

GREAT AND GROWING

(Continued from Page One)

should be given this country to get out the better class of horses. He even suggested that the Dominion Government regulations permitting importations of pure bred stallions for breeding purposes free of duty should be so amended as to require that importers of stallions, four years and over, should furnish a statutory declaration that all stallions they wished to import had proved themselves at least fifty per cent. foal getters. If the horses could not be secured in any other way, Mr. Graham thought it would be a good plan for the Government to buy six of the best two-year-old animals in Scotland and place them at six different points in Canada. In closing the speaker said that the Federal assistance given is good if properly administered, but stated that the forty per cent. assistance should be restored and less restriction put on clubs in order for them to procure the best of horse class.

Form Clydesdale Club

During the morning there was considerable discussion around the many questions which were brought up from time to time. It was moved that the executive take active steps to secure some results as suggested in Mr. Graham's address, while a Clydesdale Club was formed this afternoon to boost the Clyde breed. A committee of three men, Messrs. John Graham, William McKirdy and W. J. Lovey were appointed to interview the Live Stock Commissioner with regard to syndicates owning stallions. Mr. Arkell who was present said that his department was at all times willing to co-operate with the horsemen and they would welcome any suggestions the breeders had to make.

The question of having the enrollment of a stallion stand in three provinces instead of in one only as at the present time, found considerable opposition from Dr. S. A. Cox, who stated that the authorities in Saskatchewan had in particular shown themselves to be very lax in their method of issuing certificates. Dr. Cox said that it would be well for us to look after our own horses.

Representatives to the Winter Fair were named as Wm. McKirdy, John Scharrt and W. I. Elder. The representative to the Provincial Exhibition will again be William McKirdy while John Graham of Carberry is the representative to the Western Canada Live Stock Union.

LORD OCEIL CRITICIZES SUGGESTED RESERVATIONS IN PEACE TREATY BY U. S.

Leeds, Jan. 5.—Lord Robert Cecil, former Assistant Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in addressing the students of Leeds University, criticized the suggested reservations by the United States in the Peace Treaty Wednesday, declaring that he could not say that the reservations were so vital that it would be impossible to accept co-operation on the terms of the reservations.

The urgency of the European situation, Lord Robert said, was so great that it would be assuming a tremendous responsibility to refuse United States co-operation in trying to bring order out of chaos.

MONTREAL NEWS WRITERS APPEAL TO MINISTER FOR FAIR TREATMENT

Ottawa, Jan. 5.—The News Writers' Association of Montreal, has appealed to the Minister of Labor on behalf of members on the Montreal Star, who it is alleged, are being unfairly discriminated against. It is claimed that the Star threatened to lockout members of the union.

SEINE FLOOD CEASES TO RISE; COLD WEATHER

Paris, Jan. 5.—This morning the flooded Seine virtually ceased to rise and the temperature was near freezing point. Relief was expressed that relief from inundation was in sight and the waters might be expected to recede, commencing today.

No, Alfred, you can't always tell by a girl's looks whether she has a cold in her head or is in love.

RATHWELL HONORS RETURNED SOLDIERS

Tie Pins Presented Veterans As a Token of Appreciation

Rathwell, Man., Jan. 6.—Rathwell's returned boys, their guests and parents on Friday received honor in the form of a banquet and ball tendered by the citizens of the town and surrounding district. At six p.m. the ladies had the prettily decorated hall in order and four long tables draped in red, white and blue were loaded with delicacies. After all had done justice to the inner man, Dr. Mott, in the capacity of toastmaster, proposed the toast to "The King," which was enthusiastically honored. Capt. Miles proposed the toast to "The British Empire" in a neat and fitting speech. Reeve Spinks responded, laying great stress on the fact that a nation's wealth is not the sum total of her resources, but the sterling worth of her womanhood and manhood. He complimented Rathwell on her great contribution of both men and women towards winning the war.

The toast, "Our Returned Boys," was proposed by Councillor Cameron, who recalled many touching scenes which occurred as the boys marched away. Elmer Scarrow, a war-scarred veteran, fittingly replied, telling the ladies how much the home-packed boxes meant to him and his comrades "over there."

"The Ladies" was proposed by Rev. Mr. Carefoot, who emphasized the fact that men's appreciation of woman's worth grows, and he referred to Kipling as proof of his statement. This toast was responded to by Rev. Mr. Jackson, who eulogized the ladies of Rathwell for their efforts in the past. He expressed the hope of having a lasting monument erected in Rathwell to the honor of those who served in the great war.

Rev. Mr. Anderson, in a few well chosen words, expressed his appreciation of the invitation to do honor to the returned boys, and his joy at seeing so many of the old faces home from war-torn Europe.

The toast "To Our Fallen Heroes" was proposed by Paul Kane, Sr., and honored in silence.

At the close of the toast list, Dr. Mott called upon Miss Mary Kane to come forward and she was accompanied to the platform by Miss I. Kane and Miss Jean Forbes. Dr. Mott referred to these young ladies as representing the Girls' Khaki Club, but refused to praise the club, saying it would be like trying to paint a lily.

In the name of the club Miss Mary Kane read a short address of welcome to the boys, voicing their appreciation of sufferings cheerfully borne and honor brought to the town, and called upon some fifty of the boys in the company to come forward and receive a token of respect and appreciation in the form of an onyx tie pin to those who served in France. Pins were also given to those who only got to England.

This part of the program being at an end, the hall was cleared and the boys and friends, joined by a crowd of those not present earlier in the evening, joined in dancing until the early hours of the morning.

BRITISH TREASURY NOT SEEKING LARGE LOAN IN UNITED STATES

New York, Jan. 5.—The British Treasury has notified J. P. Morgan & Company, its financial agents here, that it is not seeking a large loan in this country. It was authoritatively stated here, Sir George Paish, who arrived here Wednesday to seek a large loan for British industrial interests, is not connected with the British Treasury, it was said.

DETROIT MEN FLOCK TO WINDSOR FOR A THOROUGH "WETTING"

Windsor, Ont., Jan. 5.—Twelve Detroiters were among the twenty celebrators in court Saturday on charges of over-indulging, following the lifting of the ban January 1st, on importation of liquor into Ontario.

It's a pity that more sermons are not as deep as they are long.

PRACTICAL MEN

(Continued from Page One)

strong and rugged race. Every person should eat an egg a day.

Essentials in poultry breeding are a practical application of the science of breeding to promote increased production. By well known physical tests good layers can be separated from poor layers and in flocks where sixty per cent of the hens have been removed because they were deemed not to be good layers by this physical test egg production has been increased. Proper selection results in early growth and maturity of birds. The best time to hatch is before May 24th. Hens do not need very warm houses. These should have plenty of windows, cotton to take up the moisture and good ventilation. Straw piled around poultry houses makes them "hell for the poultry." Late feeding is desirable. It keeps the digestive organs busy and keeps the fowl warm. There is no best feed, there are many good foods. Eggs can be produced any week or month. It is possible to set back the peak of production from April and May to December. Standardizing of eggs is desirable also. Community hatching and co-operative selling. Properly handled, eggs may be kept strictly fresh for six months. Today the poultry men of Canada represent a successful industry that deserves encouragement.

Slilage and Silo

Andrew Graham, Roland, said he had nothing prepared and could only tell of his experiences in a rambling fashion. He has had a silo for seven or eight years and would not be without one. He has always grown corn and practically never had a failure. In feeding silage a wash tub full, containing about and a half bushels was fed daily to two animals. He did not think it safe to feed more. His silo of wooden construction has no roof but is open to rain or snow. He would not have a roof on it. Frost penetrates somewhat but by first taking the corn from the sides of the silo he has no trouble and has never lost any animals from feeding frozen ensilage. He seldom feeds corn to horses. A little of it is good for sheep.

J. R. Hulme, Souris, would not be without a silo. Corn of twelve acres fills his 16x30 silo, which has a roof.

J. I. Moffatt, Carroll, some times puts green oats or barley into silo. He has two cement silos and they are both roofed over. Silage is the closest food to grazing that can be secured.

James Turner has a lot of steers he is preparing for market. They have gained two pounds a day during the past month on silage. He said he would not have a silo without a roof. He has one 18x40, cement silo, and is going to put up another. That he grows more wheat off land that has been under corn than if it were summer-fallowed was Mr. Turner's statement.

W. I. Smale read a telegram from Hon. Dr. Toimie, Minister of Agriculture who is ill with diphtheria, regretting his inability to be present and wishing the breeders success through out the coming year.

NORTH BRANDON STALLION CLUB ANNUAL MEETING

The annual meeting of the North Brandon Stallion Club was held Saturday in W. I. Smale's office, Winter Fair Building, when reports for 1919 showed that the year's work had been a great success. The officers elected for 1920 are as follows: President, A. C. McPhail; Vice-President, J. M. Allan; Secretary-Treasurer, W. C. McKillop; Directors, Messrs. Webster, Ferguson, McCallum and W. McPhail.

A meeting of the club was held at an earlier date when the horse "Belle Isle" was secured for the season of 1920.

HAMILTON WOMEN SCHOOL TEACHERS REJECT INCREASE BOARD OFFERS

Hamilton, Ont., Jan. 5.—The women teachers of the public schools here have rejected an increase of \$150, and demand an increase of \$200, with a minimum of \$900 and a maximum of \$1,800.

CHATEL LADIES ENTERTAIN THE RETURNED SOLDIERS

The town supper and entertainment given on New Year's Eve by the ladies of Chateauroux for the returned soldiers of that district was a huge success. A long table in the centre of the Presbyterian Church at Chateauroux was prettily decorated, and it was at this table that the soldiers and their dependents were seated. After every one had done justice to the repast the guests and their friends adjourned to the Methodist Church where the Rev. J. Allan gave a splendid address to the soldiers, which was suitably responded to by Mr. H. Pelton, on behalf of the men. A program of readings given by Miss Gertrude Trotter, of Winnipeg, was thoroughly enjoyed by all present.

R. HAMMOND

Auctioneer

Office phone No. 2. Griswold.

My own sale is fixed for March 17. See Posters Later.

OF INTEREST TO WOMEN

EDWARDS—MARSH

A quiet wedding was solemnized at St. Matthew's Church, Winnipeg, Monday, when Rev. R. B. McEllheren performed the ceremony which united Helen E. Marsh in marriage to Leonard T. Edwards, of Winnipeg. Mr. and Mrs. Edwards will reside in Winnipeg. Mrs. Edwards is the only daughter of Mrs. R. Marsh of Brandon.

McKEAND—MUIRHEAD

A very pretty, quiet wedding was solemnized at Douglas, Man., Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mr. John Muirhead, when his daughter, Mary E., was united in marriage with Mr. David McKeand, Rev. W. J. Allen officiating.

The bride looked charming in a sand colored gown of crepe de chene and wore a sunburst of pearls, the gift of the groom.

After the ceremony luncheon was served and later the happy couple left for the West, where they will visit relatives and friends in Saskatchewan and Alberta. On their return Mr. and Mrs. McKeand will take up residence at Douglas.

The many beautiful and costly gifts testify the popularity of the bride.

WATT—MOSS

At the manse of the First Presbyterian Church, Edmonton, Alta., the marriage of Miss Sybil Moss, of Ponoka, Alta., to Mr. Lawrence Watt, of Kitchissippi, Alta., took place, Sunday December 21st. Rev. Mr. McQueen performed the ceremony.

The young couple were attended by Miss Irene Moss, sister of the bride, and Mr. Fred McDougall. The bride is well known in Brandon having resided in the city for a number of years.

MILLIONS—ARTHUR

A quiet, pretty wedding was solemnized New Year's Day at one o'clock at the home of Mrs. B. Arthur, 846 Seventh street, when her eldest daughter, Marion Livingston, was united in marriage to Mr. Lynn Vint Millions, of Boissevain, Rev. J. W. Churchill officiating.

The bride, becomingly gowned in taupe messaline satin and georgette, entered the drawing room leaning on the arm of her grandfather, Mr. J. Adams, to the strains of the "Bridal Chorus" from "Lohengrin," played by Mr. W. Wightman. Miss Hannah Barlow attended the bride while Mr. Raymond Arthur supported the groom.

After the wedding luncheon, Mr. and Mrs. Millions left for Winnipeg on a short honeymoon. On their return they will reside on their farm in the Boissevain district.

The out-of-town guests included Miss Bea Millions, Miss Kathleen Arthur, of Winnipeg, Miss Eva Walker of Elton, Miss G. Stallwood and Miss M. Casselman of Laurier, Miss F. Blair, Miss E. Martin and Mr. J. Martin, of Rounthwaite, Mr. J. Adams, Winnipeg, Mr. Herbert Arthur, of Boissevain.

MISS CHRISTIE MAKES HER DEBUT IN REGINA

Among the debutantes at the dance given by the Alexandra Club in Regina, Tuesday evening in the City Hall, was Miss Edythe Christie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Christie, of Regina, formerly of this city. Other young ladies who came out at this function were Miss Marion Grassick, Miss Marjorie Macfarlane and Miss Mattie McElmoyle. Miss Christie was prettily gowned in white pearl-trimmed satin with ruffles on end edges with satin and carried deep crimson Hostier roses.

SURPRISE PARTY AND PRESENTATION

The home of Mr. John Bell, Roseland, was the scene of a very enjoyable surprise party, Monday evening when the congregation of the Union Church of Roseland gathered together. During the evening a very pleasant event took place when Miss Lily Clark and Miss Edna Bell organists of the church and Sunday School respectively were each presented with a handsome toilet set of French ivory, as a slight token of their faithful services. Mr. Harvey Simpson read the address while Miss Lottie Loves and Miss Florence Drysdale presented the gifts. The remainder of the evening was spent in music and games and refreshments were served.

OFFICERS ELECTED

The annual meeting of the Women's Section of the Kemnay Grain Growers was held in the school at Kemnay, Monday. A large number of members were present and the interest shown augurs well for the coming year. After several interesting discussions had taken place the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. E. Senkbell; Vice-President, Miss Ida Kirkpatrick; Secretary, Miss C. Magee; Treasurer, Miss G. Topham; Directors, Mrs. W. Shelton, Mrs. S. Senkbell, Mrs. J. Devlin, Mrs. J. Topham, Miss C. Magee and Miss Kirkpatrick were elected delegates to attend the convention to be held in Brandon this week.

OBITUARY

After an illness of several months Mrs. Fannie Elizabeth Tooke, beloved wife of Mr. Henry Tooke, 522 Seventh street, passed to the Great Beyond, New Year's morning, at the age of seventy-eight years. The deceased came to Brandon from England thirty-one years ago and was very well known in the city. She was a staunch member of the First Methodist Church and was a willing worker for the good of the community. The late Mrs. Tooke is survived by her husband, one daughter, Mrs. Hear, and two sons, Messrs. Percy and Sidney Tooke, all of this city.

Mrs. Jane Hughes

The death of Mrs. Jane Hughes, widow of the late Mr. Jos. C. Hughes, occurred this morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. L. O'Neill, 655 Eleventh street. The deceased was eighty-eight years of age and had been ill about six weeks. About eighteen years ago the late Mrs. Hughes came with her husband from London, Ont., to Brandon, and since the death of Mr. Hughes in 1908 she has made her home with her daughter, Mrs. O'Neill.

The late Mrs. Hughes, mother of the late ex-Mayor Hughes of this city, made many friends in Brandon and district who will regret her death. Her daughter, Mrs. O'Neill, and two sons, Dr. T. A. M. Hughes of Winnipeg and Mr. A. J. Hughes of Souris are left to mourn her loss.

HUMBERT, ACQUITTED, CANDIDATE FOR SEAT IN FRENCH SENATE

Paris, Jan. 5.—Charles Humbert, former Senator, acquitted by court-martial last May of a charge of having had dealings with the enemy, will be a candidate for the Senate in his constituency in the Meuse Department.

BUSINESS LOCAL

If you want to sell or buy a horse, phone 3315, Trotter & Trotter, Brandon. 4972

Mr. Farmer, we have the best feed accommodation in the city. Try us, Trotter & Trotter. Phone 3315. 4972

WANTED—A FEW FRESH MILCH Cows. Trotter and Trotter, Sixth St. 5872

WHEN YOU VISIT BRANDON PUT up at the Grand View Hotel, corner Ninth street and Pacific avenue, half block East of C.P.R. Depot. Reasonable rates, modern, clean and comfortable. The place where farmers meet. 4

Would the person who took the ladies' black broadcloth coat with sable collar from the Brandon District Rest Room, Saturday, January third, please return it to the Matron at the Rest Room and receive her own coat back. 8

LOST OR STRAYED FROM SPRING Park Nurseries, one light chestnut mare, rising 4 years, weight 11 hundred; white star on head. Any information, A. Legg, Spring Park Nurseries. 8

BRANDON MARKETS

Wednesday, January 7, 1920

Veal, dressed carcass, per 100 lbs.	13c
Beef, dressed carcass, per 100 lbs.	14c
Pork, dressed carcass, per 100 lbs.	22c
Bolling fowl, per lb.	25c
Spring chicken, per lb.	30c
Ducks, dressed, per lb.	30c
Geese, dressed, per lb.	25c
Turkeys, dressed, per lb.	38c
Eggs, fresh, per doz.	65c
Butter, dairy, per lb.	60c
Potatoes, per bushel.	\$1.50
Hay, baled, per ton.	\$25

Blackburn, Mills & Graham

GRAIN COMMISSION MERCHANTS
531-535 GRAIN EXCHANGE, WINNIPEG, MAN.
Phones—Main 46 and 47

Excellent wire service with our Brandon office.
For good service send your grain shipments to this aggressive firm.

C. C. HEARN, Brandon Manager
Office Phone 3791—House Phone 2701

The Increased Price of Wheat

The Canadian Wheat Board has announced an increase of 50c a bushel in the price of wheat to the millers. This action has been taken because Mr. Julius Barnes, of the United States Grain Corporation has succeeded in his attempt to have removed those war-time restrictions which prevented the free entry of Canadian wheat into the United States. The farmers of Western Canada must appreciate what has been done for them by Mr. Barnes.

There was a time when there was loud discussion in Canada as to what effect free wheat between Canada and the United States would have upon the price of wheat. It was argued on the one side that the price of wheat at Minneapolis would be reduced to the Canadian level, and it was as emphatically asserted on the other side that the price of Canadian wheat would approach the higher level usually obtaining in Minneapolis. Upon whichever side of the controversy the merits of the case lay, those who argued a gainst free wheat won in the reciprocity election of 1911.

Many things have happened since the year 1911, so many that we are living now in a new order of things altogether. Amongst the many changes that have taken place are those affecting trade in wheat as between Canada and the United States. Both countries have removed the duty on wheat. So far as governments and parliaments are concerned, free trade in wheat between Canada and the United States is now the law. During the war, and for many months after the Armistice, was signed, both countries maintained restriction which made free wheat impossible. Now, however, the United States Government has removed all those restrictions while the Canadian authorities have not. We have no w a one-sided free wheat between the two countries and the immediate result of this is an increase to the Canadian farmer of 50c a bushel in the price of his wheat.

Have the farmers of Western Canada changed their attitude in regard to free wheat? The question sounds comical now that they have at last a concrete demonstration of the value of the American market. But the question is not as comical as it sounds, and for this reason there is not a chance in a hundred that the United States will keep its market open if Canada continues its present method of selling wheat. The farmers of the United States, especially of the spring wheat growing areas, cannot be expected to look with favor upon the free entry of Canadian wheat into their markets, and they will find all lies in the United States in any attempt they may make to re-impose the duty or the restrictions. And in making such an attempt their spokesmen can make use of the kind of argument which has never failed to find a response in the United States.

They can argue that while Canada has removed the duty from American wheat, it still maintains its restrictions, because American wheat and flour cannot come into Canada except through a permit or a license from the Wheat Board. Not only so, but it can be argued with perhaps still greater effect, that American millers cannot purchase Canadian wheat on commercial terms and by commercial methods; that if they attempt to purchase Canadian wheat they can deal only with a Wheat Board which has a statutory monopoly of all Canadian wheat, and that, therefore, the Canadian market is not only closed as against United States wheat and flour by its licensing system, but also that this form of protection is reinforced and strengthened by the Canadian Government method of selling.

It is impossible to show that this argument is false. This being the case, it is unthinkable that the United States will long keep her market opened to Canadian wheat if Canada continues this method of selling. True enough the United States authorities have not objected so far as the present crop year is concerned, and they have not objected for the simple reason that they have no logical foundation upon which to base such an objection so far as this year is concerned. If Canada has a Wheat Board, they have a United States Grain Corporation. If Canada has restrictions still, they had restrictions until the other day. The operations of their Grain Corporation were so limited since the beginning of the present crop year that it was no inconvenience to them to remove their restrictions against Canadian wheat in the middle of the crop year.

The operations of the Canadian Wheat Board are so complicated that it cannot be expected that they should cease their operations before the end of the present crop year. So far, therefore, as the handling of this year's crop is concerned, there is no reason why the United States should object to Canada's method of selling her wheat, but should Canada maintain her present method of selling beyond this crop year, there is not a chance in a hundred that the United States will keep her markets open free to Canadian wheat.

It would be a curious development if, while the farmers in 1911 fought and voted for free wheat, they should for 1920 adopt a method of marketing Canadian wheat which would as inevitably defeat free wheat between Canada and the United States as thoroughly as it was defeated in 1911.

"The above article appeared in the Winnipeg Telegram December 29th. Without expressing any opinion on it I think it is worthy of the most careful consideration."

JOHN E. BOTTERELL,
President Winnipeg Grain Exchange.
(Advertisement)

The Wheat City Business College
Brandon, Manitoba

New Term Begins Monday, Jan. 5.

Fifteen years of successful experience has placed the Wheat City College in the forefront.

Since the war ceased there has been a marked turning of people's minds towards education. Increased enrolment at our school is the result.

Plan to join us on January 5th.

F. A. WOOD, Principal.