

## Guelph Melodeon Co'y.



### Dissolution of Co- Partnership

The Co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of BELL, WOOD & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

W. BELL, R. H. WOOD, JOHN RUTD, Witness, ROBERT BELL, ROBERT McLEOD.

### PUBLIC NOTICE

BELL, BROTHERS, of the late firm, assume all liabilities, and all notes and accounts are to be paid to them at the old stand, East Market Square, Guelph 14th April, 1869.

### BELL BROS

The senior partners of the above firm at all continue to manufacture

### MELODEONS & CABINET ORGANS

In the old stand, under the name of BELL, WOOD & CO., through the late firm received two First Prizes at the last Provincial Exhibition we were determined to make a still better instrument, and with that end in view secured the services of some of PRINCE & CO'S best workmen, including a tuner who is undoubtedly the best in Canada. We therefore confidently affirm that our instruments are much superior to any elsewhere in Canada, and at least equal to any made in the United States.

### THE MEDICAL HALL.

### TICK

### KILLER

### USE HARVEY'S

### TICK KILLER

### FOR SHEEP.

PREPARED BY E. HARVEY & CO., Chemists and Druggists.

Guelph, 10th June, dw

### TAYLOR & MINTY,

### BANKERS,

### EXCHANGE AND STOCK BROKERS

Agents of the United States Lloyds, &c.

### HAMILTON, ONT.

Duncan Sherman & Co's Bills on Baring Bros & Co., and the Union Bank, London, and on French and Germany.

### LUMBER YARD.

### OLD FASHIONED IN THE OLD PLACE.

The subscriber begs to inform the public that he has commenced the lumber business in the old stand occupied by GOWDY & STEWART.

### Opposite the Alma Block, Guelph

Where all kinds of Lumber will be kept constantly on hand. Bills sent to order on short notice.

### Also, Water Lime and Celsine Plaster, and Flour and Feed

All kinds cheap for cash, as usual. By strict attention to business, he trusts to share a part of public patronage.

### IMPERIAL

### Fire Insurance Company

OF LONDON. (Established 1803.)

HEAD OFFICES—1 Old Broad Street, London

GENERAL AGENCY FOR CANADA 24 St. S. Street, Montreal

Subscribed and Invested Capital and Reserved Fund

\$1,965,000 Sterling

INSURANCE against loss by fire on the most favorable terms, and loss paid with reference to the insured in London and made for public satisfaction.

Birkbeck, Bosc, General Agents, 2 S. Sacrament Street, Jervis Street, Inspector.

JOHN H. BOND, Agent, Guelph, Guelph, 14th Nov dw

## Evening Mercury.

SATURDAY EV'NG, JULY 17, 1869.

### Town and County Items.

The FAMILY HERALD for July is for sale at Day's Bookstore. It has excellent stories and good selections. Buy it.

CHALMERS' CHURCH. — We are requested to announce that the Rev. Wm. Inglis will preach in the Court House to-morrow, morning and evening.

QUOT CHALLENGE.—Messrs. Miller, Deady, Nichols and Sunley will play a game of quills with any four men living in the Town of Guelph; distance 31 yds. Here's your chance, ye quill players!

CHAMBERS' JOURNAL.—This magazine is for sale at Day's Bookstore. No person who knows anything of Chambers' publications requires to be reminded of their excellence, and to those who do not we would say that they convey instruction in a more interesting manner than any other publications we know of.

SUDDEN DEATH IN LUTHER. — Mr. Robert Grier, lot 8, corner 13, Luther, died suddenly on the morning of Thursday last. He had been quite well until the previous Tuesday, when he was attacked by paralysis, and remained speechless till the morning of his death. He was forty five years of age, and leaves a wife and three children.

PISTOL ACCIDENT IN GARAFRAXA.—On the 12th inst., some boys in the village of Garafraxa, were having fun with a pistol, which having been loaded with one of them named Baxter was about to fire. He drew up the hammer to half-cock, his hand being on the muzzle, when the charge exploded, went through the palm of his hand and cut through between the fingers, inflicting a very bad wound. Another warning—but then what is the use of warnings?

LORETO ABNEY.—The list of prizes distributed at the last annual examination of the pupils attending Loreto Convent, Toronto, has been published, and we see by it that two young ladies from Guelph, daughters of Mr. D. Coffee, have taken very creditable positions. — For Kate Coffee took prizes as follows:—For French dialogue; vocal duet—solo on harp and piano, and prize for excellence in 5th class English, 2d for instrumental music, 2d for Algebra and astronomy, 1st in 1st div. of Arithmetic, 2nd in div. of 4th class French, also for improvement on the harp. Miss Fanny Coffee's prizes were: Crown and prize for piety and good conduct, 1st prize in 5th class English, 2d in div. 4th class French, 2nd for astronomy, 3d for improvement in 1st div. of arithmetic, and 3rd for instrumental music. The two young ladies have certainly won a very fair share of the prizes distributed.

THE CASE AGAINST THE REV. MR. MURDOCH.—The following resolution was passed at the meeting of the Presbytery of Guelph, in reference to the charges against Rev. Mr. Murdoch:—Moved by the Rev. Mr. Gregg, seconded by Prof. Young, the Presbytery, having heard the memorial from Judge Miller, and having received in his absence specifications, attested by Mr. Cowan, of instances in which he was prepared to prove that Mr. Murdoch was chargeable with intemperance—having heard also a request from Mr. Murdoch, and a memorial from his Session, to the effect that an investigation into the charges should be made as speedily as possible—agree to hold a preliminary investigation at an adjourned meeting of the Presbytery, to be held in Guelph on the 27th inst., at 11 o'clock, a.m., and invite Mr. Miller to be present at such meeting, to speak more particularly his charges, and to adduce such of the proof as he is prepared to furnish as aforesaid, for the further procedure.

INQUEST AT MOUNT FOREST.—On Thursday last Coroner Grafton held an inquest on the body of Mrs. Nancy French, of the village of Mount Forest, who had been a widow with two children, and who had died the evening previous under remarkable circumstances. About six o'clock deceased sent one of her children to bring Mrs. John Reynolds to see her, who on her arrival found Mrs. French lying on a quilt on the floor, just able to speak, but not to rise. She admitted to Mrs. Reynolds having had a miscarriage, and did not wish her assistance called in. Mrs. Reynolds however, immediately went for aid, but on the arrival of Dr. Yeoman a few minutes later, Mrs. French was found to be quite dead. A subsequent examination of the room brought to light the body of a full grown male infant of which deceased had been delivered while alone. A medical inspection of the bodies showed that mother and child had proper assistance been at hand during labor, could have been saved. The Coroner's jury, after carefully considering the evidence, came to the following verdict:—That the deceased Nancy French came to her death through personal neglect during child birth; and also that the deceased child came to its death by neglect or want of attention, caused by the desire of the mother to conceal its birth.

LABEL SUIT.—The Woodstock editors are quarrelling. On Thursday last, Mr. Robert McWhinnie, publisher of the Woodstock Sentinel, was brought before W. Wilson Esq., Justice of the Peace for the County, on a charge of libel preferred by Mr. McClenehan, editor of the Times, on statements made in the Sentinel to the effect, that on three specific occasions Mr. McClenehan had kept moneys entrusted to him for a reform dinner, for a public excursion, and for prizes for a shooting match. The case was sent to the Assizes.

SEIZURE OF NEWSPAPER FORMS.—The forms of the Spirit of the Age were seized on the street in Toronto on Thursday while being conveyed from the office of publication to another office, where they are placed in a press and the issue struck off, there not being a press in the office of the Spirit of the Age. This seizure was made by the authority of an execution procured by a man named Pearson, to whom the proprietor, Mr. J. Blackburn, was indebted, to the extent of about \$30 for services rendered by the former while employed in the office of the latter.

### Battalion Inspection.

The Wellington Battalion was inspected on Friday by Lieut. Col. Taylor, D. A. G., at 2 p.m. The inspection would have taken place at 10 a.m. had it not been for the storm of the previous night, which disarranged the accoutrements so much that the volunteers were not in a proper condition for presentation to an official who was to examine their manoeuvres as a Battalion.

At the time to which the inspection was postponed the greater part of the beauty, and a small representation of the chivalry of Guelph surrounded the camp-ground. In plain words, the number of spectators was very large, and the majority of them were ladies. They made a very large fringe (if we might say so) when the Battalion, as such, was performing its evolutions, and the platform at the G. W. Station, a few yards distant, was no less than crowded with those who took an interest in the success of the Battalion as it passed under the review of the Deputy-Adjutant-General.

The Companies first fell in on their parade ground in open column, then marched out in column of fours to the same place where the inspection took place last year. The next movements were to form open column, then wheel into line and give a general salute.

The Battalion again formed into open column, right in front, and marched past. The marching past was so well executed that the Deputy-Adjutant-Gen. expressed a desire to see the performance again, and the manoeuvre was in consequence repeated.

The second march was fully equal to the first. Speaking technically the first marching past was at the shoulder, the second at the trail. The Battalion afterwards wheeled into line, and in line advanced and retired. This movement was particularly well executed, showing a vast improvement on last year. They next deployed into column, reformed line from column, and changed front to the rear upon the centre. Afterwards they strucked fours to the right, wheeled by companies to the left, and marched in column of fours to the ground where they skirmished last year. Here the Battalion formed into column again, then closed to quarter distance on the leading company.

The men had a rest, and an opportunity for procuring some water before the skirmishing began. A short respite had been thus allowed three companies were extended, with three in support, the remainder forming a reserve. They advanced on the run, and after expending a considerable quantity of blank cartridge came back at a rattling pace and closed on the supports. The movements were repeated by the next three companies, and then by the remaining four, after which the Battalion was drawn up in a square, and Lieut. Col. Taylor, D. A. G., addressed them.

He said he had great pleasure in witnessing the working of the Battalion, which was one of the strongest in his part of the Province, and he also said one of the strongest in the Province, or he believed, in the Dominion. It was pleasing to see the good feeling which existed between the volunteers and the citizens; it spoke well for the patriotism of the latter, and demonstrated their appreciation of the worth of the Battalion. He had increased very much in steadiness, and that there was a great deal less talking in the ranks. There was also more implicit attention paid to orders. They should always bear in mind that company drill is to be learned at home, and that they come here to learn to battle.

From the foregoing, it is evident that the Battalion officers better posted, and he hoped that before next year Lieut. Col. Higginbotham would insist on all such passing an examination. Each man would receive thirty rounds of ammunition, and he hoped that a few crack shots would not be allowed to use the whole of it, but that each would endeavor to improve his shooting with the portion which was allotted him. He hoped to see a good turn out from the Battalion at the Dominion Rifle Match, and he thought that they might give a good account of themselves. They had sharp enough eyes, steady enough nerves, and strong enough muscles to enable them to win a goodly number of prizes. He then cautioned them to take good care of their arms. A volunteer might have a rusty rifle, but he never should have a rusty coat, but he never should have a rusty rifle. He observed some of their coats were rusty, but there would be a supply of new clothing this fall. He was proud to think of the whole county should be proud of it, and assist in its support.

The Chaplain had told him that the conduct of the men while in camp had been exemplary. He was rejoiced to know it, and felt that he owed that gentleman a debt of gratitude. If other ministers in the Province would copy his example, there would be better battalions. He was sorry to hear that a gross act of insubordination had been committed, but the fact that it was not in an old comrade rendered it somewhat more excusable. People say that this is the weak point in the volunteer system; so it is, if volunteering be not looked upon in the proper light, but a volunteer should always remember that it is patriotism that induces him to enter the ranks, and when that motive has placed him there, he should have a strict regard for discipline. The Deputy-Adjutant-General concluded his address in these words: "Lieutenant Colonel Higginbotham, I cannot tell you how much I think of your Battalion."

The Battalion again formed column, marched back to the camp ground and broke off. The Band did good service on the occasion; they were not at spring of their music, and they were not at all surprising that Lieut. Col. Taylor should say he was proud of them.

### FESTIVAL TO THE VOLUNTEERS.

Last Friday night a committee of ladies, who interested themselves in the matter, were enabled, through the liberality of the citizens, to feast the volunteers on strawberries and cream, cakes, &c., previous to their departure for their homes. Several tables were set up on the grass, near the tents, and these were filled several times in succession by the groups of ladies and gentlemen who lingered over their strawberries and cream at the tables, a little farther on was the fine Band of the Battalion, which helped greatly to enliven the proceedings of the evening, while in another part of the ground various games, such as running, jumping, &c., were being carried on with great spirit by the men, much to the amusement of the onlookers. The amusements were kept up till darkness set in, and soon all was quiet around the little city of canvas, save the measured tramp of the sentries, and an occasional outburst of fun from some tent where the inmates were evidently bent on enjoying their last night under canvas. We are glad to hear that the ladies were enabled to pay all the expenses of the Festival and have a little balance over for next year. They desire through us to thank Messrs. J. & D. Martin for the use of dishes, Mr. Brodie, of the station, for his assistance and attention, Mr. Newton, of the Railway Hotel, and the men of No. 1 and 2 Companies for their valuable assistance.

### BREAK UP OF THE CAMP.

At an early hour this (Saturday) morning orders were given the country companies to strike the tents. This was generally done quickly and in good style, but the Mount Forest Company deserve the credit for being the quickest. In ten minutes after the order was given, that company had their tents struck, and in fifteen minutes they were ready for being delivered up to the Quartermaster. One by one the country companies were marched off the ground, all apparently in good spirits, and soon after they were on their way home in the different conveyances sent for them. The Guelph Companies remained on the ground part of the day to collect and deliver up all the stores. By night, the place which for a week past was so full of life and such a centre of attraction, will be once more quiet and deserted.

We are proud to say, that during the stay of the volunteers they have behaved themselves in a most exemplary way. In camp, while on duty, and when off duty, or when in town, they have been uniformly quiet, sober and civil. They have, during their short stay, made many friends in town, who next year will be glad to welcome them back again to Guelph.

### THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES.

The amendment in regard to the appropriation of the surplus funds was also disagreed to by a vote of 246 against 10.

Mr. Gladstone then moved the restoration of the original date, viz: the 1st of January, 1871, for the dissolution of legislative union between the churches of England and Ireland. After some discussion the date was restored without a division.

In the House of Commons last evening, the Irish Church Bill as amended by the Peers was taken up. The amendment giving glebe houses free of charge was rejected by a vote of 236 to 237, and the amendment granting glebes to Catholics and Presbyterians was negatived without discussion.

The protest against the Irish Church Bill by Earl Derby is signed by 47 of the Peers.

Meetings of the people in support of the Commons on the Irish Church Bill continue to be held in various parts of the kingdom. Mr. John Bright has been unanimously elected member of the Athenaeum Club. The Reform League contemplates an indignation demonstration against the House of Lords.

LONDON (midnight), July 16th. — In the House of Commons to-night consideration of the Irish Church Bill continued. Mr. Gladstone approved of the amendment granting half-a-million pounds for private endowments made prior to 1818, but would disagree to the provisions contained in the Ulster grants.

Mr. Disraeli thought that a clearer understanding ought to be arrived at, if the policy of the Government had for its object religious equality it could not be obtained by humiliating the Irish Church, and leaving it to compete with the established hierarchy in Christendom. He thought the proposal of the Lords was reasonable.

Sir Stafford Northcote thought Mr. Gladstone's proposal would convert the Established Church into a voluntary missionary church, contributions for the support of which could only be obtained by stirring up bad feelings against Catholic neighbors. It would be to the advantage of the Protestants to enjoy free and proper endowment, and he asked as an act of justice and expediency that glebes should be left to them.

Sir Roundell Palmer supported the Lord's amendment.

The amendment granting half-a-million pounds for private endowments was agreed to.

The amendment continuing the Ulster grants was rejected by a vote of 345 to 240.

The announcement of the result was received with cheers from the Ministerial bench.

Mr. Disraeli intimated that it was not necessary for the House to divide on any of the other amendments.

Mr. Gladstone moved to disagree to, and Mr. Disraeli supported the Lords. He thought the Lords' plans were not matured, and ought to be left for future consideration. The Government had made a minute enquiry as to the suitable destination of the income arising from the surplus. He had no interest other than any member of the House, or contrary to the wishes of the Irish people. Everyone acknowledged that the money was the property of the Irish and ought to be applied to the benefit of Ireland. This plan was open to the least objection. To leave the question open would only pave the way for future embarrassment. He appealed to the House not to put an obstacle in the way of the passage of the Bill. The country had confided, with the best sincerity, in the Government desire to make Ireland an integral part of the kingdom, and have a closer connection with England.

The amendment of the House of Lords was then rejected—290 against 218.—Great cheering greeted the result.

VIENNA, July 16.—Severe troubles took place this week among workmen in the military were called out to suppress the riot and fired upon the rioters, killing two and wounding twelve. The crowds had dispersed, but great excitement still prevails there, and the authorities are taking every precaution to prevent the threatened renewal of disorder.

THE TORONTO LUNATIC ASYLUM.—One wing of the lunatic asylum in Toronto is completed, except the furniture. It is not known when it will be occupied, and the Government does not seem to be in any haste, though every jail in the country has lunatics confined in them.

### NEWS ITEMS.

Hon. Wm. McDougall is at present in Toronto.

Charles De Blaquiere, late Postmaster at Woodstock, died on Wednesday last.

Twenty years ago there were six post-offices in Minnesota; now there are six hundred.

New York fashionable churches are usually closed at least for four Sundays during the hot weather.

Ensign George A. Stark, of Nassagawes, has obtained a second-class certificate at the Military School, Toronto.

Queen Victoria has just appointed a clergyman Companion of the Bath. It is the first instance in which the cloth has thus been honored.

The Buffalo Express learns that, throughout the entire region of Central and Western New York, the fruit crop promises to be abundant.

Professor Goldwin Smith is to deliver the address at the anniversary of West India emancipation, which is to be held in Cleveland, O., on 1st of August.

The annual examination of St. Jerome College, Berlin, took place on Tuesday, the 8th inst. Mr. Leo Steffler, Pualsch, took prizes in Latin, Greek, French and Chemistry in the First Division.

Chicago has never seen the time when she contained so many persons out of employment as at the present. It is computed that no less than 10,000 men, boys, women and girls are out of work in that city.

On Thursday last, in Mr. Loos sawmill, Neustadt, a young man named Jacob Wagner, had his leg cut off at the thigh, by a saw against which he accidentally fell, and died in three hours afterwards.

The frame of the Drill Shed at Mount Forest was raised on the evening of Thursday last. A young man named Samuel Harmer was hurt by one of the beams slipping, but he is now in a fair way of recovery.

It is said that fewer English words are required in transmitting a despatch than of any other European language, and that, in different parts of Europe, English telegrams are now often sent to save expense and insure precision.

The people of Glenallan had their annual celebration on Friday, the 9th inst. This event generally occurs at that village on Coronation Day, but was postponed this year on account of bad weather. There were games, sports and horse-races.

A somewhat unusual scene occurred in the Harrington Police Court the other day. A man was brought up on some petty offence, confessed that he was a slave to drink and wished to reform, and the magistrate called upon a clergyman present to pray for him. Prayer was accordingly offered.

The total number of Poles who are now in exile in the mines, in consequence of the last insurrection, is 140,000 among whom are 6 bishops, 3 prelates, and 218 priests; 97 clergymen have either perished on the field or been executed by order of court martial; and that about 200 more have been sentenced to imprisonment for various periods.

Wonders will never cease, and the latest wonder is the success of Brig's Modern Curative in curing all ailments of the feet. Corns vanish, bunions disappear, ingrowing nails rise out of the flesh, by using this celebrated remedy. Try it and suffer no more. Sold by E. Harvey & Co., and all druggists and country merchants generally. Dr. J. Briggs & Co., proprietors, 208 Broadway, N.Y., and No. 6, King-st. west, Toronto.

ONTARIO MEDICAL COUNCIL.—In the Council on Thursday the following amendment to Dr. Agnew's motion for an amendment to that portion of the Medical Act which unites the Homoeopathic and Eclectic bodies with the Medical profession, was carried, 20 voting for, and 7 against it.—That inasmuch as three licensing bodies existed in medicine in the Province of Ontario, whose privilege was to send forth practitioners of an inferior medical education, and whereas it is highly desirable to protect the public by allowing only thoroughly educated men to receive a license to practice medicine, notwithstanding the objections many of this Council may have and do now entertain towards some clauses of the new Bill, we are prepared to use our best efforts to make it acceptable to the profession, and beneficial to the community at large, by raising the standard of medical education throughout the country.

POOR MEN OF NEW YORK.—The New York Tribune recently published a complete list, taken from the official records, of all who paid an income tax, and the amount of income returned. It did this with the declared purpose of showing how very generally the tax was evaded, and how unequally and unjustly it operated. It now gives a list of what it calls the "poor men of New York," who systematically refuse to pay. Among them are several millionaires. The first named on the list are, Fernando Wood and Benjamin Wood, with some sixty other wealthy men, including the irrepressible John Morrison.

SPECIAL SESSIONS IN STRATFORD.—Judge Lezard held a "Court of Record" at Stratford on Thursday, when Sarah Ann Moore was tried for concealment of birth and acquitted. James Hamilton and Neil McDermid were also tried on a charge of having on the 11th of May last, broke into the house of the Rev. Mr. Renwick, Elms, and robbed it of \$300. The evidence not being sufficient the Judge pronounced them not guilty.

THE NEW CRIMINAL ACT.—The London papers say that the first court under the new act, for the speedy trial of prisoners for felonies and misdemeanors, was passed at the last session of the Dominion parliament, was held on Wednesday, before Judge Elliott, when a man named Herford was tried for stealing a cow and pig. His Lordship remarked that he found himself in rather an awkward position, to officiate as judge and jury.

STEAMER AGROUND IN A FOG.—The steamer Champion, in a heavy fog, ran ashore on Friday morning about two o'clock at Grimsby's Point, about three miles east of Cobourg. No apparent damage has been done. The steamer Norveaman went to assist her. There being no sea, she got off easily about nine o'clock, and left for Toronto about ten.

### Canadian Bank of Commerce

Proceedings of the Second Annual Meeting of the shareholders, at the Banking House, Toronto, on Monday, 13th July, 1869.

The chair was taken at noon by the Hon. Wm. McMaster, the President, at whose request the Cashier read, the following REPORT.

The Directors beg to present to the shareholders their second annual report, and they do so in the belief that the accompanying statement of the result of the year's business, ending 30th of June, will give general satisfaction.

The net available profits for the past year amount to \$141,236 07 To which add balance at credit of profit and loss account from last year..... 862 61 \$142,098 68

From which have been taken Dividend No. 2, paid 1st Jan. 1869, \$38,393 79 Dividend No. 4, paid 2nd July, inst., \$8,728 58 Transferred to "Rest" acct. 60,000 00 138,122 37

Leaving a balance at credit of Profit and Loss account of \$3,475 71

It will be seen that, after paying a dividend of 8 per cent. for the year, the surplus profits amounted to \$63,475.71, of which \$60,000 had been carried to "Rest" account, making that fund \$100,000, and the remaining \$3,475.71 is at the credit of Profit and Loss account.

The sound business principle of writing off annually all debts that appear bad, has been scrupulously observed. The branches have been recently inspected; the assets were thoroughly examined; and the Directors regard every item therein as being perfectly good.

Numerous applications for the establishing of branches in various sections of the Province have been received during the year, but none of them were entertained except those from Woodstock and Simcoe, where the business of the Gore Bank was offered to the Directors under circumstances which, in their judgment, rendered its acceptance not only expedient, but desirable, in the interest of the Bank.

The Directors, after mature consideration, came to the conclusion that it was advisable to increase the capital of the Bank from one million to two millions of dollars, and acting on the discretion given to them by the shareholders at last meeting, they applied to Parliament for the necessary power to make this increase. An act for this purpose was carried thro' the Legislature, and is now on the Statute Book.

The decision to extend the capital having been arrived at, the Directors deemed it advisable to anticipate a portion of the proposed new stock by the issue of Provisional receipts to those who desired to obtain it. \$400,000 were taken up in this way, and paid in full. \$190,800 has been allotted to the original proprietors who responded to a circular inviting them to send in applications.

These arrangements had the effect, not only of furnishing means to meet the demands of a constantly increasing business, but also prevented the old stock from being materially affected in price, which is usually the case when a large amount of new shares has to be placed on the market.

A considerable portion of the remaining stock could have been readily disposed of to applicants other than the present shareholders, but in view of the valuable business established, and the fact that a reserve of \$100,000 has accumulated in two years, the Directors are of opinion that the \$400,000 stock still on hand, which it may not be advisable to dispose of for some time, should be held at a premium.

(Signed) Wm. McMaster, President.

GENERAL STATEMENT.

Capital stock paid up..... \$1,408,875 00  
Circulation..... \$1,045,236 00  
Deposits..... 2,064,650 75 \$4,518,761 75

Reserve for interest and exchange..... 17,220 24  
Dividends unpaid..... 531 07  
Fourth dividend, payable 1st July..... 39,728 58 57,392 49

Rest..... 160,900 00  
Balance of profits carried forward..... 3,475 71 164,375 71

\$4,679,529 95

(Signed) R. J. DALLAN, Cashier.

Canadian Bank of Commerce, Toronto, 30th June, 1869.

The report was adopted and ordered to be printed. Votes of thanks were passed to the President, Vice-President, and Directors and officers of the Bank. The Directors were authorized to apply to the Dominion Parliament at its next session, for an extension of the charter of the Bank, with such alterations as expedient, the action of other companies, as possible government legislation on banking, may render desirable.

The following Directors were elected by ballot: Hon. Wm. McMaster, H. S. Howland, Esq., Wm. Alexander Esq., James Austin, Esq., Wm. Elliott Esq., T. Sutherland Stayner, Esq., and Taylor, Esq.

At a meeting of the newly elected Board of Directors, the Hon. Wm. McMaster was elected President, and H. S. Howland, Esq., Vice-President, by unanimous vote.

R. J. DALLAN, Cashier.  
Toronto, 13th July, 1869.

At Lurgan, in Ireland, on the 12th Orange mobs were pelled with stones, and the houses occupied by Catholics. The woodwork of the buildings and furniture were then carried out of the street and burned. Order had been restored at the latest address. An Orange hall was attacked by a mob, the occupants, fired on by the police, were seen driving off in three of their number badly wounded.

BERLIN GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—The school is pleased to learn that the fees of the Berlin Grammar School were so fortunate as to secure the services of J. H. Thompson, A. M. Mr. Thom is a gentleman of scholastic attainments, and has the highest honors for a student in the Mathematical department of Toronto University.