

SETTLE THAT HAT BET

AT
Sargent & Pinsky's

The only house in Dawson that sells the high-grade
...**STETSON HAT**...
Same price as charged for cheaper goods.

New, Fresh Butter

We have just received the first consignment of
1901 Butter

From Iowa Creameries. We have also in stock the Elgin Butter which we guarantee to be sweet and fine.

THE LADUE CO.

IF YOU BUY IT OF LADUE CO. IT'S GOOD.

Pure Drugs Patent Preps Toilet Articles

Reid & Co.

Miners' Drug Store - Front Street

Hotel McDonald

THE ONLY FIRST-CLASS HOTEL IN DAWSON.

JOHN O. BOZORTH, Manager

Orr & Tukey FREIGHTERS

ON AND AFTER MAY 6 DAILY STAGE TO AND FROM GRAND FORKS Leaving each place at 8 a. m. & 3 p. m.

Office - A. C. Co. Building

The O'Brien Club

Refitted and Handsomely Furnished

A First Class Bar Is Run in Connection for Members.

Marshbank & Murray

FREE TO OUR PATRONS PRIVATE TELEPHONE

Now in operation for the use of the public. The only place in Dawson where you can talk over the wire in absolute privacy. Nothing too good for us.

THE PIONEER

GEORGE BUTLER, PROPRIETOR

First Avenue, Near Second St.

Dog Muzzles

We manufacture muzzles on the spot. Made of Leather, Wire or Band Steel and complying fully with the ordinance and Made to Fit.

McLennan, McFeely & Co., Limited

THE CALL JACK BOX

Will be Made by the Law of Canada Tonight as May Gives Place to June

WHEN ALL GAMES WILL BE CLOSED

To Remain Inactive for All Time to Come.

UNLESS ORDER IS RESCINDED

Girls May Dance But Must Not Drink

The Problem Which Father Time Will Solve.

At 12 o'clock tonight the law will say "Jack box" and from that time until transported to a more congenial climate the deal box will be allowed to cool and grow rust and whiskers; the little ball that has been wont to go around will drop either on odd, even, single or double O and there it will rest ad infinitum; the last "hit me and take it" will die away like a death wail and 7 and 11 will come no more to the grunt of the testive con. Tonight at 12 o'clock all gambling devices in the Yukon territory go out of business according to an order telegraphed from Ottawa on the 26th of last February and enforced by the police.

Major Wood was seen this morning and when asked regarding the matter said: "All games must close tonight and remain closed. No special notice has or will be given. The gamblers know the nature of the order and they will observe it."

When asked about dancing at the theaters Major Wood said that the simple act of dancing will not be interfered with, but that the recently passed ordinance regarding drinking in boxes by either men or women and of women drinking at bars or soliciting drinks at any time or place will be rigidly enforced and its infractions severely punished.

Around town there appears to be a general feeling that the order will be accepted and respected with becoming grace. Today all games are running without any evidence of the fact that their hours are numbered, but in the same easy manner they have always been conducted and with nothing to indicate but that they were running on the 99 years' lease system.

While a number of the professional gamblers will go down the river and probably scatter along from Eagle to Teller City, many of them will go up the river and on to Seattle, where the gamblers lately scored a signal victory over the purity league, the town now being run on a wide open basis, and as Seattle is on the crest of the wave of prosperity it is consequently a broad field for gamblers and those who endeavor to live by their wits.

General opinion as to the effect the closing of games in Dawson will have on business is much divided. Some assert that the effect will be ruinous while others say legitimate business will be benefited. The majority of business men do not apprehend any bad results, but on the contrary many of them express the belief that the material business interests of Dawson and the district will be advanced by the suspension of gambling. However, time will solve this problem as it does all others, and time will begin the solution tonight at 12 o'clock.

Closing out sale of trimmed millinery at J. P. McLennan's.

Latest Kodak finishing at Goetzman's.

Photo supplies reduced at Goetzman's.

WORTHY OF HIS HIRE

But Many Is the Laborer Who Has Hard Work to Get It.

Labor cases are piling up on the police court docket to such an extent as to almost discourage the man who is disposed to "earn his bread by the sweat of his face." Many men ship on scows from the upper river. They do so without an explicit understanding of what they are to receive, further than that something is said about "going wages." When they reach Dawson there is usually trouble about pay and the aid of the police court is enlisted. As a rule both parties are dissatisfied with the result.

In Magistrate Wroughton's court this morning William McKinney, an engineer, brought suit against Havercourt, Hammond and McLaughlin for \$264 due for labor performed. McLaughlin had hired the man and signed the firm name to his time check when McKinney quit work. This morning McLaughlin said he was not nor had he ever been a member of the firm. No one denied but that the money was due McKinney but the claim on which the labor was performed, 38 Gold Run, owned by Rutledge and Davis, had proved a blank and the machinery had been moved off. After hearing considerable evidence the case was continued until tomorrow morning. A few other labor cases will come up for hearing today.

MANILA BATTLE

Monument to be Erected in Memory of the Great Victory.

San Francisco, May 10.—The navy monument committee has adopted a design for the memorial of Dewey's great victory on Manila bay to be erected in Union Square. The elaborately planned design, the score of models and designs have all gone for nothing—none of them has been accepted.

In view of an original and striking monument, the committee has contented itself with a design little removed from the commonplace, either from an architectural or a sculptural point of view. Accompanying the statement of the committee is a list of subscriptions totaling \$30,346 and the surprising announcement that to carry out the accepted design \$45,000 will be required. The contract has been let to Newton L. Sharp, architect, and Robert I. Alken, sculptor.

Patterned after the Trafalgar Square monument in London, this one has none of the latter's dignity. In place of Landseer's noble lions there are four curled up bears clustered about the base of a tall column. The shaft has a floriate capital and above it is a lady blowing her own horn and holding a trident.

The City Hall has a French cook holding aloft a spoon, the Phelan fountain has a lady holding aloft a cook-book, and now the Union Square monument lady is to hold aloft a fork. All these figures are for some inscrutable reason intended to represent "Victory."

A letter has been addressed to the chairman of the citizens' committee on presidential reception asking him to arrange so that President McKinley may break ground for the monument. The contracts are to be let at once.

Wreck From Sea.

Another vessel has found a resting place as a total wreck on the rocky beaches of the Queen Charlotte islands. The steamer Tees, which arrived at Vancouver from northern ports shortly before the Amur sailed for Skagway, brought news that the Indians reported the wreck of a three-masted bark on the northern shore of the northernmost of Queen Charlotte islands, near the entrance of Reynolds sound.

The Indians said it was a wooden ship, and all three of her masts had been broken off within 20 feet of the deck. No person was aboard of her. She came drifting in from the west about ten days ago, and the Indians at once came down to inform Rev. Mr. Freeman, the missionary, and he left to investigate.—Skagway News.

Wanted.

Good, live solicitor; good money. Apply at Goetzman's.

Dick Case and Donovan meet tonight in a ten-round go at the Savoy. Admission \$1.

Rubber gloves for slicing. Cribbs & Rogers.

Perinet E. Fils Extra Sec Champagne, \$3. Regina Club hotel.

Try Allman's scrub baths.

HOUSE OF COMMONS

Was Scene of Sensation When Balfour Made the Remarkable Statement

THAT LAST LIBERAL ADMINISTRATION

Had Allowed Small Arms Ammunition to Run Law

THROUGHOUT GREAT BRITAIN

Liberal Papers Take Up Statement and Make Scathing Comments on Chamberlain's Regime.

London, May 16.—In winding up the debate on the army bill in the house of commons today, A. J. Balfour, the government leader, denied that there was any large body hostile to the scheme of Mr. Broderick, the secretary of state for war. Mr. Balfour contended that it would be impossible to get unanimity among the soldiers on any scheme of reform, and said that the objections to the proposed scheme were fantastic and groundless. He says talks made upon this bill were from several sides, and inconsistent with each other, and it would be a crime against the future to allow this opportunity to pass and popular enthusiasm to die out after the experiences of the last two years.

The amendment of Sir Henry Campbell Bannerman, the Liberal leader, in which he said the proposition largely increased the existing burdens without adding substantially to the military strength of Great Britain, and asked for figures and definite statements, was rejected by a vote of 327 to 211.

Mr. Broderick's scheme was then adopted by a vote of 305 to 153.

In the course of his speech Mr. Balfour made the sensational statement that at one moment toward the end of 1899 there were in Great Britain only 3300 rounds of small arms ammunition, with no reserve of artillery ammunition except what was actually with the guns retained at home.

Mr. Balfour made the revelation in an attempt to fasten on the Liberals negligence in the matter of military supplies, pointing out that the last Liberal government went out of office as a result of the Conservative revealing the insufficient supply of small arms ammunition, which was then 92,000,000 rounds, instead of 146,000,000, which the officials regarded as the normal reserve. He declared that the Conservative government had raised this reserve to 170,000,000 rounds before the war broke out.

With reference to the dark periods of the war, Mr. Balfour said: "I went through that period, and, so far as I am concerned, I never mean to go through a like period nor to throw upon my successor the risk of such a strain."

The Liberal paper's seizure upon Mr. Balfour's sensational statement in the house, referring to it as an "amazing indiscretion." The Daily News says: "This shows how near to ruin Mr. Chamberlain and his colleagues brought the country."

"To such light-hearted gentlemen," explains the Daily Chronicle, "are the interests of a great empire committed." The government's immense majority for Mr. Broderick's scheme is not regarded as representing the opinion of the house of commons. There was no cross-voting, but Winston Churchill and a few other Unionists abstained from voting. The debate had an artificial character, the government having made the question one of confidence. Many opponents of the scheme voted for it, and even the government organs are inclined to express dissatisfaction. It is understood that the scheme will be considerably modified in the subsequent discussion.

Attention, Eagles.

The F. O. E., of Dawson will hold an open social session Sunday night, June 2, 1901, at 9 o'clock. All Eagles, visiting members and their friends are cordially invited to attend. A good program has been arranged and an enjoyable evening is expected.

Best mixed drinks to town—Sideboard. Try Allman's sanitarium bath.

IMMERSED IN YUKON

Two Men Thrown From Canoe Last Evening.

Two men while attempting to pole around the point just below steamboat slough in a canoe last night about 8 o'clock were upset by the strong current and given a bath in the icy waters of the Yukon. It is said that the current at that point is one of the strongest in the entire length of the river and especially at this season of the year when the water is so high. One party who poled up the river last Sunday in a canoe said he encountered a very strong current there and also a fall in the water at that point of nearly a foot, which unless it was known and a careful watch kept of it would tip a boat over in a second.

The men were going to some camp up the river and had a bundle of blankets and a few other things in the canoe. They were near the shore when the canoe capsized so that they easily got out of the water, and with the exception of a cold bath they are none the worse for their adventure as their canoe and blankets were picked up by the Marjorie and restored to the owners when they reached West Dawson.

COMING AND GOING.

The Yukon river fell several inches last night.

Wm. Sutherland and Mr. Gilbert of Dominion are guests at the Regina today.

A large consignment of mail arrived from Whitehorse in a canoe this morning.

The steamer Victorian which will be the first boat out to carry mail will not leave probably for a couple of days as she is not off of the ways yet.

Mr. and Mrs. A. I. Hall, of 16 Eldorado, John Patterson, John J. Donovan and H. W. Abbott of Whitehorse are stopping at the McDonald hotel.

Mrs. M. R. West is erecting a store on Second avenue where the Colorado barber shop stood. Work of cleaning the lot preparatory to erecting a new building was begun yesterday.

The foundation work on T. G. Wilson's large brick block on Third avenue has commenced, a number of men being employed excavating and laying the foundation which will be of stone which was hauled last winter.

Yesterday afternoon the residents of the Dome and surrounding country were treated to a regular old-fashioned Kansas thunder storm which lasted for several hours. It rained, snowed, hailed, thundered and lightened all at the same time, but having spent its fury the storm passed over without doing any injury.

W. M. Heron, of the A. C. Co., returned this morning from Gold Run. He reports the mines backward this season in cleaning up owing to the unusual cold experienced on all the creeks. While coming across the Dome yesterday morning the road had a thick coating of ice upon it. There has been but two nights this season when the thermometer has not reached the freezing mark on Dominion.

Are Still Owners.

The many friends of Raymond & Julian of the Northern hotel at Grand Forks, will be pleased to know that the statement of the sale of that property was an error. Messrs. Raymond and Julian are still the owners with Mr. Harwood as manager.

The Seam in the Towel.

"Talk against the seamy side of things!" said the girl in the bedraggled blue hat to the girl in the shabby black satin skirt on the elevated yesterday. "I don't know what we typewriters would do without the seamy side of an office roller towel. It's the one spot likely to be clean at the end of a hard day's handwashing. I admit that there are more satisfying things to wipe one's hands on than seams, but I'd rather have a clean seam than a soiled seam any day. To use the seam, too, is almost like having a private individual towel all of your own. Everybody save the initiated few avoids the seam of a towel. I often wonder whether all seamy sides, if duly investigated, might not prove to have equal advantages."—Ez.

Black tulle silk at J. P. McLennan's.

Kodak tripod; \$3.50 Goetzman's.

GOING OUT?

THEN YOU WILL NEED
A Trunk, Valise, Hand Bag, Telescope Box, Steamer Shawl or Steamer Chair, or, perhaps something in Wearing Apparel.

COME AND SEE US
And we will Fit You Out for a Comfortable Trip . . .

Ames Mercantile Co.

WAS BY ERROR

That Description of Hillside Claims on Hunker Now in Litigation

WAS CHANGED IN THE RECORD BOOKS

But Only That Description Might be More Accurate.

BEFORE COURT THIS MORNING

Chief Clerk Pattullo of Gold Commissioner's Office Explains Record of Claims.

In the motion for a continuation of the injunction brought by E. Lewis against Andy et al., which was heard before Justice Dugas this morning Mr. Pattullo, chief clerk in the gold commissioner's office was put on the stand to testify as to entries in the record books of the commissioner's office concerning the description of the boundaries of the Petz and Korkora claims on the third tier opposite 35 below on Hunker.

Mr. Pattullo stated that the Petz claim was originally staked by Petz on the 15th of December, 1897, but not being represented the grant expired on the 15th of December, 1898. The claim remained vacant until the 22d of March, 1901, when it was given to E. Lewis for compensation.

The defendant's claim known as the Korkora claim had been staked on the 3th of June, 1898, and was described as a bench opposite the left limit of 35 below on Hunker.

When asked by the court to explain the changes made in the record books Mr. Pattullo said:

"A mistake in posting the book had been made and to make the record correspond to the entry in the original the change had been made by crossing out the figure 4 and substituting the figure 5."

When asked concerning the addition to the record Mr. Pattullo said that in every instance when a claim became forfeited the description of the claim was left blank until the claim was re-located when the description was made complete in the records which was the case when the grant was issued to Lewis.

Mr. Noel asked him if he had brought the compensation file to which he replied that he had not. Speaking to the court he said that the file was not a matter of public record and contained many things of private interests alone such as his lordship would receive from the minister of justice.

He stated that Mr. Moreau, one of the defendants, had requested permission to examine the compensation file which request he had refused; afterwards Mr. Noel with Mr. Moreau had again asked to see the file and he had asked the gold commissioner if it should be allowed and the commissioner had replied "Most certainly not."

The question as to whether the files are a matter of public record was not decided.

The boundaries of the claims were then taken up and the records were carefully examined. As the surveyors had disagreed on the boundaries of the claims and filed affidavits which were entirely contradictory, the court decided to appoint a surveyor to survey the ground and make a report. In the meantime on a motion by the defendants attorney the injunction is suspended and the work is allowed to go on the defendants working the claim and depositing the proceeds after the expenses have been paid with the court.