five months previously. Now before an application is accepted by the Fishermen's Loan Board, it will also have to be accepted by the federal government if a subsidy is going to be applicable.

We also want to supervise the construction of those ships and make sure that a subsidy is being applied according to specific regulations. We are reviewing the whole matter now and, I think Mr. Crouse, with some experience in ships and the operation of them, will agree that this is a matter of importance.

Mr. Howard: Perhaps I can raise this matter under this item. In a bulletin of the Fisheries Council of Canada dated May of this year in which reports about some of the activities of the meeting in Halifax of the council, there is a reference to a statement by a Mr. E. H. Collins, who is in the technical and vocational training branch of the Department of Citizenship and Immigration, and I quote now from this bulletin, "Mr. Collins also dealt with the training programs of fisheries schools established throughout the Atlantic area. These schools, either now or in the future, would be able to provide basic training for captains, mates, boatswains, deck hands, engineers and ships cooks" I wonder if there is anything comparable on the Pacific coast in this field?

Mr. Robichaud: In this very field, Mr. Chairman, we are prepared to give the same type of assistance and co-operation on the Pacific coast as we are now giving on the Atlantic coast. The prerogative has to come from the province. After all, it is their responsibility. Education comes under their jurisdiction and this is a type of education. We have a fisheries school, in St. John's, Newfoundland, that is a fisheries college and university. We have a fisheries school at Grand River, Quebec, at Caraquet, New Brunswick, and Pictou, Nova Scotia. Those schools are operated in cooperation with the assistance available from the Department of Labour, and we have now, in the Department of Fisheries, a co-ordinator, a man who will be responsible for the educational programs which will be made available to fishermen. Now at any time that the Government of British Columbia will show some interest and intention to proceed with similar schools, I can give assurance that the same co-operation and type of assistance will be available from the federal government.

Mr. Howard: Mr. Chairman, yesterday I asked the Minister if he had had any communication from the government of British Columbia arising out of the report of the committee of the legislature of British Columbia about fisheries matters, and the Minister said that he had had a communication and there were discussions in the offing about federal-provincial matters. Can he say whether this question of educational schools is one of those matters?

Mr. Robichaud: I cannot recall offhand, Mr. Chairman, but if it was recommended by the legislative committee, I am sure it is one of the matters that will come up at the discussions which will take place at higher official level, a Deputy Minister level, a British Columbia-federal committee.

Mr. Barnett: Mr. Chairman, perhaps I could raise a question which lies in the same field as has been raised by Mr. Howard. As you may know, I have just come back from attending the first week of the ILO conference under the auspices of the Department of Labour. I was quite interested to discover that one of the advisers to the Canadian delegation was Captain Hutchison of the