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THE FRENCH REPORT STEADY PROGRESS

French Official Via St. Pierre

Belgians Cross the Yser Canal—Germans Suffer Heavy Losses—German Columns Annihilated—French Capture Lines of Trenches—Look a Cemetery and Some Corpses—Some Dardanelles Stories

Paris, via St. Pierre, May 12.—North of Dixmude the Belgian troops, who had succeeded in throwing a bridge across the right banks of the Yser, were fiercely attacked on Monday night by three German battalions, but the Belgians repulsed the latter and inflicted on them heavy losses, capturing fifty prisoners. Another Belgian division gained ground south of Dixmude.

East of Ypres the British troops were again attacked, the enemy using asphyxiating gases. The British allowed the asphyxiating cloud to pass over, being sheltered by masks recently adopted. They then opened fire on the enemy from machine guns and rifles at close range, completely annihilating the German columns which were advancing in closely formed ranks.

Our success north of Arras was extended to-day. During extremely fierce fighting opposite Loos, and after a desperate struggle and in spite of three counter-attacks, we captured a large German defence work and an entire system of trenches at Cheval on the Loos-Vermilles Road. Further south we have taken by storm the Grand Fort and the Chapel of Notre Dame de Lorette. This position, strongly defended for many months by the Germans who had converted it into a regular fortress, was overwhelmed, surrounded and captured by our troops this afternoon. Without stopping we pushed vigorously forward, "throwing the enemy back between the Chapel of Notre Dame and Ablain St. Azaire. All the trenches south of the Chapel fell one after the other in our hands, and in them we found several hundred corpses.

The Germans debouching from Ablain then counter-attacked, but their counter-attack was completely smashed, and we immediately assumed the offensive and progressed in the direction of Souchez sugar refinery. At Carency the surrounding of the German positions was pushed forward, and we captured several plots of houses in the eastern part of the village, taking fifty prisoners, including an officer. We also progressed towards the woods to the east of the village. The enemy's communications between Carency and Ablain Souchez are growing gradually precarious. After a fierce struggle we captured the cemetery at Neuville St. Vaast, which was strongly fortified by the Germans. We then progressed south-east of this village, which we are overwhelming westward and eastward.

In sector Loos-Arras where on Sunday we captured three lines of German trenches, fighting is now taking place on the fourth line. Prisoners of which the number is continually increasing, declare that orders were given to hold at any cost the Chapel and Fort of Notre Dame de Lorette. On the remainder of the front there is nothing to report apart from artillery contests.

In the Dardanelles during May 8th, the Franco-British troops operating in the south of the Gallipoli Peninsula, with the help of the guns of the allied fleets, launched a general attack against the Turkish positions, which was partially destroyed on the previous day. Our troops, who are in remarkably good condition, captured at the point of the bayonet several lines of trenches in the neighbourhood of Krithia, strengthening and consolidating the same. The Turks did not counter-attack.

Evacuated-railways are a feature of Berlin. Every compartment is marked, there being a special carriage for those who have dogs, for those who have bundles, for women alone, for smokers, and for non-smokers.

Capture Four Thousand Prisoners --- Three German Attacks Halted Near Berrie au Bac

Paris, May 12.—The following official communication was issued to-night:—"Fighting north of Arras continues with violence. During last night the enemy, reinforced, delivered several counter-attacks, which were without result. In that direction against Neuville St. Vaast our opponents suffered heavy losses. We found in one cemetery alone more than 200 bodies. We took 100 prisoners. A second attack between Carency and Ablain was likewise repulsed. A third from the direction of Ablain was also checked. "This morning we made progress in the wood east of Carency, taking 125 prisoners. Progress continued this afternoon. We have taken three lines

of trenches bordering on the wood north of Carency, after which we penetrated the wood, threatening very closely the last line of communication which remains open to the defenders of that position. Finally we have taken a new part of the village, capturing three or four hundred prisoners. In the afternoon we attacked that section of Neuville St. Vaast which the enemy still holds. Fighting in the streets gave us the mastery of several groups of houses. The total number of prisoners made by us since Sunday reached this evening 4,000. On the rest of the front we brought to a sudden halt by our fire, three German attacks near Berrie au Bac, Beausejour and Marie Bagatelle.

THE UNITED STATES DEMANDS REDRESS

President Wilson Sends Note to German Government—Ex-President Taft Expresses Confidence in Wilson

Washington, May 12.—The following statement in connection with the Lusitania was made public at the White House to-day:—"After conference with the President the course of the President has been determined. It will be announced just as soon as it is proper to publish the Note now in preparation. Washington, May 12.—Wilson to-day received a letter from former President Taft, expressing confidence in his ability to handle the situation growing out of the sinking of the Lusitania. The President has written a reply to Taft, thanking him warmly.

Washington, May 12.—The United States Government in a Note to Germany, to-day, formally demands of the German Government a strict accounting for the loss of American lives in the sinking of the Lusitania, and for violation of American rights in the war zone. It also asks guarantees that there will be no repetition of such events or practices, with a plain intimation in it that the United States is prepared to meet any eventuality that may arise from non-compliance. The communication, phrased in unmistakably emphatic language, was prepared to be delivered to Berlin by nightfall.

Manitoba Cabinet Tenders Resignation

Winnipeg, May 12.—Premier Roblin with his colleagues has tendered the resignation of his Cabinet, this morning. Lieut-Governor Sir Douglas Cameron has summoned Mr. Norris, the Leader of the Opposition, to form an Administration, and he has accepted.

The Zeppelin Boo-Man Coming

London, May 12.—American residents of Berlin who had planned trips to London, have been warned by high officials, against going to Britain during the coming fortnight, as important Zeppelin raids are planned, according to a Rotterdam despatch to the Mail. German officials are said to have explained that the recent Zeppelin raids upon Britain were a mere reconnaissance to test the strength of the British aerial defences.

Paints, Wall Colors, &c. Just received per Graciana: 25 Tons English PAINT and COLORS comprising FLAG BRAND READY MIXED PAINT in 1 pound, gallon, 1/2 gallon, 1/4 gallon tins. CARSON'S PURE WHITE PAINT in gallons, halves and quarts. CARSON'S COVERINE, CARSON'S WHITE ENAMEL, KARSONITE—"The perfect White Distemper." MURALINE Wall Colors, in all tints. LONDON, Copal, Oak, Furniture and Carriage Varnish, also Cement and Whitening. G. KNOWLING

SERIOUS RIOTING IN MANY TOWNS

London, May 13.—Anti-German demonstrations have virtually ceased at Liverpool and Manchester. Last night 200 shops were damaged in Liverpool during the disturbance; rioting in Glasgow has not been serious, although feeling runs high. At Newcastle and Gateshead many German shops were attacked. A movement for ceasing to sell goods to Germans is spreading to many towns.

Expressing First Laws of Physics

Germans Fly From Italy—Italians Fly Towards Home—Hutual Interchange—Traffic Handlers Doing Good Business

London, May 12.—"The Evening News" has received a despatch from Lugano, Switzerland, not far from the Italian frontier, saying that scenes of indescribable panic are occurring on the border, several thousand Austrians are waiting for trains to take them back to Italy. At Udine, in north-eastern Italy, the Mayor of the city is providing temporary accommodations for the increased population. Italian steamers are bringing from Zara, Dalmatia, hundreds of Austro-Italians, who are fearful of reprisals at the hands of the Austrians.

General French Reports No Change

Germans Receive Minor Repulses East of Ypres, South of Menin Road

London, May 12.—An official communication, giving the report of Field Marshal French, dated May 12, was issued to-night:—"East of Ypres last night we repulsed another German attack south of Menin road. This was the third failure experienced by the Germans in this place yesterday. Elsewhere along the front there is no change in the situation."

TO ABOLISH HORSE RACING

London, May, 13th.—A movement looking to the abolition of all horse racing until the end of the war, has been started privately in the Commons.

The East Attempts Incite the West

Under Guise of Sympathy the Jap Stimulates Indignation Which he Does Not Feel—Wants to see U.S. Embroiled

Tokio, May 12.—The Japanese Government has sent Great Britain and the United States messages of sympathy upon the loss of life in the Lusitania disaster. The Press of the country is bitterly arraigning Germany for the sinking of the ship. The Asahi Shimbun characterizes it as a massacre of innocents, certain to excite the righteous indignation of the Americans. Other papers declare that the time has come to remove forever the German menace.

And also Constantinople

Geneva, May 12.—The Journal de Geneve has received a despatch from Salonika, saying that many persons were killed or injured in the course of riots at Constantinople. Mobs, numbering thousands, the newspaper says, pillaged the principal shops and hotels. The Sultan's guards have been called out.

There was a clean docket at the Magistrate's Court to-day, but quite a number of boys are summoned for the reckless use of air guns.

London Witnesses Scenes of Violence

The Crowds See Red, and Commit Assaults Upon German Residents

London, May 12.—Anti-German riots in the East End of London were renewed this morning, with even greater violence than those of yesterday. Wherever a German showed, he was attacked. The police forces, which have been so thinned by drafts sent to the Army, had a difficulty in dealing with the angry crowds. Special constables had to be called out. A number of German establishments were raided and sacked and their contents scattered over the streets. The Germans themselves were forced to go into hiding. The police in some cases were defied by the angry crowds, and some officers were injured during their endeavours to protect the Germans. The furniture and fittings of the German houses and stores were hurled through windows to the streets. When the proprietors were caught they were severely mauled, and in some cases their clothes were torn from their backs. One German was thrown into a horse trough, with the reminder that his compatriots had been spending their time drowning women and children. He was only saved from a similar fate by the intervention of the police. There were several instances of German butchers trying to escape in their carts. They went racing down the streets at mad speed, but in most cases ultimately were run down. A number of Russian Jews were flocking this morning to police stations in the East End pleading for protection, explaining that they were being mistaken for Germans. Reports are reaching the police that a private house, belonging to wealthy Germans in the fashionable West End, is liable to be burned. The troops are in readiness to assist the police, if necessary.

Allied Fleet Enters Dardanelles

Bombardment Causing Heavy Losses Among the Turks

Paris, May 13.—A Havas despatch from Athens says an Allied fleet re-entered the Dardanelles last night and bombarded the forts at Kalid Bahr, Chanala Kalesi and Nagara. The bombardment was interrupted at eight o'clock, but was resumed three hours later, and is being continued, although the Turks have been strongly reinforced. Bombardment from the Allied warships is causing them heavy losses and they are steadily losing ground. The Turkish trenches are filled with bodies.

Details of French Successes North of Arras

Paris, May 13 (official).—Eyewitnesses with the French army sends these supplementary details of French successes at Carency and Neuville, north of Arras. More than 3,000 prisoners including 40 officers have been taken in this region since Sunday. The village of Carency is a heap of ruins, but these have been strongly fortified, rendering fighting extremely difficult. The heights above the town are commanded by the road leading from Giveny to Bethune.

Segregation and Detention Camps Recommended

Progressive Violence of Enraged Populace Impels British Cabinet to Take Measures for Protection of Foreign Born Residents

London, May 12.—Lord Charles Bessford and Mr. Wm. Hicks presented separate petitions to the Commons to-day asking the House for a decree of interment of all male alien enemies of military age, and the removal of other alien enemies to places thirty miles or more from London. The petition bore four thousand signatures. Premier Asquith stated to-day that the Cabinet was alive to the fact of the progressive violation of the rules of civilized warfare, and of humanity by the enemy, culminating in the sinking of the Lusitania, and that the feelings, thus aroused, had made it necessary to look beyond military considerations. The Government was carefully considering the practicability of the segregation and interment of alien enemies on a more comprehensive scale. The Premier added that he hoped to make a more definite statement to-morrow. It would be difficult to find a parallel for the feeling of righteous indignation aroused in all classes of this country, he said. One result of this, unhappily, is, that innocent and unoffending persons are in danger of being made to pay the penalty for the crimes of others. From a military point of view, steps already taken in the matter of interment have proved adequate for the purposes in view, namely, to provide for the safety of the country and to prevent illicit communication between alien enemies here and their governments abroad. Everything hitherto done in the way of interment has been done on the responsibility of the War Office and Admiralty. Police registration and supervision is fully enforced in the case of all alien enemies not interned.

Botha's Success In South Africa

London, May 13.—An official statement made public at Capetown and received by the Reuter Company, says that Windhoek, the capital of German South-West Africa was captured yesterday without resistance by the forces under General Botha. Botha's troops took a considerable quantity of railway rolling stock. Martial law has been proclaimed throughout the conquered territory.

Will Not Intern Alien Enemies

British Government Will Adopt No New Measures

London, May 13.—It is not exactly even now that the Government will take the bold course of interning every male alien enemy of military age says "The Times," which declares the cases will be considered on their merits. It is understood no new measures be taken against naturalized Germans and Austrians. "The Times" publishes the names of a considerable number of prominent Germans who have written to express their abhorrence of German methods of warfare and their devotion to the land of their adoption.

First She Will And Then She Went

The Very Latest From Cey Italy—The Dove of Peace Gets Hard Time Trying to Find a Roost

Udine, Italy, May 13.—Every preparation has been made for the proclamation of a state of siege in all the Austrian territory which borders Italy. Ittarians, whose homes are in Austria, already have fled for safety across the frontier in great numbers. It is estimated that forty thousand have left Trieste alone, while the total will aggregate 120,000. Large contingents of Austrian troops are constantly arriving at Trieste and points in Gorz and Gradisca. It is asserted in military circles here that the Austrians have been quietly gathering this new army for possible operations against Italy. Potsdamer Platz, one of Berlin's widest and busiest thoroughfares, is so wide that most people travel from one side to the other by taking the underground railway.

British and French Official Reports

London, May 12 (official).—General French reports that the Germans attacked east of Ypres, after a very heavy bombardment, using poisonous gases. The attack failed, our shrapnel mowing down the enemy in massed formation. The Russian Government report further retirement in Galicia.—HARCOURT.

Telegraphic Nonsense

Geneva, May 12.—The Austrian Government has issued an order that all Austrian ships in Italian waters shall proceed at once to Trieste or Pola. Rome, May 12.—What is considered the last definite proposal of Austria, concerning the territorial concessions demanded by Italy, was received to-day by the Italian Government. The Cabinet at once went into session to consider the communication. Mr. Geo. Pepper, of Bay Roberts, arrived this morning by the Shore train on a short business trip.

WEATHER REPORT

Toronto (noon).—Moderate winds, mild and showery to-day. Friday strong north westerly winds and showery. Cape Race (noon).—Wind north West, light, fine and clear; a three masted schooner passed in early this morning. Roper's (noon).—Bar. 29.30; ther. 56.