



# MARSHALL'S BARGAINS!



## LACE CURTAINS!

English Lace Curtains, in White and Cream; very wide, 3 yards in length.  
Regular Prices ..... \$3.60 to \$8.50 pair  
Friday and Saturday ..... \$3.30 to \$8.00 pair

## SCOURING CLOTH!

Genuine English Scouring Cloth for scrubbing floors, doors, etc., 1 piece only.  
Friday and Saturday ..... 25c. yard

## NEW GOODS!

Apron Checks, 36 inches wide ..... 40c., 45c., 50c., 65c.  
Blay Sheet, 60 inches wide, 70c. yard; 64 inches wide, 80c. yd.  
White Twill Sheet, 8/4 ..... \$1.00 yd.  
Butchers Linen, 40 inches wide; very fine ..... \$1.30 yd.  
White Turkish Toweling ..... 30c. and 50c. yd.

## Millinery Hats!

Our first showing of New Millinery Hats for Fall and Winter wear. No two alike. Wonderful values. Come early and secure yours.

## LADIES' COSTUMES!

in Tweeds, Navy Serge and Jersey Cloth, for Fall and Winter Wear, at slaughter prices, right at the beginning of the season.  
Prices to suit everybody \$5.50 to \$26.00

# MARSHALL Brothers

## CORTICELLI WOOLS!

In all the colors that's made, for knitting Sweater Coats Caps, Hats, etc.  
Price per Ball ..... 25c.

## BIG BEN!

2 dozen Big Ben Alarm Clocks, best timekeeper that can be made.  
Friday and Saturday ..... \$4.00 each

## ARMY SERGE!

Just in—One Piece Heavy Navy Serge, suitable for lining Horse Collars, etc.  
Friday and Saturday ..... 65c. yard

## What are Ward's Crushes?

WHAT ARE WARD'S CRUSHES? Why—everybody knows they're just the very nicest fruit drinks you ever tasted in your life. Made of true fruit juices perfectly blended, as pure as can be, they're regular thirst-quenchers. Keep Ward's "Crushes" in the house all the time, they're too good to miss.



## SPECIAL NOTICE.

Until after the 2nd week in October there will be no further redemption of Bulldog Stoppers. SAVE EVERY ONE until then for specially attractive prizes to be offered after that date, further details of which will appear later.



**British Aerated Water Co., Ltd.**  
Smallwood Building, Duckworth Street.

## Death Watch Beetle Weakens Destruction.

WESTMINSTER HALL IN DANGER.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—(By Canadian Press.)—Westminster Hall's famous roof, one of the architectural glories of the world, is being saved from imminent danger of collapse at a cost of over £100,000. The cause of the trouble is a tiny grub known scientifically as xestobium tessellatum, and popularly known as the death watch beetle. The roof has withstood time and the elements for over 400 years in an excellent state of preservation, but this pestiferous wood-boring grub through the centuries has been steadily eating the heart out of the timbers and perforating their outer surfaces with innumerable exit holes until they resemble gigantic pepper casters. An extraordinary feature of the insect work is that while outwardly a timber may appear to be quite sound, the interior may be wholly eaten away. This is explained by the habit of the grub, which lives continuously in the wood until it has passed the chrysalis stage, and works to and fro in little tunnels. After three years it emerges

and prepares to take its nuptial flight, usually in May and June, which are the popular marriage months. In connection with the restoration of the roof the first work has been to get rid of the devastating grub. This has proved a difficult task, as the use of any insecticide containing poison or chloroform would have seriously affected the members of the House of Commons during the sittings of the House. Finally a remedy which is regarded as equally effective has been procured, consisting of a mixture of benzine, kerosene and cedar wood oil. With powerful air blasts the timbers have been cleansed of dust and the solution has been sprayed on the wood at a pressure of sixty pounds to the square inch. Every part has received at least two soakings.

### Chemical Treatment Kills Grub.

Whether this treatment of the timbers is all that is needed time alone will show. Experiments have proved that the female will not lay her eggs on wood so treated, and that the grub must die if it touches it. The lifetime of the grub in the wood is three years, and the solution will last longer than that. Periodical spraying may follow. The woodwork in the roof has been reinforced in such a manner as not to

detract from the original beauty and design thereof. Sir Frank Baines, Director of Works in his Majesty's Office of Works, has prepared the scheme and is responsible for carrying it out. The work has been going on since 1914, and it will be completed next spring. The great historic Westminster Hall, which was the Royal residence until 1512, when it suffered greatly by fire, was built by King William II, surnamed Rufus by reason of his red complexion. He reigned from 1087 to 1100. The beautiful roof which is now undergoing repair was built in the 14th century. Westminster Hall, where the mortal remains of King Edward the Peacemaker lay in state before being conveyed to the tomb, is one of the most famous, in its tragic dignity, of the possessions of the realm. Within its walls have been such state trials as those of William Wallace, Sir Thomas Moore, Anne Boleyn, Somerset, Stafford, Charles I. and Warren Hastings. The preservation of such glorious a monument of England's "island story"—for all the many acts of injustice and the agonies of mental suffering that its walls have looked upon—has been regarded as a sacred duty.

## Gave Libel Award to Charity.

LONDON.—The £2,000 damages awarded to Rt. Hon. J. H. Thomas, M. P., Parliamentary General Secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, in his libel action against the National Labor Press, Limited, of Salford, for charging him, in the weekly journal, the Communist, with treachery to the miners during the coal strike in April, 1921, is being given to charity by Mr. Thomas. "I want to law simply and solely to vindicate my honor," he said in an interview recently. "I had not the slightest intention or inclination to benefit myself financially." Judgement for the £2,000 was given in February last, but Mr. Thomas did not receive the amount until August 4. A great portion of the money, Mr. Thomas said, would go to charities in his own constituency, Derby, the Royal Derbyshire Infirmary and the Mayor of Derby's fund for the provision of boots and clothes for poor children during the winter would benefit, he said. It was his intention also to send a substantial donation to the Railwaymen's Orphanage, and perhaps, to other charities associated with railwaymen.

## Poor But Honest.

The news that A. S. M. Hutchinson's novel, "If Winter Comes," is to be produced on the screen by the famous Fox Film reminds me of a story I heard the author tell about a friend of his who was once staying with a wealthy host. When he went to his bedroom he found the dressing-table heaped with silver articles of toilet, and promptly bestowed them in a drawer to make room for his own humble belongings. His visit ended, he left for home by an early morning train. Arrived home, he was greeted by a telegram from the wife of his host, demanding:—"What have you done with the silver?" He wired the reply: "Poor but honest; look in the lower drawer."

At the Yarmouth Y.M.C.A. Boys' Camp, held at Tusket Falls in August, I found Minard's Liniment most beneficial for sunburn, an immediate relief for colic and toothache.

LOBELIA'S BOILER.—Despite the ravages of war, the work of replacing the "Ter Nova's" old boilers with those removed from the later cruiser Lobelia still continues. The new boiler will make quite an improvement to this ship.

## Nfld's Place in the Sun.

The island colony to the northeast of Canada appeared in the news recently when the British cruiser Raleigh went ashore, in the Straits of Belle Isle. Similarly, the first non-stop flight across the Atlantic Ocean, successfully carried out by British aviators, attracted attention to Newfoundland for a season. For the most part, however, the Newfoundlanders seem to pursue the peaceful tenor of their way without concerning themselves, or being of much concern to the world outside.

But Newfoundland's interests are tied up with the interests of other lands by common bonds. At the present time, the high tariff policy of the United States is calculated seriously to affect the fishing industry of Newfoundland, the main industry of the Colony. American tariff barriers are tending to interrupt the flow of trade; and as the Newfoundland fishermen find themselves discouraged from seeking access to the markets of the United States, they are inclined to look more across the Atlantic, to the markets of the United Kingdom and Europe. As the oldest British colony, loyal to the British connection, Newfoundland would naturally welcome a greater influx of British goods and capital, as well as more reliable markets for Newfoundland produce.

The possibility of federation with Canada has been mooted one more than one occasion. It is, indeed, almost a perennial question in Newfoundland politics. Canada is regarded as a big neighbour. Newfoundland is rich in undeveloped natural resources. It is believed by some political leaders that union with the Dominion would bring more capital to Newfoundland, to open up the untapped sources of mineral wealth; perhaps of coal, and the other enterprising communities like the industries associated with the name of Lord Northcliffe would soon be established on the island. But colonial independence is strongly cherished on the island. While the prospects of becoming a prosperous maritime province of the Dominion of Canada seem alluring, there is still much to be said for the policy of remaining an independent state under the British flag.

The necessity of keeping down the taxes in Newfoundland is stressed among other arguments against federation with Canada. The fear of higher taxes has tended likewise to withhold from Newfoundland a state educational policy. The need for a public school system, to unify the educational resources of the colony, is being impressed upon an increasing number of citizens of Newfoundland. In place of the present system of separate schools, maintained by the various church denominations and the Salvation Army, the opinion is growing that a common school system, state-controlled, would be a step toward establishing Newfoundland's

## FALL GOODS!

You are invited to inspect our Fall line of Goods now on display. This invitation is of more than ordinary importance to you. Come in and see us.

**GIRLS' SCHOOL TAMS—**  
Wool and Piped Velvet.  
Regular price \$1.35  
\$2.70  
**GIRLS' PIPED VELVET**  
TAMS—In several shades ..... 79c.

**Ladies' Flannelette Nightdresses.**

**ALL-WOOL SKIRTING**  
44 inches wide; pleasing stripes.  
\$1.79 yard.

**WHITE FLANNELETTE**  
of excellent quality, embroidered in fancy designs with White Silk.  
\$2.30

**GIRLS' SWEATER COATS**  
Assorted shades; big value for  
\$2.90  
**BOYS' SWEATERS**  
In Navy, Wine and Khaki only  
\$1.25

**STRIPED FLANNELETTE**  
In assorted stripes, beautifully worked in coloured Silks. Only  
\$1.40

**GIRLS' ALL-WOOL PULL-OVER SWEATERS**  
with belt; two tone effects  
\$4.50  
**GIRLS' FALL HATS**  
In pleasing styles, and colors  
\$1.80

**WHITE FLANNELETTE.**  
Trimmed with dainty Pink and Blue Braid.  
\$1.80

**WOMEN'S FALL COATS**  
\$7.98  
Warm enough for all winter; smart up to the minute Coats that combine style, comfort and durability for \$7.98.

**STRIPED FLANNELETTE**  
In assorted stripes; finished with coloured braids, in neat designs.  
\$1.80

**CORTICELLI Fingering Yarns.**  
Whether you knit Sweaters, Scarfs, Tams, Capes or the numberless things for baby—you will find just the shade you need in Corticelli Yarns. "HERE."

**MILLEY'S.**

place in the sun.—Christian Science Monitor.

## Fads and Fashions.

A cunning hat for a small miss is the shape of an overturned flower pot, with a crown of red leather and a narrow upturned brim of black velvet.

The Balkan blouse suit is sponsored for winter wear. One example in a rich red is embroidered in the same deep shade and collared with squirrel.

New French models are characterized by long bodices joined at the hips to full, long skirts, or by draped, slender lines, which fit snugly over the hips.

Some French frocks manage the waistline without belt or girder; dresses are either very loosely bloused at the waistline, or the fullness is gathered at either side.

On the street it's a snug little turned-up collar, but when the wearer is indoors its turns down into rows and rows of frilly net ruffles. The cuffs possess the same magic.

A dress striking in design and color is of violet crepe meteor embroidered in green and gold. Circular panels and an overjacket are both points of interest in the costume.

As though to deny the predominance of draped models, many straight frocks, trimmed oddly with fur, are being shown. They are designed to wear under the fur coat or the long coat trimmed with fur.

Even blouses are affected by the strong tendency toward drapery. From the left shoulder of a cream-colored crepe blouse hangs a graceful drapery, bound, like neckline and sleeves, with grosgrain ribbon.

ENQUIRY CONTINUES.—The further heaving into the Chinese mother case was continued yesterday afternoon before Judge Morris when two Chinese witnesses employees at the Casey Street Laundry were examined. This afternoon the enquiry will be resumed when three other witnesses will be examined.

At MRS. STEWART'S Home Made Bread.—4944 Ave

## ST. JOHN'S GROCERY STORES.

Our Prices are away down

Best Grade WHITE WESTERN

**Oats,**  
4 Bushels  
\$3.70 Bag.

**Bran,**  
100 lb. Bags  
\$2.30

**Good Family FLOUR,**  
\$8.60 Barrel.

**J. J. ST. JOHN,**  
DUCKWORTH STREET and LeMARCHANT ROAD.

Minard's Liniment for Burns, etc.

## BILLY'S UNCLE

