WEEKLY CALENDAR—OCTOBER.

New Moon, 4th day, 1h. 15m., 54th. after., N.E.
First Quarter, 10th day, 5h. 57m., after., S
Full Moon, 19th day, 4h. 20m., after., N.E.
Last Quarter, 26th day, 5h. 42m. after., S.

DAY MONTH.	DAY WEEK.	SUN rises h m	SUN sets h m	High water morn h m	Moon rises h m	Day's length h m
6	Sunday	5 0	5 25	0 27	6 35	11 17
7	Monday	5 10	5 24	1 19	7 22	16
8	Tuesday	5 12	5 22	2 14	8 22	18
9	Wednesday	5 13	5 20	3 10	9 25	9
10	Thursday	5 14	5 18	4 9	10 34	5
11	Friday	5 16	5 17	5 12	11 45	3
12	Saturday	5 17	5 15	6 14	morn	10 59

Mails—Summer Arrangements.

The Mails for the Neighbouring Provinces, &c., will until further notice, be made up and forwarded as follows:

For Nova Scotia, *via* Pictou, every Monday and Thursday, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For New Brunswick, Canada, and the United States, *via* Shediac, every Tuesday and Friday morning, at a quarter past 8 o'clock.

For Newfoundland, every Monday, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For England, Bermuda, and the West Indies, every alternate Monday, at 12 o'clock, noon, viz:

Monday, April 29; May 13, 27; June 10, 24; July 8, 22; August 5, 19; September 2, 16, 30; October 14, 28; November 11, 25.

Farm and Garden.

Dwarf Apples.—It is possible that the dwarf apple may become more popular than the dwarf pear. It is not liable to the accidents of the latter. All sorts of apples grow freely on the dwarf stock, and it is not necessary to take that particular care in selection, founded on many years of experience—although some sorts of the apple form handsome and better shaped heads when treated as dwarfs than others. The symmetrical growers should be selected, because they make the process of purning simpler, and more easily give the desired shape.

Common standard apple trees occupy too much room for gardens and small places. At the commonly recommended distance, 33 feet, only 40 can stand on an acre; and placed at the nearest distance admissible, 25 feet, an acre is required for 69 trees. A quarter-acre village garden can therefore have only 10 trees at the former, and 17 at the latter named distance, if apple trees occupy the whole ground. But dwarf apples may stand about four times nearer, giving sixteen times as many trees on the quarter acre. If therefore one-half the quarter acre garden is occupied with dwarf apples, 85 trees may be planted at 8 feet apart, a suitable distance for the Doucain dwarf; or 150 at 6 feet apart, the space for the smaller or Paradise dwarf.

The best varieties for dwarf stocks, as a general rule, are those which naturally form a round or oval head. Such will need but little pruning. Among these are the Red Astrachan, Jersey Sweet, Porter, Baldwin, Dyer, Monmouth Pippin, Summer Rose, Benoni, and Sweet Bough. There are others that incline to grow upright, and need some pruning to prevent their running upwards, and to induce spreading; among these are the Northern Spy, Twenty Ounce, Lady Apple, Wagoner, Early Strawberry, and Bailey Sweet, all of which make handsome dwarfs. There are again others, although not so handsome growers, yet the ornamental appearance of the fruit rendered them desirable dwarfs as the Famouse, Red Canada, Carolina, Red June, Munson Sweet, &c. There are still other which grow so irregular that some care would be required to make handsome trees of them, such as Fall Pippin, Canada Reinette, and Tompkins County King. Dwarf apples should be in order to furnish a fresh supply for the table of the most desirable sorts. Winter apples may be most profitably raised in orchards of large trees, or purchased in market by the barrel.

Dwarfs are especially desirable for those who plant new places, and consequently desire an early return. The Paradise stock will give crops the third year; and the Doucain the fourth, in abundance. A fine young collection of dwarfs, now four years planted, and growing their fifth summer, bear much better this unfavorable season, than old orchards. Some of the trees are loaded. A Hawthornden is so full that the branches densely set with apples, lie on the ground with their loads of fruit, now the second year of such profuse bearing. The Doucain trees are about 7 feet high, and the Paradise 5 to 6 feet. The soil is fertile, and always well cultivated.—*Country Gentleman.*

Miscellaneous.

Prosperity of the West Indian Negroes.—The last series of reports on her Majesty's colonial possessions presented to Parliament embrace the West Indies and Mauritius. Of those which relate to the West Indies the report upon Jamaica is principally worthy of attention. It gives a good account of the happiness of the population, so far as a mere animal life of independence is concerned, but holds out little encouragement to those who would hope that labour may be attracted to any system of combined enterprise, such as the growth of cotton, or of any produce in which joint-stock capital might be embarked. The four great staples of export are still sugar, rum, coffee, and pimento; but the quantities of sugar and coffee seem rather to diminish than increase. An export of sugar of about 30,000 tons, more or less, according to the nature of the seasons, is considered the best result that can be hoped for from the existing population. The wages which sugar cultivation can afford are insufficient to overcome the attractions of a life of independence such as with the exercises of very moderate industry is within the reach of every inhabitant of the island. "I look upon it," observes Governor Darling, "as a settled point that the great mass of the emancipated population and their descendants are betaking themselves to the cultivation of the soil on their own account, either as a source of profit or as the mere means of subsistence, and cannot be safely relied upon for agricultural and manufacturing operations in which large sums of money are advanced and which require punctuality and regularity of work." The obvious remedy is considered to be in efforts for obtaining contract labourers from India and elsewhere. In that manner the island may one day again become a valuable possession, and meanwhile it is gratifying to know that the negro population, although inefficient for the co-operative purposes essential to raise a country to any commercial standing, are by no means retrograding into barbarism. The proportion of those who are settling themselves industriously on their own holdings and rapidly rising in the social scale, and some of whom are, to a limited extent, themselves the employers of hired labour, paid for either in money or in kind, is thought to be not only steadily increasing, but to be at the present moment far more extensive than was anticipated by those who are conversant of all that took place in the colony in the earlier days of negro freedom. "There can be no doubt, in fact," continues the Governor, "that an industrious, respectable, and I believe, wealthy yeomanry is gradually forming; and I assure my correspondent that the real object of emancipation was to place the negro in such a position that he might work out his own advancement in the world, and become a useful and independent member of society. In this object I believe he has fully succeeded. I am not aware that any other land in which African slavery had taken root, can show more favorable results than Jamaica."

The Age of the Human Race.—At the meeting of the Polytechnic Association of the American Institute, reported in another place, Dr Stevens read a paper on the geologic period at which the human race was created, which was listened to with the greatest interest. The following is an abstract of the paper:—

The great truth that comes out with most prominence from the vast multitude of facts collected by geologists, is the creation of successive races and species of animals which have slowly succeeded each other through immense periods of time, constantly advancing from simpler to higher forms of organization.

Nearly all the rocks that compose the solid crust of our own globe were deposited at the bottom of seas and lakes, constituting formations ranging in geographical extent from a few rods to thousands of miles, and varying in thickness from a fraction of an inch to many thousand feet.

When we find one of these rocks deposited upon another, we cannot resist the conclusion that the upper rock has been deposited after the lower one, and thus the relative ages of the rocks are positively ascertained. Now, in the oldest rocks that contain organic remains, we find the lowest forms of life. For a very long period the only inhabitants of this earth were shellfish. The seas swarmed with them in immense multitudes; certain species lived, multiplied, and gradually became extinct; these were succeeded by others, and thus species followed species in long succession, their shells falling to the bottom of the ocean, and forming rocks which were miles in thickness. These rocks were afterward slowly raised above the level of the sea by those undulations which are constantly taking place in the crust of the earth, and as they were broken and turned up on their edges, we can now measure their thickness with a rod and line.

After the shellfish had existed alone for a period sufficient for these deposits to be made, fishes were created, and the next strata of rocks in the ascending scale are filled with shells and the bones of fishes mixed together. After the fishes came the reptiles, then the mammalia, and last of all man.

The evidences of man's existence in the geologic history of the earth are all confined to the immediate neighborhood of the surface, indicating his comparatively recent appearance, but discoveries made within two or three years carry back his origin to times far more remote than had before been supposed. These evidences are of two kinds: first, the bones of man; second, his works.

Among the works of man that are found buried in the earth by rocks which have been formed over them, are utensils of various kinds, for war, for cooking, &c.; excavations, the wounds inflicted by man in the bones of other animals; and buildings either isolated or in cities. The most famous of the buried cities that have been found is Pompeii, in Italy. This city, with its inhabitants in the full tide of life, was suddenly buried by ashes and mud thrown out from the volcano of Vesuvius in the year 79 of the Christian Era. So completely was it buried that it disappeared utterly from the face of the earth, and its place was lost to human memory. In the year 1713, some excavations led to the accidental discovery of its suburbs, and the whole city has since been exhumed. The skeleton of a sentinel was found at his post, and the skeleton of a miser with his bag of gold clutched in his hand. Buried cities have also been found in Scotland, California and other countries.

Until very recently, all the remains of man or of his works that had been discovered were above the drift formation. The drift is that mass of rounded boulders and gravel which covers most of the surface in this part of the world; a very fine specimen of it may be seen in Broadway, opposite the City Hospital. It was evidently not deposited, like the stratified rocks, at the bottom of the sea, and there is some doubt in regard to the mode of its formation, but geologists now generally suppose that it was brought down by ice from the cold country the melting of the ice seems so to have kill all the fishes that inhabited them.

Now, within a few years, in the vicinity so as to made of human remains in the drift, either carrying back the age of the human race, or bringing forward the age of the drift. In South Carolina, two human skeletons have been found in a bog iron ore, almost wholly transformed into oxyd of iron. In California, stone chisels, arrow heads, mortars and pestles are found just above the plaster formation—the formation that contains the gold. In many places in Europe human bones have been found in caves associated with great quantities of bones of extinct animals, the animals having been killed by the very savage men who lived in the caves and carried in to be eaten. Many of the animals found in regions now temperate are tropical animals, such as the hippopotamus, rhinoceros, &c., and this evidence, with that furnished by the plants, shows that the temperature of some portions of the earth was at one time much higher than it is at present.

The discoveries of human remains in the drift prove, as I have said, either that the drift is newer or that mankind is older than had been supposed. Which of these is the case cannot yet be determined, but the present indications are that it will carry back the origin of man to earlier geologic periods. All the new evidence, however, coincides with the old in proving that man was the latest as he is the highest of the creations of God.—*Scientific American.*

GRAIN SHOW.

THE ANNUAL SHOW OF GRAIN, UNDER the direction of the Committee of the Royal Agricultural Society, will be held in the Temperance Hall, Charlottetown, on Wednesday, 30th October, 1861, (the same day on which the Industrial Exhibition is to take place,) when the following Premiums will be awarded:—

Best Wheat,	£1 10 0
2d do.	1 0 0
Best two-rowed Barley,	1 10 0
2d do.	1 0 0
Best four-rowed Barley,	1 10 0
2d do.	1 0 0
Best Black Oats,	1 10 0
2d do.	1 0 0
Best sample Red Clover Seed, not less than 50 lbs.	1 10 0
Best sample White Clover Seed, not less than 50 lbs.	1 0 0
Best sample Timothy Seed, 2 bushels,	1 0 0

REGULATIONS.

The Grain and Clover Seed to be the growth of the Island in the year 1861.

Each sack of Grain must contain not less than three bushels.

No prize will be awarded without competition of three samples each, of first and second quality.

Competitors must be members of the Society.

Grain intended for competition, and sent by parties residing at a distance from Charlottetown, will be received and taken care of by the Secretary at any time prior to the Show.

By order,
JAMES H. HAZZARD,
Sec'y & Treas R. A. Society.

Committee Rooms, Sept. 3, 1861. I&E

!! CASH CAN DO IT !!

THE OLDEST CASH JOBBING

BOOT, SHOE & RUBBER STORE

IN BOSTON, IS

NO. 29 PEARL STREET,

"Established in 1837."

Where you can always find goods of any sizes or quality, of

Our own Manufacture, or

FROM CASH AUCTIONS,

at the Very Lowest Prices, For Cash Only.

Parties entering our Store shall have personal attention on filling their orders, and at as low prices as if present.

CASH ADVANCED on Goods which can be sold at low rates.

CALL AND SEE.

GEO. C. WALLS, Pearl Street.

September 7, 1861.

Royal Agricultural Society's

INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION!

AN EXHIBITION OF DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES and Agricultural Productions will be held on WEDNESDAY, 30th Oct., 1861, when the following Premiums will be distributed, viz.:—

For the best 10 yards of Cloth, of Island wool, spun, wove, dyed and dressed on the Island,	£1 10 0
For the best 10 yards wool grey Homespun, milled and full dressed,	1 10 0
Best 10 yards do., milled, dyed and finished,	1 10 0
10 do. fancy mixture do.,	1 10 0
10 do. Shepherd's plaid,	0 10 0
10 do. twilled Flannel,	0 10 0
10 do. womens' wear,	0 10 0
10 do. wool and cotton do.,	0 10 0
Best pair of Horse Rugs, milled, not less than 3 yards square,	1 0 0
Hearth Rug, made of woolen yarn,	0 10 0
do., made of rags,	0 10 0
Woolen fancy plaid Shawl,	0 10 0
do. Shepherd's plaid do.,	0 10 0
do. net Shawl,	0 10 0
Best Woolen long Shawl or Scarf,	0 10 0
10 yards of Carpeting,	1 0 0
10 yards of checked Flannel, for shirts,	1 10 0
6 shirts, ready made (all wool or half wool)	0 6 0
Pair of thick knit woolen Stockings, for overalls,	0 5 0
3 pairs woolen Socks,	0 5 0
3 do. woolen Gloves,	0 5 0
3 do. woolen Mittens,	0 5 0
Linen Table Cloth,	0 10 0
6 yards Linen Towelling,	0 10 0
3 linen Sacks, capable of holding 4 bush. each,	0 10 0
Bonnet, made of grass plait,	0 10 0
Hat, do.,	0 5 0
Best Wooden hand Rake,	0 3 0
Pitch Fork,	0 3 0
Dung Fork—4 prongs,	0 3 0
Willow Baskets,	0 3 0
Indian Baskets, ½ bushel,	0 3 0
Wooden Shovel,	0 3 0
Narrow Axe,	0 3 0

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS.

Best tub of Butter, not less than 20 lbs. weight,	0 10 0
2d do. do. do.	0 5 0
Best Cheese, not less than 20 lbs. weight,	0 10 0
2d do. do. do.	0 5 0
Best Half-Bushel Swede Turnips,	0 3 0
do. Carrots for the table,	0 3 0
do. Beets Blood Red,	0 3 0
do. Beets of Mangold Wurtzel,	0 3 0
do. Roots of Parsnips,	0 3 0
do. Ears of Indian Corn,	0 3 0
do. Onions,	0 3 0
do. Apples,	0 3 0

POULTRY.

Best pair (male and female) Dorking Fowls, not more than one year old (alive),	0 5 0
do. Cochin China, do.,	0 5 0
do. Turkeys, do.,	0 5 0
do. Geese, do.,	0 5 0
do. Ducks, do.,	0 5 0

☞ Discretionary Premiums will be awarded for such articles as may be considered worthy by the Committee, although not enumerated in the list.

All articles must be strictly the manufacture of persons residing on the Island, and all articles for competition, excepting live Stock, must be sent in to the Secretary on or before 12 o'clock, on Monday the 28th October, otherwise they will be excluded.

☞ The Exhibition will be open to the public at 12 o'clock.

(By Order)
J. D. HAZZARD, Sec'y.

Committee Room, Aug 31, 1861. I&E

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

FULLING, DYING AND DRESSING CLOTH!

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING THE above manufactory nearly in operation, and having secured the services of a Dyer from Nova Scotia who is thoroughly acquainted with the work, would most respectfully ask a liberal share of public patronage. He is also prepared to do the work with dispatch, and will do it as cheap as it can be done in the Island.

FINLAY McDONALD, Proprietor.

Pinette River, Sept. 7, 1861.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills.

JUDSONS'

MOUNTAIN HERB

WORM TEA.

Herbs, Barks and Roots

VERSUS

Poisonous Minerals and Drugs.

MOTHERS TAKE HEED!

Do you when observing the slightest actions of your children, consider that it may be some thing a more Docile that afflicts them? In nine cases out of ten, the cause of the little sufferer's anguish is WORMS, and should be at once looked to.

HEADS OF FAMILIES

Do not let your children suffer, when we possess you in

JUDSON'S WORM TEA

A SAFE AND PLEASANT CURE FOR WORMS.

Then much better and safer course it is to have it always in the house. A little delay when a child is taken ill may often be the cause of much pain, while acting without delay, and by giving the MOUNTAIN HERB TEA some lastly, you will not only save the child a long and tedious illness, and yourself much expense, but also feel happier in knowing that you have acted wisely, and perchance saved its life.

This medicine is combined purely of

HERBS AND ROOTS

NOT A PARTICLE OF

Calomel or Mineral

IS USED IN IT.

No more filthy Vermifuge will be used by those who once use this Tea. The only active principle of all other Vermifuges and Worm Killers is MERCURY.

GIVE NO

POISON

TO

YOUR CHILDREN.

Use this Simple, Pure, Vegetable Medicine.

This Worm Tea was discovered in an unusual way among the Wilds of Northern Asia. A full account of it you will find in our Almanacs. Ask for the "Name of Pills Almanac," of the Agent, and when you have read it, send it to your neighbors, that they may also know of and be cured by this GREAT REMEDY!

JUDSON'S WORM TEA

KILLS WORMS,

Never Harms—Is Pleasant to Take.

GET A PACKAGE—PRICE 25 CTS.

OBSERVE.—Always find the Name and Signature of B. L. JUDSON & CO., and the portrait of Satan, on each package of this Worm Tea.

B. L. JUDSON & CO.,

SOLE PROPRIETORS,

80 Leonard St. New York.

Judson's Worm Tea is sold by one Agent in every Village, and by all Druggists.

Sold by WM. R. WATSON, Wholesale Agent for the Island.

Also by—T. DESBRISAY, & Co., M. W. SHEARER, Charlottetown, and by one agent in every Settlement of Whole sale by M. S. Burr, & Co., Boston.

Nov. 7, 1860.

PERRY DAVIS'

VEGETABLE

Pain Killer

We ask the attention of the public to this long tested and unrivalled

Family Medicine.

It has been favorably known for more than twenty years, during which time we have received thousands of testimonials, showing this Medicine to be an almost never failing remedy for diseases caused by or attendant upon—

Sudden Colds, Coughs, Fever and Ague, Headache, Bilious Fever, Pains in the Side, Back, and Loins, as well as in the Joints and Limbs; Neuralgic and Rheumatic Pains in any part of the system, Toothache and Pains in the Head and Face.

As a Blood Purifier and Tonic for the Stomach, it seldom fails to cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Kidney Complaints, Sick Headache, Piles, Asthma or Phthisic, Ringworms, Boils, Felons, Whitlows, Old Sores, Swelled Joints, and General Debility of the System.

It is also a prompt and sure Remedy for Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Painters' Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Summer Complaint, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Boils, Burns, Sprains, Bruises, Frost Bites, Chilblains, as well as the Stings of Insects, Scorpions, Centipedes, and the Bites of Poisonous Insects and Venomous Reptiles.

See Directions accompanying each bottle.

It has been tested in every variety of climate, and by almost every nation known to Americans. It is the almost constant companion and inestimable friend of the missionary and the traveller,—on sea and land,—and no one should travel on our lakes or rivers without it.

Price, 12½ cts., 25 cts., 50 cts., and $1.00 per Bottle.

PERRY DAVIS & SON,

MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Sold by dealers every where.

AGENT—T. DESBRISAY,

Apothecaries' Hall, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

January 26, 1861.

The only Genuine Pain Killer, all others are Counterfeits, Imitations or Frauds and as such should be kept always near at hand, in case of accident or sudden attack of Pain. In these days of railroad and steamboat accidents, no traveller is safe without it. It is invaluable and invaluable Family Medicine, which should not disappoint, not disappoint, and never to be trusted. Beware of them.

Health and Ease to the Sick!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

Universal approbation has been awarded to this Ointment for its efficiency in removing diseases of the skin. For scrofula, scurvy scald heads, and all eruptions of the skin both in infancy and mature years, no remedy can be applied which so quickly cures as Holloway's Ointment. In the nursery it should always be at hand to cure the many skin affections to which the majority of children are liable. In all heat and tooth rashes, the Ointment is wonderfully cooling and curative. To soldiers, sailors, miners, and travellers in foreign lands, it is invaluable.

SORES, WOUNDS, BAD BREASTS, BAD LEGS.

In this class of maladies, an improvement in the appearance of the disease of the patient, follows the first dressing with the Ointment.

It must not only be smeared on the wound or sore, but be briskly rubbed in around about the disease swollen skin. It will penetrate to the blood vessels, nerves, and muscle, and even to the bone, and will exercise the most wholesome power over every tissue requisite for through reparation. The effect of the Ointment is increased by fomenting with warm water before the Ointment is rubbed in; but sores when healing should never be cleansed with sponge or any thing else, as the young and new flesh which appears like a cream, would be washed away.

BLOOD TO THE HEAD, APOPLEXY.

Nothing gives so much ease in these complaints from which so many suffer as Holloway's cooling and healing Ointment. When rubbed upon the spine, it acts most energetically in drawing surplus blood from the brain; even to children in teething; this Ointment has a miraculous effect in preventing fits, and convulsions, so often attendant on tooth cutting. The Pills should be used according to the directions.

RHEUMATISM, GOUT, STIFF JOINTS.

Every one suffering from these painful affections should use this purifying Ointment, as it has rescued thousands from a life of torture after every other means had been tried in vain. The Ointment should be well rubbed into the skin at least twice a day, after it has been properly fomented with warm salt and water, and dried. The inflamation soon yields, and the patient no longer helpless, resumes his accustomed occupation.

GLANDULAR SWELLINGS, BRONCHITIS, MUMPS, SORE THROAT, AND DIPTHERIA.

To combat these diseases with success, a remedy is required which will have the whole absorbed system under its control. Such a remedy is Holloway's Ointment, when rubbed on the skin, it penetrates to the gland, and removes any obstruction or impurity which may be impeding their healthy action. This Ointment sets on the very mainspring of life, for through the glans pass all new matter required for the body's reparation in all the above classes of cases, the Ointment and Pills used conjointly, will act so searchingly, and certainly, as to effect cures in the most deplorable cases.

FISTULAS ATD FILES.

All inflammations and ulcerations of sensitive parts may be speedily relieved, and ultimately cured by the diligent use of this cooling and healing Ointment, added twice daily by bathing the parts in cold water. Immediate ease springs from this treatment; perseverance is necessary to effect a permanent cure.

ASTHMA SHORTNESS OF BREATH.

In these complaints the Ointment should be well rubbed twice a day upon the chest, and between the shoulders, it will penetrate to the lungs, stimulate them to renewed exertions, prevent stagnation of blood, moderate the pulsations of the heart regulate the current of air through the bronchial tubes, and thus effect a permanent cure.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases.

Bad Legs	Contracted and Stiff Joints	Sore Nipples
Bad Breasts	Elephantiasis	Sore Throats
Burns	Fistulas	Skin Diseases
Bunions	Gout	Scurvy
Bite of Moschetoes and Sand-flies	Glandular Swellings	Scald Heads
Coco-Bay	Lumbago	Tumors
Chiego-Foot	Piles	Ulcers
Corns (soft)	Rheumatism	Wounds
Cancers	Scalds	Yaws

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices, viz.—1s 1½d, 2s 3d, 4s 6d, and 11s. sterling.

July 6, 1861.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

BOARDING HOUSE,

BY

SIMON D. FRASER,

Corner of Queen and Kent Streets,

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

☞ Commodious Yard room for the Farmers, and Good Stabling attached. Horses and Carriages to let.

S. D. F. is also Agent for the Beatie Falling Mill Plates, N. B.

June 20.

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA,

for Purifying the Blood,

And for the speedy cure of the subjoined varieties of Disease:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases;

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to acknowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease is gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully,

Yours,
ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of Dropsy, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous attack of *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre, or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of, Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes: "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration* of the *uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newbury, Ala., writes: "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of your Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th Aug., 1859.

DR J. C. AYER. Sir: I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration of the face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours,
G. V. LARIMER, M.D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR J. C. AYER. Sir: I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine.

J. FREAME.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and anything you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries, and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia.

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients, in advanced stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the care of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtile and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

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