HAWAIIAN REVOLT.

Arms and Ammunition Landed Near Honolulu Followed by Fighting —Rebels Crushed.

Great Excitement—Queen Liliuokalani Said to Be Held by the Government.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18 —Honolulu, Jan. 11 (Correspondence United Press by steamer Alameda.)—On the fifth what seemed an attempt to arm natives occurred at Kakaako beyond the marine railway and to land rifles from the steamer Waimanala. It was frustrated by the vigilance of the police. A second attempt was successful. On the evening of Sunday, the 6th, as many as 600 rifles were landed between Wailali and Diamond Head, nearly six miles from town. Some 500 natives were there and received guns and ammunition. The Waimanala, Captain Davis, landed the rifles in whale boats. He brought them from beyond Waialae, where they had been landed by a schooner from Victoria, if present information is correct. The natives were under command of Robert Wilcox and Sam Knowlen. They captured during the day and detained eight or ten white persons of both sexes found taking a Sunday afternoon stroll beyond Diamond Head. The wire to the telephone outlook on the Head was cut and no information could reach the city. Their headquarters were at Antone Roasa's house on the beach near Waialae. It was the intention to rush in early and surprise the city when the people were at church.

The authorities received information towards night that arms were being landed at Diamond Head at the house of a half-white royalist leader Henry Bertellmann. This house is beyond Campbell's mansion which is at the end of the park. It is well under the base of the Head. A strong squad of police was immediately sent out on horses, to search Bertellmann's house, the citizens' guard were put on the alert and the artillery companies summoned.

Captain Parker, with his police, reached Bertellmann's house after dark. Captain Brown read the warrant. He found Bertellmann on his verandah with a stranger, and while the police were lined up on the lawn below the house Brown proceeded to read his warrant to him. While reading the police were fired on from the beach. The rebels were collected there in force on their way to surprise the city. At that moment there arrived from houses in the park, some distance towards town, three leading young men—J. B. Castle, collector-general; Charles L Carter and his law partner, Alfred Carter. They came to assist Brown and his police. Carter observed that the firing proceeded from a canoe shed on the beach. He sung out to the police to come on and with them made a rush on the shed. John Lane, a half white, fired on him with a pistol at close quarters. Carter received two shots, one of which went downwards from the fifth rib. He fell, calling out that it was not serious, but exclaimed that he was hit. At the same moment Bertellmann fired with a carbine from the verandah and shot down Lieut. Hole, of the police, who is dangerously wounded. The enemy were driven from the shed by the resolute attack, but ran inland to the algaroba bush. From there they kept up a fire upon the house to which the wounded men had been carried, together with Lane and two other prisoners. Alfred Carter went for a doctor, leaving Charles in care of Castle. Brown and Parker made an effort to drive away the enemy but found the fire overpowering. They ran to their horses and rushed off to telephone for troops.

Brown got to the Nolter, a mile away, and called for help. Parker kept meeting the enemy everywhere and was driven into the bush with one man in his company, and did not reach town till daylight. Meantime Alfred Carter returned to Bertelmann's with Dr. Walters, but was unable to pass the enemy. Castle and one policeman cared for the wounded, held the prisoners and compelled Bertelmann to induce the firing on the house to cease, those outside supposing a large force to be in the house. Getting Brown's telephone before eight, the government at once hurried out the city soldiers from the executive buildings under Lieut. King, and the whole force of volunteers was called out and started for the scene. The citizens guard were put on their posts in squads on the street corners. Before nine the city was in a full state of defense. King and his men were on the ground by 9 o'clock. The enemy retired before them, keeping up a galling fire. A. Carter and Dr. Walters joined King and entered the house crawling on their hands and knees. They found Charles in great agony. After a time he was removed to his own house. Hole was sent to the hospital, and Bertellmann, Lane and the two native prisoners were sent to the station house.

The enemy had by this time retreated up the heights at the base of the Head. These woods overlooked the house and the end of the park. Their numbers and position made the house untenable. King retired half a mile back to the Sans Souci hotel and reported the situation by telephone. A small force was sent the same night on the Waialae road two miles inland of the park. The enemy was found also on that road. Early in the morning Lieutenant Coyne was sent out with 25 more soldiers, and King formed a line from the beach at Sans Souci to near the west slope of the Head, to keep the rebels advancing. The latter left the shore and ascended to the rim of the crater, whence they could fire to great advantage upon the soldiers. A rifled gun was sent to Coyne and shells dropped with great accuracy upon the summit. This frightened the rebels away. One shell burst in a group exactly on the highest peak and killed several men. The number of rebels on the crater was estimated at over one hundred.

At an early hour Captain Murray, with twenty-five specials and ten mounted policemen, was sent out on the Waialae road. Nearing the ridge back of Diamond Head a force of rebels opened fire on them with a field piece. That they had one was a surprise. Bob Wilcox handled the gun. He was in a natural fortification, a small volcanic cone called Mauumae. None were hit. Murray fell back and established a camp. Captain Zeigler was then sent out with a force of volunteers and sharpshooters and a rifled gun. He arrived at 3 p m., and partly by shelling and partly by directing the attack of the men, Wilcox was forced to abandon his position, carrying off his gun, which has not yet been heard from. A large number of natives were in the cantana chapparel, both above and below the road. Firing was sharp on both sides for several hours. The natives did not know how to handle their guns. Several of them were killed and wounded.

Carter died at 5 a m. His death created a profound sensation. He was a young man of fine presence, unusual ability, engaging manner and high character. He was one of the five commissioners who negotiated the treaty of annexation with President Harrison in 1893. He was a leading member of the convention which framed the new constitution last year, and was expected to be a leader in the coming session of the legislature, although barely thirty years of age. Chas. Lunt Carter was the eldest son of the late Hawaiian minister at Washington, Henry P. Carter, and a nephew of Chief Justice Judd. He leaves a widow and two children. He was buried the same day from his mother's house in the city.

Judge Widemann's son Carl was with the rebels, also young Greig and some others who, it is claimed, ought to know better. Martial law was declared early on Monday morning. About sixty arrests of suspected persons have been made, including many leading royalists. C. B. Wilson and Sam. Parker are not suspected of complicity. Rickard got the guns sent here and will fare hard, as well as Davis who landed them. Both the Ashfords are in jail with Poterson, Creighton, and Festa, leading witnesses of Blount, so that with suspects and prisoners both station house and prison are getting crowded.

The ladies have been very busy in providing food and coffee, as well as blankets, to all in need and in reach. The great number of foot-patrols has been constantly supplied, many of them being leading citizens. There is something of a mystery as to where the Queen is. I am reliably informed that the government have her in custody in a place known to a few persons only. This is partly to protect her from the incensed people and also to separate her from her supporters. A most serious problem is what disposition to make of her as she will continue to be a source of disaffection and disturbance.

HONOLULU, Jan. 12 (noon).—The mail being 24 hours behind time enables us to announce that the insurrection has been crushed and the rebels have been entirely dispersed. The majority of the men have come in from the front and gone to seek needed rest in their homes. Military operations are probably at an end. The guarding of the city may be continued some days longer, until the malcontents get settled down. Steamers will now proceed on their usual routes.

CANADIAN NEWS.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

WINDSOR, Jan. 18.—Peter Tetreau, living at Sandwich, yesterday while drunk attempted to throw the contents of a kettle filled with boiling water over his wife and daughter, but was unsuccessful. He has been placed under arrest.

ST. THOMAS, Jan. 18.—Thomas Pressery, a farmer near Copenhagen, is suffering from a severe attack of smallpox.

HAMILTON, Jan. 18.—Barney P. Dewar, of the Canada Life Assurance Co., who is captain of the Hamilton football club, has been appointed secretary of the Canada Life Co.'s branch in Winnipeg, and will leave Hamilton at the end of this month.

HAMILTON, Jan. 18.—A. T. Freed, inspector of weights and measures, and formerly editor of the Hamilton Spectator, denies the report that he had accepted the position of chief editorial writer on the Toronto Empire.

MONTREAL, Jan. 18.—The remains of Senator Tasse were taken to St. James church to-day and the Ibera chanted. The body will be taken to Ottawa.

MONTREAL, Jan. 18.—The C.P.R. traffic returns for the week ending January 14 was $270,000; for the same week last year it was $321,000.

TORONTO, Jan. 18.—The Mail's Montreal correspondent says that ex-Lieutenant Governor Royal, of the N.W.T., is mentioned as the probable successor of the late Senator Tasse in the Senate. Mr. Royal has already succeeded Tasse as editor of La Minerve.

STILL DISSATISFIED.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The secretary of the treasury has about completed his regulations for the government of vessels employed in fur seal fishing during the coming season. These regulations, it is said, will not materially differ from those in operation during the last season, while those to be issued by the British government will not materially differ from them. Assistant Secretary Hamlin last summer visited the Prybyloff Islands and investigated the whole sealing question, and has now about completed his report, which will contend that the great menace to life of the seal is pelagic sealing, and not the number permitted to be taken on the islands. It will also show that the action of the Paris tribunal has been proven to have fallen short of preventing the wanton slaughter of seal life, which may soon result in the total destruction of the herds, since seals may be freely killed sixty miles from shore. As these are mostly females, the increase of the herds is prevented. Another provision of the Paris award which is said to have been abortive is that no firearms shall be used within the sixty-mile zone. The most successful natives, it is stated, never use firearms, the spear or harpoon being far more effective and in general use. In view of these facts, it is believed steps are about to be taken to secure England's consent to a modification of the Paris award, having for its object the total suspension for a specified number of years of pelagic sealing in Behring Sea. No measure less heroic than this can, it is contended, ultimately prevent the extinction of seal life.

TORONTO TOPICS.

TORONTO, Jan. 18.—(Special)—There is discontent over the presidency of H. A. Everett of the Toronto street railway, after the disclosures about boodling, and rumor has it that he will resign. The street railway shares now listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange this week declined yesterday $5 per share, and it is said operators do not like to try it while Everett is on the board.

The Ontario Board of Health has received a communication from the Pickering Board of Health, asking for power to stop the practice there of feeding old horses to pigs.

The East York Liberals have unanimously nominated Ald. Frankland for the federal house. J. D. Edgar was present and spoke.

WINNIPEG WIRINGS.

WINNIPEG, Jan. 18.—(Special)—General Booth and staff closed their meetings in Winnipeg to-night, and left by express for the East.

Thomas Scott, son of the collector of customs, died suddenly this morning.

A man named Helgeson left West Selkirk some time ago with a team for Black Island with some miners. He has not returned yet and fears are entertained of his being drowned with his team as the ice is very bad on the lake.

CAPITAL NOTES.

The Thompson Memorial Fund—Trade Returns Compared—The French Treaty.

Sittings of the Exchequer Court in British Columbia in September.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Jan. 18.—The cabinet held a two hours' session to-day, lasting from 11 to 1 o'clock. Because the ministers met early everybody supposed that something important was in the wind, but it was not in the direction of the present trend of the public mind, that is—a session or dissolution. The French treaty having been adopted by the parliament of France, there are certain questions to be disposed of before ratifications can be exchanged, and it was the consideration of these points which occupied the attention of the Privy Council. The question of convening parliament together has not yet been under discussion in council.

The trade returns for the six months ending December 31, give the following comparative results:—Exports valued at $72,599,132, a decrease of $4,905,253 compared with the corresponding period last year. The imports decreased $6,321,667, the total value being $56,572,395. The duty collected amounted to $8,701,038 as against $10,198,562. December shows a greater falling off in exports than any month for some time past, the decrease being two and a half millions. On the other hand the imports have increased about $300,000.

Hon. Mr. Foster, treasurer of the Sir John Thompson memorial fund, is desirous of closing the subscription lists to the fund as soon as possible, in order that the money may be invested by the trustees for the benefit of the family. He is desirous, therefore, that all persons intending to subscribe should send in their subscriptions by January 31. Up to date the sum of $15,000 has been paid in, although the amount will doubtless be largely swelled by money which has yet to come into the treasurer's hands or which has yet to be subscribed.

By the death of Senator Tasse the number of vacancies in the upper house is increased to eleven. The funeral of the late senator takes place here to-morrow.

It is currently reported that the Governor-General has, in lieu of a subscription to the Thompson memorial fund, offered to defray the cost of the support and education of the late Premier's two sons, who are now studying law in Toronto, until such time as they become barristers and are able to follow their profession.

Sittings of the Exchequer court will be held at Victoria on September 9 and at Vancouver on September 12.

MONTREAL'S UNEMPLOYED.

MONTREAL, Jan. 18—(Special)—Several hundred unemployed men gathered again at the city hall this morning and did considerable speech-making. They were peaceable but were prevented from entering the building by a posse of police. The Mayor received a deputation of the Central Trades and Labor Council and discussed what was best to do. He promised to see what could be done in the way of giving the unemployed workmen work. He announced that he had received $1,100 in subscriptions for the needy. This amount and any which he received would be distributed without delay. There was no disturbance until about 1 o'clock when, after most of the crowd had dispersed, several of the loiterers got into a fight and some half a dozen men were arrested and taken into the patrol wagon.

WANT TO BE RELIEVED.

PORT TOWNSEND, Jan. 18.—(Special)—H. C. Wilson and Wm. Payne, who qualified for $30,000, to-day telegraphed the Treasury department requesting to be released from further responsibility on Collector of Customs Saunders' official bond. This information came unexpectedly to the Collector, who was not anticipating anything of the sort. Recently J. Tennant Steeb, shipbroker of Tacoma, who was temporarily appointed deputy collector of customs and placed in charge of the interstate fair at Tacoma, charged Mr. Saunders with putting straw men on the pay roll. The collector denied the allegation. To-day Payne stated his reasons for withdrawing from the bond, because after a partial investigation he believes Steeb's charges to be true. Payne also alleges that he personally knows that two inspectors, Fred. Terry and Geo. Webber, who stumped the county last campaign in the interest of the Republican ticket, were drawing a government salary at the time. He furthermore charges that Saunders sold an inspectorship to R. K. Brown in consideration of the loan of $3,000. All of these charges were shown to the collector this evening and he positively denied the allegations and says Payne and Willson are actuated by political and not business motives. In speaking of the matter to-night Payne said: "I withdrew from the bond because after an impartial investigation I am convinced I was jeopardizing my property by remaining as one of the sureties. I do not care to specify charges until the treasury department has an opportunity to make an investigation and relieve me from my responsibility. When I learned that inspectorships were being handed about town and sold to the highest bidder I decided to get off the bond." Collector Saunders said: "Payne's charges are false in every particular. I hope the treasury will investigate. Next week I will secure other sureties to take Payne and Willson's places." Mr. Wilson endorsed Payne's statement, and added that it was a matter of business and not politics.

THE SUPREME ISSUE.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—Lord Rosebery said in a speech in Cardiff this evening that Welsh disestablishment would be the first measure of the next parliamentary session. He did not doubt that the Established Church in Wales was doomed, but everybody must remember that the House of Lords presented a permanent barrier to the measure on which the Welsh had set their hearts. The position of the Lords was the supreme question of the hour. When the government resolution dealing with this question should be submitted it would involve the dissolution of parliament. Before the dissolution, however, he wished parliament to deal with the liquor traffic, representation of labor and the one man one vote issue.

LUCAN, Jan. 19.—The large warehouse and elevator of R. S. Hodgins was burned with all its contents. The grain in the building was worth $6,000. It was covered by insurance. The building was insured for $1,500.

CABLE LETTER.

Mr. Gladstone and Lord Salisbury—Sir William Harcourt Will Propose a Loan.

The Armenian Inquiry—Rights of Hebrews in Syria—British County Councils.

LONDON, Jan. 19.—Rt. Hon. Mr. Gladstone has recently written letters to several of his former colleagues and following in parliament informing them that it is his intention to make his re-appearance in the House of Commons and take part in its proceedings. According to these communications the ex-Premier will either vote or speak upon questions of the first importance; but will otherwise remain passive. This news has been as gratifying as it has been surprising to the ministerial party; but it is not known what particular measures will call him to his seat in the house. The most reasonable surmise, however, is based upon

MR. GLADSTONE'S ANSWERS

to letters addressed to him, pursuing a general line of inquiry as to what he may be depended upon to do in support of the ministry. While he is disposed to be noncommittal as to his intentions, he has intimated that the Irish land bill, the Armenian atrocities and the anti-Lords measures are the questions in whose discussion he means to actively take part. If the plans already formulated by the government are carried out during the session, the proceedings will culminate in the passage of a bill depriving the upper house of the power of veto. Mr. Gladstone's open adhesion to this principle would be a tower of strength to the Liberals and their allies, particularly on the eve of a general election, and it will also commit Mr. Gladstone to the re-assumption of his place in the front ranks and cause him to assume the guidance of the party in the direction of turning the elections toward the decision of questions affecting great constitutional reforms. The fact that Lord Rosebery in his circular to the Liberal election agents to-day informed them that there was no immediate prospect of the dissolution of parliament confirms the statement recently cabled in regard to the future situation and gives the assurance that none of the measures upon which the government have staked their existence would be abandoned. The probability now increases that these measures will all be carried and as a consequence the leaders of the opposition appear to have abandoned all hope of being able to accomplish the

OVERTHROW OF THE MINISTRY,

either upon the vote on the address in reply to the speech from the throne or upon any subsequent measures. Evidence of this is furnished by the fact that, as it has transpired, Lord Salisbury, Mr. Balfour, Mr. Chamberlain and other Tory and Unionist leaders recently held a conference at Hatfield House, Lord Salisbury's residence, at which plans were discussed designed to force a dissolution. After the ground had been gone over thoroughly it was decided that the plans contemplated would not be successful and the meeting dispersed. Next day it was given out that Lord Salisbury had made arrangements to start for the Riviera after the assembling of parliament and would remain there until the middle of March. Assuredly he would not absent himself if he thought there was the slightest chance of upsetting the government and forcing an appeal to the electors. No parliamentary development is the source of so much public speculation as

SIR WILLIAM HARCOURT'S BUDGET;

but it is generally accepted as a certainty that the cabinet intends to spring a sensation by making proposals to throw off the taxes from tea, coffee and cocoa, and reduce the duty on tobacco. The surplus being thus swept off nothing will remain to meet the admitted financial requirements of the navy, and consequently the government have decided upon a bold course contemplating the raising of a loan of £22,000,000 payable in annual instalments. This fund will be employed in part in erecting permanent fort works in Gibraltar and Portsmouth and strengthening the existing coaling stations and creating new ones. The residue will be devoted to increasing the number of warships. Mr. Labouchere and Sir Charles Dilke are in favor of this measure, and their support of it ensures the adhesion of the Radicals to the plan.

THE ARMENIAN COMMISSION

left Erzeroum on Tuesday for Sassoun, and the foreign office expects to receive a report therefrom by the end of April. In the meantime the Porte positively declines to assist in the conduct of an independent inquiry and there is positively no hope that any such investigation will be made. The press correspondents who started a short time ago for Sassoun have reached Erzeroum, but they have been refused permission by the authorities there to proceed any further, presumably having been ordered to do so by the government at Constantinople. So strict are the authorities at Erzeroum that even one correspondent who was for a long time employed in Constantinople in assisting to organize the new Turkish postal service and was well known to the leading officials as decidedly pro-Turkish in his opinions, has been warned away. The Porte is indisposed to expel any of these correspondents, but has instructed the Erzeroum officials to inform them that they will pursue their adventure at their own personal risk. The official reason assigned for this action is that the correspondents cannot be trusted and would naturally color their reports in accordance with the bias of their respective papers. In the meantime the anti-Turkish agitation is flagging throughout England. The latest canard afloat is that the Porte has recalled the Turkish embassador in London because he has not watched with sufficient closeness the plottings of England and Russia against Turkey in regard to Armenia. This report has been officially denied; but the Sultan is getting the credit of having "jumped" on Rustem Pasha all the same, and is also credited with removing at Beyrout the restrictions upon Jews trading in Syria and declaring that they shall enjoy the same rights, religious and otherwise, as any of the other peoples in the empire.

COUNTY COUNCIL SEATS COVETED.

The Earl of Durham and Baron Churchill have been added to the large number of aristocratic candidates for seats in the County Councils, and it is understood that there are many other titled aspirants to the same dignity. The views of John Burns and John William Benn on the subject of municipal corporations in the United States are gratefully received as a basis of comment upon American institutions by the Conservative press. The Spectator protests that the English world takes no pleasure in the revelations made by these members of parliament. If the English race is responsible for cities like Chicago, the Spectator says that calamity is offset by its successes elsewhere. The paper expresses the hope that the Hungarians, Italians and Irish, who rule the American cities, may yet be compelled to give proof of their ability and honesty before they are entrusted with power. Mr. Burns, in answer to questions as to the remedy for the evils he discovered in American municipal administrations, said that if the latent energies of the race were once directed towards their purification they would quickly make the English cities look to their laurels. If the American politicians were once aroused they would hit quickly and knock the enemy out in one round.

The Queen's eyesight has become much worse, and she will be attended by an oculist from Wiesbaden during her sojourn at Nice.

It is reported that the Duc d'Orleans, who went to Dover to remain during the crisis in France, eluded the detectives at Dover and Calais and succeeded in getting into France. The story is that he got as far as Amiens, where he was caught and compelled to return to England.

Prince Louis of Battenberg, brother of Prince Henry of Battenberg, son-in-law of Queen Victoria, has invented an indicator which will accurately inform navigators when a ship is out of her course. The invention has been tested by the admiralty, who have ordered that the instrument be applied to British ships of war.

Lord Randolph Churchill's two sons, who are at school, have been summoned to the bedside of their father who it is believed cannot live many hours.

PACIFIC COAST HALIBUT.

SEATTLE, Jan. 19.—The shipment of Pacific coast cod and halibut to the Atlantic coast has reached such dimensions and has entered into such successful competition with the Atlantic coast product that it has invaded the stronghold of the cod and halibut fishers at Gloucester, Mass., and has caused them to complain of its effect on prices and to depreciate the quality of the Pacific coast article. A letter from Gloucester to the Boston Post voices the grievances of the New England fishermen, saying that the invasion of that market by halibut and cod from this city and Vancouver has seriously reduced their income. The letter says that shortly before the first of the year Atlantic halibut was selling at sixteen cents a pound, while a few days afterward the price had fallen to 7 cents, all caused by a shipment from Vancouver, which was disposed of in Boston for less than the cost of freightage, and says that it merely illustrates the determined effort of the Western companies to undersell the Eastern firms and to secure a market for their fish.

The Gloucester letter says: "During the long history which cod and halibut industries have had in New England, the field of competition has been open to only local companies, all supplying the same fish, those caught up out of the old Atlantic by the sturdy New Englanders, who have made George's and Newfoundland banks famous. Such a thing as railroading across the country fish caught in the Pacific, until recent years was hardly even dreamed of, and for one reason, because of the Pacific's warmth, good fish could not be taken."

Railroading across the country only happens during three or four months in the winter season, when the supply on the Atlantic coast is small and the market is good. During the summer the supply is as large in the Boston market as anywhere in the world, and the real cause of the Gloucester fishermen's kick is that during the few months in the winter when fish is scarce they have been able to charge an immense price for their catch, and they don't like the idea of fish coming from the Pacific coast and selling at no more than a reasonable profit. The claim that halibut has never been shipped East until recently because of the warmth of the Pacific causing poor fish to be caught is nonsense. Halibut taken on this coast are better for fresh fish purposes than the Atlantic halibut, from the fact that there are so few of what fish men call gray halibut among them. The fish are not as large as the Atlantic halibut, but are, it is claimed, of much better flavor.

ENDANGERED FOREIGNERS.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—A New Chwang dispatch states that the place is not safe for foreigners. Recently a body of Chinese soldiers attempted to invade the city for the purpose of attacking the foreigners and were only prevented by the closing of the city gates. Twenty-five Chinese soldiers were killed. The Tao Tsi subsequently tried to get away from the city, but was prevented by his uncle who threatened to shoot him.

A Fusan dispatch says a detachment of Japanese attacked a large body of Tong Haks rebels in Ho Hon province on January 12 and 13, defeating and dispersing them. Hundreds of them were killed.

A Hai Chung dispatch says large forces of Chinese are in the vicinity of Ying Kow, To Lung Si and Hi Yo Chang.

BROOKLYN'S STRIKE.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 18.—Bullets flew to-day and the car strike situation assumes a serious aspect. Incipient riots, assaults and other disturbances of the peace were frequent in different parts of the city during the day. All hope of settlement by arbitration was abandoned and a fight between the companies and their men to be waged to the bitter end is on.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

KAMLOOPS, Jan. 18—(Special)—Mayor, R. H. Lee. Aldermen: Ward 1—R. E. Smith and J. J. Carmant; Ward 2—J. Bannerman and E. Furrer; Ward 3—M. P. Gordon and George Monro.

KASLO, Jan. 18.—(Special)—John Keen has been elected mayor by acclamation.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!
It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.
Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for British Columbia.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Louis Victor's Death Dance—Vancouver's Poultry Show—Escaped From the Asylum.

Municipal Elections on the Mainland —Outcome of the Fraser Floods.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Jan. 19.—Messrs. Marshall, Macrae & Co. are to make arrangements for the benefit of their creditors.

The St. Paul Catholic hospital is ready for patients, while no destitute deserving sick people will be refused admittance.

The steamer Walla Walla will take five tons of rice from the steamer Empress of Japan for San Francisco to-morrow.

The Indians from a radius of twelve miles from Vancouver congregated at False Creek last night and held a death dance for the purpose of having a wail over the untimely taking off of Louis Victor. The women greased their long black hair and sprinkled it with chicken feathers. The men were dressed in flannel shirts and with a string around the waist.

P. F. Moncton has been elected secretary of the Art and Scientific Association.

Mr. McTaggart, of Nanaimo, exhibits 90 birds at the poultry show, and Mr. C. W. Riley, 100. To relieve the monotony, monkeys, cats and white rabbits are on the entry lists.

A patient from the insane asylum, Westminster, escaped yesterday, and travelling on foot to Vancouver, gave himself up at the police station. He wept bitterly when they took him away. He liked the station better.

Philip Jackman, sr., has been elected reeve of Langley. At Burnaby N. C. Schou was re-elected for the third time by acclamation. J. Armstrong will be reeve of Surrey for 1895, and R. B. Kelly reeve of Coquitlam.

The following are the newly-elected councillors: Langley — Simonds, Brookie, Fleming, Poppy, McDonald and McVey. Burnaby—Stride, McDermott, Smith and Sprott. Surrey—Burnett, Hardy, Keery, Moggridge and Cameron. Coquitlam—Fox, Atkins, Keary and Morrison.

In the case of Lashbrooke vs. Sexsmith $1,500 were allowed the plaintiff. During the June floods the McGillivray dyke at Richmond burst and the water soon filled the basin of Lulu Island. A huge ditch drains this basin. The ditch was soon full and threatened to overflow the adjacent crops, among which were those of Sexsmith, who built a dam to obstruct the flow of water and prevent it reaching his land. The water backed up and overflowed the farms of Lashbrooke and others. Suit was therefore brought for $5,000.

WESTMINSTER.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Jan. 19.—Snow did damage here by breaking the telephone wires.

Ambrose Clows' residence was on fire last night, but was promptly put out by the brigade.

The new superintendent of the asylum, Dr. Boddington, will receive $2,500 a year from February 1.

There is a rumor here that Messrs. Bullen & Rand, the latter president of the prospective Burrard Inlet & Fraser Valley Railway, have combined as tenderers on the new bridge, Mr. Rand to assume Mr. Bullen's tender for the road, and Mr. Bullen to be the contractor. It is said the proposition will be laid before the new council.

Timothy Reardon, of Aldergrove, was seriously injured at the Brunette mills yesterday. While standing between the edger and roller a piece of timber struck him in the abdomen, causing hemorrhage of the bowels. He lies in a serious condition at the hospital.

There are indications that the Delta dyking will be proceeded with very soon.

BURGOYNE BAY.

BURGOYNE BAY, Jan. 19.—A large panther was killed here on Wednesday evening on the Musgrave estate by Messrs. Akerman, Maxwell and Sparrow, after a week's hard hunting in the snow. Several sheep were found dead, but the amount of depredations is not known. The young men who shot him endured considerable hardship and labor before they were successful.

MAINLAND MINING.

(From the Nelson Tribune.)

It is an open secret that the Canadian Pacific, or an interest friendly to the Canadian Pacific, is looking about for a smelter site. One element is pulling for Nakusp. Another element favors locating the smelter at one of the falls on Kootenay river below Nelson.

The concentrator at the Pilot Bay smelter has been in operation for a week on ore from the Blue Bell mine. It is reported as working satisfactorily. The concentrator on Carpenter Creek, below Three Forks, will be completed within the month. This will make three concentrators in South Kootenay, and once all three are in operation, the shipments to the smelter will make the returns from our mines aggregate millions instead of thousands.

The ore shipments from the Le Roi for the week amount to about 160 tons.

(From the Kamloops Sentinel.)

W. H. Pellew Harvey, of Vancouver, came in on Saturday morning, and with Mr. W. F. Wood on Saturday left for the Homestead mine, Adams lake, in the interest of Vancouver parties. Mr. Harvey considers the prospect work done most judiciously, so as to facilitate the getting out of ore when the mine is in operation. He brought down some splendid samples. There is no doubt, Mr. Harvey says, of the large body of ore in sight, second only in extent to the Silver King of any he has seen in the province, while for stage of development for money expended it leads easily.