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HOME RULE QUESTION UP IN BRITISH HOUSE

Irish Motion Carried by Large Majority in Modified Form

Resolution Adopted That Dublin Parliament Deal With Purely Local Affairs Subject to Imperial Approval--Change Doesn't Suit Nationalists--Mandate of People Necessary First.

London, March 30--The House of Commons today, after a lengthy debate on the question of home rule for Ireland, adopted by a vote of 113 to 157, a resolution moved by John E. Redmond, the Nationalist leader, that "in the opinion of this house, a solution of this problem can only be attained by giving the Irish people legislative and executive control of all purely Irish affairs," after it had been amended by adding the words, "all subject to the supreme authority of the Imperial parliament."

It was known beforehand that the debate could have but an academic interest, because the government already had pledged that there would be no deal in the matter of home rule until it had been given a mandate at the general election. But the debate was made notable through the strong declaration of Chancellor Asquith, which was all the weightier because made at the moment Mr. Asquith was actually assuming the premiership.

DIPLOMATIC SCANDAL LIKELY TO COST AMBASSADOR TOWER HIS HEAD



MRS. DAVID J. HILL and MRS. CHARLEMAGNE TOWER

Washington, March 29--No settlement of the puzzle about Germany's attitude toward Dr. David Jayne Hill is believed possible for several days. The White House today specifically denied a Berlin story to the effect that Emperor William wrote the President a personal letter explaining his objections to Dr. Hill, and later, after publicity had been given the affair, called the President the contents of the letter. The White House statement said:

"We know nothing here of the Emperor having written the president a letter and we believe that such a letter has been written by the emperor for the reason that if he had done so nobody would know it except himself. No statement would have been given out about such a letter in advance of its receipt by the president, and then it would be for the president to take the next step."

The belief in the highest circles here is that although probably the event will prove that there is no objection on the part of Germany to receiving Dr. Hill, the usefulness of the latter is likely to be so much impaired that it will become impossible to send him there.

LAURIER OPPOSED TO PROPOSED REFORMS

Declares Against Purchasing Board for Government Supplies

Admits a Change is Necessary, But Says When a Minister is Responsible for Expenditures He Must Have Control--Foster Shows How It Costs Four Times More for Keep of Men on Cruisers Than Soldiers.

(Special to The Telegraph.) Ottawa, March 30--This was private members day in the House. Mr. Taylor was told that 8,716 Ross rifles were now in the hands of the Canadian militia. Sir Wilfrid Laurier, answering a question, said that twelve warships passed through the St. Lawrence during the past ten years. There were four passed out and eight in. These ships were used for training the navy militia.

Mr. Fisher said that fifty-three claims, amounting to \$238,000, were made against the department for alleged damages or losses in connection with shipments of hay to South Africa during the war. Replying to Mr. Hughes, Mr. Brodeur said that tenders were received for the construction of an ice-breaking steamer and they were now under consideration of the government.

To Dr. Daniel, Sir Wilfrid said that only one tender had been received for leasing the car and workshops at Montreal. No action had been taken yet. Foster Wants Purchasing Commission. Mr. Foster moved that all supplies purchased for departments should be on the basis of public tender and contract, under direction of a competent purchasing commission and with regard to quality and price.

Mr. Foster, in discussing the question from a non-political point of view, said that the service lagged behind and not up-to-date. What was a successful system and method twenty-five years ago was not sufficient to cope with the extended business of the present time. He realized that as soon as modern business methods were to be applied all the old time objections were raised. Those high in authority talked of keeping up their position in a dignified way. He had no sympathy with those who thought that a lavish expenditure of money was necessary to keep up their positions.

HOT ROAST FOR MR. ROOSEVELT BY A HUMORIST FROM TEXAS

Washington, March 30--More shafts of sarcasm and invective were aimed at President Roosevelt in the House of Representatives today. In one of the most scathing attacks of a public officer ever heard in that chamber, Mr. Jack Beall of Texas, charged the President with having been guilty of "a disgusting usurpation of power" not only from the national legislature, but the judiciary as well. Congress, he said, abdicated for him and the judiciary of the country felt the effect of his influence. God and the future alone knew, he declared, just what niche he was to occupy in the temple of his country.

Mr. Beall wound up his references to President Roosevelt in this fashion: "He is the wielder of the 'Big Stick.' When he gets into action, his enemies are in danger and his friends in peril. He is ambidextrous. He wields the sword and the pen, creating equal havoc with both. He is facile in his affections. In the White House code book of 1904 his name was: 'Donation;' in 1908 it was 'Damnation.' He is both a hyphen buster and a trust buster, the difference being that when he breaks a bronco he blindfolds the horse, and when he starts to bust a trust he blindfolds himself. He is a nature student. He has counted the stripes upon the mountain lion, but he has never seen the stripes upon one of the trust magnates. He is a great hunter. He can draw the finest bead upon a 'scobcat,' but can't get a good sight on the Constitution. He is progressive. For years he chased the bears alone; now he chases both 'bills' and 'dears.' He is outdoing. He took 'In God We Trust' off the coins and then confided 2,000,000 of them to the bankers of New York. He is a contradiction. He declaims against race suicide, but insists on keeping his duty on sa'sety pins and baby bugs. He cultivates the artistic. He 'white-

ONTARIO TO GUARANTEE C. N. R. BRANCH BONDS \$20,000 PER MILE

(Special to The Telegraph.) Toronto, March 30--It is understood the provincial government has consented to guarantee the bonds of the Canadian Northern Railway Company for a branch from Sudbury to Moose Mountain, about forty miles in length. The guarantee will be for \$20,000 a mile, making \$800,000.

TWO MEN KILLED BY G. T. R. TRAIN NEAR MONTREAL

(Special to The Telegraph.) Montreal, March 30--A double fatality occurred this evening on the Grand Trunk railway tracks at Blue Bonnets, near the city. While two Roumanians, returning from work, were walking along the track they stepped from one track to another to avoid a train that was on the other track and were instantly killed, their bodies being frightfully mangled.

150 CHINAMEN AT VANCOUVER PAY \$75,000 HEAD TAX

Vancouver, B. C., March 30--Four hundred and fifty Chinamen arrived at Vancouver today on the C. P. R. steamer. Three hundred were returning to Canada, and the others paid the head tax of \$500 each.

FIFTEEN YEARS FOR ONTARIO BURGLAR

Berlin, Ont., March 30--Henry Shaffer, the self-confessed burglar and house breaker, appeared for sentence before Justice Chisholm this morning and received fifteen years in Kingston penitentiary.

TERRIBLE EXPERIENCE OF NORTH SHORE LAD

Thirteen-Year-Old Willie Smith, of Loggieville, Lost in Snowstorm on Miramichi Ice, Found After Three Days and Nights on Uninhabited Island With Hands and Feet Both Frozen--He May Recover.

(Special to The Telegraph.) Chatham, N. B., March 30--Wandering on the broad expanse of the Miramichi river for three days and nights and found on an uninhabited island, miles from his home, with feet and hands frozen, was the terrible experience of Willie Smith, the thirteen year old son of Horatio Smith, of Loggieville. On Saturday young Smith went across the river in company with several other boys to do some fishing. A snowstorm came on and Smith started for his home but lost his way in the storm and wandered down the river. When he did not appear at his home enquiries were made and finally a search was started, but he could not be found. Later on his wanderings of Saturday were traced by his footsteps, but the track was lost and despite earnest efforts no further trace of him could be found. Finally this morning Samuel Breau of Neguac, found the unfortunate lad on Portage Island, where he had been stumbling around in a circle for hours and perhaps days. He was at once taken to a house in Neguac and medical assistance summoned. It was found that his hands and feet were badly frozen, but it is thought he will recover. The boy is now being brought up from Neguac to his home.

FREDERICTON BOARD OF TRADE WANTS ST. JOHN RIVER DREDGED

(Special to The Telegraph.) Fredericton, N. B., March 30--The council of the board of trade held a meeting this evening and discussed several matters of importance. Attention was called to the fact that the arbitrary freight rate against Fredericton is still in force and Secretary Winslow was requested to correspond with the Railway Commission and ask that the matter be investigated. There was also a discussion in regard to having the river dredged so as to provide a fourteen foot channel between St. John and Fredericton, and the secretary was instructed to correspond with the minister of public works on the subject. In regard to lighting the highway bridge over which there has been a strong agitation on foot, it was decided to leave the matter in the hands of the city council.

HALIFAX ANGLICANS WILL INCREASE THEIR GIFTS TO MISSIONS

(Special to The Telegraph.) Halifax, March 30--The men of the Anglican churches of Halifax at a mass meeting tonight decided to increase their gifts for missions from \$5,100 annually to \$12,000. This is a result of the laymen's missionary movement.

TORONTO CHURCH GUTTED BY FIRE

Toronto, March 30--(Special)--A disastrous fire broke out this morning in the organ gallery of St. Joseph's Roman Catholic church, which resulted in the church being completely gutted. The loss is \$20,000.

JAPAN WILL STOP STEALING OF FOREIGN TRADE MARKS

Tokio, March 30--The Japanese government is now fully alive to the urgent necessity of remedying the abuses which at present flourish in connection with the piracy and purely speculative registration of patents and trademarks and conventions between Japan and the United States, and Japan and Great Britain covering patents and trademarks are to be signed shortly. These, it is hoped will do much to remedy a situation that has resulted in undoubted injustice to foreign manufacturers, whose labels have been imitated in this country for the purpose of finding a market for an inferior quality of goods.

It is the custom of Japanese merchants to place on the market, let us say, a bottle of home-made Scotch whisky in bottles bearing a label almost exactly similar to those used by a well known distilling firm with an established reputation. The Japanese label will differ from the label on the Scotch firm in some inconspicuous particulars, discernible only through close comparison. So far as the ignorant Japanese, ignorant of English is concerned, this difference would not excite suspicion and the native consumer purchases the Japanese imitation in the belief that he is getting the imported article. The matter has been taken to the Japanese courts, but with little or no satisfaction or justice to the aggrieved foreigners. Other commodities which seem to be the natural prey of the trademark pirate are table sauces, toilet articles, stationery, cigarettes, etc. One point which cannot be too strongly impressed upon American commercial men is that under Japanese law, priority of registration of a trademark is everything. In other words, any Japanese can imitate any foreign or Japanese trademark in the world, and the patent office will not refuse him registration so long as the forged trademark is not already registered in Japan. The natural result of this provision is that many Japanese find it profitable to register foreign trademarks on their own account on the chance of being able to sometime or other secure money for the surrender of this prior right. Nor can it be doubted that the Chinese markets more particularly, are flooded with Japanese imitations of foreign products, these imitations bearing other frankly pirated trademarks or others legally registered under the conditions above described, and therefore immune from attack. The Japanese authorities, however, are beginning to realize that the present trademark law is defective and that not only foreign but also many Japanese merchants are sufferers from the lax morality which prevails in certain quarters. With reference, for example, to the grand exhibition of 1912, preparations for which are now under way, it was early felt that any suspicion of danger to the patent and trademark rights of foreign exhibitors, would prove fatal to the prospects of the undertaking. A bill providing for the efficient protection of all foreign exhibits has already passed the Diet, and the good faith of the government in promoting this measure cannot be doubted. It is also expected that an early effort would be made to amend the existing patent and trademark law with a view to bringing it into line with English and American law.