POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2034

DON'T FORGET
That the buyers are the persons who read the papers. Use the STAR to sell your goods.

The ★ Star

SECOND EDITION.

WEATHER WARMER

VOL. 7. NO. 117. ST. JOHN, N. B., FRIDAY, JANUARY 25, 1907 ONE CENT.

SARGENT'S GEM

THE MOST SATISFACTORY, DURABLE, EASY RUNNING.

Food Chopper

there is. Chops every kind of food coarse or fine, easily, quickly, uniformly.

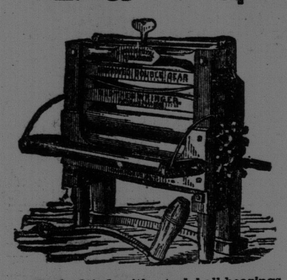
NO KITCHEN IS COMPLETE WITHOUT ONE.

No. 20, Small .... Price $1.25
No. 22, Medium .... Price $1.50
No. 24, Large .... Price $2.00

ALL HAVE FIVE STEEL SELF-SHARPENING CUTTERS.

W. H. THORNE & Co. LTD, Market Square, St John, N.B.

E. & F. Special Wringer.



Guaranteed for Three Years.

This does not mean that this Wringer will only wear that long, but if through accident should any part give out in that time we will make it good.

As a matter of fact, with ordinary care, this specially made wringer will last a life time.

MEDIUM FAMILY SIZE .... $5.00.
EXTRA LARGE ..... $6.00.

Each fitted with steel ball-bearings—these make the turning easy—the work can be done with one-half the usual labor.

EMERSON & FISHER Ltd., 25 Germain St.

Read This!

One only, Lady's Fur Lined Coat, Mink Collar and Revers, Brown Box Cloth Covering, Muskrat Lining.

Regular Price $85.00. Now, $65.00

2 only, Sable Collars and Revers, Hampster Lined, Blue and Black Coverings.

Regular Price $65.00. Now, $50.00

IS NOT THIS A SNAP?

F. S. THOMAS, Dufferin Block, 539 Main St., N. E.

Annual Clearance Sale

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF HIGH CLASS CLOTHING for Men, Youths and Boys, now marked at sweeping prices to effect a speedy clearance. Come for bargains.

American Clothing House,
Outfitters to Men, Youths and Boys.
11—15 Charlotte St.

ARRANGING A BANQUET FOR JAMES BRYCE

LONDON, Jan. 24—Field Marshal Earl Roberts has received a cable request from the Pilgrims of New York to arrange a date for banquetting James Bryce, the new ambassador to the United States on his arrival in America. The London Pilgrims are arranging a notable dinner for Mr. Bryce at the Savoy, Feb. 6, which, owing to the recent Jamaica incident promises to develop into an exceptional demonstration of Anglo-American amity. Three cabinet ministers and the Japanese ambassador have already accepted invitations and many other notable persons will be present. Ambassador Reid probably will propose the health of Mr. Bryce and the speeches of the two ambassadors will sound the key-note of the friendly relations between their respective countries.

POPE PIUS WILL NOT HAVE HIS BODY MUTILATED

ROME, Jan. 24.—The preparation for the transportation of the remains of Leo XIII, from St. Peter's to the church of St. John, Lateran, are going on but the actual date for the removal of the body has not been fixed.

There is said to be a difficulty in the matter of procuring a hearse for this purpose. The Vactican has no hearse and it does not wish to have recourse to the city to secure it.

It is reported that Pope Pius will put an end to the traditional custom of extracting the entrails of the deceased pontiffs and preserving them in the parish church of the Quirinal, consequently Leo XIII. will be the last pope to be thus mutilated.

Leave out the adjectives and let the nouns do the fighting.—Ralph Waldo Emerson.

Stores Close at 6 O'clock. St. John, N. B., Jan. 25th. 1907.

Sale of Men's Pants

NOW IN FULL SWING.

We were certainly fortunate in securing this fine lot of Men's Pants at such a bargain and just at the very time when so many men want extra Pants, and the St. John men are fortunate because of our getting them, as it means genuine Bargains for them.

Genuine Snaps in Men's Pants, $1.00 Up

$3.00 and $3.50 Pants for $1.98 and $2.50.

SALE OF OVERCOATS, SUITS, SHIRTS AND UNDERWEAR STILL ON.

J. N. HARVEY, Clothing and Furnishings, 199 to 207 Union St.

SUDDEN DEATH OF ANDREW G. BLAIR AT FREDERICTON THIS EVENING.

Had Just Returned From Ottawa, and on Reaching Mr. Randolph's House Was Seized With a Stroke of Apoplexy, Dying Before Doctors Could Reach Him.

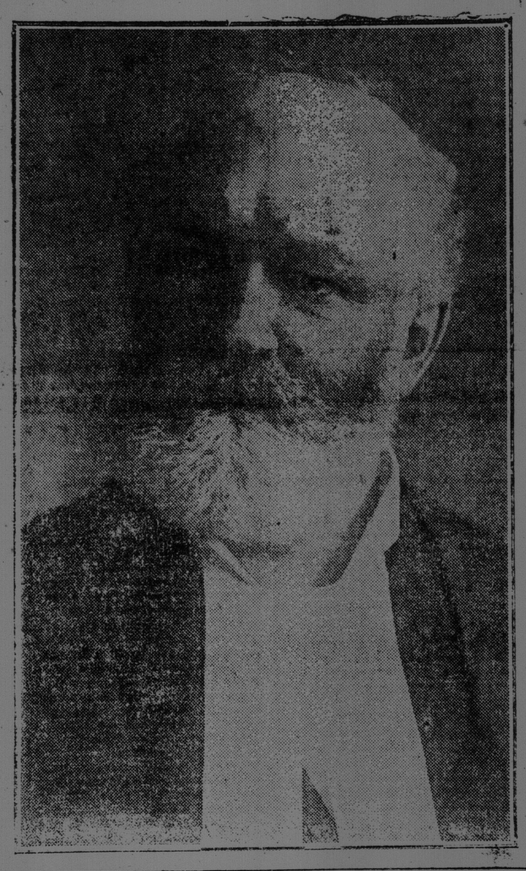
Hon. Andrew G. Blair died very suddenly in Fredericton this evening at 6.15 o'clock. He had arrived in Fredericton this afternoon from Ottawa, and went to the residence of Robert Randolph. He appeared to be in his usual good health upon arrival, but about ten minutes later he complained of feeling unwell.

Dr. Wm. C. Crocket was sent for, but could not respond owing to illness. Dr. McNally was then summoned, but before he had arrived Mr. Blair had passed away. Apoplexy was the cause of death.

The news was received in this city about six thirty o'clock and rapidly spread. Many expressions of regret were hearl on all sides regarding his sudden death, and citizens generally were shocked at the sad and tragic passing of the veteran statesman.

Mr. Blair was in his sixty-third year, having been born in Fredericton on March 7th, 1844. He was of Scotch descent.

After the usual course of study he was called to the bar of New Brunswick in 1866, and in 1878 entered the local legislature as member for York county. He was chosen leader of the opposition in 1879 and in 1883 he became premier, which position he retained until he was called to the Dominion Cabinet in 1896. He held the office of Minister of Railways until 1903 when he resigned on account of a difference of opinion with of the government's railway policy. the government on certain features



INSURANCE PEOPLE DISCLAIM LIABILITY

Report That None of the Jamaica Losses Will be Paid

Causes Consternation — Under Such a Decision the Town Could Never be Rebuilt.

KINGSTON, Ja., Jan. 25.—There is great consternation here as a result of a cablegram from London saying that all the insurance companies disclaim liability for losses incurred as a result of the earthquake and fire. Even the most sangiune say that this precludes the possibility of rebuilding the city.

KINGSTON, Ja., Jan. 25.—A committee of resident Americans of which the United States consul, W. H. Orrett, is chairman and C. S. Chamberlain, secretary, has been formed to solicit the contribution of funds to make good the losses sustained by Americans here in the recent earthquake. It is requested that all remittances be sent to Consul Orrett.

LOCKING THE STABLE AFTER THE HORSE IS STOLEN

Aldermen Favor a Brick Shed for Keeping Oil—No More Smoking at Sand Point.

The question of having a brick storehouse erected where the oil and lanterns may be kept at Sand Point may come up for discussion at this afternoon's meeting. Ald. Tilley, who is a member of the board, has expressed himself as being dissatisfied with the old arrangements.

The jurymen who were on the Nobles inquest recommended when they announced their verdict, that a law be made forbidding all employes at Sand Point to smoke while they were in the vicinity of the sheds. The board will probably consider the advisability of having a brick place erected for the storage of oil, and the matter of having the law regarding smoking at Sand Point carried out, will probably be dealt with by the safety board which meets tomorrow.

Signs have been put up in several conspicuous places in and around the warehouses at Sand Point, which state that persons caught smoking are liable to a fine of twenty dollars. Only a few persons have been reported in several years, and some of the aldermen feel sure that it is not an unusual thing to find a man smoking on the wharves or near the sheds. The matter will be thoroughly discussed, and it is quite probable that a better system will be constituted to have the law carried out.

FOUND GUILTY OF ROBBING A GENEROUS FRIEND

Patrick McNeill Stole $20 From Gus Olsen and May be Given a Long Term.

Two drunks pleaded guilty in the police court this morning, paid four dollars each and thus escaped ten days in jail.

Patrick McNeill, who gives Ireland as his native land was arested in the I. C. R. depot yesterday by Policeman Collins on the charge of stealing $20 from a companion named Gus Olsen. When arrested on the charge he pleaded that he knew nothing of the money but when searched $15 was found in one of his socks and a five dollar bill in his vest pocket. Two other men on the train informed the police that they saw McNeill take the money.

To Magistrate Ritchie this morning the prisoner when asked for an explanation said that he was drunk at the time he took the money and knew nothing about it. Then he said that while on the train Olsen had his ticket and when the conductor came for the tickets he (McNeill) went to Olsen's pocket for the ticket. Olsen was in a drunken sleep and when the ticket was taken from the pocket the $20 accidently came too.

When asked how $15 got in his sock he said it could only slip through a hole in his pocket. When asked by the court to produce the pocket he blushed and acknowledged there was no hole in his pocket but he could not account for having the money. Olsen had paid McNeill's fare from Campbellton to St. John and was robbed for his kindness.

The magistrate remanded McNeill to jail for sentence and told him he was liable to five years imprisonment.

PEASANTS STOUTLY RESIST THE TROOPS

A Serious Collision Between French Soldiers and Civilians

During the Eviction of Clergy From One of the Seminaries—A Marquis Who is Handy With the Umbrella.

VANNES, France, Jan. 25. — There was a fierce collision today between five hundred troops and the populace, led by the Marquis D'Anglade, during the eviction of the seminarists of St, Anne D'Auray. The crowd cried "Long Live the Prussians," and during the fighting many persons were injured on both sides. The Marquis De Cuverville knocked out the eye of a commissary of police with an umbrellt. The Marquis D'Anglade was arr...

JOHNSTOWN, Penn., Jan. 25.—Two children, John MacHak, three years old, and Mary MacHak, five years old, were found suffocated during a fire last night as they lay in bed, while their mother was shopping.

FIVE JURORS SELECTED IN THE THAW MURDER CASE

NEW YORK, Jan. 25—There were five men in the jury box today when the trial of Harry K. Thaw for the killing of Stanford White was resumed before Justice Fitzgerald. Mrs. William Thaw, mother of the defendant, was present at the opening of the morning session having fully recovered from the indisposition which kept her indoors yesterday. She was accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. George L. Carnegie, the two having been preceded some minutes by Mrs. Evelyn Nesbitt Thaw and her constant companion May Mackenzie. The prisoner's wife still wore the plain dark blue suit, trimmed only with velvet cuffs and collar of the same make that she has appeared in on every day of the trial. Today she had discarded her white veil for one of blue chiffon. The effect was to bring out more distinctly the features of her face which appeared unusually pale. The elder Mrs. Thaw was in black. The Countess of Yarmouth did not attend the trial today owing to a slight cold. Edward and Josiah Thaw were early in their seats, the only family absentee other than the Countess, being George the prisoner's brother-in-law. The five jurors selected during the first two days of the trial appear to be men well above the average in intellect. All seem to be in prosperous circumstances. Two of the five are apparently just over 50 years. George Pfaff, hardware dealer, is the youngest, probably not more than 34 years old. Charles H. Fecke, shipping agent, is possibly 40, and Arthur S. Campbell, superintendent of telephone construction, is not more than two years older. The other two jurors are Deming B. Smith, retired manufacturer, the foreman, and Henry Harley, manager of a piano concern. The entire special jury panel is made up of prosperous and substantial looking citizens.

When Harry Thaw entered the court room today he passed his mother's chair and reached over with his right hand and grasped both of hers, which were clasped about a small gilt-leaved book in her lap. She looked up and answered her son's smile.

Mrs. Harry Thaw gave her prisoner-husband an earnest look of greeting and during the examination of the first talesman of the day she assumed her customary attitude, leaning well forward in her heat, eager to catch every answer made to questions put either by District Attorney Jerome or by Clifford W. Hartridge, the leading counsel for the defendant.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 25.—A new world's record in three cushion billiards was established yesterday in a professional contest in which Chas. Noland defeated Jesse Lean by a score of 25 to 14, and averaging 1.40. Noland made a high run of six while Lean's was three.

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 25.—Mrs. Isabella Beecher Hooker, the last of the children of Rev. Lyman Beecher, sister of Henry Ward Beecher and Harriet Beecher Stowe, died at her home here this morning. She was born in Litchfield, Conn., February 22, 1822.

ALGER HAD A POOR OPINION OF McKINLEY

A Nice Man, But He Had No Backbone

The Deceased Senator Had Several Times Offered to Resign From the Cabinet But President Would Not Consent.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 24—The Milwaukee Journal today prints an interview with General Russell A. Alger obtained March 4, 1900, and not to be used until his death, in which he says he three times offered to resign as secretary of war in President McKinley's cabinet because of criticisms, but that President McKinley replied each time that he would quit the presidency first. General Alger said that the resignation was later accepted because the President was "embarrassed" and "annoyed" because of Alger's alleged alliance with Governor Pingree, in a plan to elect Alger to the United States Senate, McMillan having promised to give way to General Alger after his (McMillan's term was up. General Alger said that McKinley lacked backbone.

After telling of the arrangement with Governor Pingree and other Michigan politicians, that he run for the Senate to succeed James McMillan who agreed to withdraw in General Alger's favor at the end of his term, General Alger continues that on his return to Washington he was informed by a newspaper man that President McKinley was annoyed because he (General Alger) had formed with a man hostile to the President (meaning Governor Pingree) an alliance against a firm supporter of the administration (Senator McMillan).

General Alger placed no credence in the report. Later, however, when in New York he received a telegram from Vice President Hobart, asking him to run down to west end, Long Branch. There he was informed by Mr. Hobart that the President was embarrassed because General Alger had formed an alliance with Pingree.

Continuing General Alger said:

"Hobart and I said little or nothing morea bout the matter, but when I returned to Washington I went to the president and asked him why, inasmuch as I had always dealt frankly and directly with him, he had not spoken to me instead of troubling poor Hobart about the matter. I asked the president if I had really embarrassed him.

"'Yes,' he said, 'you have embarrassed me and I am annoyed.'

"I told him that I could readily relieve his embarrassment by resigning from his cabinet.

"'I have not asked you to resign,' he said, 'I shall never ask you to resign.'

"But I wrote out my resignation and sent it to the president. In the meantime McMillan had announced his candidacy for re-election to the senate, a most dishonorable thing to do in view of his promise to me and many others. Before I had resigned as secretary of war, even before I had seen the president regarding Hobart's massage to me, I had decided, in order to prevent a fight among the Republicans of Michigan (a fight I should have won, however) to withdraw as a candidate for the senate. I did not tell the president so. The option he meant to give me, you see, was to abandon the fight against McMillan, in order to save my place in the cabinet. I resigned as secretary of war and in a few days I received from the president has written acceptance of my resignation. Then I went to the president and I told him that when I had accepted a place in his cabinet I had not surrendered my citizenship."

General Alger said he told the president that McMillan was strongly in favor of Reed for president when McKinley was seeking the nomination."

The Journal correspondent asked for an estimate of McKinley's character.

"I cannot give that to you," General Alger replied. Then he added: "He hay many lovable qualities, but he lacks backbone, and nothing can make up for the lack of backbone."

The Journal in explanation of how it obtained the interview, says:—

"Soon after General Alger retired from President McKinley's cabinet it was announced that he was writing a history of the Spanish war. A statesman of national reputation, knowing that General Alger was writing this history, asked the Journal to obtain and publish the General's version of his management of the war with Spain. Henry C. Campbell, then and now managing editor of the Journal, was assigned the duty of interviewing Mr. Alger.

"An appointment was made by telegraph, and on March 4, 1900, in the General's home in Detroit, the former Minister of War gave his version of his retirement from McKinley's cabinet. After going over the details of the war from his point of view, the correspondent asked General Alger just what had been the cause of his retirement from the cabinet.

"I will tell you," he said, "but you must promise me not to publish while I am alive, a word of what I say."

"This promise was given and kept."

WANTED.—A Cook. Apply to MRS. J. D. HAZEN, Hazen street.