lost." He encouraged them to persevere nor ever grow reary in this Work, inasmuch as the lessons they received might infiuence their whole future lires and make them bapps or miserable for eternity. He encouraged the teachers also to persevero.
They should be stirred op by this large aspombly to greater diligence for the time to come. They could not but feel that their labours had been cromned with some success. The Sabbath Sohool teacher has many dimicalties to contend against; there is often inattention on the part of the scholars, and carelesaness on the part of the parents. Their attondance is irregular; the lessons are far irom carefally prepared; they see no prospect of any good resulting from their labours ; their most falth. ful and prayerful instructions seem as if thrown uselessly away; no fruit appcars, not eren a green blade; no buds of promise telling of a coming harrest of hearenly fruit. Sabbarhefler Sabbath they have plied theirlitule charge with invitations of mercy, admonitions, warningz, entreaties, hut all seemingly in vaia. In rain thes cannot be! God is faithfal; not one Wird e er spoken for Him has been ia vain. The seed you sot so patiently, watering it mith your tears and prayers, will spring up; a barrest will one day be gathered where you hare laboured so faithfally. Not in your day, pcranps, but what of that? Others in past ages haro laboured that you might reap tho result. Why should you grudge :o toil though others and not yoursclres should be tho reapcrs? Nor think that the sphere you enjog is 100 small . An angel would corct to labour. there; the higbestangel in glory wonld esteem it an honour and a pririlege to be emploged in teac.ing an crring child the stors of the manger and the Cioss, the agoay of Gethsemanc and the sorross of Calrars. The success that has always attended tho Sabbath School should furnish gronad of enceuragement to teachers. What mollitudes hate received their carlicst religious impressions there! Hiss it not efer been the nurscry of the Charch? Hisre not many of the noblest and most faithfal ministers of the Church left it on record that it wes in the Sabbath School thes were first made acquxinted with the "ruth as it is in Jesus." Ho enjoined on parents the aecessity of carcfalls folloring up at home tho instructions which their children receired in the Babbath Sctool. The labours of the teschers aro not designed to supersedo their dutics, but rether to be en auriliary to them. They are not released from their soicmn responsibilits of "bringing ap their chaldren in the narture and admonition of the Lord." No. sociots on saxth can.release them from their obligations of instilliag into the
zainds of their children the gracions traths of

