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The Toronto World.

C. S. GZOWSKI, M.
Late Gzowski & Buchan, Stock and Exchange Broker and General Agent, changes all kinds of money, buys and sells drafts on New York and London; also agent Dominion Royal Mail Line of steamships for Europe.

NINTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 12, 1888. PRICE ONE CENT.

COMMERCE GETS THE CALL

MR. DARLING'S BANK WILL LEND THE CITY A MILLION AT 4 1-4.

Four Tenders Received by the Executive Committee — A Breezy Meeting Over Awarding the Contract — Ald. Gillespie on His Mettle.

The great million dollar loan difficulty has been settled at last, and the head and tail of th Executive Committee will have one more chance of ending the year in peace and harmony. The Bank of Montreal and Ald. Gillespie are out, and the Bank of Commerce and Mayor Clarke are in, and in with the comforting assurance on the one part that a very satisfactory loan has been made on really good security, and on the latter that he has bested his opponents, and in doing so has worked successfully for the best interests of the city.

It was a special meeting of the Executive Committee which was held yesterday. The Mayor was present as being in the main responsible for the delay, Chairman McMillan sat in state at the head of the board, and Ald. Gillespie in grim majesty at the foot, while on either side were ranged Ald. Dodds, Denison, Johnston, Fleming, Galbraith and Gilbert, City Clerk Blevins and City Treasurer Coady.

Manager Brough Writes a Letter.

Under the head of correspondence Chairman McMillan directed Treasurer Coady to read the following letter from Mr. Brough, manager of the Toronto branch of the Bank of Montreal:

GENTLEMEN: In reply to your circular asking the bank for tenders to-day to loan to the city $1,000,000, I beg to say that seeing I was approached by the chairman and treasurer on the 5th inst. with a copy of resolution authorizing the borrowing of $1,000,000 from the bank at 4¼ per cent., which this bank agreed to loan upon those terms, and which were accepted by the gentlemen referred to, I must decline to make any tender on this occasion.

The letter was tabled without comment, and the opening of replies to the bank circulars proceeded with. There were four in all, but the chairman and treasurer kept the names of the tenderers secret while their respective merits were under discussion.

The Four Proposals.

Proposal No. 1 was an offer of $400,000 for six months at 4½ %, provided the privilege of selling the local improvement debentures accompanied the acceptance of the loan.

Proposal No. 2 consisted of a square offer of $1,000,000 for six months at 4½ %. This announcement was received with the general manifestation of pleasure on the part of the members, and the Mayor included.

Proposal No. 3 was an elastic loan of $150,000 to $200,000 for 6 months at 4½ %.

Proposal No. 4 offered $250,000 at 4½%.

The chairman remarked that there was no doubt which was the best offer submitted. The $1,000,000 at 4½ % was very satisfactory.

Ald. Fleming moved that it be accepted, while Ald. Gillespie queried if the $1,000,000 offer guaranteed 1½ % on the local improvement debentures. The question was answered by the chairman to the effect that the offer was in accordance with the terms of the circular, which he proceeded to read as follows:

Conditions of the Loan.

A loan to the corporation of the City of Toronto of $1,000,000 for six months to be collaterally secured by 4 per cent 40-year city debentures for like amount. It is proposed to entrust to the successful tenderer the negotiation and sale on the London market of certain 10 and 20-year local improvement city debentures, amounting to about $580,000, at a minimum price of $101.50 for each $100 thereof, the city paying 1½ per cent commission and other expenses incidental thereto.

Ald. Gillespie asserted that no 1½ per cent was guaranteed in that agreement and the Mayor asked the City Treasurer if there was any such guarantee from any other bank. The official answered there was none in writing. At this point Ald. Gillespie objected that if it was not in writing it was in a shape equally binding. There was the verbal undertaking and that was enough. He proposed that before the loan be accepted the 1½ per cent be guaranteed, holding that whichever bank had secured the loan it should be held strictly to this point. It was possible, should there be any lack of skill in placing the debentures on the market, that the city might have to accept a lower rate than the one expected.

The Chairman: "The tenders are as specific as could possibly be desired."

Ald. Gillespie differed from the Chairman, and ran foul of Ald. Dodds and the Mayor. The member from St. George's claimed that the city had borrowed $2,500,000 on verbal promises. Chairman McMillan said that that was not a fact, and that Ald. Gillespie had the guarantee for the first 4 per cent. loan in his pocket.

Ald. Gillespie: "Yes, but I am not you."

The Chairman: "But I knew all about it."

Mr. Gillespie Returns to the Charge.

After a great deal more discussion Ald. Gillespie returned to the charge, claiming that the 101½ guarantee should be demanded. This the chairman refused to consider as being outside the circular. The Mayor pressed the Fleming motion, after which Ald. Gillespie started in to cross-examine the Treasurer as to the fact of the 1½ per cent. guarantee having been made.

The City Treasurer: "It was mentioned to me by Mr. Brough, but only in the course of conversation. He said he would write and see."

Ald. Dodds: "All this is outside the issue. With this we have nothing to do."

Ald. Gillespie: "You can't force me down in that fashion."

Ald. Dodds: "I am not trying to."

Ald. Gillespie: "But you are."

Ald. Dodds: "I again say I had no such intention. See if you cannot be more respectful to your fellow members, sir."

This closed the discussion and the Fleming motion carried. Then came cries of "Name, name," as the curious aldermen clamored for the name of the lucky bank. The chairman announced it was the Bank of Commerce, and congratulations became general that a local institution had got the call.

The saving to the city by the new deal, as figured out by Mayor Clarke, who by the by is very proud of his coup, and City Treasurer Coady is $1225.

After the Opera Was Over.

On the conclusion of the meeting of the committee the Mayor and City Treasurer waited on President H. W. Darling of the Commerce and received from him an assurance that the bank would undertake to get the minimum rate of 1½ per cent. for the local improvement debentures, thus settling completely all objections to the 4¼ per cent. deal. The previous best price obtained for city debentures was 97 in 1885, and 95¾ in 1887. Both these were for 40 years, those now being issued being for 10 and 20 years.

The Proposed Ferry Monopoly.

The sub-committee appointed to investigate the Island ferry business recommended the refusal of licensing to further ferries unless they are at least 125 feet in length. This looks like a step in the right direction, but the sugar still if carried out would be nothing more nor less than the giving of a monopoly of the ferry business to the Doty firm. There are other parties who intend going into the ferry business and one of them called at The World office yesterday and denounced the injustice of the committee's recommendation. If the ferry business is to be carried on by small boats then the more of them the better, and one citizen has as much right as another to get a license to engage in the business.

A New Incandescent Electric Lighting Co.

Application for incorporation as the Toronto Incandescent Electric Lighting Company with a capital of $200,000 has been filed, with the Provincial Secretary by these gentlemen: H. S. Howland, W. R. Brock, R. Jaffray, H. P. Dwight, Hugh Ryan, Frederic Nicholls, J. K. Kerr, Joseph Simpson, R. McLennan, Geo. A. Cox, Alex. Manning, John Sculby, Henry Lowndes, Edgar Jones, Toronto, and William Bell, Guelph, and John R. Barber, Georgetown. The names of the first seven are mentioned as the provisional directors.

THE BLUFF PUT IN WRITING.

Hayfork Massey's Offer of One Hundred Thousand Dollars.

Mr. George A. Cox, bursar of Victoria College, has received a letter from Mr. H. A. Massey, reducing to writing his conditional offer made at Cobourg a month ago. From gentlemen who had knowledge of the contents of the letter The World learned yesterday that Mr. Massey agreed to donate one-fifth of the $500,000 necessary to endow an independent Methodist university at Cobourg. He stipulates that the said university shall be equipped inside of a couple of years with buildings that shall not cost less than $150,000. He will give the one-fifth ($100,000) for endowment on condition that the other $400,000 is raised in cash within five years from date. The offer must, it is understood, be accepted by the proper authorities and canvassing begun not later than Jan. 1, 1889. These contributions will be given on the express condition that *federation is abandoned*.

Mr. Massey further agrees to contribute $5000 per annum of the endowment mentioned to assist in promulgating the scheme, the balance of the $100,000 to be paid at the end of five years, with the provision that the remaining $400,000 has been paid over to the trustees by that time.

This is said to be the correct purport of Mr. Massey's letter. Of course this letter will only be laughed at by the Federationists, as it provides that the college must remain at Cobourg. The World saw some of the gentlemen who had read the letter and they said it was merely a repetition of the offer Mr. Massey had made at the meeting of the Senate. Said one of them that since the General Conference has endorsed Federation, Mr. Massey's offer must be taken as another hand in his game of bluff.

They are on to Him.

From The St. Thomas Journal.

Because of Mr. Massey's peculiar mode of making subscriptions to educational institutions The Toronto World saw fit to dub him Hayfork Massey. Whereat the five hundred and ten employes of Mr. Massey assembled the other night and in solemn resolution averred that they were not engaged in the manufacture of the plebeian hayfork. Not they, the work on which they are engaged, according to their own description of it, is "the production of the very highest class of harvesting machinery." This supremely silly production, evidently not the work of the man, was sent to the Toronto papers, and is making everybody laugh. Why the hayfork, the patient, uncomplaining, hard-working hayfork, which plays such an important part in the economy of the farm, should be looked upon with contempt by the employes and owners of the Massey works, is what everybody would like to know. Why in the world should it be placed outside the pale of high-class harvesting machinery? Why should five hundred and ten men—every employe of the shops, in fact, to one being found backward in expressing his contempt for the hayfork—with one consent deny that they make forks? Who said they do? Who cares if they do or not? What difference does it make? Is it less creditable to make hayforks than to make hayrakes? If so, why? It is not possible that five hundred and ten men would have placed on record such a resolution had they not been dragooned into so doing. It would appear that Mr. Massey has an emphatic aversion to be sensitive for a manufacturer of high-class harvesting machinery. Hayforks pierce it too easily. He should go into the manufacture of lightning rods, and get it hardened.

Children's Tea and Punch and Judy at St. George's School House, Friday, at 5 o'clock.

SELLING A TIMBER BERTH.

Fourteen Square Miles Sold for $2750 a Mile—No Fizz for the Buyers.

There was a timber limit sale yesterday afternoon at the Parliament Buildings. The only berth offered was No. 2, Ballantyne, composed of 14 square miles. The purchaser at the late sale had failed to carry out his purchase. Donald McMaster, Alexandria, bought it at $2750 per square mile. The area being small lumbermen had ample time to inspect it and the result was that the bidding was spirited and did not slacken until the price had risen $400 per square mile over the highest bid for the same limit a year ago. The following are some of the lumbermen represented: Cook Bros., Mr. Maxwell, John Waldie, McArthur Bros., Toronto; James Rayside, M.P.P., Lancaster; Klock, Hale & Booth, A. Fraser, Ottawa; Mr. Peck, Clevelands; Mr. McCoy, Renfrew; Mr. Thos. Murland, M.P.P., Pembroke; Beck & Co., Penetanguishene. The price was a triumph for temperance principles. There was no champagne. Silence smote the stalwart hewers of wood when the sad intelligence was imparted to them that there was to be no "fizz" to unloosen their tongues and purse-strings. Mr. Peter Ryan, on behalf of Suckling, Cassidy & Co., was the auctioneer.

HE CHEWED GLASS.

A Drunken Man who Made his Lips and Gums Bleed.

It was in the Hub yesterday afternoon that a half-dozen of men were drinking. One was a well known ex-alderman and the others were evidently theatrical men connected with one of the visiting companies. One of the latter took a drink in a small-sized thin goblet such as is used for hot whiskies, and to the surprise of the crowd commenced to eat the glass.

He started by biting off the rim chunk by chunk, chewing the fragments in his teeth and spitting them out. He went around the glass and started on a second chewing four a round, and again on the third and last round. By this time he had chewed the glass down to the stem and his lips and gums were profusely bleeding from the effects of the sharp glass. His friends endeavored to stop him, but he was half drunk and he persisted, and went on to commence chewing the stem of the glass.

People who saw it were sickened and hurried out. The incident was the talk of the town last night.

KIDNAPPED IN CANADA.

A Yankee Fugitive From Justice Forcibly Taken Back.

DETROIT, Dec. 11.—William H. Brown, convicted several weeks ago of stealing shoes, while in the custody of the United States Marshal skipped to Canada before being sentenced, James T. Brady, his bondsman, captured him near Peche Island yesterday and lodged him in jail last night. This morning Brown was brought before Judge Brown for sentence. Brown said: "I was working at the fishing grounds near Peche Isle in Canada when Brady, my bondsman, disguised and four other fellows rushed on me with revolvers and shot guns. 'Get into this boat,' yelled Brady, and before I knew it I was in jail here." Brown was sentenced to one year in prison and fined $300.

Socialists Want the Earth.

ROCHESTER, Dec. 11.—Prof. T. H. Garside, the Socialist organizer, in addressing a meeting here said: "We ask for the land. If it is not given to us the whole universe will cry with one great shout for liberty. It is ours and we will have it, and no man shall stand between us. We want the machinery and all property we have made. It belongs to us. We want no compromise. We do not want a portion, we do not want a half of it. We want the whole of it and we demand it without any conditions whatever. Henry George is one of us. He sees before him as we do a great big 'S' with two strokes dashed downwards through it" ($).

Sent to the Penitentiary.

MONTREAL, Dec. 11.—Bridget Cassidy, wife of J. Larose, a servant who, when employed by Mr. Lightstone, grocer, ironed the face of his three-month-old boy Harry with a red-hot flat iron and then attempted to choke the boy, was sent to the penitentiary for three years.

"A New Game."

If you can't play tennis during the winter you can at least put the bad against the wall and have fun in keeping it going without knocking over the clock and driving holes through the oil paintings. If you want to get your "fat off" off the floor so that when you fall you will have "pine" in your system. If that don't "space" you up go to Lewis', 392 Yonge-street, for underclothing and hockey wear.

ORTHODOX OR HETERODOX?

THE "SINLESS PERFECTION" CONTROVERSY AT GALT.

History of the Alleged Heresy—Special Meeting of Guelph Presbytery—No Decision Given—The Case Sent Back to the Kirk Session.

Church troubles are rife this year of grace. Toronto has no monopoly of them. Growing Galt and graceful Guelph have their share. Church circles from centre to circumference are stirred by what is a trouble though by no means a scandal.

A controversy which is a re-echo of those which in bygone days disrupted congregations and alienated Christians has forced itself to the front. Job of old asked, "Can a man be just with God?" The Psalmist bid those around him "mark the perfect man." Isaiah spoke of those "whiter than snow." Christ exhorted His followers to be perfect, even as their Father in Heaven is perfect. Paul urges those to whom he writes to "go on unto perfection." John says as Christ is, so are His followers in this world.

This, then, is the perplexing problem—Do the Scriptures command men to do that which is impossible? Or are these passages to be interpreted in a non-literal sense? The voices of the churches do not agree on this important question.

But there is no uncertain sound in the Westminster Confession of Faith or the Shorter Catechism, standards of doctrine amongst the Presbyterians. Liberal in non-essentials, this influential church in Canada cannot tolerate laxity of belief on such an important question as "Christian Perfection."

The Trouble in the Kirk.

This is the trouble with the Galt Kirk Session and the Guelph Presbytery, and it was this that The World's Ecclesiastical Young Man was investigating yesterday. This is a resume of what he ascertained:

Some five years ago David Caldwell, a member of Knox Church, Galt, entered the profession of Christian perfection and forthwith disseminated it in the church. For this he was twice called to book, but nothing daunted retracted nothing. A year ago last August some members of the Cranston family associated with the same church attended the International Holiness Convention at Wesley Park, near Niagara, and there they professed to have entered into the experience of a "clean heart" and walking in the power of the Holy Ghost. James Cranston, on returning home, gave his "testimony" in Knox Church and instituted "Holiness" meetings in private houses because the use of the church was refused him. Proselytes were made and the session again remonstrated.

The Seven "Heretics."

Seven of the most pronounced advocates of the alleged heresy, James K. Cranston, John D. Cranston, David Caldwell, Alexander B. Cranston, William Henry, Lizzie Morton, Mrs. Alexander Kay, were cited before the session, charged with "holding and teaching doctrines not in accordance with the Scriptures and the Presbyterian standards." Those cited objected that there was no specific charge, as Presbyterian procedure requires.

This objection was sustained by the Moderator and more specific charges made. May 14 the "heretics" appeared, and according to their account were not allowed to defend themselves by quoting Scripture. They alleged there was an offence or wrong to remove them liable to discipline, the object of which, according to Sec. 240 of the Regulations, is threefold: the glory of God, the purity of the Church and the spiritual good of the offenders. Their names were struck off the membership roll.

In this the app llants quote sec. 303, which provides that excommunication is only to be resorted to in offences of the highest nature and where the offenders continue impenitent and contumacious, and sec. 306, which recognizes the endorsation of the Presbytery necessitates the endorsation of the Presbytery. Hence the proceedings were claimed to have been irregular and the Presbytery was prayed to annul the excommunication and re-enter the names on the membership roll.

Before the Guelph Presbytery.

The matter was considered by the Guelph Presbytery and a committee was nominated to assist the session of Knox Church in arriving at a settlement of the matter.

The citation in addition to the charge of heresy, charged that the seven had been "pursuing a divisive course in respect to Knox Church."

Rev. Alexander Jackson presided at this meeting, which was held at Galt. He stated that the session had decided to commence the entire proceedings anew, that certain questions relating to the standards of the Church had been prepared which would be propounded to the parties by Dr. Middlemiss of Elora.

Dr. Torrance of Guelph acted as clerk and took down the replies to these questions:

1. Do you believe that in the case of any man such grace is given in this life that he may perfectly keep the commandments of God in thought, word and deed?
2. Do you believe that in any case the believer is, in this life, delivered from the indwelling of sin?
3. Do you believe that in this life any mere man is able to keep the commandments of God perfectly?
4. Do you believe that there are any persons in the experience of any Christian when he did not need to confess sin and ask pardon for same?
5. Have you attended any meetings which were being held simultaneously with meetings organized by the session of the Church?
6. Have you been in the habit of teaching doctrine in accordance with the answers you have now given?

The whole of the seven, bold as martyrs, answered these questions substantially in the affirmative, Mr. James K. Cranston maintaining that these views are in harmony with the doctrines of the Presbyterian Church.

The special meeting of the Guelph Presbytery in Chalmers' Church, Guelph, to receive the report of the session, was numerously attended yesterday morning. Above 100 persons were present, one-fifth being females. Methodists, Salvationists and other denominations were represented and there was much excitement manifested. The evidence referred to above was read by Rev. Dr. Torrance, on the close of which Mr. J. K. Cranston put a full statement of his belief in the hands of the Moderator. This was deemed irregular and its reading was refused. Thereupon Mr. Caldwell and Mr. Cranston protested and claimed that they had a right to be heard before action was taken. They were each ruled out of order and sat down reluctantly with their "authorities" on procedure in their hands.

The Presbytery's Ultimatum.

Ultimately this resolution of Rev. J. E. Smith and Rev. Dr. Wardrope carried:

Received the report now submitted and whereas that report is in the matter of William Henry, David Caldwell, John D. Cranston, Lizzie Morton, Mrs. Alexander Kay, James K. Cranston and Alexander B. Cranston, charged by the session of Knox Church, Galt, with holding and teaching doctrine not in accordance with the standards of the Presbyterian Church and with pursuing a divisive course in respect to the said Knox Church, sets forth and declares three points:

(1) That the answers given by the five persons first named above to the question proposed by the session with a view of finding out the attitude to the standards of the church, clearly prove that the views held by them on the subject of personal sanctification in this life are decidedly opposed to the teachings of the scriptures as exhibited in the Westminster Confession of Faith (c. 8, sec. 5); in the Church Catechism, question 149, and in the Shorter Catechism, question 82.

(2) That James K. Cranston and Alexander B. Cranston, when the same questions were put to them by the session testing their conformity or non-conformity with the standards supreme and subordinate, refused to give any other than evasive and irrelevant answers, manifesting thereby a spirit of insubordination to sessional authority.

(3) That in disseminating their particular views, and in some instances holding religious meetings which conflicted with sessional appointments, the conduct of all the above-named persons has been for some time calculated seriously to disturb the harmony and hinder the well-being of the congregation concerned.

The Presbytery therefore resolved, That the Presbytery instruct the session of Knox Church, Galt, to deal with the accused in the respective premises according to the rules and discipline applicable to such cases in the Presbyterian Church in Canada; that the Presbytery authorize the said session to deal with James K. Cranston and Alexander B. Cranston on the grounds of contumacy; and, in the event of this being persisted in, to remove in the interests of truth and righteousness their names from the communion roll, declaring them to be no longer members of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and not to be restored to membership without leave granted by the Presbytery; and furthermore that the Presbytery re-appoint the assessors to co-operate with the session in finally issuing the case.

Mr. J. K. Cranston: "I will appeal to the Synod against this decision."

Voices: "You have no locus standi here."

Dr. Wardrope: "There is nothing to appeal."

The Moderator: "The Presbytery gives no decision on the matter. The functions we are exercising to-day are those of parental counsellors. There is no disposition on the part of the Presbytery to act arbitrarily. When the kirk session gives its decision that will be the time for the notice of appeal contemplated. The appeal would be to the Synod and thence to the General Assembly."

Analysis of Their Belief.

The World's Ecclesiastical Inquirer talked yesterday to Presbyterians, Salvationists and Methodists at both Gals and Guelph, and found the impugned ones had many sympathizers. They are all in highly respectable positions, some in business, and there has never been anything alleged against their characters. They have been diligent workers in the departments of church life. The World conversed with some of them and came to the conclusion that their belief was the result of confusing Scriptural passages which speak of the believer's "standing" in Christ and his earthly experience. The "sinless perfection" theories are in fact an amalgamation of Plymouth Brethrenism, the "clean heart" of the Salvation Army and the "holiness" of the extreme wing of the Methodists. Texts applied to the Church's acceptance in Christ—"perfect," "complete"—are appropriated to the persons of each Christian. As showing the interest taken in the subject, The Christian Guardian says Methodists will be interested, "as some of our members are a little erratic if not heterodox on this subject." Further developments will be anxiously awaited.

Fish Pond and Afternoon Tea at St. George's school House on Thursday and Friday, 13th and 14th.

AN A. O. U. W. BENEFIT.

Can a Certificate of Its Insurance be Collected for a Debt?

In Llewellin v A. O. U. W., an interesting case now before the courts, a motion was made before Judge Rose yesterday. The plaintiff, who is a private teacher in the city, has brought an action against the Grand Lodge of the A. O. U. W. to prevent them from paying over under a benefit certificate $2000 to the widow of John McLean, who was a barrister practising at Stouffville, claiming a debt was due him by the deceased for money lent. The society resists the demand on the ground that their policy of insurance is not assignable, being purely for the benefit of the widow and children, and this is the point that will be fought out. An interim injunction was obtained which the judge made permanent to the end of the trial. Mr. L. Gordon for the plaintiff. Mr. C. Millar for the widow. The order was not represented.

Another injunction motion was disposed of, Bank of Hamilton v Brazil. This is an action arising out of the extensive failure of Kidd & Sons of Ashtone. The defendant is Toronto proper, and received most of the stock and book debts of the insolvent estate of which the bank were heavy creditors. They brought the present action and obtained an interim injunction to restrain the defendant from collection of the debts due the estate on the ground that there was a fraudulent preference. Judge Rose dissolved this injunction upon the defendant furnishing $5000 security. Mr. W. B. Willoughby appeared for the defendant.

In Central Bank affairs the deposit receipt cases of Dr. Morton, Hugo Block, and the Bank of Ville Marie, involving some $20,000 worth of deposit receipts, was heard by the Master and decision reserved. These receipts were pledged by Mr. E. S. Cox with the parties mentioned, and the liquidators resist payment on the ground that they were illegally issued by ex-Cashier Allen.

Come and see the beautiful Christmas goods at St. George's School House, on Thursday and Friday, 13th and 14th.

REV. "MOVE ON" WILSON.

His Appeal Against the Conviction of Being Disorderly.

A case of more than ordinary interest was that of the appeal of Rev. W. E. Wilson against the conviction by the Police Magistrate of being disorderly in his conduct on Queen and Yonge-streets one night last summer. The circumstances of the affair need but short recapitulation. Policeman Jarvis, since then dismissed from the force for drunkenness and for being found in a house of ill-fame, had been called to the Russell House to look after a quarrel, which he found was over. He returned to the street, and while talking to a man who said he had been hit in the row, Rev. Mr. Wilson stepped in and wanted to know what was wrong. Jarvis told him to mind his own business, an altercation ensued, the minister was hustled into the patrol-wagon, taken to the police station, bailed out and subsequently fined for obstructing the sidewalk. Hence the appeal. The old evidence of the prosecution was gone into, the witnesses being the same as before and ex-Constable Jarvis being the chief witness. City Solicitor Bigger conducted the police part of the case, while Mr. N. Gordon Bigelow and Mr. James Haverson looked after the interests of Mr. Wilson. The case lasted the whole day long, and when the court adjourned at 6 o'clock the case of the police was not finished. The case turns upon the interpretation of the meaning of the word "disorderly," which will be a nice point for Judge Morgan and the jury to decide. It will be continued to-day.

Donkey Party with music at St. George's School House, Thursday and Friday, 13th and 14th. Come and try.

$25.00 SETT

For Large Bear Boas and Muffs.

Dineen advises the ladies of Toronto that he has just finished up about fifty very handsome bear boas and muffs and as the season is advancing will sell the choice at twenty-five dollars a sett, a lot of fine white lynx boas and muffs at $25, dark grey lynx boas and muffs at seventeen dollars, handsome mink and squirrel circulars with sleeves—just the goods for Christmas presents. Dineen is the great bear catcher just now and ladies should visit their store on corner King and Yonge-streets.

Punch and Judy at St. George's School House, Friday, 14th, at 5 p.m.

A Dead Man's Watch.

The police are investigating a peculiar case of larceny. Yesterday morning the body of the late William K. Henderson, sexton of the Metropolitan Church, arrived, in care of friends from St. John, N. B., where the deceased had been visiting relatives and had died. Accompanying the body was a trunk containing all his apparel and property which he had taken with him on his visit. In the trunk was placed the dead man's silver watch, but when it was opened yesterday on the arrival of the body at the house, 183 Victoria-street, the watch was missing. The police have been asked to investigate.

American and Canadian Xmas and New Year cards, Xmas booklets and novelties, suitable for foreign postage. Best assortment in the city at Winnifrith Bros., 6 and 8 Toronto-street.

Scotchmen and Welchmen.

Mr. Wm. Houston, M.A., vice-president of the Scottish Home Rule Society, read a paper last night before the members of the society in Temperance Hall. He gave an account of Scottish history from the earliest times down to the present day, touching upon all the important affairs of that nation. He introduced the subject of Scottish Home Rule, enlarging upon its many advantages to the people of Scotland. Mr. Richard Lewis spoke from a Welshman's standpoint.

Lydon's Annual Sale.

Mr. Lydon's great annual sale of cutlery, silver ware, etc. began yesterday at the auction room of Oliver, Coate & Co. The sale was well attended, a large number of ladies being present. To-day seven cases of new goods will be opened out, some of them being of extra quality. The sale will be continued to-day, to-morrow and Friday.

The Life of Flesh is the Blood.

Indigestion corrupts the blood, dyspepsia, kidney and liver complications follow a train of death-dealing disorders.

"Impossible that these diseases can exist if St. Leon water be drunk and rubbed into the skin." So say doctors.

For the very simple reason that wherever St. Leon Water touches poisons that feed these diseases, all such are annihilated, absorbed in the water and thrown out of the system. 3

MR. SPROAT'S DEPARTMENT.

The City Engineer Reorganizes His Forces—The Plan Passed by the Board.

I would propose that Charles Rust, who has had experience for several years in the construction of the city sewers, be appointed my assistant engineer in charge of sewers, and to be responsible to me for the proper construction of the same.

That Joseph Meadows be my assistant in charge of roadways to be constructed, and to be responsible to me for the giving of grades of streets and the measurement of the works when construction.

I would nominate Villiers Sankey, P.L.S., as city surveyor in accordance with the report of the Committee on Works adopted in council in July last. Mr. Sankey, being in the employ of the city, would be at liberty, at all times, to give street lines and survey street extensions and give descriptions of the property needed by the city; and, being a city official, he would have all information necessary to protect the city's interests when disputes arise in connection with claims for compensation for damages made against the city.

I would also propose that Mr. Roden, secretary of the department of Works (*vide* report No. 13, July 24) be also made chief clerk of the department, and that in the absence of the City Engineer, he have sole charge of the clerks in the office (except the accountant and his assistant(s) and the supervision and direction of their respective duties. I would also suggest that he be relieved of the duty of keeping the minutes of the Committee on Works, and that A. H. Clarke, the present assistant accountant, be appointed as secretary of the Committee on Works, to the discharge of the duties of which he will be required to devote the whole of his time, except in very particular cases, when he may be required to explain, for the benefit of his successor, matters connected with his present position.

I would recommend that Mr. Paton take Mr. Clarke's place as assistant to Mr. Shutt, chief accountant.

With the above alterations in the staff of the department I feel it will be made so efficient that the works will be properly and promptly carried out.

This was the re-organization scheme of the Works Department as evolved before the Board of Works at its meeting yesterday, by the City Engineer. It was a surprise to the many but not to the few. It was evident that both Chairman Carlyle and Ald. Shaw had been fully aware of the facts and were prepared to support the report to the end of the chapter.

Mr. Rust, the proposed new Assistant Engineer, has been in the employ of the Works Department for many years, and was a strong opponent of ex-Assistant Engineer Alan Macdougall when the latter secured his appointment. Villiers Sankey, the engineer's nominee for City Surveyor, has been practically in that position for the past year, and his appointment to the office was a certainty. Joseph Meadows, Mr. Sproat's assistant-in-charge of roadways, was an appointee of Mr. Macdougall, and is known as a painstaking and efficient officer. A. H. Clarke, Mr. Roden's successor in the chair of the Board of Works secretaryship, has had a seven years' experience in the department. As assistant to Mr. Shutt, chief accountant, he acquitted himself so well that he was thought worthy of a more responsible position. Mr. Paton, who takes Mr. Clarke's place, is a new man in the hall.

When this portion of the report of the Engineer came up, it was adopted without much opposition, the chairman declaring the changes most admirable, and the City Engineer informing the Board that he would be content with no other.

Send a copy to your friends. Xmas Star 40c, Globe 25c, Saturday Night 25c, Vanity's Christmas 25c, Harper's Yule Tide 25c, at Winnifrith Bros., 6 and 8 Toronto-street.

A TORONTO BARON IN GREECE.

Mr. S. H. Janes Does the Ruins of Mycenæ With the Great Horsewoman.

The World has received from Athens from Mr. S. H. Janes of this city a copy of The Ephemeris, a daily paper published in that city and printed in modern Greek. We have read it with considerable interest and with the aid of a dictionary. In a letter to a friend in this city Mr. Janes relates the following incident:

I have had a pleasant time in Greece. One thing with strange experiences on a trip of this kind. At Mycenæ I met a party of about 16. I saw at once that the chief personage of the party was a lady of high station. I learned that they were Austrians. I was doing my best to keep away from them, but the lady was as good a walker as myself, and so addressed me in perfect English. I concluded that she at least was an English lady. She talked away about everything and seemed to desire my company. I walked with her about the ruins for half an hour or more, while the other people at a considerable distance in the rear. I left, but imagine my confusion when on the next day I learned that my lady companion was no less a person than the Empress of Austria. On the ship from Patras to Brindisi was the young man who acted as guide for the Empress at Mycenæ. I do not know what he told the passengers, but they all seemed to pay me very unusual deference.

Half price—no humbug—we will sell full plated new Rose Harper Star cruets from $14 to $24, regular prices from $28 to $46. Wheeler & Bain, King-street East.

Coming Back to Canada.

Among the passengers on the steamship Etruria, which is expected in New York on Dec. 15, is a worthy individual named quinu, who, in the opinion of all, deserves well, not only of his own city, but of the whole country. For the last few weeks he has been scouring the English and French marts of fashion, for novelties in men's furnishings. How well he has succeeded is attested by the unapproachable stock now being displayed. Although monsieur quinu is the most conspicuous figure among Canadian advertisers, yet it will be his shirts and neckties and not his ads. that will send his name thundering down to posterity.

Clearing Sale at 117 Yonge-street, previous to removal. Ladies' Sand Bags, Purses, Card Cases, Glove Boxes, Ink Stands, at much below cost. 351

Vocal Society's Concert.

The Toronto Vocal Society's concert, to be given at the Pavilion on Tuesday next, Dec. 18th, will, no doubt, afford a rich treat to our music-loving citizens. In addition to a fine selection of choruses and concerted pieces given by the society, the following soloists have been engaged: Ovide Musin, Whitney Mockridge and Annie Louise Tanner. The society believes in popular prices. See advertisement in another column.

Institute of Chartered Accountants.

A public meeting of this institute will be held in the Council Chamber of the Board of Trade on Thursday evening, Dec. 13, at 8 o'clock, when Mr. William Powis, F.C.A., will read a paper on "Municipal Finances and Accounts and Relative Legislation." All interested in the subject are cordially invited. By order, J. H. Menzies, Secretary. 34

Plenty of money to loan on first and second mortgage, chattels, collaterals and your cards. Xmas booklets and novelties, suitable for foreign postage. Best assortment in the city at Winnifrith Bros., 6 and 8 Toronto-street.

Christmas Books.

At 15 King-street west, Frank A. Wood is selling Christmas books at wholesale prices. He has a full and complete line of works just suitable for Xmas presents—The "Dore Bible Gallery," "Milton's Paradise Lost," "Dante's Inferno," and full sets of Dickens, Scott, Thackeray, etc., etc. can be had retail at wholesale price. The store is just west of Fulton, Michie & Co.'s.

Land, Lumber and Mining Regulations.

Mr. H. R. Hardy of the Crown Lands Department has issued a useful handbook: "The Land, Lumber and Mining Regulations of Ontario with Notes." Imrie & Graham are the publishers. Anyone seeking information on any of these subjects can find it on a glance at its pages.

Clearing sale at 117 Yonge-street, previous to removal. Juvenile books, illustrated works, small and large. Booklets and a large general stock of books. 5 2138

"The Dark Secret."

This is the name of the little boat that sailed across the Atlantic. One has to cross the sea and see it in one of its little tantrums to appreciate the courage of the man who would attempt such a journey in a 12 foot boat. We can only compare him with A. White, who has the boldness to say that he is making a better shirt in fit, quality and style, than any of the so-called shirtmakers, and at less price. Call and see a sample of his shirts at 65 King-street west.

THE BUSY BOARD OF WORKS

AWARDING TENDERS FOR IMPORTANT CITY SUPPLIES.

A Big Deputation of East Enders Talk About Their Street Car Service—A Hot Discussion—New Sidewalks, Sewers and Pavements.

The Board of Works had a busy meeting yesterday. Chairman Carlyle showed a commendable anxiety to get through with business, in which he was assisted to a more or less extent by Ald. Baxter, Shaw, Woods, Galbraith, Fleming, Macdougall, Carlyle (St. And.) and Verral. The first matter before the meeting was the opening of tenders in connection with the construction of private drains and sewers, for sewer pipes and junctions, and the supply of cement. The figures varied greatly and involved considerable technical knowledge. Charles Tremble secured the cedar block contract at $5.95 per cord and sand at 90 cents per cubic yard. The lumber contract was awarded to Bryce Bros. at $12.25 for pine and $11.97 for cedar, A. W. Godson will supply the gravel at $1.10 per cubic yard, A. Brown the crossing stones at 30 cents per lineal foot, and spikes and nails by Rice Lewis & Son at the regular market price.

There was a large deputation from the East End in attendance in the interests of the Toronto Passenger Transport Company. Among them were Ex-Ald. E. A. Macdonald, Henry O'Brien, A. B. Lamb, W. A. Douglass, John Smith, G. S. Macdonald, G. Gibson, Chas. McManus, J. A. Macdonald, Terence Farr, Elgin Schuff, Christopher Cross, J. W. Mallory, C. W. Nash, W. O. L. Chesseworth, W. G. Bee, F. R. Powell and W. J. Smith. Ex-Ald. Macdonald, on securing leave to speak, produced several plaster casts of sections of the present street car track, showing the defects existing thereon. He also had on exhibition a specimen of a new kind of rail which the new company proposed to lay down if it secured the privilege of laying its tracks. Mr. Macdonald explained that the time given the Toronto Street Car Company to accept the offer to supply street car service to the East End having expired, it was but right that the Toronto Passenger Transport Company's offer should be favorably considered.

The Chairman: "I do not see what we can do about the matter. It is not officially before us and can only be taken up under instruction from council."

Henry O'Brien and W. A. Douglass followed in support of the objects of the deputation and were backed by Ald. Fleming. Ald. Galbraith spoke against the resolution, in the course of which he attacked Henry O'Brien in severe language.

The latter started up to reply, but the chairman requested him to be silent. He did not obey and was continuing his speech, which was fast developing into a personal altercation with Ald. Galbraith, when Ald. Baxter interrupted, telling him if he was a gentleman he would be silent and not insult a member of a committee, by the courtesy of which he was there at all.

Several resolutions were proposed, but in each case the chairman refused to put them as the matter was still informal, and the deputation had to depart satisfied with the appointment of a sub-committee comprising the chairman, Ald. Galbraith, Fleming, Shaw and Carlyle (St. And.) to consider the whole question and report to the next meeting.

The Engineer reported in favor of the construction of sewers on Gerrard-street, from Howland-avenue to Logan-avenue, and on Sussex-avenue. Sidewalks on Delaware-avenue, Brighton-avenue, Collier-street, Spadina-avenue and Bellevue-square. Asphalt pavement was recommended on Madison-avenue and St. George-street. The extension of Sully-street from its present northerly terminus to College-street was also recommended.

In the matter of the application of the Toronto Water, Light and Power Company for leave to erect poles within the city limits, the Engineer did not see the way clear to recommend it, holding that the present number ought to be decreased.

In the mat