To the Trade

October 28th.

Stock
fully assorted
in
Grey,
Brown,
Blue,
Black
and
Mixture

Overcoatings.
Filling Letter Orders a specialty.

JOHN MACDONALD & CO.
Wellington and Front Streets East, TORONTO.

WIRE TO GIRDLE THE GLOBE

Last Link in All-British Cable Will Be Completed This Week.

THEN MESSAGES AROUND EARTH

Expected That the Anglia Will Arrive at Fanning Island November 1.

Honolulu, Hawaii, Oct. 27.—To the cable laying steamship Anglia will belong the distinction of completing the prophetic girdle of the globe. The Anglia left Honolulu three days ago for Fanning Island for the purpose of taking up the cable laying work left off by the Colonia and completing the last link in a system of cables which will extend wire communication around the circumference of the globe.

The Colonia on Oct. 6 completed her work of laying the longest section of marine cable in the world. Starting from Bamfield Creek station, on Vancouver Island, Sept. 18, she laid 3345 knots of ocean cable without the slightest hitch or delay. F. R. Lucas, the cable engineer in charge of the work for the Telegraph Construction and Maintenance Company of London, buoyed the end of the cable in 475 fathoms of water within a mile of Fanning Island.

Altho the work ashore at Fanning Island had been going on for weeks before the actual laying of the cable was begun, the cable station house was not ready for the cable at the time of Mr. Lucas' visit. The residents of Fanning Island are eagerly awaiting the installation of the cable. The advent of the line will be the occasion of a general holiday and demonstration thruout the place.

From Fanning Island the Colonia came to Honolulu, bringing cablegrams. The experience of receiving cable news was decidedly startling. The newspaper printed all of the cablegrams, insignificant as some of the news was, in large type. Mr. Lucas stated that the company was considering the advisability of extending the cable from Fanning Island to Honolulu. No decision in the matter had been received, however.

At Honolulu, Mr. Lucas found the cableship Anglia awaiting the arrival of the Colonia. He transferred his entire staff to the Anglia. The Anglia will carry the cable to the landing station on Fanning Island, and from Fanning Island will lay the final link to Fiji, a distance of about two thousand one hundred knots, completing the work before Nov. 1. The line has already been extended from Australia to Suva, Fiji, and all that now remains to complete the earth's girdle is the link between Fanning Island and Fiji.

LOCAL TOPICS.

Miss Violet Monk, daughter of G. W. Monk, ex-M.L.A. for Carleton, died yesterday at South March after an illness of but four days' duration. Deceased was 25 years of age, and was well known in this city.

George Strong, a pedlar living on St. Clair-avenue, was thrown from his rig at Melinda and Jordan-streets yesterday. He was taken to the Emergency Hospital, where some wounds on his face and hands were dressed.

Joseph Gaynor, 68 Louisa-street, is under arrest on a charge of disorderly conduct. It is said that he knocked down Thomas H. Coates of 287 Claremont-street, at Queen and Yonge-streets. Coates received a severe scalp wound, which was dressed at the Emergency Hospital.

Score's

Triumph of Modern Art

The highest achievements of the modern weaver's art are splendidly illustrated in our new shipment of Suitings, Trouserings and Overcoatings.

Sacque Suits

English and Scotch Fancy Tweeds and English Worsteds—a large assortment to choose from—newest colorings—single or double-breasted styles—tailored in very latest fashion—$22.50 and $25.00.

R. SCORE & SON
Tailors and Haberdashers,
77 King St. West,
Toronto.

N.B.—Morley's Famous Underwear from $3 per suit.

WELSH COAL NOT ON WAY

City Will Cancel the Order, as Eight Dollar Anthracite is in Sight.

NEW MINED COAL EXPECTED SOON

City Fuel Yards Filled 150 Orders, Making Present Supply Very Low.

The 1000 tons of Welsh coal ordered by the city during the fuel famine excitement three weeks ago may not be sent to Toronto. The Mayor has been informed that the vessel carrying the shipment has not yet sailed and cannot get away before the end of the month. The coal was ordered for immediate shipment. Efforts looking to the cancelling of the order are now being made. The Mayor has cabled to see if the order can be cancelled. With prospects of eight-dollar anthracite in the city within the next week the Welsh coal will be sold at a loss by the city, as it will cost $8 per ton laid down.

The best soft coal is now quoted at $7 per ton by all the dealers in the city.

The city's fuel piles have done a very fair business in spite of the efforts of local dealers to discredit the civic fuel by reducing their prices below what the city is charging. Over 150 orders for wood and coal were received by the three city yards Monday. This places the present supply very low. It is clear the city will not lose much on the supply already received.

Local dealers expect anthracite tomorrow. One dealer says he will have 1000 tons in Toronto of new anthracite to-morrow. This is expected to sell at $8. Local dealers were loud in their declaration a week ago that no hard coal could be expected in the city during the present winter.

COAL STRIKE COMMISSION

Continued From Page 1.

gion and to assist in giving all information. Many of the individual operators are not represented, and they were not consulted and were not compromised by the letter he had written.

Operators' Objections.

Judge Gray suggested that they could be represented. At the meeting next Monday they would determine which of the companies could be taken up first and the place of meeting could be determined by the location of the coal company taken up.

Mr. Baer made a point of saying that the case of each coal company would be dealt with separately. He would contend for the sliding scale in the regulation of wages. "I shall urge the adoption of that profit-sharing plan," he said, "which gave us peace formerly in our relation to our employes."

Mr. Thomas of the Hillside Iron and Coal and the Pennsylvania Coal Company said he noticed that the word "arbitration" had been applied to the commission's work, while he wanted it considered as an investigation. Judge Gray said the President's instruction settled that as an arbitration.

It was agreed that the operators put in sworn statements of their pay rolls. In cases of controversy an expert accountant will verify the facts.

The commissioners declined to accept the offer of the operators to give them a special train with which to visit the mines. The commissioners will pay all their own expenses.

EVERYTHING GOES WELL.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Oct. 27.—More coal was mined and more men were employed in mining it to-day than any day since the mines in the anthracite region resumed work. Only districts that lag behind in the output are Lehigh and Mahanoy. The individual operators and their employes in those districts are still at loggerheads. In the Wyoming and Lackawanna regions all the collieries are in operation with the exception of a few which are still under water. The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, the Delaware and Hudson, the Lehigh Valley, the Temple Coal and Iron Company, the Lehigh and Wilkes-Barre, the Erie and the Ontario and Western, all had large outputs to-day, and heavy trains of coal were moved rapidly to seaboard points. The miners and laborers who left the region during the strike are returning in large numbers.

THIEVES SCARED OFF.

Galt, Oct. 27.—The same evening that the thieves broke into McDonald's barber shop they visited a home on Beverley-street and stole some articles hanging on a clothes line. The lady of the house heard them in the yard, and suddenly throwing the door open surprised the thieves, who took to their heels. It is quite evident that the thieves are well acquainted with the town, for in this case as in others they selected a place in which they were not likely to meet with much resistance.

A Long-Lived Family.

Mrs. Ann Armstrong Murphy, mother of Joseph Murphy of the City Commissioner's Department, died last week, aged 94. Her mother, Catharine Armstrong, was 90 years old when she died, and her great-grandmother, Catharine Goran, lived to the remarkable age of 110 years. Mrs. Murphy was a native of Ireland, and came to Canada when 16 years of age.

A WORD TO FARM TAILORS.

Paine's Celery Compound

The Home Friend of the Farmer and His Family in the Autumn Season.

After the labors and toils of the summer time, and harvesting of crops in the early autumn, many of our farmers, their wives, daughters and sons, find themselves in a condition of health demanding careful attention if suffering is to be avoided later on. Many experience kidney trouble of some form; with some the liver is torpid; there is biliousness, nausea and vomiting, with loss of appetite and depression of spirits. Thousands who have been exposed to cold, damp winds and rains now feel the twinges of terrible rheumatism; others rundown by worry, overwork and irregular dieting, are tormented with the pangs of dyspepsia.

To the thousands of rundown, sickly and half dead men and women in farm homes we recommend with all honesty and confidence the worker's friend, Paine's Celery Compound, the only medicine that can quickly and fully restore strength to the weak body and vigor to the muscles. Paine's Celery Compound tones the stomach; it removes poisonous acids from the blood which cause rheumatism; it feeds the weak and diseased nerves and banishes neuralgic tortures; it purifies the blood and gives true vitality and life. The use of Paine's Celery Compound in autumn means the establishing of a perfect physical vigor to withstand the rigors of a severe winter.

FEARED ARREST FOR MURDER

Mrs. August Meyer Disappeared From Chicago Oct. 6, Taking Little Daughter.

IS BELIEVED TO BE IN TORONTO

Under the Name of Mrs. Augusta Laubeg, She is on Remand for Shoplifting.

The Toronto police now believe that Mrs. Augusta Laubeg, who is on remand, charged with shoplifting, is Mrs. August Meyer, who left her home at 285 North Franklin-street, Chicago, on Monday, Oct. 6, fearing that she would be arrested for the alleged murder of her husband. She had her 9-year-old daughter with her when she left, and the woman Laubeg had a child about that age when arrested on Oct. 18 in Eaton's.

A despatch from Chicago says: In the early part of 1901 Mrs. Meyer and her husband were living at 21 Charles-place. Suddenly he disappeared, and by and by she left the house to live in another. Soon after this human bones were found in the Charles-place house, and the Chicago police began enquiries. Mrs. Meyer claimed that her husband was in California, and she produced a letter purporting to have been written by him, but dated the same day. This is the only letter from him she could produce. No other friends to whom he promised to write after arriving in California have heard from him, and the police search in San Francisco has failed to locate him. Several days before his disappearance Meyer, who had a newspaper stall on a street corner, told several of his friends that he was going to California in search of better employment. He was to have been accompanied by his wife's brother, Magnus Koepke. Meyer had saved $2800, and had intended to open a restaurant in San Francisco. On the day of his disappearance he and Koepke were seen to go to the Grand Central Depot, but an expressman, Thos. Martin, saw Koepke, whom he knew, return to a street car. Koepke is now said to be in South Africa.

When arrested here on Oct. 18, Mrs. Laubeg had $1063.18. The address she gave in New York is undoubtedly bogus, as a letter to Chief Grasett has been received stating that there is no such number as she gave. In her possession was found a receipt for rent paid for the house at 285 North Franklin-street, Chicago. This is the house from which Mrs. Meyer suddenly disappeared on the morning of Oct. 6, a little less than two weeks prior to her arrest here. Mrs. Laubeg will appear in the Police Court again next Monday.

IS MOSELY'S TOUR A GRAFT?

Labor Men Diamond Merchant is to Bring to U.S. Expect Huge Picnic.

CRY IN VAIN FOR WINE, HOWEVER

Prospect is They Will Do Little Good, Owing to Their Prejudices.

London, Oct. 27.—If Alfred Mosely, the retired diamond merchant who is about to take a delegation of English labor representatives on a free trip to the United States to study American methods, knew the attitude which most of his guests are taking toward his project, he probably would be strongly tempted to drop the whole thing.

Mr. Mosely's original plan was to include in his party one or two members of parliament and other men of standing, but those whom he approached either couldn't or wouldn't go, and he has had to form his "delegation" of members of different trades unions, all of whom are, or were, before they became agitators, ordinary working men. Perhaps before to-morrow, when the delegation sails, Mr. Mosely may have gained the sympathy of these men, but at present their attitude toward him is best described as one of suspicion.

As trades unionists, they instinctively eye all "capitalists" with distrust, and as Mr. Mosely's name never has been heard of in connection with labor affairs before this some of the skeptics really are afraid they may be hoaxed at the eleventh hour. They cannot understand why a diamond merchant should be guilty of such generosity as to take a party of twenty-five thru America for six weeks at his own expense without having any personal object in view. Some of them believe, or profess to do so, that Mr. Mosely is anxious to make a study of them and their methods of life, possibly with the idea of diffusing the information thus gained among other "capitalists."

Wine Bills Tabooed.

Indignation was general among the prospective visitors to America when they were informed that their host declined to make himself responsible for their wine bills.

"If you want wine," Mr. Mosely says, in effect, in a circular sent to the various members of the party, "you must pay for it yourselves, but the customary tips to stewards, waiters and luggage porters I will provide for. Pay for these as you go along; keep an account of every item and I will settle up with you from time to time, and before you start I will advance you $25."

The circumstance that, up to a day or two ago, the sum mentioned has not made its appearance also is regarded by Mr. Mosely's appreciative proteges as a bad sign.

The fact seems to be that the majority of the men for whose enlightenment the diamond merchant is arranging this costly excursion regarded it as little more than a huge picnic. Most of them will freely admit that, while fully acknowledging the superiority of American methods as far as the fostering of trade is concerned, their introduction into England is the last thing they desire. They are firm adherents of the favorite English trade union doctrine that the American system of hustling "wears men out quickly."

Few Represent Unions.

It is an uncommonly significant fact that the men who will accompany Mr. Moseley to America are members of trades unions of the Trades Union Parliamentary Committee only two of them, W. C. Steadman and J. Macdonald, of the London Trades Council, go as representatives of their organization. Several of the more prominent trades unions which Mr. Moseley approached originally refused to allow any of their representatives to join his expedition because the merchant declined to pay the men's salaries, as well as defraying their expenses, while they were on tour.

That the chance of a visit to America as proposed by Mr. Moseley was regarded by British workingmen generally as an excellent "graft" is demonstrated by the fact that the diamond merchant has been bothered with applications from hundreds of irresponsible men to join his party. Many of them only ceased their importunities when it was suggested to them that there might be a chance if they agreed to work their passage out. It is said Mr. Moseley means to take out next year a party of teachers to inquire into the educational system obtaining in the States.

The present party, if all things move smoothly between now and the date of sailing, will be in New York at the opening of the Chamber of Commerce building.

To Recognize Purity.

Adulteration has grown to such a fine art, that it is almost impossible for a woman now-a-days to detect the false from the true; but a chemical analysis will always detect adulteration. Prof. W. Hodgson Ellis, Official Analyst to the Dominion Government, after a number of analyses, reports that "Sunlight Soap is a pure and well-made soap." Try Sunlight Soap—Octagon Bar—next wash day, and you will see that Prof. Ellis is right. No one should know better than he. 210

FAMOUS MRS. STANTON DEAD

Original Agitator for the Right of Women to Vote.

New York, Oct. 27.—Mrs. Stanton, who died yesterday, was born at Johnstown, N.Y., on Nov. 12, 1815. Her father was Justice Daniel Cady of the New York Supreme Court, and her mother was Margaret Livingston, a daughter of Col. James Livingston of Washington's staff. She was educated at the Johnstown Academy and at Miss Emma Willard's school in Troy, where she was graduated in 1832.

It is quite probable that the death of Mrs. Stanton's only brother, when she was 10 years old, had a great deal to do with influencing her later life. It affected her rather deeply, and one day not long after the boy died, Justice Cady took his daughter to his knee, and looking long at her, finally said rather sadly:

"I wish you might have been a boy."

According to Mrs. Stanton's own story, she made up her mind to be just as much of a boy as she could. She knew that when boys went to college they studied Greek and Latin. It was not the fashion then for girls to bother much with Greek, but she had no sooner entered Miss Willard's school than she announced that she wanted to study Greek. Asked why, she replied:

"To prepare to enter Union College."

When told that there was no place for young women at Union, Miss Cady was very much disgusted, but she insisted upon studying Greek and predicted that the time would come in this country when colleges would be glad to receive girls. Soon after her graduation, she told her father one day that she wanted to know more about the laws in the books in his office.

"Better read them, then," was Justice Cady's answer.

His daughter accepted the suggestion, but the more she read, the more disgusted she became with the statute law. All laws seemed to her to be enacted for the benefit of men. She made up her mind that, some day, she

would go before the New York Legislature and demand that some laws be made for the benefit of women. In the meantime, she concluded to get rid of the laws she didn't like by cutting them out of her father's law books. When Justice Cady discovered his daughter at this work, he convinced her that laws couldn't be repealed that way.

Next to her father, she thought the greatest man she had ever known was her father's cousin, Gerrit Smith of Peterboro, Madison County, the Abolitionist. She often visited his house, and while on one of those visits she met Henry Brewster Stanton, then one of the most prominent and earnest of the younger Abolitionists. She married Mr. Stanton in 1840, when she was 25 years old. They went to England on their wedding tour and attended the anti-slavery convention in London, to which Mr. Stanton was a delegate, and where she met Lucretia Mott. A great many women had been sent as delegates, but they were not allowed to take their seats.

This suggested to Mrs. Stanton a convention somewhere to discuss women's rights. Soon after her return from England, with Susan B. Anthony and others, she began to agitate for woman sufferage in this State. The result of this agitation was the foundation, at Seneca Falls, early in 1848, of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, of which Mrs. Stanton was chosen the first president. Mrs. Stanton wasn't very hopeful of obtaining the suffrage for women, but she was quite clear on one subject, and that was that the property owned by a woman at the time of her marriage ought not to pass to her husband.

Married women's property rights become a text from which Mrs. Stanton preached much and on which she wrote more. So general was the attention which she drew to the subject that during the session of the legislature of 1848, she received permission to address that body on the subject which was so near her heart. In once telling of her preparation for that speech, she said:

"I used to go up into the garret every day to rehearse my speech and, after awhile, I even convinced the rafters that I was right."

The day came, the assembly chamber was crowded and Mrs. Stanton made her address and saw the act passed. The legislature, in the slang of to-day, was "easier" than the reformers found many women, who cut them socially and lost no opportunity to ridicule them as a "shrieking sisterhood," an epithet over which oblivion has long rolled.

In 1851, Mrs. Stanton first met Susan B. Anthony. The Stantons were living in Syracuse, and an anti-slavery convention was called to meet there. At the recess for luncheon on the first day Mrs. Stanton walked home with her guests, William Lloyd Garrison and George Thompson. On a street corner they met two women who had also been to the convention and both of whom Mr. Garrison knew and introduced to Mrs. Stanton. One was Miss Anthony and the other was Mrs. Amelia Jenks Bloomer, who contributed Turkish trousers, among many other things, to the movement for the emancipation of American women.

In 1860 Mrs. Stanton again addressed the New York legislature, this time advocating that drunkenness be included as a cause for divorce. In 1867 she made an argument before the New York Constitutional convention in support of her theory that, during the revision of the Constitution, the State resolved itself into its original elements and that, therefore, citizens of both sexes had a right to vote for members of the convention.

In 1868, Mrs. Stanton was a candidate for Congress. In 1869, she devoted most of the year to addressing Congress committees and State Constitutional conventions on woman suffrage, and all the time she was writing and lecturing on the subject.

Mrs. Stanton had of late been interested in bringing the women of all nations together, and that end she formed and was the first president of the International Council of Women. As a writer, Mrs. Stanton was most prolific. With Susan B. Anthony and Parker Pillsbury she edited The Revolution, founded in 1868, and she was the joint author with Miss Anthony of the "History of Women's Suffrage." In 1895, Mrs. Stanton with others, published "The Woman's Bible."

Missing for Eight Weeks.

George Stephens, a ladies' tailor, has been missing from his home on Markham-street for nearly eight weeks. His friends have made deligent search for him, but are unable to get any trace of him. He has a wife and four children. He was last seen on York-street, but where he went from there cannot be ascertained.

An Experience Meeting.

Last night at the Toronto Camera Club an experience meeting was held, and members generally told how and what they had done during the past summer. The visible evidences of their success will be seen at the coming exhibition for 1902-3. President Moss occupied the chair, and the attendance was large.

Hurt at Whitby.

Merlin Woodward was brought to the city last night and taken to the General Hospital for treatment for a fracture of the kneecap and a sprained ankle. Woodward was working on a dredge at Whitby, when the derrick unexpectedly swung around and struck him.

IRON-OX

"Iron-Ox Tablets seem to "attain an immediate popu-"larity. I have sold easily, "in the few months I have "had them, at least double as "many boxes as I ever did of "any other Patent Medicine "in the same length of time. "Nearly every box sold seems "to be the means of selling "another."—S. E. HICK, Druggist, Goderich, Ont.

A Superior Blood Remedy
An Invaluable Tonic
50 Tablets 25c

Fairweather's

$2.00 HATS

As many men will pay more than two dollars for a hat as there are men who will pay no more—but the man who has just two dollars is a greater "stickler" for big moneys than the man who puts no limit on the price—and we can believe we're selling the biggest money's worth in a two dollar hat to-day than has ever been offered by any house that ever sold a hat—splendid styles and exclusive blocks in new Derbies and soft hats—fine English and American makes—lines that you'd count good value at 2.50—special lot **2.00**

84 YONGE STREET 86

WEDDINGS

Why pay fancy prices for gifts that can be bought at jobbers' prices—small expenses the cause.

J. D. BAILEY,
Jewellery Parlors,
Elevator — Janes Building — 2063

MONEY TO LOAN

If you want to borrow money on household goods pianos, organs, horses and wagons, call and see us. We will advance you any amount from $10 up same day as you apply for it. Money can be paid in full at any time, or in six or twelve monthly payments to suit borrower. We have an entirely new plan of lending. Call and get our terms. Phone—Main 4233.

The Toronto Security Co
"LOANS."
Room 10, Lawlor Building, 6 King St. W

Don't Get Typhoid Fever

Drink Distilled Water. It is free from the germs and microbes that abound in city water.
5 GALLONS, 40c. DELIVERED
J. J. McLaughlin, Chemtis

THE ROBERT **SIMPSON** COMPANY, LIMITED

Directors: J. W. Flavelle, A. E. Ames H. H. Fudger—Oct. 28th

Store closes DAILY at 5.30 p.m.

A $10.50 Rain Coat, $7.95

That's one reason—the saving price. But there's plenty of reasons for a rain coat, and for buying one to-morrow at that.

First, they're fashionable. No young fellow, anyway, is complete this season without a rain coat.

Second, they are the most sensible fall or 'tween seasons overcoats yet devised. They look as well as they feel.

You come in to-morrow and have a look at these "special" $10.50 coats for $7.95 at least. Perhaps you'll find they are superior coats to the ordinary $10.50 coats you've seen elsewhere.

45 only Men's Swell Fall Rain Coats, medium grey shade, with a faint black stripe, made up in the correct Raglanette style, with vertical pockets and cuffs, seams piped and double sewn, haircloth sleeve lining, guaranteed waterproof, sizes 35-44, regular $10.50, Wednesday, while they last 7.95

Men's Dark Oxford Grey Cheviot Winter Overcoats, made in the fashionable Raglanette style, with slash pockets and cuffs, farmers' satin body linings and haircloth sleeve lining, sizes 36-44, special 8.00

Boys' Good Durable Canadian Tweed Two-Piece Norfolk Suits, made with shoulder straps and belt, dark Oxford grey shade, good strong Italian cloth linings, sizes 23-28, $2.50; 29-33, $3.50.

Boys' Navy Blue Beaver Winter Overcoats, single-breasted fly front, box back style, made with velvet collar, lined with farmers' satin and splendid fitting, sizes 22-28, $3.00; 29-30, $3.50; 31-33, $4.00.

Our One-Fifty Hats

Equal to other people's $2 Hats. A straight out assertion to make, but just you come in and see the hat we'll sell you for $1.50. We have a big store here. Men's Hats is only one department of the Men's Store, and the Men's Store is only one section of the whole store. Do youn wonder that we retail hats with less expense added to the price when so many departments share the expense?

Men's Up-to-date Soft or Derby Hats, fine American and English fur felt, swell hats, Maple & Son, Bennett, and Beverley's English make; Kohinoor in American make, good silk bindings, calf leather sweats, good value at $2, our special price 1.50

Children's Wool Toques, our own special make, good full length and made from fine imported wools, large range of plain color, and some with striped borders, special prices 25c, 35c and ..... .50

10 dozen Men's Stiff Hats, extra fine quality English fur felt, new and stylish shapes, sample hats, brown, fawn and grey colors only, regular prices $2 and $2.50, Wednesday, to clear ..... .75

Clearing Neckties and Underwear.

137 Fine Silk and Satin Neckties, the lot consists fine English imported and American silks, in all the latest patterns and colorings, this lot is a clean-up from our regular stock, which sell regularly at 50c and 75c, on sale Wednesday, while they last, at ..... .19

Yonge-street Window.

124 Men's Fancy Wool Striped Underwear, shirts and drawers, fine elastic rib cuffs and ankles, nice weight for winter wear, well made and finished, sizes 34 to 44, regular price $1 suit, on sale Wednesday at ..... .75

Sale of Men's Enamel Boots.

The Special Sale of Men's High-Class Patent and Enamel Laced Boots we are continuing all this week, so as to give our friends out of the city an opportunity to avail themselves of this remarkable offer, regular values from $3.50 to $5, sizes 6 to 10, special sale price 2.90

Men's 1.50 Umbrellas, 98c

Men's Umbrellas, full size, natural wood handles, with neat German silver trimmings, silk and wool cloth, best close rolling frames, regular price $1.50, Wednesday ..... .98

Real Economies in Carpet.

We say "real" economies because they are moderately priced Carpets to begin with, and with the added saving of Wednesday they become even more decidedly economical. Read these four items; and then think, does not a room or two in your house beg eloquently if silently for a new floor covering every day?

60c TAPESTRY CARPET FOR 43c.

1163 yards Good Quality Tapestry Carpet, 27 inches wide, a large range of good patterns, in crimson, green, brown, etc., suitable for any kind of a room, this carpet is worth 55c and 60c per yard, Wednesday ..... .43

75c PURE WOOL CARPET FOR 49c.

760 yards Pure Wool Carpet, 36 inches wide, all reversible patterns, good range of designs to select from, very suitable for a chamber carpet, something that will give satisfaction, regular 65c and 75c, Wednesday ..... .49

50c HEAVY SCOTCH LINOLEUM 38c.

1800 square yards Heavy Scotch Linoleum, 2, 3 and 4 yards wide, in floral, block and tile patterns, suitable for any kind of a room, on sale Wednesday, per square yard ..... .38

Sample Lace Curtains, 45c

Fancy $2.50 Curtains for 90c, odd ones for 45c! That's the item which will make our first hour to-morrow morning a busy one. A manufacturer's set, some that we have used as show curtains, and some odd ones; but mostly we can give you the pair.

273 Odd and Sample Curtains, 3 1-2 and 4 yards long, 50 to 60 inches wide, regular value up to $2.50 per pair, your choice, per each curtain, Wednesday ..... .45

96 pairs of Swiss Applique Curtains, 3 1-2 yards long, single and double bordered, white or ivory, regular $6, Wednesday, per pair 4.45

300 yards of Silk Tapestry Furniture Covering, 50 inches wide, in a choice range of new colorings, regular $2 and $2.50, Wednesday, per yard 1.50

600 yards of Extra Fine Quality Nottingham Sash Curtaining, in single and double borders, plain and patterned centres, per yard 12½

Clearing Sale of English Dinner Sets.

Our October china sale has presented many surprises in new record prices on fine china and crockery, but none more important than this sale of dinner sets. Had these sets arrived in time for the beginning of the sale we could easily have sold them at full prices, but rather than hold them we offer them Wednesday at a saving to you of ONE THIRD OFF REGULAR PRICES.

Each and every set contains 100 pieces:

12 Dinner Plates	2 Vegetable Dishes	1 Slop Bowl
12 Soup Plates	2 Meat Platters	1 Gravy Boat
12 Tea Plates	1 Tea Pot	2 Bakers
12 Fruit Saucers	1 Sugar Bowl	1 Pickle
12 Butter Pads	1 Cream Jug	12 Cups and Saucers

Two splendid decorations to choose from:

Rich enamelled floral border of roses, ferns and leaves, with gold edges and handles.

Artistic bronze green scroll border, with three gold lines in each piece.

The ware is the finest quality of English porcelain, every piece perfect, regular price $10.50, Wednesday 6.88

(No charge for packing out-of-town orders.)