

Calendar for July, 1909.

MOON'S PHASES. Full Moon 3d. 8h. 17m. a. m. Last Quarter 10.1. 7h. 58m. p. m. New Moon 17d. 6h. 45m. a. m. First Quarter 25.1. 7h. 45m. p. m.

Table with columns: Day of Week, Sun, Moon, High Water, Low Water. Rows for each day of the month.

(Continued from first page.)

schismatic, heretic." There were sixteen terms of reproach, and every one of them was the blackest of lies. A kind of paper mitre, as was customary, was set on her head, with the inscription: "Heretic, re-lapsed, apostate, idolater." Mudi preached the sermon, abusing a text of St. Paul. She listened patiently; her warfare was over, and it is of record that her judges wept; they had sentiment, Conchoon read the sentence. "Then she invoked the Blessed Trinity, the glorious Virgin Mary and all the blessed saints of paradise, naming some of them expressly." her own saints, we may suppose. "She begged right humbly also the forgiveness of all sorts and conditions of men, both of her own party and of other enemies, asking for their prayers, forgiving them the evil that they had done her." She prayed all of the present to give her each one Mass. It was dinner time. While Cardinal Beaufort and some of the English nobles are said to have wept, others shouted that she must be handed over to them to burn. "Priests, do you want to make us dine here?" they cried. Without any formal secular sentence, the Bailiff of Rosen waved his hand, "Away with her." She was led to the central scaffold. She climbed it as bravely as she had climbed the scaling ladders at Orleans and Jargeau. She asked for a cross to gaze upon in her agonies. An Englishman made a little cross of two pieces of a staff and gave it to her. Devoutly she received it and kissed it, calling aloud on the Crucified; and then she placed it in her bosom. She next prayed Mass to bring the cross from the obelisk, that she might look on it through the smoke. She long embraced it, and held it while she was being chained to the stake. She was heard saying, "Al Rosen, I feel grieved that thou mayest have to suffer from my death!" "To the end she maintained that her Voices were from God and all that she had done was by God's command; nor did she believe that her voices had deceived her." She invoked St. Catherine. While being bound to the stake she had especially invoked St. Catherine and St. Michael, the first of the holy ones who come to her in her father's garden. The doubt of an hour was ended. She and her saints were reconciled. She may have seen them through the vapor of fire. Last, with a great voice, she called "Jesus!" He had drooped, and the daughter of God went home to her father's house. Her heart, cord, was unaccompanied. That the world might have no relic of her of whom the world was not worthy, the English threw her ashes into the Seine. Catholic Standard and Times.

Ottawa News.

Ottawa June 19. The first session of the eleventh parliament of Canada recently prorogued by the Governor General will go down in political history as one in which the Government was continuously on the defensive, every effort being made by its supporters to block investigations into shady transactions. It was not by any means a session of heavy legislation, and lasted only four months, but there is every evidence that the remaining sessions of this parliament will be not only more prolonged but will see some keen and at times bitter fighting. At no time since 1896 has the opposition been stronger or more closely united.

This is due to some measure to the importation of new blood as a result of the last general election the newcomers, particularly from Nova Scotia, Ontario, and British Columbia being men of superior type, who have brought to the councils of the opposition in parliament a new viewpoint and who worked hard and effectively both in the various committees and in

Pains in the Back

Are symptoms of a weak, torpid or stagnant condition of the kidneys or liver, and are a warning that it is extremely hazardous to neglect, so important is a healthy action of these organs. They are commonly attended by loss of energy, lack of courage, and sometimes by gloomy foreboding and despondency.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures kidney and liver troubles, relieves the back, and builds up the whole system. "I was taken ill with kidney trouble, and became so weak I could scarcely get around. I took medicine without benefit, and finally decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. After the first bottle I felt so much better that I continued its use, and six bottles made me a new woman. When my little girl was a baby, she could not keep anything on her stomach, and we gave her Hood's Sarsaparilla which cured her." Mrs. Elizabeth Wallace, Wallingburg, Ont.

the House itself.

It is the general consensus of opinion, not wholly confined to the opposition ranks that the present government is weakening fast. Time after time during the session just ended the records of certain ministers with whom Sir Wilfrid Laurier has surrounded himself were attacked but by the Premier himself the voting machines who sit at the right of the Speaker killed all attempts to purify the public life of Canada and applied the whitewash brush vigorously to those members of the cabinet who by their public acts have cast discredit not only upon the Liberal party in particular but on Canada as a whole. Investigations were summarily killed before they had time to draw even feeble breaths. The old parrot-like cry was continually heard that if investigations were to be made definite charges would have to be preferred, and in this manner the lid was kept tightly screwed on the graft; and scandals which have made the Laurier administration a by-word of national reproach, from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The Government gave a glaring instance of its anxiety to prevent further exposures by voting down the resolution put forward by the opposition asking for a general investigation of the big spending departments. The opposition argument was that the unsavory details which came out during the enquiry conducted by Judge Oastels into the affairs of the department of Marine and Fisheries justified the insertion of a probe into the methods in force in the departments of Public Works, Interior, and Militia and Defence. It will be remembered that the first commission which looked into the conditions of the civil service found an unwholesome state of affairs in the Marine and Fisheries department. It had time to deal only superficially with this department but its report was one of the most condemnatory ever issued by any Royal Commission. It found that an appalling condition of things existed. Graft rakes and illicit commissions were matters of daily occurrence. Many of the officials, the commissioners declared "sewed two masters, Scripture notwithstanding" and a lamentable "lack of conscience" on the part of the employees of that branch of the public service was also found. The Cassels commission took up the work principally to find out where this lack of conscience existed, and they discovered that not only did it exist but it had been going on for years openly with little effort made to disguise it. It was therefore only natural to assume that conditions were not any more wholesome in the other great spending departments, and the opposition wanted the investigation broadened and continued in order that it might delve thoroughly into their doings. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, with the reports of the Civil Service Commission, and the Cassels enquiry staring him in the face, with all their glaring testimony of graft and corruption decided that the best thing he could do to keep the tansvory mess from bubbling over, and disgusting the public completely, was to clamp down the lid. The command therefore issued to sit tight and not to permit any investigation, and the service leader and the lid remained on. For all this blocking of legitimate investigation Sir Wilfrid Laurier himself is solely responsible. The fruits of twelve years of power and adoration of his followers have dulled his appetite, if he ever had any for cleanliness in public life. During the past session time and time again he refused to permit even the slightest enquiry into the conduct of certain of his ministers against whom grave charges were made by royal commission and private individuals. By so doing he must shoulder all responsibility, and he stands before the country today as a man who is conscious of the fact that if the real truth were made known of the inside doings of his administration with its orgie of graft and corruption the whole house of cards which he has built up would tumble around his ears in short order. That is why the searchlight was switched off during the past session, and the game of graft permitted to go on.

Ottawa June 26. The Liberal press

SCOTT'S EMULSION. The loss of flesh in babies and children and in adults in summer as well as winter. Some people have gained a pound a day while taking it.

The Priest in Irish Social Life.

The action of the Catholic clergy in Irish affairs has been represented to us so often as purely political where it is not essentially religious that it is a pleasure to read another account of his activity in a field little known to American readers. Ireland owes its great prosperity and happiness largely to the care of its Catholic clergy, it is no less certain that in Ireland the priest is at present building up the foundations of an agricultural and industrial progress that astonishes anyone who is willing to take the trouble to look into it. Instead of dealing with philosophic and economic principles, at the basis of the movement, it will be sufficient to mention facts which speak for themselves; and these facts are only a few of the many which might be enumerated.

In Galway, the Most Rev. Dr. McCormack and Father Dooley started a woolen industry. It has more than doubled its capital, although it has received no government aid. A few years ago the Bishop of Galway and the same Father Dooley established a hosiery industry at their own expense. More than thirty girls are regularly employed in the woolen mill, and thirty in the hosiery plant. More than thirty years ago Father Dooley started a loan fund for the purpose of teaching thrift to the young and of suppressing the usury of the comben man. There are now over 900 bank books to the credit of his flock.

In Kilmaguike Father O'Hara started an establishment for lace and dressmaking about ten years ago, where 120 girls are now employed. In the parish of Dromore in the County of Tyrone, Father Maguire, C. C., started the lace, crochet and kindred industries, in 1901. It is a co-operative concern in which each girl receives the whole profit of her work instead of a stipulated wage.

Another important factor in the industrial uplifting of the Irish people is the school for fisheries established by Father Davis of Baltimore. The Baltimore Fishing School was continued after his death by Father Hill. In the Aran Islands it was Father O'Donoghue who took up the work of organizing industry, a work which his successor, Father Farragher, continues to make prosperous. Father Abernethy's school for technical instruction is a movement that provides mechanics with a knowledge of the best in their trade.

Father Harley, the parish priest of Inchigeelagh, County Cork, encouraged the dairy work among his people; for almost twenty years he has lace, crocheting and knitting establishments in two or three centres of his parish; at Ballynagore he has an Industrial School, where forty girls are employed at good wages. Father O'Connell of Limerick has a like school with a shirt factory employing thirty girls.

One might mention particularly Father Hegarty, of Eris, Canon McGee of Crossmaglen, Fathers McCleary and Marrow, Father Glendon, O. P., of Dublin, and Father Creagh, O. S. B., of Limerick. The work is going on slowly, it is true, and modestly, for the good fathers in the various parts of Ireland who are doing all this, shrink from publicity. They are gradually lifting up the discouraged people from the poverty to which former disabilities had consigned them. All that is wanting to complete their work and make it fruitful in every way is a greater amount of national liberty than is at present found in Ireland. But in spite of all difficulties, discouragements and obstacles, they are giving new life to the people and instilling into them those economic principles which will be the making of Ireland in the approaching day of her freedom.

The Millennium is universal peace. It may be reached in our own day but if so it must be the wage earners who will bring it about primarily. The great Napoleon referred to the British people as a nation of shopkeepers and many historians have misinterpreted the meaning of the expression. Contrary to general belief the famous or infamous warrior did not use the designation contemptuously. Rather did he fear the financial power of the nation engaged in running its own shop instead of plunging ruminously to war. A bankrupt nation is not of much account in the world, but even the military genius of Napoleon hesitated about attacking a nation of shopkeepers.

BE SURE AND SEE THE TRADE MARK "The Maple Leaf"

Mrs. A. Schenar writes: "For years I was troubled with weak back. Sometimes I have laid in bed for days, being scarcely able to turn myself and I have also been a great sufferer while trying to perform my household duties. I had doctors attending me without avail and tried plasters and plasters, but nothing seemed to do me any good. I was about to give up in despair when my husband induced me to try Doan's Kidney Pills, and after using two boxes I am now well and able to do my work. I am positive Doan's Kidney Pills are all that you claim for them and I would advise all kidney sufferers to give them a fair trial."

Price, 20 cents per box, 3 boxes for \$1.25. At all dealers, or will be mailed direct on receipt of price, by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont. In ordering specify "Doan's."

Hale has stated, two-thirds of all the revenues of the United States are used to defray the expenses entailed by past wars or necessary in the preparation for future wars. Taking Europe as a whole, something like 6,000,000 of people are now in arms all but drawn from industrial pursuits in order that they may be trained for war. And their maintenance is, of course, all the time a burden on the productive classes of the community. It is estimated that Europe is regularly expending on her standing army from six to seven billion dollars.

But this rate of taxation can not of course go on indefinitely. Meanwhile the wage earners tend more and more to become the advocates of peace. For wars disorganize industry, increase the ranks of the unemployed and raise the cost of living. Unfortunately for the peace of the world it would appear that there is no nation of shopkeepers now. Perhaps the wage earners will replace them, not in any one country but all over Europe.—Ottawa Citizen.

Now my man, remember I am your lawyer and I am going to stay right by you in this and see you through. But first I want to know whether you are guilty or not. "Want to know that right now?" "Yes, right now and right here." "But how can I tell before the jury brings in its verdict."

Minard's Liniment Cures colds, etc. Stubb—Yes as they came from opposite directions I heard each woman murmur to herself. "The last person in the world I wanted to meet." Penn—Then I suppose they passed on without speaking? Stubb—Oh, no. They stopped and kissed and each inquired about the other's baby.

Sprained Arm. Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont., writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hayward's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days." Price 25c.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians. Had Stomach Cramps. Would Roll on the Floor in Agony. Mr. Wm. Kranth, contractor and builder, Owen Sound, Ont., writes:—"Having read some of the testimonials of cures effected by Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, I thought it advisable to say a word of praise for its merits. Some years ago I was much troubled with stomach trouble and cramps. I used to roll on the floor in agony, and on one occasion I went into a faint after suffering intensely for four hours. A short time after this, in driving to town, I was attacked again and had to lie down in my rig, seeking relief."

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